

DICKINSON GETS ENDORSEMENT IN SURVEY REPORT

State and Federal Commissioners of Education Found New Normal Necessary

PADS AND FANCIES SHOULD GO FOR PRACTICAL NEEDS

Advised That Science and Forestry Give Way to Farming and Mechanics

Endorsement for the Dickinson Normal school from a high source comes in the advance sheets of the long-awaited report of the educational survey conducted in North Dakota a year ago by Commissioner of Education E. B. Craighead, with the assistance of P. P. Claxton, United States commissioner of education, and the latter's staff.

While the recognition comes too late to have any effect on the recent election, where a favorable majority of nearly 20,000 indicates that it was not needed, it is gratifying to friends of the new institution to find its establishment justified by so illustrious an authority.

Aggi and Uni Duplicate.
The commission, composed of Drs. Craighead and Claxton and Dr. Braden, industrial expert of the United States bureau of education, finds that in North Dakota, as in other states where the university and agricultural colleges are maintained as separate institutions, there is much duplication. The report recommends the policy of co-ordinating the work of these two institutions that the major effort of the agricultural college shall not be duplicated by the university, nor the agricultural college endeavor to give its students courses which are offered by the university.

Division of Engineering.
Specifically, the commission recommends that there be maintained in North Dakota but one law school, one college of professional engineering, not closely related to agriculture; one school of medicine, and one graduate school for the pursuit of the liberal arts and pure sciences, all of which it contends should be at the university.

Agriculture First.
At the agricultural college there should be maintained first of all, the commission holds, a complete college of agriculture; a school of home economics, a school of veterinary medicine, and a school of engineering, having for its purpose the development of agriculture and the interests related thereto, such as irrigation, drainage, road-making, farm machinery, the manufacturing of farm products, any engineering, in fact, that may relieve the burden upon the farmer by lightening his toil, develop rural civilization, or add to the pleasure, wealth or comfort of the rural or industrial classes. The agricultural college, through the government experiment station, will continue to carry on research work for the purpose of adding to the knowledge of agriculture and allied sciences.

Preparation of Teachers.
The preparation of teachers for high and consolidated schools is entrusted to these two institutions, the university to train expert teachers in mathematics, literature and the pure sciences, and to prepare city superintendents and supervisors; the agricultural college to develop teachers of agriculture, domestic science, the industrial arts, and to train principals of consolidated rural schools and city industrial schools.

Rural Teachers Needed.
The commission impresses upon normal schools the fact that the great demand is for more carefully trained rural teachers, and advises special attention to this class of pedagogues, without neglect for city instructors.

A Bas the Forestry School.
The commission fails to recognize the value in a treeless state of the Bottineau school of forestry, and recommends that it be continued as an agricultural trades school, offering practical courses in farming, forestry and horticulture, for boys; and home-making for girls, taking the place of the agricultural college with students who cannot indulge in the more extensive courses.

Mechanics vs. Science.
Practical mechanics will play a more important part in the development of the state than the sciences, the commission believes, and it recommends that the state school of science at Wahpeton become a mechanic trades school, with agriculture as a minor subject.

Education a la Carte.
The commission has outlined a state-wide system of education which will enable every boy and girl to find in some institution in North Dakota the lines of studies which he or she most needs in training for a chosen vocation. Education is made essentially a responsibility of the state. The interests of the state are placed above those of any school or town or community.

Copies Available.
As soon as the presses can grind them out, the state board of regents will have available 10,000 copies of this report for general distribution. Anyone interested in the subject may apply to the secretary of the board for a copy, which will be forwarded to the applicant without charge to anyone concerned.

UNCLE SAM WILL ESTABLISH AEROPLANE MAIL SERVICE BETWEEN CHICAGO AND NEW YORK

MAY BE NEW HEAD OF THE FRENCH ARMY



GENERAL NIVELLE.
Gen. Nivelle may succeed Gen. Joffre as supreme commander of the French forces upon reported retirement of the aged chief. Gen. Nivelle made his mark at the Verdun front, under Gen. Petain, who now favors this officer for Joffre's place.

PACKERS SAY CONCENTRATION IS NECESSARY

Only Way They Can Make Reasonable Profit Is Concentration

CHICAGO NECK OF BATTLE, SAYS BURTON

(EDITOR'S NOTE—This is another in a series of stories by Correspondent Burton, in which he is trying to find out the reasons for the present skyrocketing of meat prices, and what remedies there are for this, if any. This article, and those following, take up and expose the meat situation in the United States more thoroughly and accurately than it has ever been done before.)

By H. P. BURTON.
Chicago, Dec. 14.—"Wholesale slaughtering and meat packing constitute the chief outlet for market stock suitable for slaughter in the United States. The most extensive development of meat packing is found at Chicago and Missouri river points. The total volume of the products of wholesale slaughtering and meat packing in this country in 1914 was \$1,652,765,424. Concentration of ownership is one of the striking features of the packing industry."

This is practically the opening paragraph in a report on certain phases of the current meat situation in the United States just issued by the national secretary of agriculture. It recognizes, in direct wording the almost exclusive control the few big Chicago packers have on the meat trade of America. Therefore, in dealing with the packers, we would seem not to be making false assumption in considering them as the small neck of the bottle through which practically all meat must pass from the reservoir of the producer into the great American home. "For," the report continues, "probably two-thirds or more of the beef, mutton and pork consumed is the product of animals which pass through the large, centralized markets."

The important question for us to consider here is what has brought about this system of centralized markets, one which has no counterpart in any of the other livestock producing countries of the world? Louis D. Hall, noted government specialist in this subject, analyzing the situation for the United States department of agriculture, says:

Some Factors.
"Its development has been due primarily to the fact that the livestock industry is developed mainly in the central and western states, while one-half the population lives in the manufacturing region east of the Mississippi and north of the Ohio and Potomac rivers. The exportation of meat animals and meat products from Atlantic ports has also contributed largely toward the centralization of livestock markets at points intermediate between these ports and the areas of production (that is, Chicago, Kansas City, Omaha, etc.).

"Other factors which have exerted a like influence are: "Rapid extension of railroad, facilitating the shipment of stock from grazing and feeding areas; the application of refrigeration to the shipment of fresh meats, cutting down the cost of distribution by the reduction of bulk and shrinkage, besides making it possible to deliver meats to more distant points and in better condition than when shipped on foot; the invention of the tin can and its adaptation to the preservation of meats and meat products in such form as to preserve them for long periods of time."
(Continued on page 4)

DETAILS ARRANGED

Only Thing Remaining Is Choice of Machine To Be Used

FIRST LANDING NEAR WILLIAMSPORT, PA.

Relay Station To Be Located in Illinois Town

Washington, Dec. 14.—Regular 14-hour aeroplane mail service will be established by the postoffice department between Chicago and New York. Details are all practically arranged. All that is necessary is to select the type of machine to be used.

Service can be installed at a cost of \$100,000 yearly. It is proposed to carry from 500 to 1,000 pounds of mail each trip.

First landing station westward will be near Williamsport. First relay station at De Nile, O., where another machine will continue the flight.

TWO DEAD AS RESULT OF THE FRIGID WAVE

Minnesota Farmer Found Dead Beside Over-Turned Cutter

St. Paul Man Succumbs

COLD WAVE PASSES EAST—TEMPERATURE AT NOON 16

Two dead in Minnesota, with train schedules slightly deranged from one to four hours on both main and branch lines in the northwest, is the result of the first cold wave of the season, which has hovered over the Canadian northwest and the prairie states since last Friday, when the mercury in government thermometers commenced to take a sudden plunge, reaching 32 below as the lowest, at Prince Albert, the night before last, and 22 below at Moorhead last night, which was the coldest point on the weather map. Relief from the cold snap is promised in warmer and generally fair tonight. No suffering has been reported as to coal shortages.

Farmer Frozen to Death.
With a temperature 22 below zero, H. J. McCarthy, a farmer, living near Glyndon, Minn., froze to death last night, within a half mile of his home. He was found beside an overturned cutter. His horses broke from the cutter and were found this morning, browsing in a straw-stack, a short distance from where his body was found by neighbors, who became alarmed because of his failure to return. He was a resident of the Glyndon district 40 years. A widow and three daughters survive.

William Britton, 42 years old, was found frozen to death in St. Paul this morning. The temperature in the Minnesota capital at 7 o'clock this morning was 18 below.

20 Below Here Last Night.
Bismarck's lowest temperature last night was 20 degrees, compared with 24 degrees below Tuesday night, which was the minimum for the season. Moorhead reported 23 sub-zero weather and Williston 20 below, and Winnipeg, —18. At Prince Albert, where on Tuesday night the mercury dropped to 32 below, a government report was sent out this morning that it was 10 below there last night.

"Generally fair tonight and Friday; warmer tonight with strong southwest to west winds," reads the official forecast issued this morning. That the cold snap is passing is shown in the official reading made at noon today. The temperature at 12 o'clock was 16 above.

High Pressure Moving Eastward.
The high pressure area which has caused such low temperatures during the past few days, is slowly moving eastward and decreasing in intensity. Over the north a low has made its appearance and in its southeastward passage will result in generally fair weather tonight and Friday.

SLINGSBY SUIT IS DISMISSED

London, Dec. 14.—The house of lords has dismissed the appeal of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Slingsby of San Francisco, who sought the estate of Rev. Charles Slingsby for "Teddy," their supposed son.

BOWMAN WOMAN KILLED

(Special to The Tribune.)
Bowman, N. D., Dec. 14.—Mrs. Carl Senz of Chenoweth, N. D., was instantly killed this morning in the overturning of the automobile which her father, John Wright, was driving and who lost control of the machine.

COURT HOLDS UP HANNA'S OUSTER ORDER

Judge Crawford of Dickinson Enjoins Board From Filling Any Vacancies

MATTER RETURNABLE ON DECEMBER 23

Second Chapter in Hettinger County Fight To Open in District Court

(Special to The Tribune.)
Mott, N. D., Dec. 14.—Within ten minutes after Governor Hanna's order ousting the members of the Hettinger county commission was filed here a petition for appeal had been perfected and filed in the Tenth district court at Dickinson and Judge Crawford had issued temporary injunction, suspending the appointing officials from taking any action toward filling the places of the county commissioners involved, and setting Saturday, December 23, at Dickinson, as the date for hearing. Commissioners Retain Office.

In the meantime the county commissioners, Colgrove, Schmidt and Riegler, retain their places. The hands of the appointing board, composed of the judge of probate, county auditor and the treasurer, acting in place of the chairman of the county board, who is disqualified, are tied.

Law Unconstitutional.
Reasons assigned in the petition filed by Attorneys J. K. Murray, H. P. Jacobson and L. A. Simpson, representing the commissioners, are:

First, the law under which the governor made his decision, is unconstitutional.

Second, there is no evidence against the commissioners to sustain the governor's decision.

Third, it is alleged that undue pressure was brought to bear upon the governor by Hettinger county politicians, inducing him to change his decision after he had made his first conclusions.

CANCER DISEASE NOT TRANSMITTED BY INHERITANCE

Men and women who are in anxiety of mind on account of the appearance of cancer in their ancestry or immediate family, may dismiss such anxieties as there is no statistical evidence at the present time that the disease of cancer is transmitted by inheritance in mankind.

After two years' study of original insurance statistics, this feature has been brought to light, according to a paper presented to the Association of Life Insurance Presidents by President Arthur Hunter of the Actuarial Society of America.

WORST SEEKING VINDICATION IN NEXT ASSEMBLY

Fargo, N. D., Dec. 14.—A demand upon the next legislature that it "vindicate John H. Worst, former president of the North Dakota Agricultural college, by electing him president emeritus of the college," was made today by the Co-operators' Herald, the Society of Equity paper.

Mr. Worst has been twice elected president emeritus, each time by boards governing the institution, but the tender was made under conditions "humiliating and unjustified," and each time it was refused, says the Herald.

The announcement by the publication is taken as indicating Worst's personal attitude on the question, and the proposition is practically assured of being given legislative attention.

MIDNIGHT FIRE FATAL TO ONE

Cedar Rapids, Ia., Dec. 14.—William Black of Fairfax was suffocated and several others were overcome by smoke from a fire which broke out at midnight in the Stark hotel here.



8 SHOPPING DAYS TO CHRISTMAS

PRESIDENT WILSON READY TO OFFER SERVICES FOR PEACE WHEN ALLIES EXPRESS INTENT

PRINCE WHO WORKS TO BETHRONE BROTHER



PRINCE ANTON KARL

Prince Anton Karl of Hohenzollern is a brother of the king of Rumania, but a commander in the German army invading Rumania and the man trying to dethrone his brother. Anton Karl has issued a proclamation to the people of the invaded territory, saying he has come to punish their felon king.

SEEK TO LEARN HOW MAIER MET TRAGIC DEATH

Inquest Over Exhumed Remains Being Conducted at Hazen Today

TRAP SET FOR WRITER OF BLACKMAIL LETTER

Hazen, N. D., Dec. 14.—The Potoplay moving picture house today is staging an interesting "episode" in a real drama. There is being conducted the inquest into the death of Karl Maier, ordered by Attorney General Linde, and the little picture-house is well filled with witnesses and spectators attracted by the gawsome entertainment offered.

Content 'Twas Not Suicide.
"The state is proceeding on the theory that Karl Maier did not—could not—commit suicide," said Assistant State's Attorney Barry before opening the inquest this morning. During the forenoon a number of witnesses were placed on the stand, but no new or particularly sensational evidence was presented.

Remains Brought In.
The remains of Karl Maier were brought to Hazen from Hanover yesterday. After sleeping for almost a month in a grave at the village near which Maier met his death, the body today lies amid the grotesque trappings of the picture theater—the only building of suitable size available for the inquest.

Chris G. Olson is attending as special reporter for Attorney General H. J. Linde, who has been interested in the case since the middle of November, and whose reports from Burns operatives engaged by him will constitute a major portion of the evidence to be presented for the state.

Trap for Blackmailer.
A neat trap was set last week for the unknown who wrote John Maier, a brother of the deceased, a blackmailing letter in which he accused Maier of the murder and threatened to "peach" if \$300 was not left for him on a certain telephone post north of Beulah. John Maier planted a note on the post indicated at the date specified, and he and the sheriff secreted themselves in a school house nearby. Their watch was unrewarded. The letter has been regarded from the first as a gawsome hoax, perpetrated by someone possessing a morbid sense of humor.

Sweetheart on Stand.
Important among the witnesses quizzed today was the former sweetheart of Karl Maier, who wrote him from Hanover two days before his death, telling him she could never marry him; John Maier, first to find his brother after the latter had twice been shot through the chest. Maier's successful rival for the affections of the young woman from Hanover; a second brother of the deceased, Philip Maier, and his brother-in-law, John Albers, also were placed on the stand.

WASHINGTON SILENT

Extreme Excitement in Berlin as Crowds Wait for News From Entente Powers

LLOYD-GEORGE TO TELL VIEWS TO PARLIAMENT

Illness Keeps British Premier From Attending To Official Business

Washington, Dec. 13.—Peace proposals have reached the state department. Secretary Crewe of the Berlin embassy transmitted with the proposals a confidential note to President Wilson and Secretary of State Lansing. This is to be used by them in advance of dealing with the subject of peace.

Should Premier Lloyd-George next Tuesday express a desire that parliament is willing to discuss peace proposals, President Wilson will offer his services, according to close advisers of the chief executive. President Wilson is silent on the matter until he gets word concerning the attitude of the Allies.

Message Sent.
America's first step toward carrying out the desires of the Central powers to convey peace offers to other belligerents were taken today. Secretary Lansing sent the communication to London, Paris, Tokio, provisional capitals of Rumania, Serbia and Belgium. The United States represents Germany in Belgium, Russia, England, France, Japan, Serbia and Rumania. She holds the same positions for Austria.

The proposals were sent without comment. The United States adhered strictly to the request made by the Central Powers.

BERLIN EXCITED.
Berlin, Dec. 13.—Great crowds stood all night outside of the Berlin newspaper offices awaiting news of the Allies' attitude toward the peace proposals. Popular excitement and interest as to what the Allies intend to do is unabated.

The Kaiser returned to Berlin Tuesday, and will remain until the Entente Powers reply to Germany's peace proposals.

LLOYD-GEORGE AT HOME.
London, Dec. 13.—Lloyd-George's illness continues to keep him indoors and from attending to official business. The physicians claim that he is progressing favorably.

Northcliffe's Views.
Lord Northcliffe in a copyrighted interview to the United Press said:

"Germany's peace proposals are due to the fact that interned neutral newspaper correspondents are not allowed to indicate that during the last few weeks grave internal dissensions have arisen over the food shortage."

"There has been a reign of terror. The relations between the various German and Austrian states and Turkey are strained. The Prussian government has learned that England, is going to make a drive in 1917 equal to that of Germany in 1914. In point of guns and shells, England has three times as many as Germany has had at any time during the war."

"Peace proposals are received here with contempt. I am gratified that the Americans see the humor and see through the bluff."

PARK FALLS FIRE LOSS IS \$150,000

Park Falls, Wis., Dec. 14.—Fire, which started in a downtown business block at 4:15 o'clock yesterday afternoon, was checked at 4 o'clock this morning, after firemen had battled with the flames in a temperature below zero. The loss is estimated at \$150,000, which is mostly covered by insurance.

AUSTRIAN CABINET HAS RESIGNED

Amsterdam, Dec. 13.—Vienna dispatches announce the resignation of the Austrian ministry. Alexander Spitzmuller will attempt to form a new one. If the Austrian cabinet really has resigned it has attained the unique record of holding office the shortest of any in recent years in Europe.

BRITISH TAKE SUCH ACTION AS IS NECESSARY

London, Dec. 14.—Bonar Law announced in the house of commons that the government has taken such action as is necessary in the case of Captain Blaikie of the Caledonia, who was taken prisoner by the Germans and is supposed to be facing a possible execution for ramming a submarine.

GERMANY FORCES AHEAD IN DRIVE OVER RUMANIA

Mackensen and Falkenhayn Have Practically Cleared the Enemy From Before Them

WAR PLANS NOT TO HALT FOR PEACE PARLEY

Hindenburg Declares That Winter Campaign Will Continue Unabated

SINK THREE SHIPS.
London, Dec. 14.—A German submarine sank a British steamer bound from New York to England with a cargo of 6,000 tons of war material. It was torpedoed in the English channel. Between Nov. 28 and Dec. 6 Germany has sunk vessels laden with 17,000 tons of coal bound from England to France.

The loss of the British steamer Harlington and Harlin with crews and the sinking of the British steamer Uluksia was announced by Lloyds late today.

Berlin, Dec. 13.—Favorable progress is being made on all Balkan fronts by the Teutons. All of little Wallachia from Bucharest to south of Cernavoda has been cleared of the enemy.

Despite peace proposals, Field Marshal von Hindenburg declares the German armies will not cease their activities. Military authority stated this in commenting on the fact that Germany weighed carefully the question of peace before any announcement was made. He said that the Germans know that England does not want peace because the Allies plan to launch an enormous spring offensive.

The London war office estimates that it can supply an additional million men of all ranks by March 31, 1917. This will make a total of five million for the twelve-month period.

NEW CABINET TO CREATE FOOD AND LABOR MINISTERS

London, Dec. 14.—The new government intends to create ministers of food and labor, Lloyd-George, leader of the house of commons, announced today.

VILLA TAKES SANTA ROSALIA

El Paso, Texas, Dec. 14.—Villa forces have captured Santa Rosalia. The town was garrisoned by 300 Carranza soldiers. Details of the action are very meagre.

\$5,000 INSURANCE POLICY INVOLVED

Velva Woman Confers With Head of Company Which Protected Her Husband

Last April D. W. Burrill of Belva started a fire with gasoline which he found where he thought the kerosene should be.

His widow is having some difficulty in collecting a \$5,000 policy on his life which her husband had carried in the Boosters' Accident association of Minneapolis.

This week President E. G. Helmhaugh of the Boosters' association and Mrs. Burrill met in the office of Commissioner W. C. Taylor for a conference. There was no definite result so far as immediate developments are concerned, but Mrs. Murrill was persuaded of the necessity of supplying additional information which it has requested. She has returned to Minneapolis, where she has been employed since the death of her husband, where she will fill out necessary blanks under the direction of her attorneys, Falde & Aaker.

Some very technical questions, such as the right of a family to keep gasoline in kerosene cans, and whether a policy such as the association issues covers such occupations as kindling fires, are involved.

ANSWER TO AMERICAN PROTEST IS RECEIVED

Washington, Dec. 13.—Germany's answer to the American protest against the deportation of Belgians was received at the state department today. The text is the same as revealed in press dispatches from Berlin.