THE BISMARCK TRIBUNE

Entered at the Postoffice, Bismarck, N. D., as Second Class Matter.

GEORGE D. MANN - - - - - - Editor

G. LOGAN PAYNE COMPANY,
Special Foreign Representative

NEW YORK, Fifth Ave. Bldg.; CHICAGO, Marquette Bldg.; BOSTON, 3 Winter St.; DETROIT, Kresege Bldg.; MINNEAPOLIS, 810 Lumber Exchange.

MEMBER OF ASSOCIATED PRESS

The Asociated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.

All rights of publication of special dispatches herein are also reserved.

MEMBER AUDIT BUREAU OF CIRCULATION

SUBSCRIPTION RATES PAYABLE IN ADVANCE

Daily by carrier per year	$7.20
Daily by mail per year (In Bismarck)	7.20
Daily by mail per year (In State outside of Bismarck)	5.00
Daily by mail outside of North Dakota	6.00

THE STATE'S OLDEST NEWSPAPER.
(Established 1873)

UNITED STATES
nconditional urrender

LEAGUE DEFEATED.

Returns from Minnesota and South Dakota indicate that the league was snowed under. In Minnesota it backed Evans and in South Dakota the league opposed Norbeck. Burnquist' the loyalist candidate has gone over the top and indications elsewhere indicate that the league was defeated in Montana, Idaho and Wyoming.

We hope the first act of the new states in what was once the realm of the dual monarchy will be to declare war on Germany.

THE WOMEN DID IT.

Miss Minnie Nielson's strength developed at the election and the defeat of Macdonald is reflected in the early returns. This was the women's part in the election and it is lamentable that their power did not extend to every office on the ballot.

The results might have all squared with Miss Nielson's vote. While it may be too early to predict beyond question her election, every indication points that way. She is running as high as six to one in some of the cities and in the country she has made such inroads on Macdonald's support that when all the votes are counted it seems likely the props will be completely knocked from under him and socialistic influences removed from the state department of public instruction.

The women did it.

All power to them!

Better get a nice, blank outline map of the world ready for filling in with the new boundary lines. Only the continents will remain the same.

M'CURDY'S FIGHT.

McCurdy is on top in early returns and it may take the soldiers' ballots to decide that close fight. The victim of dirty sordid political chicanery, he made one of the most brilliant counter attacks in the history of county politics.

The Allen-Patterson crowd turned their gas shells loose the eleventh hour and resorted to the tactics which have made their alliance notorious in this county. Those who care to consult the records can do so.

Forces of clean government, and advocates of fair play in politics hope that the devices of this alliance will fail. If strict attention to duty must defeat a state's attorney in Burleigh county, then it is time for Burleigh county to take political stock and work against that day when such tactics cannot triumph.

But our fighting state's attorney is not defeated yet. He will be in the fight until the last ballot is counted. Then his hosts of friends hope to see him go over the top.

At any rate, victorious or defeated, his record is clean and in any event he retains the respect of a majority of the citizens of Bismarck who despise the political tactics which too long have characterized our county politics.

Certain academic minds of a demi-Boche persuasion are arguing that if we impose just indemnities on the Huns we'll destroy their business life, and they plead that the world can't get along without Germany. The answer seems to be that we've successfully been doing just that for over four years.

REGULATING THE LEMON.

The fruits of our misfortune just now are oranges and lemons.

Influenza has revealed to us the true nature of the gentleman from whom we always secured our juicy deserts. It be-Hoovers us to hand our swarthy-skinned purveyor of saffron-skinned fruits his "just deserts."

Oranges have hit the 20-cents-per-each mark. Lemon prices catapulted from low as 12 cents to 50 cents a dozen.

The exploded explanation is the unusual demand due to the flu and a below-normal crop of citrus fruits.

The shortage of supply, under ordinary conditions, might affect the price slightly. The unusual demand could be met with limited sales to separate customers.

The increased call lessens by waste through deterioration of stock. It likewise lowers selling cost. So instead of inflation, prices should have remained stable even though a shortage actually exists.

The federal trade commission has limited profits to two and three cents on the "spherical seedless" but as yet has not acted on its oval cousin, the lemon.

How stringently his regulation will be enforced on the retailers, you shall determine. When overcharged, report it. It's not an insignificant thing of pennies. It's a principle. Put the skids under the profiteer.

"Man is born to trouble" applies particularly to heirs of royalty just now.

PREMATURE PEACE.

Security League.)

Some time ago the people of this country might have been divided roughly into two classes: Those that read about the war and those that did not.

Today practically every one in the nation is interested in the war, but again may be divided into two classes: Those that think and those that do not—or cannot.

It is only those incapable of grasping this great war in its entirety, of looking beyond the mere casualty lists—which horrify them—that hope and pray for an immediate peace by negotiation; a peace that would leave the German empire in the position of a man who has had a severe illness but only needs time and care and recuperative rest—something the German empire now yearns for—to be stronger than ever again.

By this time it would seem that the densest person in the United States must know that Germany is insatiably greedy, mad for world power, consumed with hatred of her rivals in wealth and importance, as ruthless and savage under a thin veneer as the ancient Huns, without pity, mercy, honor; psychologically incapable of telling the truth, or considering the rights of others, and with no sense of fair play whatever. And yet you hear constantly—for the less intelligent of Americans are incurable optimists—"Oh, be sure she has had enough. Her people never will stand for another war. She really desires peace now, and recognizes her mistake in plunging the world into war—she never dreamed it would go so far. But let us stop this killing business. The future can take care of itself anyhow.

If this war finishes with the Hohenzollerns and Prussia in power and an undismembered Austria-Hungary to support her, it will be because of a breakdown of morale on the part of the allied powers, which has let them drift supinely into a negotiated peace. And if Prussia remains in the saddle and the Southern Slavs have not been permitted to form a strong buffer state, independent of a crippled and impotent Austria, we shall not only be plunged into another war ten years hence but into a hopeless war. The same demoralization that had led our European allies to consent to a compromise would have relaxed their moral fibre to such an extent that they would make little more than the gesture of war. We, meanwhile, should be an armed camp from the Pacific to the Atlantic, with a navy some three times its present size. Our present taxes would be a mere trifle to what we should groan under until our issue with Germany was settled once for all.

Prussia has not altered its characteristics in fifteen hundred years; not since the days of Genseric and Alaric, when the northern tribes of Germany under those historic freebooters lived for war and the spoils of war, and won the honor of being, with Attila, the most brutal trio in history. The record of Prussia is even worse today. Is any one really so innocent as to imagine that she would have a change of heart in our time? Yes, when the leopard changes his spots to the gold stars of sacrifice. She would whip Russia into shape, and then, head down, charge the world again with something like twenty millions of trained fighting men behind her.

There would be no doubt whatever about the fate of Europe. We should have a better chance of resistance, but none whatever of conquest, not even if we sank the German navy. In any case the war would drag on for years. Now, if the pacifists, socialists, and traitors in our midst, as well as those weak timorous souls that weep over our men who are delighted to be over there and doing their duty, can be silenced, we stand a fair chanc of winning the war next year by sheer superiority of numbers and generalship, smashing the military machine and chasing the wicked ambitious and unscrupulous powers that alone are responsible for this hideous scourge, into a limbo from which they never will emerge.

The future of the world literally lies in the hollow of our hand. At present that hand is a fist and Germany's mean little soul has shuddered and shrunk under its impact. But let those iron fingers relax before Prussia is on her knees begging for mercy, and we may as well make her a present (with impressive ceremonies, on a golden platter) of modern civilization, including those mere side issues, democracy and individual freedom, and have done with it. A compromise peace and Prussia will lick her chops and sit down to the leisurely task of eating us alive.

Who's willing to bet all central Europe as far west as the North sea won't be giving a good imitation of Bolshevik Russia for some months to come?

Napoleon, in his early childhood, played with toy soldiers. Let's give the kaiser some toy soldiers to play with in his second childhood, on Elba.

Kaiser Bill is willing to be president, 'tis said, of a German republic. He's not a man to be fussy over titles—all he asks is to boss the nation!

THE MELANCHOLY DAZE

LETTERS FROM "SOMEWHERE" IN FRANCE

FROM FERRIS CORDNER.

St. Aignan Noyers, 10 6 18.

Dear Mother:

We have moved week and are now near the above town. Instead of being towards the front it was farther back and the censor regulations are not as strict as where we were before.

This is a very large camp with lots of troops coming in and out every day. Do not know exactly what our duties are to be as yet but we understand it is to train new men and prepare them for the front.

It was just like leaving home to leave our former town. We had been there so long and knew everyone and there was a big crowd at the train to see us off and wish us "Bon Voyare" the same as when we left home.

This place isn't so nice as where we were and we do not get rooms but all the officers are together in one barrack, we also have to drill every day.

Saw Preston a couple of days ago and he is looking fine. Also saw Joe Dwyer yesterday, the first time since January. Am apt to see lots of people here I know as so many are continually going through.

This is supposed to be the Chateau district of France but I haven't been around enough to see anything yet. Will send you some cards as soon as I can get hold of them. It is permissable here.

Got a letter from Harry Larson yesterday the first mail I have received since the middle of last month.

Must close for this time.

Love to all,
FERRIS.

Ferris Cordner, Lieut. Inf.,
Co. G, 114th Inf.
A. P. O. 727.
A. E. F. France

BUY W. S. S.

Fallen For Freedom

SECTION NO. 1.

The following casualties are reported by the commanding general of the American expeditionary forces: Killed in action, 79; died of wounds; 44; died from accident and other causes, 5; died of disease, 71; wounded severely, 130; wounded (degree undetermined), 134; wounded slightly, 165; missing in action, 11; prisoners, 1. Total, 640.

KILLED IN ACTION.

Privates:
Robt. B. Huffman, Pierre, S. D.
Peter Graham, International Falls, Minn.
Roy Lee, Pine River, Minn.
Domenico Decao, Wabasso, Minn.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Privates:
John Menkens, Lebanon, S. D.
GOTTLEIB REILY, Denhoff, N. D.
Cyril J. O'Connell, Faribault, Minn.

DIED OF DISEASE.

Privates:
Walter O. Edmundson, Orient Ia.
Geo. H. Broughton, Modale, Ia.
Arthur G. Buschowski, Chaska, Minn.
Frank F. Sedlak, Utica, S. D.
John Grunnett, Sabula, Iowa.

WOUNDED SEVERELY.

Captain Claude E. McGuiness, Helena, Mont.

Sergeant:
Joe Chas. Collins, Winnebago, Minn

Privates:
ESPEN NIELSEN, Coulee, N. D.
John Finck, Hewitt, Minn.
Matthew Pettigrew, Wills Creek, Mont.
Richard Uhde, Parkers Prairie, Minn.

WOUNDED, Degree Undetermined.

Major Guy S. Brewer, Des Moines, Iowa.

Privates:
Andrew A. Kenney, Lyons, Ia.
Frank Kowalski, Minton, S. D.
LESLIE DONALD TENNYSON, Minot, N. D.

WOUNDED SLIGHTLY.

Sergt. Oliver E. Nelson, Rapid City, S. D.
Mechanic Inqwald Bjornstag, Minneapolis, Minn.

Privates:
Geo. Emlet, Muscatine, Ia.
Alfred F. Hjellming, Ortley, S. D.
Wm. L. McMillan, Bearpaw, Mont.
Oscar A. Olin, Minneapolis, Minn.
Fred H. Millay, Murdo, S. D.

SECTION NO. 2.

The following casualties are reported by the commanding general of the American expeditionary forces: Killed in action, 46; died of wounds, 31; died of disease, 37; wounded severely, 80; wounded (degree undetermined) 123; wounded slightly, 319; missing in action, 33. Total 668.

KILLED IN ACTION.

Bugler aMrshall C. Young, Billings, Mont.

Privates:
Bennore O. Larson, Jackson, Minn.
Alfred Moen, Appleton, Minn.
Adolph Forkel, Hosmer, S. D.
John E. Hayner, College Springs, Iowa.
Alex L. Moe, Moorhead, Minn.
Alfred C. Reger, Fairfax, Minn.

WOUNDED SEVERELY.

Sergt. Arthur Hollingel, Mankato, Minn.

Privates:
Charles M. Atkins, Woodbine, Ia.
Marvin W. Crow, Gilmore City, Ia.
DONALD A. MILLER, Epping, N. D.
Arthur Joseph Pirotte, Mystic, Ia.

WOUNDED, Degree Undetermined.

Privates:
Elery M. Anderson, Elliott, Ia.
Louis De Barbieri, St. Paul, Minn.
Newel E. Dorman, Edgewood, Ia.
DAN FROEMKE, Lisbon, N. D.
Frank C. Harker, Ottumwa, Ia.
Frank M. McMahon, Bernard, Iowa.
Herman J. Patterson, Jordan, Minn.
David W. Paulson, Dassel, Minn.
Christ Peterson, Eaton, S. D.
Albert E. Peyer, Ossian, Ia.

WOUNDED SLIGHTLY.

Lieut. James H. Donahue, Sioux City, Iowa.
Edward R. Wallace, Council Bluffs, Iowa.
Corp. Charles Herman Guenther, Hokah, Minn.
Alfred F. Feldhahn, Walnut, Ia.

Privates:
Fred Miller, Waseka, Minn.
Albert Antonsen, Sioux City, Ia.
Ross E. Gallup, Wrenohall, Minn.
Frank R. Habeck, Lakefield, Minn.
Niets Hansen, Hopkins, Minn.
Charles B. R. Kridler, Gowrie, Ia.
Arthur C. Snyder, Spencer, Ia.
Earl H. Travis, Cedar Rapids, Ia.
Harold A. Moore, Minneapolis, Minn.
Arvid Terrio, Mountain Iron, Minn.

Wounded severely in action previously reported missing, Private Joseph Lockwood; Fort Yates, N. D.; Private Joseph Schultz, Reeder, N. D.

BUY W. S. S.

PEOPLE'S FORUM

JUDGE ROBINSON.

Fryburg, N. D., Oct. 31, 1918.

Editor Tribune,
Bismarck.

Dear Sir:

It seems a certain waste of good white paper printing the piffle of Judge Robinson.

There is no doubt the man is in his second childhood and there should be a way to remove such elderly people from responsible positions.

That's my view of it.

Yours truly,
A. C. GIBBONS.

HOW TO END A POEM.

Bismarck Tribune,
Bismarck, N. D.

Mr. Editor:

Having read the article, "Ending a Poem," which appeared in the November 1 issue of your paper, I venture an answer to the closing question, What would you do with it if it were your poem?"

If it were my poem I should end it with the fourth stanza and I should say:

"He dies for friend and brother,
And, God bless him! he wins the war."

The poem now ends with a noble sentiment—that of a man giving up his life for others; it breathes a fervent prayer for the dying private soldier and it pays him the highest tribute possible, "he wins the war." There is no profanity apparant or real, and no "reverent" oath demanding an apology, hence the following five stanzas become superfluous and trashy.

HARRY J. CLARK,

Center, N. D.
Nov. 2, 1918.

STANDS FOR PROHIBITION.

October 26, 1918.

Editor Tribune:

Dear Sir: Your heart was right when you denounced booze a day or two ago. May I go a step farther and say that you were legally right as well. Prohibition is written into the constitution of the state of North Dakota. The honest, law abiding conscientious citizen, will obey that law even although it may deprive him of what he believes he is sentitled to under ordinary circumstances.

This article in the constitution covers all that the bone dry law covers. The bone dry law was enacted simply to prevent the booze-fighting, hear-drinking and wine-bibbing judges and lawyers, et al., from defeating the prohibition law by resorting to technicalities, etc., and down right disregard for all law where there is a booze thirst there is no law. The man who is looking for a loop hole through which to violate the prohibition clause of the state constitution is one who confesses that his thirst has vastly more weight with him than the welfare of the less informed and less self-restrained people of this state, who need the protection which this law gives. Unwittingly the Honorable Judge may have started something that will come clattering down on the devoted heads of the booze friends of this state.

It is up to the next legislature to see to it that the present, or a more drastic bone dry prohibition law is placed on our statute books as the majority of the people of this state demand:

The man who thinks that he is freed from legal obligation because the bone dry law has not been properly enacted is not freed from his obligation to obey the constitution.

No subterfuge can free him from the legal and moral obligation he is under to obey the prohibition law now a part of the constitution of this state.

If the so-called respectable, even honorable high lights, of this state can't contain themselves without their booze, why don't they get out of here?

A. SUBSCRIBER.

BUY W. S. S.

There's a cure against getting old, an excellent and thoro one. There's nothing sensational about it; it's the best that can be had under the existing circumstances. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea makes you feel young and gay—take it today. 35c. Tea or Tablets. Jos. Breslow.

BUY W. S. S.

SANITARY SEWER ASSESSMENT SOUTH TENTH STREET

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That a special assessment for the construction of a sanitary sewer on south Tenth Street from Front Street to a point 130 feet south of the center line of Bowen Street in Sewer Improvement District Numbers Three and Five of the city of Bismarck, North Dakota, has been levied against the lots and tracts of land especially benefited by such improvement in the sums set opposite the respective descriptions of such lots and tracts, to-wit:

SEWER IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NUMBER THREE

Block 33, Williams' Survey

Lot Number	Amount Benefited	Amount Assessed
13	$51.60	$51.60
14	51.60	51.60
15	51.60	51.60
16	51.60	51.60
17	51.60	51.60
18	51.60	51.60

Block 35, Williams' Survey

Lot Number	Amount Benefited	Amount Assessed
19	$51.60	$51.60
20	51.60	51.60
21	51.60	51.60
22	51.60	51.60
23	51.60	51.60
24	51.60	51.60

Block 77, Williams' Survey

Lot Number	Amount Benefited	Amount Assessed
1	$51.60	$51.60
2	51.60	51.60
3	51.60	51.60
4	51.60	51.60
5	51.60	51.60
6	51.60	51.60
7	51.60	51.60
8	51.60	51.60
9	51.60	51.60
10	51.60	51.60
11	51.60	51.60
12	51.60	51.60

Block 79, Williams' Survey

Lot Number	Amount Benefited	Amount Assessed
13	$51.60	$51.60
14	51.60	51.60
15	51.60	51.60
16	51.60	51.60
17	51.60	51.60
18	51.60	51.60
19	51.60	51.60
20	51.60	51.60
21	51.60	51.60
22	51.60	51.60
23	51.60	51.60
24	51.60	51.60

SEWER IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NUMBER FIVE

Block 3, Coffin's Addition

Lot Number	Amount Benefited	Amount Assessed
17	$51.60	$51.60
18	51.60	51.60
19	51.60	51.60
20	51.60	51.60
21	51.60	51.60
22	51.60	51.60

Block 4, Coffin's Addition

Lot Number	Amount Benefited	Amount Assessed
1	$51.60	$51.60
2	51.60	51.60
3	51.60	51.60
4	51.60	51.60
5	51.60	51.60
6	51.60	51.60

State of North Dakota)
County of Burleigh) ss.
City of Bismarck)

The undersigned, C. L. Young, F. L. Conklin and E. C. Taylor, constituting the special assessment commission of the city of Bismarck, North Dakota, hereby certify that the foregoing is a complete list of the particular lots and parcels of land which in the opinion of such commission are especially benefited by the construction of a lateral sanitary sewer on south Tenth Street, from Front Street to a point 130 feet south of the center line of Bowen Street in Sewer Improvement Districts Three and Five of the city of Bismarck, setting forth each lot or tract of land assessed benefited by the improvement, and the amount assessed against each; that the same is a true and correct assessment of the property therein described according to the best judgment of a majority of the members of such commission, and that the special items of expense included in such assessment are as folows, to-wit:

Contract price and interest	$2363.47
Engineering expense	113.66
Publication	29.13
Expense commission	30.00

Dated this 26th day of October, 1918.

C. L. YOUNG,
Chairman.
F. L. CONKLIN,
Member.
E. C. TAYLOR,
Member.

Notice is hereby given that on the 13th day of November, 1918, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the special assessment commission of the city of Bismarck, North Dakota, will meet in the city hall of such city, to hear objections which may be made to any assessments shown in the foregoing list by any person interested therein, or by his agent or attorney.

Dated this 26th day of October, 1918.

C. L. YOUNG,
Chairman.

EVERETT TRUE - - By Conde