

FATHER ORDERS AUTOPSY OVER SON'S REMAINS

Wire from Brooklyn, N. Y., Results in Postponement of Miller Funeral

MOTHER DECLINES TO DISCUSS DEVELOPMENT

Mrs. A. O. Miller Knew Nothing of Change in Plan Until Hour for Obsequies

Mrs. A. O. Miller at the very moment of setting out from her home on Front street to attend the last rites for her son, Walter Wenberg, to have been held in a local undertaking establishment, was advised yesterday afternoon that, at the wired request of the young man's father, the funeral would not be held and that the remains would be preserved until an autopsy and inquest could be conducted.

Walter Wenberg, better known by his mother's present name of Miller, died early Tuesday morning at the Bismarck hospital, after a several days' illness. The death certificate gave the cause of death as acute endocarditis. The embalmer had prepared the body for burial, and the funeral had been set for 3 o'clock Wednesday afternoon. At 10:30 Wednesday morning, the police department received a wire from the young man's father in Brooklyn, N. Y., insisting that the remains be held for an autopsy and inquest, and demanding that persons who might be in a position to testify be kept under surveillance until an investigation could be conducted.

"I know absolutely nothing about it," declared Mrs. Miller, last evening, when asked as to the reason for conducting an inquest. "I wish you would say nothing about it," she continued. "Walter was the very best boy there ever had—he was the very dearest thing I had, and it almost kills me to have all this business come up now. I don't know why the funeral was postponed; I don't know why his father wants an inquest held. Walter died from ptomaine poisoning. He came home sick, but thought he would be all right the next morning. When I came down stairs the following day he was in a terrible shape. I didn't realize how ill he was until then, and I immediately called a doctor. Walter was a doctor. Some years ago he had a leaky valve of the heart. I believe he would have got over his poisoning all right if it hadn't been for that. He was a dandy boy—everybody liked him. I do hope there'll be no notoriety given his death now."

Mrs. Miller asked whether her son's father was coming from Brooklyn. "I do hope he does," she added. "I will be glad if he does come."

"Yes," she replied, in answer to a question, "I believe Walter did have some insurance. Anyway, he had a receipt and a button from the Merchants' Life & Casualty company, which he got in Plentywood. He never paid any assessments since he has been here, though."

Everyone who is acquainted with the Millers has commented upon the devotedness of mother and son. They were always together when the young man was not employed. Mrs. Miller's present husband, A. O. Miller, has been in Miles City, Mont., for some time, but is now en route to Bismarck and will arrive today. The family moved to Bismarck about a year ago, from Saskatoon, Sask., where Mr. Miller had been extensively engaged in real estate operations prior to the outbreak of the European war. While here he was employed as agent for a North Dakota nursery company.

Walter Wenberg had been employed for about a month as second cook at a local cafe. Prior to coming here he had been engaged as chef in the Pullman dining car service, but he was discharged because of a weak heart, which affected him in crossing the mountains. Last Thursday at the cafe he was taken violently ill. He remained on duty until noon, when he was persuaded to go home. He attributed his attack to a dish of liver and onions which he had eaten.

Upon reaching home he informed his mother that he had contracted ptomaine poisoning from something he had eaten, but believed he would soon feel better. Sunday, when he was found much worse, Wenberg was removed to the Bismarck hospital, where death occurred early Tuesday morning.

What Endocarditis Is.

The death certificate gave no indication of poisoning from ptomaine or any other source being one of the contributing causes of death. Acute endocarditis is a disease of the heart.

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HUGHES TELLS WHY YOUNG MEN OF NATION SHOULD SUPPORT REPUBLICAN PARTY AT POLLS

ATTACKS TARIFF LAW

Nominee Gives Five Answers as to What Sort of Country Americans Desire

RESPECT IS FIRST

ESSENTIAL HE CLAIMS

Country Must Be Prepared for Every Emergency in Order to Protect Itself

New York, Oct. 25.—Charles E. Hughes tonight told an audience in the Academy of Music, Brooklyn, why in his opinion, the young men of the nation should support the Republican ticket at the next election. Five chief reasons were cited in answer to this question.

"What sort of country does young America, vibrant with patriotism, desire?"

Mr. Hughes answered the question in part as follows:

"First, he wants a country respected throughout the world. He wants a country which respects the dignity of its citizenship.

"Second, young America must desire a country that is prepared for every emergency.

"Third, young America, looking ahead, must desire that when peace is once more restored, we shall contribute to its maintenance by doing our proper share to secure a practicable and effective international organization in the interest of peace.

"Fourth, young America wants government in the open, by visible, constitutional instruments, not by unofficial authority. He also wants a government not sectional but truly national.

"Fifth, young America wants industrial preparedness."

Mr. Hughes declared himself in favor of a world court for the determination of "judicial controversies through which we shall have the advantage of growth of precedents according to the genius of judicial institutions."

We also need to perfect the machinery of conciliation with respect to other controversies, he said, and to develop international co-operation to secure resort to these tribunals and councils.

"This is an effort to make it appear that in some way a vote for me will be a vote for invisible government," continued Mr. Hughes. "I am here talking to my old friends and neighbors who know the circumstances in which I came into public life, as well as what I endeavored to accomplish. If I am elected president, there will be no invisible government. We shall have no devious or vindictive methods of administration. We shall have no trading in public offices to pay private political obligations. We shall have no bargains, but constitutional government, a government of laws efficiently administered by the most competent men obtainable."

When the European war ends and the millions in the trenches return to work, Mr. Hughes asserted, America is likely to have a rude awakening from its present "dream of prosperity."

The war, he added, has had the effect of a tariff giving American manufacturers tremendous opportunities with their natural effect on employment and wages, on industry and trade.

Mr. Hughes attacked the Underwood tariff, saying that after it went into effect the cost of living went up and the opportunity for making a living went down.

Wheat Rises Excitedly And Surpasses All Previous Records; Later Declines

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CONDITIONS IN MEXICO ASSUME A NEW ASPECT

STATE RESTS IN TRIAL OF BANK CASHIER

Celebrated Murder Case at Galveston, Texas, Progresses Rapidly

DAUGHTER OF VICTIM ON WAY TO TESTIFY

Defendant, John Copeland, Is Charged With Killing Anti-Catholic Lecturer

Galveston, Tex., Oct. 25.—The state rested this afternoon in the case of John Copeland, bank cashier, of Marshall, Tex., on trial in connection with the killing of William Black, an anti-Catholic lecturer, a year and nine months ago at Marshall.

Only five witnesses had been examined and Sadie Black, the adopted daughter of the lecturer, was not among them. It was announced tonight, however, that the girl was on her way to Galveston from Illinois and would arrive tomorrow night. The state's attorney said she would be a witness for them in rebuttal.

The defense began its case with an attempt to introduce as evidence what purported to be an authentic copy of the fourth degree oath of the Knights of Columbus to refute the authority of the circular introduced in evidence yesterday as having been circulated by Clarence F. Hall, Black's business agent. The court, however, ruled against its admission.

M'GILLIS RESIGNS AS TRANSPORTATION OFFICER FOR STATE

Duncan J. McGillis of Bismarck yesterday tendered to the various penal and charitable institutions which he has represented, his resignation from the post of transportation officer. In so doing, Mr. McGillis expresses his appreciation for the courtesies which have been extended him and bespeaks a similar consideration for his successor.

The retiring transportation officer has served the state in his present capacity since the creation of the office, and he has proven a very faithful and efficient servant. The office of transportation officer has resulted in saving the state many thousands of dollars in traveling expenses, and at the same time has worked out more satisfactorily for all of the state institutions than the old plan of using individual deputies or guards.

No Successor Named.

The resignation of Mr. McGillis has not yet come before the board of control for official cognizance. The acceptance of his resignation and the appointment of a successor will rest with the several institutions by whom he is directly employed.

Upon terminating his connection with the state, Mr. McGillis will take the management of the new Hotel Van Horn.

ADMINISTRATION OFFICIALS CLAIM DIFFERENCES WILL COMMAND MORE ATTENTION

COMMISSION CANNOT NOW SOLVE PROBLEM

DeFacto's Control of Northern Country Menaced; Troops Will Not Be Removed

Washington, Oct. 25.—Conditions in northern Mexico, revolving on the new ascendancy of Villa as a military commander, are commanding more attention than at any other time since the border raids which resulted in the dispatch of the American punitive expedition.

Administration officials made no effort tonight to disguise their opinion that the Mexican-American commission, sitting at Atlantic City, cannot be expected to arrive at satisfactory solution of border problems until the situation in Chihuahua has been clarified. Any agreement for the early withdrawal of General Pershing's forces from Mexico City apparently is considered now out of the question, as it also the removal of the regulars or national guardsmen, from the border.

Coupled with ugly reports, which disparage the stability of General Carranza's regime and interpret his removal from Mexico City to Queretaro as a sign of the breaking up process which his enemies have repeatedly predicted, the military movements of Villa, now making a formidable campaign in Chihuahua, are regarded here as menacing the de facto control of the whole northern country.

Had Only Small Army.

The Mexican embassy today declared that Villa's forces consisted only of a few hundred men, claiming Villa as their leader, and branded reports of instability of General Carranza's government as "a flood of misrepresentations that might be expected from enemies," when the Mexican-American commission began its work.

At the same time, reports came to the war department that Villa's campfires were in sight of Chihuahua City, and that General Trevino, the Carranza commander there, although plentifully supplied with arms and receiving reinforcements, was short of ammunition and was considering evacuating the capital.

Report is Unconfirmed.

Department officials said tonight they had not heard the report reaching the border that Chihuahua City had actually fallen.

Message From General Bell.

The war department's report on Villa's latest coupe came from Brigadier General Bell, who transmitted stories he had obtained from refugees arriving in El Paso. As he did not give the names of his informants, some state department officials expressed doubt as to the entire accuracy of the tales. It was stated that no room was left for doubt that the leader was operating openly and in force against the de facto government's army.

General Bell's dispatches gave details of the annihilation of a Carranza column under General Ozuena by Villa forces at Palomas and described how the Villa forces captured or killed more than a thousand Carranza troops and took all the supply trains.

The Mexican embassy's explanation of General Carranza's move to Queretaro was that he had gone to prepare for the meeting of the constitutional assembly, for which deputies have just been named.

The arrival of the families of General Carranza and Obregon in the United States was declared to be without significance.

In military circles here, it is believed that the presence of General Pershing's forces in Mexico has served to keep this new outbreak at arm's length from the border, and confidence is expressed that the bandit leaders will not risk operations in a region where they might encounter an American force.

FEDERAL INSPECTOR TESTIFIES AT FARGO AS TO POSTAL FRAUD

Fargo, N. D., Oct. 25.—Inspector House of the postoffice department was the witness stand this afternoon in federal court, detailing operations of the North Dakota Improvement Co., in connection with the trial of E. A. Wilson and R. M. Farmer, officers charged with violating the postal laws.

Inspector House has given evidence relating particularly to the making of loans by the company to the accused officers, while contract holders were denied such loans.

TEUTONIC ALLIES WORK WITH FEVERISH HASTE FROM THREE ANGLES TO SURROUND ROUMANIA

CHIHUAHUA CITY FALLS TO VILLA LATEST REPORTS

Messages Received at San Antonio Claim Bandit Has Taken Mexican Capital

RUMORS NOT CONFIRMED AT ARMY HEADQUARTERS

General Juarez at El Paso Urges That Reports Be Quieted at Once

San Antonio, Tex., Oct. 25.—Apparently authentic reports here are to the effect that Chihuahua City was taken by Villa early today.

Persistent reports of the fall of Chihuahua City to the Villa forces, which have been current here, have not been confirmed in advices to the southern department headquarters of the United States army. Major General Funston, questioned directly regarding the reports, said tonight that so far as he knew, they were not true.

Denies All Rumors.

El Paso, Oct. 25.—General Gonzales at Juarez tonight announced the receipt of a message from General Jacinto Trevino, at Chihuahua City, stating that all was quiet there and advising him to deny "in vigorous terms" the report that the city had fallen before an attack by Villa.

The rumor of Chihuahua's fall reached Soriano Bravo, Mexican consul at El Paso, from the Mexican embassy, at Washington. He immediately asked General Gonzales by telephone to telegraph to General Trevino.

Reinforcements For Garrison.

Washington, Oct. 25.—Mexican Consul Garcia, at El Paso, Tex., telegraphed the Mexican embassy here tonight that he had been advised by General Trevino of the arrival at Chihuahua of troop trains bringing about 8,000 men under General Maycotte to reinforce the garrison.

North Dakota Wins Third in Rifle Shoot

Jacksonville, Fla., Oct. 25.—The national team match of the national board for promotion of rifle practice was won here today by the United States Marine corps team, which scored 3,047 points out of a possible 3,600. In the national team match, the following scores are among the records of the shoot:

Minnesota National Guard, 2,995.
Iowa National Guard, 2,990.
North Dakota National Guard, 2,231.

GENERAL HYDE, CIVIL WAR VETERAN, DIES

Brookline, Mass., Oct. 25.—Brigadier General John McEwen Hyde, U. S. A., retired, died at his home here early today, in his 75th year. His Civil war career was notable and he was brevetted "for gallant and meritorious services" in several important battles. General Hyde was a member of the expedition to survey the Northern Pacific railway, in 1872.

PROSPECT OF COAL SHORTAGE BECOMING MORE PRONOUNCED

Duluth, Oct. 25.—The prospect of a coal shortage in the northwest is becoming more pronounced, coalmen said today. No longer do they expect the supply to fill out the demands of the winter. It will be a case of bringing coal, all-rail, to the Twin Cities and other points in the interior of the states, they said. This is true of soft and hard coal.

With bad weather setting in very early, there is no hope of a supply coming up the lakes during the navigation season.

American Bankers Will Swing New British Loan Aggregating \$300,000,000

New York, Oct. 25.—Official announcement was made today by J. P. Morgan & Co. that a new British loan by American bankers, aggregating \$300,000,000, had been arranged. It will bear interest at 5-1/2 per cent, and is payable in two installments, one of three years, and one of five years.

An interesting feature of the loan, according to the announcement, is that because of the easy money market here, it was arranged in advance of the time contemplated by the British government. Another is that it is expected to cause for a time, at least, a cessation of the enormous inflow of gold to this country, which is said to have caused apprehension in banking circles of late because of danger of inflation and fictitious values.

Final details have not been arranged, but the notes to be issued will be "amply secured by high grade collateral."

J. P. Morgan sailed for England recently to arrange for the loan and is still there.

FRENCH STAND FIRM

Field Marshal Von Mackensen Making Sensational Drive On Eastern Front

ROUMANIANS GIVE WAY BEFORE AUSTRO-GERMANS

Only Bridge Across Danube May Have Been Blown Up During Evacuation of City

London, Oct. 25.—From three points the Teutonic allies are working with feverish haste in an attempt to encompass Roumania from the north-eastern and eastern borders of Transylvania and through Dobruja.

Keeping up his drive in Dobruja, Field Marshal von Mackensen has brought his line well above the Constantza-Tchernavoda railway line, the right wing resting approximately on Hachau, near the Black sea, 12 miles north of Constantza, and the left north of Tchernavoda, whence runs the only bridge across the Danube in this region.

Whether the Roumanians, in their evacuation of Tchernavoda, left intact the 14-mile bridge, which would be of immense strategic value to the Teutonic allies, in a diversion around Bucharest, has not been made known, but following military precedent, despite the quickness of Mackensen's forward push, it probably was blown up or otherwise badly damaged.

Roumanians Give Ground.

Further ground on the eastern Transylvania front, on the Roumanian side of the Vulcan, and the Predeal passes, of the Vulcan, and the Predeal passes, has been given up to the Austro-Germans by the Roumanians.

French Forces Stand Firm.

In the region of Verdun, where the French Tuesday made their spectacular drive over a wide front, north and northeast of Verdun, they are still holding the ground gained, despite vicious counter attacks.

In the Austro-Italian theater, the artillery is doing the greater part of the work along the entire line of battle. The northern part of the Carso plateau is under a heavy bombardment.

Only minor operations have taken place on the fronts in Russia and Macedonia.

PRATER DOES SOME ADVANCE SCOUTING FOR CAMPAIGNERS

W. J. Prater, chairman of the Burlington county Republican central committee, is home from a scout over the territory which the state and legislative auto-campaigners will cover tomorrow and Saturday. The county chairman reports a vast amount of enthusiasm in advance of the tour, and he anticipates big turn-outs everywhere the candidates stop.

Arrangements have been completed for every detail of the auto trip. An abundance of cars has been provided, and schedule time will be made over the excellent autumn roads.

ADOPT PRAYER FOR THE DEAD

House of Deputies in St. Louis Session Take Unusual Steps

St. Louis, Oct. 25.—Clergymen of the Protestant Episcopal Church will no longer advise dying persons as to the disposal of their property if the House of Bishops concurs in an action taken by the House of Deputies of the Church's general convention in session here today.

Provision was made for the first time for its official sanction for voluntary confessional, followed by absolution.

The House of Deputies adopted, for the first time in the history of the Church, a prayer for the dead. This action also is subject to the concurrence of the House of Bishops. Heretofore, it was said, such prayers have been confined to the ritual of the Roman Catholic Church.

The Rev. Hugh L. Burleson, of New York, editor of "The Spirit of Missions"—an organ of the Church Board of Missions, was selected for the Episcopate of South Dakota. Both elections are subject to the confirmation of the lower house. Dr. Burleson has been director in Waupecha, Wis., and Rochester, N. Y. He also was dean of the Cathedral Church of Gethsemane, Fargo, N. D.

CONFERENCE MAY BE HELD AT WASHINGTON

Atlantic City, N. J., Oct. 25.—Unless an agreement on an amicable plan of border control is entered into by the Mexican-American joint commission within a few days, it appeared a virtual certainty today that serious efforts would be made to have the conference transferred to Washington.

That an agreement will not be reached before General Carranza has demonstrated his ability to eliminate Villa and his followers is admitted by those in touch with the commissioners. The commissioners were still without news of the campaign against Villa, but they professed belief in General Trevino's operations about Chihuahua.

GERMAN STEAMER WAS USED AS SUBMARINE BASE

Intercepted Letters on Way to Germany Explain Puzzling Situation

SHIP WAS STATIONED IN THREE-MILE LIMIT

Messages of Direction Were Sent to German Sub-Sea Boats

London, Oct. 25.—The following two letters, intercepted on their way to Germany, were made public here today. The first, from Max, 461 East 8th street, South Boston, and addressed to his brother, said:

"Dear Gustin:

"The Willehad sailed today. I am to stay here till the end of the war. The Willehad will act within the American three-mile limit as a telegraph station for submarines. She has four months' provisions aboard."

The second letter was from the captain of the Willehad, named Jachens, who wrote from New London, Conn., to his sister in Germany, saying:

"I rejoice I am now here as Captain of the Willehad. The Koin still lies at Boston. I am here with the Willehad on a special mission.

"Later, you will hear more from me. I rejoice that I have done something for the Fatherland, and that I still have more to do."

The North German Lloyd steamship, Willehad, which took refuge in Boston soon after the beginning of the war, was taken to New London on August 25th last under command of Captain Jachens, and was tied up at the pier of the Eastern Forwarding company, the American agent for the German submarine merchantman. The Willehad was said to carry a full crew of German sailors, some of whom were declared at the time to have been recruited from other ships.

The S. S. Kohn, also owned by the North German Lloyd, reached Boston from Bremen August 11, 1914, after eluding British cruisers in the Atlantic. The Koin is still tied up at Boston.

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