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THE STATE'S OLDEST NEWSPAPER (Established 1878)

THE FATAL THIRD

Father's not himself at all, at all, these days. He's being initiated into the Grand Exalted Order of the Ancient and Honorable Sons of Adam and it's proving harder than his struggle with the flu or his battle with his income tax payments.

Poor dad, how he suffers! You see all his pals are Sons of Adam. They've been through all three degrees and they know what he's got coming and, believe us, they're going to see that he gets it good and plenty.

The third degree—that's what's got dad's goat. The first two were bad enough, but oh boy, that third degree! Bill Jones says strong men have been known to pass out before it was half over.

Say, all you married men can guess the reason quickly enough. It's the hardest thing on earth to have a real secret from the wife, isn't it?

GOOD TIME AS ANY TO BUY

Most of us have been waiting, since the news came Nov. 11 of the cessation of the world madness, for prices to drop; and they haven't dropped.

We have been prying around a bit for our own satisfaction and we have discovered that there is every likelihood that prices will be higher before they are lower.

We doubt, indeed, if prices generally will be lower in this generation.

And we don't care whether you mean the price of a house, of a watch, of a pork chop, or of a spring suit.

We have about concluded that what we need, and have the money to pay for, we will buy; just as we did before the war.

If you are going to build a house, or a chicken coop, you will not save any money by waiting; not if you wait for five years.

Labor, transportation, and cost of raw materials establish prices.

Labor is not going to tolerate any cut in wages, of consequence.

And labor, the world over, is in a position today to get justice.

The cost of raw material, of foodstuffs, or fuel, and minerals will not be materially lessened.

The cost of transportation is more likely to increase than to be diminished.

Where is your scale of lower prices coming from?

From nowhere, unless every trade indication is false.

The wise men are going ahead on the new basis, and doing business.

The sooner we all quit hanging back, waiting for the impossible, the sooner will the trade volume increase to the point where some slight decrease in business costs may be achieved;

the steady flow of business is the only possible chance for even slightly lessened prices.

We must be clothed and fed and housed and amused; to the extent of our needs and ability let us proceed as we did in the peaceful years.

Hang back on the halter and waiting for the green pastures to march to our nose bags will never feed us.

PARTIES AND PARTIES

North Dakota is to have a new party. This time it is a labor party. Already we have a farmers' party, but the farmer, it appears, is not a laborer, and it has been decreed that a party composed of the real, honest-to-goodness

laboring men is necessary. Hence the new labor party.

One interesting feature about this organization of political parties is that there is no limit to its possibilities. The farmers have been told that the ordinary conditions of citizenship were not a sufficient basis on which to found their political action, and they must have a political party of their own.

There are a good many blacksmiths in the state, for instance, men who are either employers of labor or who are working for themselves. They are substantial citizens and worthy men.

Naturally, if all these parties were created, some of them would be numerically small. But what of that? The party that cannot command a majority by itself might find itself in the very desirable position of holding the balance of power as between other groups, and could then demand appropriate terms for the delivery of its votes.

JIMMY'S POST

A little New York boy from the East Side went to France early in the war. During one of the battles he was hit by a shell and mortally wounded. It was evident, when he reached the hospital, that he could live but a short time.

He was lying on his little white bed nearly gone when one of his "Pals" happened along. Stooping over the boy he whispered, "Jimmy, where were you hit?"

Jimmy opened his eyes and answered, "I was hit at my post." With these words on his lips he died, apparently satisfied in the knowledge he had been "hit at his post."

What more glorious death is there for any man than being "hit at his post?"

The world has little time for the man or woman who quits, who forsakes his or her post in time of danger or of peril.

Stick to your post, no difference what the odds. Perhaps, the very fact that you stick will cause the opposition to lose heart and quit the field.

The young fellow who believes that putting up a front is the chief essential to success is prone to be an affront to the boss.

If you can't get along with your next-door neighbor, you should find it an easy matter to understand Europe's age-old problem.

WITH THE EDITORS

TEACHERS, \$15.00—BARBERS, \$30.00

Two advertisements appeared lately in a New York newspaper—one of them calling for a teacher of mathematics, history and psychology, at a salary of \$65 a month. The other one called for a colored barber at \$30 a week.

There is no particular reason why the barber should not get \$30 a week. Milk wagon drivers are getting \$35, and they don't need to know more about driving than any farm boy knows.

But we are sorry for the teacher of mathematics and history. Sixty-five dollars each calendar month means \$15 a week. The barber who gets \$30 for pruning whiskers may be glad he knows nothing about mathematics or history.

In Washington a teacher has to work 25 years before qualifying for a wage of \$1300 a year. In Chicago a teacher cannot get \$1,000 a year before putting in 17 years in the profession. In 23 states the teachers average less than \$400 a year.

And in Illinois a high school teacher who tried to persuade one of his pupils to stay and finish his education was met with an irrefutable argument. "I have a job in a mine," said the boy. "I am making more money without an education than you are making with one."

We are told sometimes that teachers deserve no more than they get. If this is true, it does not improve the situation; it only makes it worse. If the type of education that young America is getting is worth more than is paid for it, so much the better for young America.

We may rejoice that young America is receiving a high standard of educational opportunity. If, however, the education received is worthless, why not offer a price that will buy an education worth having?

At the present moment, the development of the rising generation marks America's greatest crisis. Unrestricted immigration has made this country an ethnological freak show. By offering salaries which will attract teachers whose personality and attainments will be a really uplifting force we may guarantee to the American of the immediate future the perpetuation of the ideals and standards which are at present in danger of passing to the discard.—McHenry Tribune.

THE REST ARE EASY



TRY FEDERAL PLAN TO RUN BIG INDUSTRY

Manufacturers World Over Are Watching Experiment With Great Interest

New York, June 10.—Manufacturers and union labor leaders all over the United States are said to be watching with interest and sympathy the experiment in industrial democracy which is now being conducted in five cities—St. Louis, Mo., Shelton, Conn., Cleveland, O., Paterson, N. J., and Brooklyn, N. Y., and which, it is believed by some of them, will scotch it if it does not prevent Bolshevism in industrial centers where it is put into effect.

The originator of the plan, John Leitch, an efficiency engineer, started it among 300 employees of a Fort Wayne piano factory. Its basis was the Constitution of the United States. The factory was administered by a Senate, a House of Representatives and a Cabinet corresponding to the aids and advisors of the President.

B. Edmund David, head of a silk manufacturing corporation in Paterson, N. J., who was instrumental in introducing the system in his factory in that city about a year ago, expressed today the keenest satisfaction at the results attained and said he hoped ultimately to establish similar working conditions in four other of his mills in York, Reading, Scranton and Beavertown, Pa.

"The House is elected by a secret vote all the workers in the mill, one representative for every twenty workers. The House meets weekly on company time. Much of the legislative work is done by committees appointed by the presidents of the Senate and House."

"There is a Review Board to which a discharged worker may appeal his case, and a Board of Appeals giving each worker an opportunity for the redress of grievances, real or fancied, at the hands of a department head."

Every two weeks a "dividend" is paid to each worker who has scored a certain number of points in efficiency, economy, punctuality and regularity of work.

HAWAIIAN VOLCANO IS ACTIVE AGAIN

Honolulu, T. H., May 16.—(By Mail)—Kilauea, the great active volcano on the island of Hawaii, has for weeks past been unusually active, the lava column in the central fire pit having risen above the level of the floor of the main crater, sending out streams of molten lava in all directions. One stream ran more than three miles in four days, forming a new lake of fire against the northern wall of the main crater.

On June 5, 1916, following an outbreak of lava from the neighboring great semi-active volcano of Mauna-Loa, the lava column of Kilauea fell to a depth of almost 1,000 feet below the rim of the central fire pit. By the end of that month the column had started to rise, and, except for the usual short falls at solstice and equinox, has continued to rise ever since, the overflow point being reached on March 26, this year.

BAD EGGS MAY BE ALL RIGHT FOR POISON GAS BUT POOR FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION, SAY U. S. CHEMISTS

Notice Served Upon Shippers That Product Must Be Pure and Fresh and Not Misbranded—Heavy Penalties for Violations

North Dakota dealers shipping bad eggs are going to take chances on having the same seized by the United States Food Administration through the Bureau of Chemistry, Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C. A well known Fargo firm has been summoned to show cause why they should not be prosecuted for shipping such adulterated and misbranded products from Fargo to Duluth, Minn.

Dealers are warned, therefore, that they should take steps immediately to see that every egg purchased from whatever source is candied and all eggs rejected that do not come up to the standard of purity. Rather than take chances on buying or shipping eggs that are not of good quality, eggs should be gathered every day, and kept in a cool place and marketed at least once a week, better twice a week and then shipped as quickly as possible for storage where they should be properly protected. New regulations have been issued as follows:

NOTICE TO ALL DEALERS IN EGGS. Rulings concerning handling of eggs as issued by the Food Commissioner:

On and after June 15, 1919, all dealers engaged in the business of buying, selling or dealing in eggs must comply with the following regulations under penalty of prosecution:

I. No person, firm or corporation in the state of North Dakota shall buy, sell or have in his possession for sale, eggs known as "Yolk stuck to Shell," "Heavy Blood Rings," "Black Rots," "Mixed Rots," "Black Spots," "Mouldy Eggs," "Partially Hatched," "Added Eggs," or any eggs unfit for human consumption, in excess of one per cent of the total of each transaction, unless the same are broken in the shell and denatured to render them unfit for use.

II. All dealers, which includes jobbers, hustlers, city and country merchants or produce dealers shall after candling eggs, place on the top layer of each case of candied eggs, a certificate showing the date of candling and by whom candied. The following form is approved for such certificate:

"This case candied (date), by (candler). Signed, (Firm, Corporation or Individual)."

IV. All eggs placed in cold storage for a period exceeding thirty days must be candied, packed in new dry cases provided with new fillers and flats. The containers must be plainly marked giving the date placed in cold storage and when removed the date of removal.

E. F. LADD, Food Commissioner for North Dakota

Kilauea, that the present overflows will continue until the approach of the June solstice, when a subsidence is likely to occur. Upon the extent of this movement, much depends, for should it be small, it is probable that late this summer Kilauea will stage a volcanic spectacle without parallel.

Kilauea has certain fixed habits, but even Professor Jaggar, whose years of observation have made him intimately acquainted with the volcano's moods, cannot exactly forecast the extent of the movement.

To the ancient Hawaiians, Kilauea was the home of Pele, goddess of fire, and many of the natives still regard the volcano with superstitious awe. To Madame Pele these natives attribute the recent destruction of a small portable wooden building, erected on the rim of the fire pit for the use of scientists connected with the observatory. The sudden outbreak of a lava flow made three removal of the building necessary and it was shifted three times to escape the molten streams, finally being anchored with chains to the summit of a great lava dome above the floors of the main crater. The workmen left the building there for the night, feeling it was at last safe from Pele's attacks.

Leaping flames at midnight disclosed to astonished observers the fact that Pele had attained her goal, for there was a sudden upheaval of lava from under the dome upon which the building had been placed and a torrent of molten rock was hurled through its roof, destroying the entire structure in less than three minutes. There has been no further sign of activity at this particular point since the building disappeared, and visitors now sit in safety upon the glistening surface of the re-sealed lava dome.



Goodrich's More Mileage Proclamation

Be it known to every automobile owner and driver—to Goodrich Dealers—that Goodrich Safety Treads stand ready to deliver 6,000 miles, and Silvertown Cords 8,000, under proper usage.

That is, every SAFETY TREAD in use, and in a Goodrich Dealer's store, is underwritten to be adjusted at 6,000 miles—and every SILVERTOWN CORD at 8,000 miles.

The new adjustment is based upon what Goodrich knows its tires will do, and Goodrich knows from miles and miles of road-testing that Goodrich Tires are the best, the rubber industry has produced.

They are so good that Goodrich increases its adjustment mileage to show its patrons they cannot afford not to share in their matchless service and security.

Buy Goodrich Tires from a Dealer ADJUSTMENT Fabrics 6,000 miles Cords 8,000 miles

GOODRICH TIRES BEST IN THE LONG RUN

