

EXTENSION OF STATE SCHEMES BEING OPPOSED

Proposed Constitutional Amendment Does Not Meet Views of Many Independents

COULD QUIT INDUSTRIES

Present Law Makes Bonds State Obligation and Gives Commission Power to Quit

Discussion of the proposed recall election, which has increased rather than diminished since the Devils Lake convention...

The proposal for a constitutional amendment proposing a new bond issue of \$7,750,000...

There is considerable opposition expressed among voters who are growing weary of the ever-increasing proposals to make new issues of bonds for the state of North Dakota...

Chief Argument.

The chief argument advanced for the proposed constitutional amendment to be submitted at a recall election proposing a new issue of bonds is that the present bonds are unsalable because they are not the obligation of the entire state...

Under the present constitution and laws subsequently enacted, many independents point out, the Industrial Commission has the power to close down the industries, liquidate the Bank of North Dakota or turn it into a real rural credits institution.

If the Bank of North Dakota were made a rural loan bank there is plenty of law available for carrying out the policy, they hold. The present constitution, amendment to section 182, article 12, makes the sky the limit on bonds issued on real estate security.

Chapter 151, session laws of 1919, limiting the amount of real estate bonds which may be issued to \$10,000,000.

Chapter 151, session laws of 1919, creating the Industrial Commission gives the commission supreme authority over the Bank of North Dakota.

What Amendment Would Do. The proposed constitutional amendment advocated at Devils Lake, which provides a \$7,750,000 bond issue for various industries, also would make the sky the limit on real estate loans.

The chief argument advanced for the proposed constitutional amendment to be submitted at a recall election is that the present bonds are unsalable because they are not an obligation of the entire state.

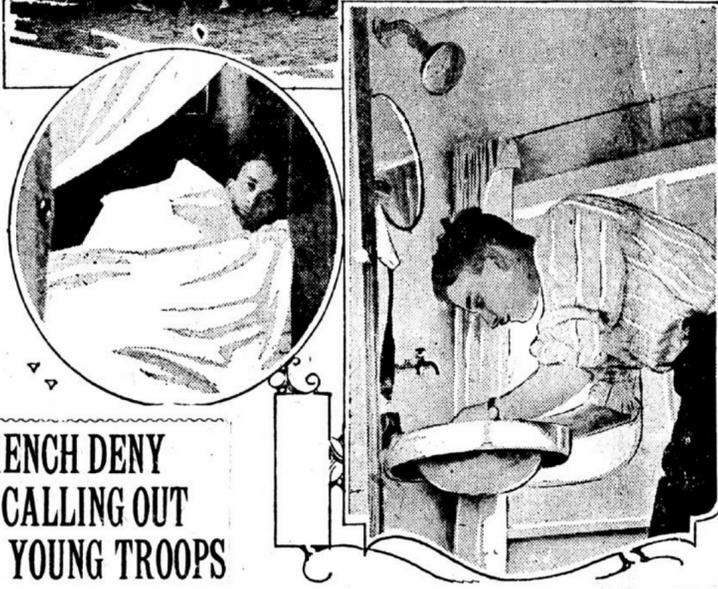
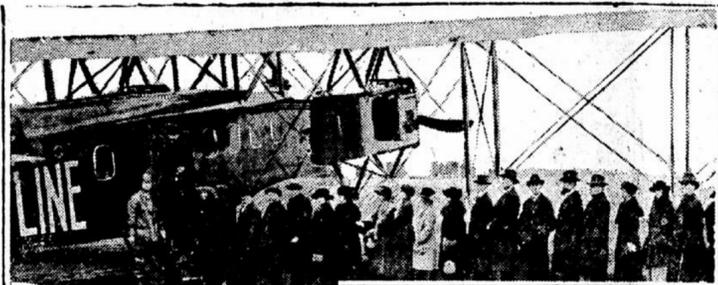
Section 182 in article 12 of the constitution provides: "The state may issue or guarantee the payment of bonds, provided that all bonds in excess of two million dollars shall be secured by first mortgages upon real estate in amounts not to exceed one-half of its value..."

May Sell Below Par.

The laws enacted to provide the issuance of bonds under the above section name first the \$2,000,000 "Bonds of the State of North Dakota, Bank Series." They are 6 per cent bonds, payable in 10 to 30 years at the discretion of the governor...

To provide for payment of bonds the law states that profits from the industry shall go to this end and also that the state board of equalization shall levy a tax to pay the interest.

ALL ABOARD! AIR SLEEPER FOR NEW YORK!



THE LAWSON AIR LINER IS SO BIG THAT THE PHOTOGRAPHER COULDN'T GET IT ALL IN ONE PICTURE, BUT ABOVE YOU'LL SEE A SECTION OF IT. BELOW IS SHOWN A PASSENGER IN HIS BERTH AND ANOTHER TAKING HIS MORNING SHAVE AT THE WASHROOM.

Lawson Will Start Night Air Liner

By Newspaper Enterprise.

Milwaukee, April 18.—The first aerial sleeper service started May 13. It will be operated by the Lawson Air Line Co., of which Alfred W. Lawson is president.

The first Lawson air liner has been completed at the South Milwaukee factory of the Lawson company at a cost of \$100,000.

It has sleeping quarters for 33 persons in addition to capacity for 1,500 pounds of mail. It can carry a total of 6,000 pounds in addition to its own weight.

The cabin contains in addition to "Pullman" berths shower baths, electric lights and other luxuries. Furniture is wicker.

The ship has three 400-horsepower Liberty motors, a wing spread of 117 feet, hops off in less than 120 feet and has a maximum speed of 120 miles an hour.

It is equipped with the largest tires in the world. Each wheel costs more than a Ford automobile.

It can make the 900-odd air miles from Milwaukee to New York between 10 p. m. and 6 p. m.

Provision is made for transferring passengers or mail in flight to a smaller ship flying underneath. This is done through a trap door and rope rigging.

Lawson expects to take the ship May 1 to La Crosse, where it will be christened in the name of that city. He will fly the machine himself.

Lawson plans to build 10 similar ships this year. The ships will carry government mail and will fly over these three routes:

FIRST, New York, Harrisburg, Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago. SECOND, Pittsburgh, Columbus, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and St. Louis. THIRD, New York, Washington and Atlanta.

WRANGLER FORMS A "GOVERNMENT"

Paris, April 18.—General Wrangel, former head of the South Russian government, has established so-called Russian government in Constantinople.

FIRST ALLEGED SPEEDERS OF SEASON ARE TO ANSWER CHARGE IN POLICE COURT AND GET 'CURE'

A recurrence of an old epidemic in Bismarck is reported. Bright sunshine, glistening paved streets and a desire to "try 'er out" are responsible for the epidemic, common in the spring to motorists everywhere.

The police still apply the common name "speeding" although even the motorist hailed into court for a "cure" contend that the thrill of "stepping on 'er entitles it to a better name.

The same remedy "five and costs" in ordinary cases and "ten and costs" or in more serious cases is to be applied by Police Magistrate Flanagan.

The first "victims" of the speed stoppers of the police department are duly recorded. Erick Swanson, who was fined \$10 and costs on April 11,

BEGIN TICKET DRIVE FOR THE BAND CONCERT

Free Concert Given Sunday Evening at Prison Brings Out Cheers

The ticket drive for the benefit concert to be given by the band Friday night in the Auditorium opened with a vim today. Numerous teams were out to sell tickets for the band. The proceeds of the concert are used to meet the band's expenses during the summer season.

Prisoners at the penitentiary applauded the concert given by the band in the prison auditorium Sunday night. Many of the diligent numbers which will be played at the concert Friday night were played for the prisoners and evoked cheers.

Members of the ticket sales teams reported much success in the beginning of the drive. The method of financing the band, through the sale of tickets for a concert, is the easiest way in which to finance the institution, causing a hardship upon no one. The members of the ticket committees declare, and they say that citizens generally accept this view.

AUSTRIANS WANT GERMAN UNION

Vienna, April 18.—Notwithstanding formal disapproval of the government demonstrations in favor of fusion with Germany were held throughout the country Sunday.

SMITH SUCCEEDS DILLEY. Beach, N. D., April 18.—Harry Smith has succeeded Joe Dilley as editor of the Golden Valley Progress. Mr. Dilley has left for Colorado to visit his brother.

KAHN MEASURE REPORTED OUT

Washington, April 18.—The Kahn resolution for investigation of the escape to Germany of Grover Cleveland Bergdoll, Philadelphia draft dodger, was reported out today by the house rules committee. Chairman Campbell indicated that it would be taken up by the house soon.

FORMER LEADER OF SALVATION ARMY IN CITY

Ensign E. A. Marshall, of the Salvation Army, was to be in Bismarck today. The ensign was formerly stationed here in charge of the local corps some three years ago, and during his stay made many friends, who will be glad of the opportunity of seeing him again.

He is accompanied by Captain T. Larsen of Jamestown. The Captain visited the city a short time ago at which time he endeavored himself to the Bismarck folks.

Both being excellent musicians and good speakers, the local Salvations expect to have an extraordinary time, and cordially invite the public to attend these services.

START RELIEF WORK IN STORM STRICKEN TOWNS

Death List of Southern Tornadoes Estimated at Approximately 100

HEAVIEST IN ARKANSAS

Complete Reports Show 62 Killed in Arkansas During Storm

Memphis, Tenn., April 18.—Relief workers began today clearing away debris of the tornado which swept eastward from Texas Saturday and took a toll of approximately 100 lives, injured several hundred and wrecked a score or more of villages and farming settlements in six southern states.

The known death list stood at 91 with several missing and believed killed. Hempstead county, Arkansas, reported 41 dead. In Miller county, adjoining 17 lost their lives; three were killed in Pope county, one in Yell county, and one in Pike.

Texas reported nine dead; Alabama, 11, and Mississippi, 8. Heavy rain and a sharp drop in temperature following the storm contributed to the suffering but today the weather was clear and warmer.

SEEKING NEW PARLEY WITH COAL MINERS

British Government Trying to End Tie-Up of Mining Industry

London, April 18.—Governmental authorities were anxious today to reopen negotiations between the miners and owners with the hope of bringing about a settlement of the wage question which caused the strike on April 1.

There seems little probability that the miners' representatives will confer here. In the meantime here Great Britain is facing a serious coal shortage, and extraordinary measures are taken to eke out present stocks until some adjustment can be made.

Beginning today train service was curtailed. A mass meeting of the coal porters union in London yesterday adopted resolutions stating that in view of the importation of American and German coal the union would refuse to bunker any full loads and decline to tranship imported coal.

FORMER GERMAN NEAR BREAK AT WIFE'S FUNERAL

Does Not go to Train to See Departure of Body

Doorn, Holland, April 18.—Former Emperor William seemed on the edge of a breakdown at the funeral services of the former empress before the body was taken to the train for Potsdam.

Funeral Train Leaves. Doorn, Holland, April 18.—(By the Associated Press.)—The funeral train bearing the remains of the late former Empress Augusta Victoria to Potsdam left the little station at Maarn three miles from here, at 7:45 o'clock this morning.

Former Emperor William did not go to Maarn to see the train depart, but remained at the house at Doorn in company with his brothers.

IRISH HOLDING CHICAGO MEETING

Chicago, April 18.—Irish-Americans from all sections of the country, were here today for the opening of the first national convention of the American Association for the Recognition of the Irish Republic.

Pennsylvania alone sent 500 delegates, while New York and Minnesota each sent 200.

BOOST PRICE OF CRUDE OIL

Pittsburg, Pa., April 18.—An increase in the price of crude oil was announced here today by the principal purchasing agencies. The increase ranged from 10 to 25 cents a barrel.

COAL OUTPUT AT LOW LEVEL

Washington, April 18.—Output of bituminous coal slumped to 5,000,000 tons for the week ending April 2, the lowest since pre-war days.

PRICE METHOD IS CONDEMNED

Washington, April 18.—Recommendations for legislation to eliminate unnecessary broker transactions and condemnation of "open price association" are included in the federal trade commission report.

BOLT TO LEAVE PLACE AS HEAD OF HIGH SCHOOL

Principal Accepts Position in Larger City in Michigan

IN CITY FOR TEN YEARS

C. F. Bolt, principal of the Bismarck high school, announced today that he would not return to this city next year.

Mr. Bolt has accepted a position as superintendent of the high school of Muskegon Heights, Michigan, a city of 14,000 people. He also had received an offer to become superintendent of schools in his home city, which is but nine miles from Muskegon.

Superintendent of Schools J. M. Martin, expressing regret at the decision of Mr. Bolt, declared that the school of his home city suffers a serious loss. Mr. Bolt decided to accept the Michigan offer because it is in his native state and near his home. Mr. Bolt has made annual trips to Michigan during the summer vacation.

No steps have been taken toward obtaining a new principal for the high school. Mr. Bolt had been tendered a contract to remain in Bismarck at a salary equal to that paid any principal in North Dakota, but reached his decision today to accept the Muskegon proposition because of the opportunity offered in a larger city in a more populous section his home state.

Mr. Bolt came to Bismarck ten years ago as principal of the high school when he had but four assistants, 125 pupils, and a graduating class of 15. There now are 18 assistants, 361 pupils and the graduating class of the high school will number 55 in June.

Mr. Bolt has been an active civic worker, a member of the Rotary and Town Criers clubs.

FOREIGN TRADE BALANCE OF U.S. SHOWS DECLINE

Nearly Three-Quarters of a Billion Less Than a Year Ago

Washington, April 18.—America's trade last month was nearly three-quarters of a billion dollars less than in the same month last year. Figures made public by the department of commerce show.

Exports for the month were \$384,000,000, as compared to \$820,000,000 in March, 1920, while imports were only \$252,000,000 as compared to \$524,000,000. This left a trade balance for the month of \$132,000,000 against \$296,000,000 in March, 1920.

WOMAN VICTIM IN ERIN STRIFE

Dublin, April 18.—The first execution of a woman in the Irish strife is announced. She was found shot with the characteristic Sinn Fein mark, bullet hole in her cheek, supposedly as a spy.

VATICAN WILL NOT ACT FOR GERMANY

Rome, Italy, April 18.—(By Associated Press.)—A formal denial was issued by the Vatican today of the report that it would act as an intermediary between Germany and United States for presentation of German propositions with regard to reparations.

SURVIVOR OF FAMOUS NAVAL BATTLE DEAD

Omaha, Neb., April 18.—Daniel Bartlett Sargent, last surviving member of the crew of the "Kearsage," Union frigate which engaged and sank the Confederate blockade runner "Alabama," in the historic encounter off the port Sherbourne, France, June 19, 1864, died at his home here yesterday afternoon.

CALLS RUSSIA TRADE VACUUM

Washington, April 18.—Secretary Hughes answered queries of Samuel Gompers concerning resumption of trade with Russia in a note saying Soviet Russia is a "gigantic economic vacuum."

HOUSING BILL VALID

Washington, April 18.—The so-called "housing bill" of New York was held valid today by the supreme court.

LEAVES ON TRIP

Father Slag left this morning for Mandan. St. Anthony and Solen at which places he will look after work done in the parish schools in the plain chant or church music. Next week he will visit Richardson, Dickinson and schools in that vicinity.

JAPAN INSISTS U. S. POSITION ON YAP WRONG

Note of Tokio Foreign Office to United States is Made Public

CLAIMS WORD GIVEN HER

Says Decision of Supreme Council Clearly Was Understood

Washington, April 18.—To maintain its position with regard to the Pacific Island of Yap the American government would have to "prove not merely the facts that President Wilson made reservation concerning it" but also that the supreme council "decided in favor of those views," the Japanese government says in a note under date of last February 26, made public today by the state department, along with the other correspondence between the two governments regarding Yap.

"It must also be remembered, Japan says, "that if a decision in favor of the exclusion of the Island of Yap—a question of grave concern to Japan and one on which the Japanese delegation invariably maintained a firm attitude—had really been made as it is implied by the argument of the United States government at the meeting of (the supreme council) May 7, 1919, at which Japan was represented it could not but have been regarded but as an act of entirely bad faith."

Hughes Replied. It was to this note that Secretary Hughes replied last April 5, at the same time sending notes to Great Britain, France and Italy. He declared that the United States was unable to agree with Japan's contention that in order to maintain its position "it would have to prove not only that President Wilson made reservations regarding Yap but that the supreme council adopted the same views as no treaty has ever been concluded with the United States relating to the Island of Yap." Mr. Hughes added, "and as no one has ever been authorized to cede or surrender the right or interest of the United States in the Island this government must insist it has not lost its right or interest it had prior to any action of the supreme council or the league of nations and cannot recognize the allocation of the Island or the validity of the mandate to Japan."

Japan has not yet replied to this communication.

In the memorandum dated Nov. 9 the secretary of state said it was "the clear understanding of the American government that the council at the previous request of President Wilson had reserved for future consideration the final disposition of the island" in the hope that some government might be reached to pace it under international control.

The Japanese foreign office replied under date of Nov. 19 that it was "the definite understanding of the Japanese government that the supreme council on May 7 decided finally to place under mandate of Japan all of the former German islands north of the equator, including Yap."

In response to this Acting Secretary Davis dispatched a long formal note to Tokio setting forth that the American government could not agree that Yap was included in the decision of the supreme council of May 7, 1919, as claimed, and that even on the assumption that the island had been included in the mandate "all other governments should have free action to the island for the landing and operation of cables."

Claims Long Delay. Japan's reply of February 26 said that if the observations of the American government with regard to cables was put forth irrespective of the fact that the island was within Japanese mandatory territory "then the question appears to be one which should be finally settled by the nation which has charge of the place, namely Japan."

The Japanese government also declared it was unable to understand why the United States had waited for more than a year and a half to question "the decision" of the council particularly in view of the publication of "the decision" at Paris on May 8.