

MR. KATE O'HARE FEARS WE WILL SEE REVOLUTION

Believes Wife's Conviction Will
Stir Up Enemies of
Country to Revolt

IS WOMAN AND A MOTHER

Socialist Lecturer Declares She's
Human Even Tho She is
Wild-Eyed Agitator

Following a farewell tour of some of the leading cities of the east and middle west, Mrs. Kate O'Hare, woman radical leader, convicted of violation of the espionage law, has arrived in Fargo to surrender herself to the United States authorities, and upon the issuance of the warrant of commitment will be taken to the federal prison at Jefferson City, Mo. On a mandate handed down by the United States Circuit Court of Appeals and which affirms the decision of the lower court, Mrs. O'Hare was given 30 days from the time of the filing of the order to present herself to the federal authorities. The time expires at midnight on Saturday, April 12. Her early arrival in Fargo, she said, this morning, was for the purpose of getting some needed rest. She stated she would call on Judge Charles F. Amidon some time today or tomorrow.

Mrs. Kate O'Hare, who was sentenced on Dec. 14, 1917, by the Hon. Martin J. Wade of Des Moines, Ia., to serve five years in the federal prison at Jefferson City, Mo., following a sensational trial held at Bismarck, arrived in Fargo on Wednesday evening. She is accompanied by her husband, Frank P. O'Hare, a business man of St. Louis, and their daughter, Miss Kathleen O'Hare, 1 year old.

There will be no action in Mrs. O'Hare's case to "prison," said her husband. "Mrs. O'Hare will enter upon her five-year term of imprisonment very quietly and feels that she can stay in prison as long as the administration can afford to keep her there. All she demands is that congress and the administration make an investigation of the facts leading up to her arrest at Des Moines, Ia., on July 29, 1917, and in face of these facts if the administration can afford to keep her, she is willing to stay. In regard to the verdict of the higher court, nothing else could have been expected as the court records will show that the evidence collected by Prof. W. E. Zuech in his investigation of the case were never presented to the jury, and the higher court cannot go back of any jury verdict."

The struggle for Mrs. O'Hare's freedom is just beginning, according to her husband. He declared this afternoon that she will be imprisoned, but that he will be on the outside and on advice of counsel he waited until the final act of the United States Supreme court in this particular case had been registered before he started to make the big fight for her freedom.

"The court of last resort in this case now is the American people and they will be informed of the facts," said Mr. O'Hare. "I am prepared to carry her fight to the people of the United States and let them pass on the injustice of the conviction and imprisonment of an innocent woman. The people will be informed of the conspiracy at Bowman, N. D., and that those who perfected this conspiracy, unfortunately for them, have not concealed their tracks. The fight for the freedom of Mrs. O'Hare will be made by an immense number of friends, many of whom are not Socialists. No one ever thought Mrs. O'Hare would go to prison. Now that she is actually facing a term in the federal penitentiary, the people are awakening and from all hands there come support and promises. She is not requesting pardon, because she cannot do that when she is not guilty."

Predict Revolution.
In the farewell speech that Mrs. O'Hare gave at St. Louis early this month and which she gave at other points on her trip, she predicted that social and industrial revolution will sweep the United States and Europe, despite the prosecution of the socialists and other radical leaders. She is said to have declared in that speech that she violated no law.

"Don't think that I don't feel for my children," she is quoted as saying in one of the press reports. "My heart is almost breaking because of them. I am a woman and a mother also. But my brave husband, with whom I have lived for 17 years, and my children are made of the same fighting stock as myself. They would rather see me behind prison bars than have me a coward when my country needed me most of all."

Left St. Louis in March.
Mrs. O'Hare left St. Louis in March and according to her husband delivered farewell addresses in New York, Buffalo, Milwaukee, Chicago and Minneapolis.

Very Tired.
Mrs. O'Hare said to visitors at the hotel this morning that she was very tired and nervous following her speechmaking tour of the east and the middle west. Her husband said that ever since her conviction, Mrs. O'Hare has been preparing herself to continue welfare work and that during the last 20 months she has been making a thorough study of psychology and criminology and that she intends to devote her time in the federal prison to a scientific psychological survey of the prison population.

BISMARCK TO BE REAL TANK TOWN AND PROUD OF IT

Capital City Center for War
Loan Enthusiasm Tomorrow
Afternoon

ALL STORES WILL CLOSE

Half-Holiday Proclaimed by
Mayor Lucas—State House
Falls in Line

PROCLAMATION.
Whereas we will have with us tomorrow a genuine American army tank, operated by two officers of the American tank corps, brought to Bismarck in the interests of the Victory Loan drive, and inasmuch as we are also to be favored with addresses from Lieut. Browning of the U. S. aviation corps; Major J. M. Hanley, who commanded a machine gun battalion on the west front, and C. L. Young, Four Minute Man, as mayor of the city of Bismarck I do most respectfully request and urge that all public and private business houses and offices in the Capital City close from 12:30 to 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon, April 12, in order that their employes may have an opportunity to see the tank and to hear the speeches.

**A. W. LUCAS, President
Bismarck City Commission.**

Bismarck tomorrow achieves its ambition to become a real "Tank Town." Upon this occasion the capital city is to be favored with a visit from a genuine army tank, operated by two members of the American army tank corps which ran the legs off the Heines on the west front, and which will serve as a speaking stage for Lieut. Browning of the U. S. aviation corps; Major J. M. Hanley, commander of a machine gun battalion on the west front, and C. L. Young, Bismarck Four Minute Man.

The tank is coming in the interests of the Fifth Liberty loan, the Victory loan, through which Uncle Sam hopes to close up his war account and wipe all debts from his books. The tank will parade from 12:30 to 2:30 on the principal streets, and at one of the important street intersections Lieut. Browning, Major Hanley and Mr. Young will address the crowds in 15-minute talks on the Victory loan.

GERMAN WAR PRISONER
Lieut. Dowling, who visits Bismarck tomorrow as an official speaker for the ninth district war loan organization, had been flying for Uncle Sam on the west front three months when his plane was brought down inside the German lines, and he was bundled off to a German prison camp. He spent several months there in addition to his conviction that Sherman was right when he said it. He will tell tomorrow of his experiences as a prisoner of the late imperial German government.

Arrangements have been made to stop No. 3 at Sterling, Driscoll and McKenzie and a large number of people are expected in from these points. The program is being arranged for their benefit in such a way as to permit them to return home the same afternoon at 8, which leaves Bismarck about 2:30.

The stren on the Hughes Electric plant will announce the start of the tank, and a bugler will occupy its turret deck to halt the progress of the whippet.

Business will be suspended in the city proper during the peregrinations of the tank, and N. A. Mason, secretary to Governor Frazier, announced this morning that a half-holiday would be proclaimed at the capitol tomorrow afternoon.

It is expected that hundreds of people will be here from out-of-town and that the Victory loan campaign will be given a flying start.

Thank to Have Escort.
The army tank will have an escort of a squad of overseas men in full marching order, with a bugler and color sergeant. The Bismarck band will enliven the tank parade with rousing march tunes.

Saturday evening at 7 an informal luncheon will be given at the Grand Pacific by the Bismarck Commercial club in honor of Lieut. Dowling and the two tank officers. All returned soldiers whether overseas men or not, are invited to enjoy this feed, and business men of the city are expected to turn out and give the fighting men a rousing reception.

It is requested that soldiers and others who can arrange to attend notify the Commercial club, Phone 313, leaving their names not later than 5 o'clock tomorrow evening.

**BANKS HELP
ROADS OUT**
Washington, April 11.—Bakers, railway executives and Director General Hines today agreed to co-operate to care for May 1 financial requirements of the roads along lines followed in providing for April requirements.

**JAPANESE AND CHINESE
BANKS UNDERGO RUNS.**

N. E. A. Special to The Tribune.
Tokio, April 11.—Japanese banks recently withstood a run caused by reports of grave financial troubles. They also extended help to a number of Chinese banks which were under financial strain.

A PRINCE ON THE JOB



Prince Albert of England works in the British air ministry as an ordinary clerk. He is probably the first of a British royal family to hold such a routine job.

65 MILLION WAGE BOOST AUTHORIZED

Pay and Half for Overtime Allowed Only to Men in Yard Service

AVERAGE INCREASE \$160

Washington, April 11.—Wage advances aggregating sixty-five millions were ordered today by Director General Hines for 400,000 railway engineers, firemen, trainmen and conductors in passenger and freight service, members of the big four brotherhood and to be retroactive.

The brotherhood's demands for pay and a half for overtime were granted only for men in yard service. The increases were arranged according to a contemplated schedule one of the considerations being to restore the wage relations existing before the assumption of government control. The average increase in wages will be \$160 per man.

Including today's increases, the aggregate wage increase granted to 2,600,000 railway employees is more than \$400 average per man. Thus the total payroll of America's railways is raised to nearly three billion per year from a point of approximately two billion on January 1, 1918, when the roads passed into the government's hands.

Back pay for workers from January 1 will be given brotherhood men as soon as railway paymasters can work out the tables. Accountants estimate about a billion increase in receipts from tariff increases last year. More than 20 per cent of this will be eaten up in wages.

PERSHING'S BAND TO HELP OUT IN VICTORY LOAN

New York, April 11.—Pershing's own band, organized by the commander in chief, to improve musical standards in the army, has called for home on the Leviathan to aid in the Victory loan.

This band, including 104 of the best musicians in the American army and a drum corps of 40 will take part in Victory loan demonstrations throughout the country.

**ARMY OFFICER HERE TO
AID SOLDIERS IN QUEST
OF \$50 BONUS CHECKS**

Capt. P. J. Keegan of the United States field artillery, is here to assist former soldiers to promptly obtain their \$50 bonus. Capt. Keegan has been assigned to this duty at the suggestion of Adjutant General Fraser. He will certify to true copies of discharge papers and will offer returned soldiers other assistance in filing their claims. He will remain in the city over Sunday.

NINE KILLED.
Seoul, April 11.—Nine persons are said to have been killed and many others injured in disturbances at five points in the province of Ping an Yang.

NORTHERN PACIFIC EARNED SURPLUS OF \$2,768,334 IN '18

New York, April 11.—After paying dividends of \$1,360,000 the Northern Pacific railway company earned a surplus of \$2,768,334 in 1918, according to the annual report, approved at a meeting of stockholders today.

The report contained both corporate and federal income accounts. The former showed that out of its standard return of \$30,989,692 from the railroad administration and income from miscellaneous sources amounting together to \$38,222,307, a balance of \$20,129,334, applicable to dividends remained.

The government account shows that with net operating revenues of \$31,491,957, the railroad administration after final deductions had a deficit of \$1,228,429.

Five retiring directors were re-elected and George H. Carl, vice president of the company was chosen to fill a vacancy caused by the resignation of William Sloan, now in France.

MANDAN TO HAVE BIG AUTO PLANT

Plans Announced for Garage 100
by 140 Feet to Cost
About \$40,000

Mandan, N. D., April 11.—A new garage 100 by 140 feet in size to cost approximately \$40,000 will be constructed as soon as bids can be secured on the building and the weather permits.

The announcement was made this morning by directors of the Western Auto company. The site selected and purchased is the southwest corner of Second Avenue and First street, directly opposite the Daily Pioneer office.

This move has been contemplated for some time, the old garage of the company having proven too small. It was recently sold to L. F. Lyman of the Perfection Baking company.

The Western Auto company has been re-organized, new stockholders admitted and the capitalization raised to \$50,000. At the meeting last evening directors were elected as follows: L. F. Smith, R. A. Countryman, Dr. H. O. Altnow, F. B. O'Rourke, Ed Miller, George H. Binzenheimer and E. A. Ripley.

Election of officers will be held later. L. F. Smith, will be manager of the new garage, will be manager of the building which is one story but so constructed that it will be possible to add as high as six additional stories for offices or other purposes as the need may become apparent.

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75 PERSONS DRIVEN FROM RIVER BANKS

Flood Waters Rising at James-
town and 11 Blocks of
City Under Water

FLOUR MILL IS FLOODED

Thirty Refugees Spend Night in
City Hall—Several Hun-
dred Rescued

Jamestown, N. D., April 11.—Flood waters of the James, which receded over one foot during the night, at noon today were rising slowly. Warm weather makes the condition increasingly grave. Seventy-five persons were driven from their homes last night. Eleven blocks in the northern part of the city are under water. The boiler rooms of the Russell-Miller mill were flooded during the night, and O. J. Seiler reports that 40 pigs were drowned near his farm. Pioneers declare the flood the highest since 1883.

Night police officers John Bracken, and Roy Sappenfield, wading in water up to their armpits, rescued a hundred in the northwestern part of the city. Thirty refugees spent the night in the city hall.

Jamestown, N. D., April 11.—The James river is out of her banks at a number of points, and a large number of farmer families have been flooded from their homes. James-town homes were opened to refugees last evening. A number of wagon bridges have gone out.

BRIDGES ENDANGERED.
Sheyenne, N. D., April 11.—The Sheyenne river, usually a very modest creek, is a half-mile wide at this point. A number of highway bridges have been washed away, and the Northern Pacific is engaged in putting in piers and ballast to save its bridge at this point.

DRYS WIN PART VICTORY IN CANADA

Montreal, April 11.—With a larger number of points in distant parts of Quebec province to be heard from, the wet majority registered in yesterday's referendum election in favor of light wines, cider and beer had been increased to 110,000 this morning. Prohibition leaders said this morning that while a some dry triumph had not been achieved, a substantial prohibition victory had been won.

GALLI CURCI ASKS DIVORCE

Chicago, April 11.—A deposition in the divorce suit of Galli Curci, the opera singer, was filed here today. It was by Cleofonte Campanini, director of the Chicago Opera association, in which Galli Curci sang. Campanini said that twice when Galli Curci was singing, he saw Luigi, her husband, escort young women to his wife's apartments. The director said he did not remember the names of the towns or the hotels where these things happened. Galli Curci's suit alleged that her husband made her life unbearable. Campanini said one of these acts was when Luigi repeatedly said to his wife: "You sing flat."

FOR EARLY CONVOY
Washington, April 11.—A cablegram from American expeditionary headquarters to the war department today announced that all organization of the 29th and the 23rd, Illinois division, had been assigned to early convoy, as well as the 158th field hospital brigade and base hospital No. 77.

NINE KILLED.
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—BUT WHEN THEY FALL, THEY FALL HARD



It's nice to skim through the air, but when you land, as this plane did, 'mid a tangle of wires, it's not. The aviator struck the roof of a barracks at Bambrook, Texas, and handed the soldiers within the surprise of their lives.

GERMANY REFUSES TO SIGN TREATY NOT IN CONFORMITY WITH WILSON'S 14 POINTS

Insist Upon Raising Blockade and Want to Discuss Question of Indemnities With Victors at Peace Table—Austrian Industries in Hands of Soviets.

Insist Upon Raising Blockade and Want to Discuss Question of Indemnities With Victors at Peace Table—Austrian Industries in Hands of Soviets.

Berlin (Thursday), April 10.—Count Von Brockdorff-Rantzau, foreign minister, speaking before the assembly at Weimar said Germany would not sign a peace treaty which deviated in any important principle from President Wilson's 14 points.

"The financial demands to be made in the peace treaty are obviously causing as much difficulty to our opponents as that of territory," said the foreign minister. "It is impossible to solve the question of financial demands without conferring with our experts at the peace table."

"Our opponents," continued the minister, "cannot dismember and terrorize Germany and at the same time extract from the resources of the country the enormous amounts they demand."

"We need to have the blockade speedily raised and we required the importation of foodstuffs on conditions which will make their reasonable sale possible. All the states which participated in the war find themselves in the same difficulty."

SOVIETS IN CONTROL

Vienna (Thursday), April 10.—German Austria is coming under the influence of the establishment of soviet republics at Munich and Budapest. At Donnitz 10,000 workers in the iron plants have driven out the managers because the latter have refused wage increases. The coal miners are said to have threatened similar action, and it is probable the workers in the iron mines will take over the property and elect their own managers.

WANT HIGHER WAGES

Bank employes in Vienna are demanding higher wages. In one bank salaries before the war aggregated 11,000,000 crowns. During the war this was increased to 25,000,000, and now the officers face demands for 11,000,000 more, which would make the whole amount greatly in excess of the dividends paid before the war.

ELECTIONS QUIET

The elections in Hungary for the creation of soviet councils passed off without reported incidents, soviet organizations being formed in country districts by means of this balloting. The process was carried out under the coercion of the red army with a majority of the voters in various places not appearing to know why they were voting.

Outsiders in Hungary are inclined to take the economic view of the experiment, which they are not inclined to believe will develop into a lasting success.

RELEASE PRISONERS

Berlin (Thursday), April 10.—The Munich revolutionary council has ordered the immediate release of all prisoners of war in Bavaria. The order releases thousands of Russian prisoners, including Axelrod, the community.

BAR EMPLOYES

Berlin, April 11.—Volunteer soldiers, streams of water from a fire hose, improvised blackjacks and knives, played a part today in preventing employes of the Deutsche bank, who had voted to resume work, from entering their offices.

Strikers' pickets appeared at the Deutsche bank before the would-be workers came on the scene. A struggle ensued when the clerks attempted to force an entrance.

GERMAN DELEGATES TO BE SUMMONED
Paris, April 11.—The peace conference has reached an agreement on all questions affecting peace with Germany, reparations, indemnities, the Rhine frontier and the boundaries of Poland. The German delegates will be summoned to Versailles within two or three weeks.

Premier Lloyd George is quoted as saying that if the allies agree as well at present as during the war the peace treaty will be effective and lasting and the menace of Bolshevism avoided.

WOMEN DELEGATES APPEAR

Paris, April 11.—The session last night of the league of nations commission at which the new section providing that the Monroe doctrine was not to be affected by the covenant provision began at 8 o'clock and continued until midnight. Women's delegates appeared before the commission and asked that the principal of suffrage for women be included in the covenant.

PROTECTS MONROE DOCTRINE

Paris, April 11.—While the text of the Monroe doctrine amendment adopted by the league of nations convention at its convention last night, are withheld, its main features are: Article 10.—Nothing in this covenant shall be construed as abrogating any agreement such as the Monroe doctrine for maintaining peace.

ATTEND DEMONSTRATION

Rome (Thursday), April 10.—A group of self-styled Spartans carrying a red flag attended a demonstration here today, but the people attacked the crowd and dispersed it. Several of the Spartans were injured and others arrested. There ensued an enthusiastic demonstration in celebration of the victory and in honor of the allies.

ACTIVE IN BAVARIA

Copenhagen, April 11.—Communists are reported very active in Bavaria. The agitators are said to be attempting to start a revolution and to proclaim a soviet republic in Baden. They would also unite Baden with the soviet Bavarian government.

The council of people's mandatory which has been in control in Munich, has been dispersed by the communists, according to the Franische Taggepost of Nuremberg.

ORDER STRIKERS TO DISPERSE

Several thousand persons assembled before Spartacan headquarters in Dusseldorf Thursday. The police ordered the strikers to disperse. Shooting followed. The Spartacans erected barricades in the street. After an exchange of shots in which a number were killed, the Spartacans fled. The strike in Brunswick is reported to be general, and the railway station there is closed. Leaders of the Brunswick strikers have sent an ultimatum to the diet demanding that all powers be handed over to workers' councils. Workers in 20 other towns have gone on strike in favor of introducing the soviet system.

OVERCOMING DIFFICULTIES

Washington, April 11.—Without giving details, advices from Paris indicate that some of the peace difficulties delaying progress in the negotiations have been overcome and that the president has secured the adoption of certain of the important points for which he has been contending.

REVOLUTIONARY TRIBUNALS

Copenhagen, April 11.—Revolutionary tribunals have been established in Munich and 28 judges set in relays of seven throughout the day and night, says a dispatch to the Monitor. The sentences of the judges are carried out immediately.

The dispatch says that all newspapers have been placed under municipal control, the owners receiving no compensation.