

THE DAILY ARDMOREITE

SIDNEY SUGGS, Proprietor.

Entered at the Postoffice at Ardmore as Second-class Mail Matter, November 2, 1893.

Published Every Afternoon (except Saturday), and Sunday Morning.
Office of Publication: North Washington Street.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One week \$1.15
One month \$5.00
One year \$50.00

The official newspaper of the United States Court for the Southern District of Oklahoma; also for the Chickasaw Stock Association of the Indian Territory, and the official organ of the city.

TIME TABLE.

Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe Railway. (Southbound.)
Salveston & Chicago Exp. .3:40 a.m.
Cleburne & K. C. Express. 4:26 p.m. (Northbound.)
Salveston & Chicago Exp. 12:35 a.m.
Cleburne & K. C. Express. 11:33 a.m.
W. A. DASHIELL, Ticket Agent.

All United States mails close 30 minutes prior to train time.
DAVID REIDFIELD, P. M.

Terms of United States Court.
At Chickasha—Begins Monday, September 29, 1902, and Monday, February 16, 1903, and continues in session two weeks.

At Ryan—Begins Monday, October 13, 1902, and Monday, March 2, 1903, and continues in session ten days.

At Purcell—Begins Thursday, October 23, 1902, and Thursday, March 12, 1903, and continues in session ten days.

At Pauls Valley—Begins Monday, November 3, 1902, and Monday, March 23, 1903, and continues in session four weeks.

At Ada—Begins Monday, December 1, 1902, and Monday, April 20, 1903, and continues in session one week.

At Tishomingo—Begins Monday, December 8, 1902, and Monday, April 27, 1903, and continues in session one week.

At Ardmore—Begins Monday, December 15, 1902, and Monday, May 4, 1903, and continues in session eight weeks or longer.

Any erroneous reflections upon the character or reputation of any person which may be printed in the Ardmoreite, or any article based on reports that are false will be gladly corrected if brought to the attention of the publisher.

Use the Long-Distance Telephone and call up
PHONE NO. 5,
If you want the Ardmoreite.

Ardmore, Monday, Oct. 6.

The New York millionaires, not content with racing at death speed in automobiles, are now engaged in making air ship fights over the metropolises. Not all the fools are poor people.

Secretary Shaw is a resourceful man and he has devised all kinds of plans to prevent a panic, but the worst feature of it all is that it has again brought forth a suggestion of the populist warehouse plan.

Had the members of congress done at the last session what they are now promising to do at the next the chance of re-election might be brighter for some of them and the price of coal might be a shade lower.

A gentleman by the name of Swallow married a young lady by the name of Worm the other day. It happened in Kansas. The Milwaukee Sentinel has started the paraphrase of this couple by saying: "Mr. Swallow must have been an early bird." Next.

While Senator Foraker was defending the trusts at Akron, Ohio, Saturday night, all the prisoners in the county jail escaped and took to the woods. By this time they have probably incorporated under the laws of New Jersey, and are safe from interference.

It would take newspapers to express the thoughts of people regarding sidewalks. While they are in favor of them there seems to exist a force necessary to their construction, and by the way this is the absolute necessary construction which must be placed there. "Sidewalks, or no go" is the U. S. motto.

President Roosevelt uttered a very positive and true statement when he said to the coal operators and miners Friday. The civil possibilities (of a coal famine) are so far-reaching, so appalling, that it seems to me that you would not only be justified in sinking, but should be required to sink for the time being any tenacity as to your respective claims in the matter at issue between you."

THE COAL SITUATION.

Sunday's Dallas News says: While President Roosevelt must be credited with the best intentions in his efforts to end the coal strike, and while the failure to end the critical and alarming situation is generally regretted, he and others who considered the evidence presented must recognize the fact that the trouble is traceable at last to the weakness and failure of the political powers that be. If President Mitchell and his lieutenants are right in their contention that the strikers are the victims of an insatiable coal trust, then why has not the law against such monopoly been enforced? If on the other hand the United Mine Workers' Association is a combination to control the labor market, and as such falls clearly within the definition of a trust, why has the law not been applied by those charged with the execution of the same? President Roosevelt has opened up a question that comes directly home to him. The law has not been enforced. If it had been applied with a firm hand at the proper time the public would not have been called upon to shiver and pay the penalty.

The demand for "higher wages and for better environments" presented by President Mitchell is a demand that appeals to popular sympathy and probably a demand that the coal barons should be willing to grant, even if some of the increase should come out of their own pockets and not all of it out of the pocket of the consumer, as usual; but the demand presented by the strikers for an increase of wages is not so serious as a demand presented by representatives of the other side.

If it is true as charged, that a reign of terror exists in the anthracite region led by the men whom President Mitchell represents; if free men who are ready to work in the mines are intimidated, beaten and murdered, or their families terrorized in their absence; if the authorities are resisted and the laws defied, then the very first thing to be done is to put down the outlaws and anarchy at whatever cost. While an increase of wages for the strikers is something for which we might all feel disposed to stand, a demand for more wages is not to be classified with a demand for civil order. Truly, "the government is a contemptible failure if it cannot protect the lives of the people by only compromising with the violators of law and the instigators of violence and crime."

President Roosevelt is almost within sight of the alleged battleground. If outlaws are rampant there he must know about it. Regardless of the special interest of this side of that side, peace and order should be restored and maintained. After that is done, if this is really a land of law and order and not merely a land of politics and anarchy, the Federal authorities as well as the state authorities should proceed to unpunishingly the acts of congress and the state laws against all the combinations in restraint of trade. If this course were courageously pursued neither President Mitchell nor President Baer would have within their power the shivering millions who must pay the penalties and do the suffering besides.

The Ardmoreite will give a business scholarship, in the Southwestern Business University of Oklahoma City, FREE to the boy or girl, young man or young lady sending in the largest list of annual subscribers to the WEEKLY ARDMOREITE by the first day of December, 1902. This is an opportunity rarely offered, and especially under such liberal conditions, for as a further inducement every contestant who enters for the prize receives a commission of 15 cents on every dollar collected. Begin now if you mean business; the time is short and the opportunity of your life is offered you. You cannot afford to wait, for you have nothing to lose. Sample copies will be furnished upon application. Fill out the necessary blank and begin work today.

As a rule railroad business is conducted on a plan which insures life and advances business interests. The fact that two head-end collisions on the Santa Fe road, adjacent to Ardmore within a week, calls to the front the fact that something is evidently wrong. Where this wrong exists is not our province to say—but the cruel death of human beings while in the discharge of their duty toward a corporation calls for no biased controversy. When a man stakes his life with a corporation against odds he knows not of, and of which he has no apprehension he at once becomes a martyr for their cause. His life is in the hands of the company, and whether the subordinates of that company perform their duty in full or not, the fact remains that only the railroad company is responsible.

"Watch the Kidneys."
"When they are affected life is in danger," says Dr. Abernethy, the great English physician. Foley's Kidney Cure makes sound kidneys. Sold by Bonner & Bonner.

NEWS OVER PHONE.

Madill.
Mr. Reeves is progressing nicely with the new telephone exchange.
Misses Della and Ella Scrivner, who have been in the city the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Summers Hardy, have returned to their home at Itasca, Tex.
Lone Grove.

Rev. J. M. Gross lectured here Saturday night on his European trip. The attendance was good. He also preached for us Sunday and Sunday night.
The Newport lodge, W. O. W. assisted by Lone Grove and Ardmore, unveiled a monument here yesterday to deceased sovereign, Robert Gaston. Dinner was served on the ground and a great many people were in attendance.

Mannsville.
The health of this town is very good. New buildings are going up every day.

Elk.
Our town was shocked this morning over the suicide of Chas. Smith, who resided with his brother-in-law, J. M. Harris, four miles south of here.
The United States surveyors have platted this town and their work is unsatisfactory to our people. Only 40 acres are included in the townsite, when by all means 80 acres should have been. Many houses and other improvements that should be in the townsite are left out.

C. R. Poe and James Majors have shipped three cars of cattle to Kansas City.

L. O. Majors is a guest at the Dallas fair.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. John Melburn, a ten-pound boy.

Graham.
Rev. G. F. Stillman preached here yesterday.

James Starks left here yesterday for Fort Worth. He took with him his son who will undergo surgical treatment.

Milo.
J. B. Feits, who has been visiting here at the home of J. W. Johnson, has returned to his home in Georgia.

The gins are running on full time and many loads of cotton passed through here today en route to Ardmore.

Some frost has visited the low lands of this section and cotton has suffered considerably.
Tishomingo.
Mr. Newman, stenographer for Treadwell & Lucas, is very ill.

The Indian boys of Huxley Institute entertained the people last night at the Methodist church with a number of selections of music.
Springer.
Since the bright weather opened work has been resumed on the new school house and cotton gathering is being pushed with energy. Ten wagon loads of cotton en route to Ardmore were here this morning.

You will never find a better wagon than the Bain. Sold by Spragins & Co.

The Spendthrift.
Once upon a time there was a spendthrift who made his father very unhappy through his prodigal habits.
"My son," said the parent, "you spend every penny that you get, and it must cease. Remember that the pennies make shillings and the shillings make pounds. If you do not change your habits of always spending to habits of judicious saving, I will not spare the rod."

The admonition had no good effect on the youth, and he continued to spend the pennies before they could accumulate into shillings.
His father spoke no more about the matter, but he applied the rod most vigorously to him until he howled with pain.

Moral—He who spends the pennies will get the pounds.—New York Herald.

Instinct of Horses in War.
Arabian horses manifest remarkable courage in battle. It is said that when a horse of this breed finds himself wounded and perceives that he will not be able to bear his rider much longer he quickly retires from the conflict, bearing his master to a place of safety while he has still sufficient strength. But, on the other hand, if the rider is wounded and falls to the ground the faithful animal remains beside him, unmindful of danger, neighing until assistance is brought.

Plenty of Color.
"That Mrs. Wadhams to whom you introduced me the other evening reminds me very much of a portrait by Rembrandt."
"Is that so? Which one?"
"Oh, any old one. They all look, when you get close to them, as if the paint had been thrown on by the hand of a child."

A Serene Temperament.
"Mike," said Plodding Pete, "don't you wish you was rich?"
"Kind o'," answered Meandering Mike. "Course I couldn't eat any more than I does, but I'd be saved de trouble o' sayin' 'much obliged' so often."—Washington Star.

Foley's Honey and Tar for children, safe, sure. No opiates.

SEA FLOWERS AS PETS.

The Queer Little Creatures Known as Anemones.
The queerest pets in the world are kept in a beautiful row of clear, flashing, round glass tanks on an upper floor of a large aquarium. As you approach the tanks you behold glowing little groups of color and artistic blending and mingling of fantastic weeds and shining stones. Then when you peer into the tanks you see what at first seem to you just like particularly handsome and gorgeous flowers growing all over the little rockeries. Some of the flowers look like dainty pink and white and yellow and purple and crimson dahlias. Others look almost like daisies, with lacelike petals. Others look like little star flowers, all pure white and perfect. These flowers are of all sizes, from tiny ones barely large enough to see to great ones almost large enough to fill a saucer.
But if you will watch these "flowers" for a few minutes you will jump suddenly, for all at once you will see another and another do it. Slowly the petals unfold or contract, with little jerking movements, sometimes twining in the water like snakes.
Tap smartly on the table on which the tanks stand, and like lightning all the petals will have disappeared. These sea flowers are really not flowers at all. They are living creatures, known as sea anemones.
For many years a scientist has tended and fed them, and the little animated flowers actually have come to know him. When he feeds them, he puts a little bit of fish on the end of a long pointed stick and puts it carefully down into the water until it is near the anemone. It did not take long for the beautiful things to understand it, and whereas at first they used to withdraw their petals and shut up tightly when the stick approached, now they twine gracefully and stretch their dainty arms out as far as they can go in order to reach it.—London Answers.

LONDON CAB SERVICE.

Why It Is the Best and the Cheapest in the World.
"Everyone knows, either from experience or hearsay, that the cab service in London is the best and cheapest in the world, but few of us know why. So when I was over there I made it a point to find out."
The woman who occupied the other seat in the hansom looked as if she would like to hear the result of his investigations. "It is mainly due," he continued, "to the fact that licenses to drive cabs and buses through the London streets are hard to get. An applicant must furnish the most satisfactory proofs of his honesty when he files his application at Scotland Yard, and his references are carefully verified. Then he undergoes such a rigid examination as to his knowledge of streets and localities that but little more than half the candidates manage to pull through it. Those who do are then tested as to their ability to drive through the crowded thoroughfares, the test being a practical one, with an inspector of police, who is himself an expert driver, seated by the side of the would be Jehu as he threads his way through the jam. Probably 20 per cent of the applicants come to grief during this test, as the slightest infraction of the rules of the road or the exercise of bad judgment in controlling or guiding his horse means absolute failure. If successful, the applicant is impressed with the importance of returning all articles left in his cab to headquarters without delay and told that an attempt to make excessive charges means the forfeiture of his license. The result is comparative safety to the passengers in cabs and a reasonable certainty that there will be no attempt upon the 'cabby's' part to overcharge his fare."—New York Tribune.

A Story of Cervantes.
Cervantes once gave a proof that his generosity was fully equal to his genius. In the early part of his life he was for some time a slave in Algiers, and there he devised a plan to free himself and thirteen of his fellow sufferers.
One of them traitorously revealed the design, and they were all brought before the dey of Algiers, who promised them their lives on condition that they revealed the contriver of the plot.
"I was that person," at once cried Cervantes. "Save my companions and let me perish alone."
The dey, struck by his intrepidity, spared his life, allowed him to be ransomed and permitted him to go home.

Clings to His Misery.
"Ah," he sighed, "I was happier when I was poor."
"Well," they answered coldly, "it is always possible for a man to become poor again."
But somehow the idea did not seem to impress him favorably.—Chicago Post.

The Viewpoint.
"That man is extremely suspicious, as he thinks every one he sees is a shady character, and naturally too."
"It's his nature, I suppose."
"Not at all. He wears smoked spectacles."—Baltimore Herald.

Didn't Seem Possible.
Mr. Staylate—Is that clock right?
Miss De Pink (wearily)—I think it must need cleaning. It's been two or three hours going that last hour.—Stray Stories.

You can't have a good time today unless you forget tomorrow, and if you forget tomorrow it will punish you when it is today.—Arlington Globe.

Somewhere in the world there are 119,000,000 big copper pennies, but nobody appears to know where they are.

WANT COLUMN.

Advertisements under this head will be received at the rate of five (5) cents per line. No advertisement received for less than fifteen (15) cents. Special monthly rates furnished on application. The notice may contain any matter of "Lost," "Found," "For Rent," "For Sale," "Stolen," "Strayed," or any purpose without display lines.

WANTED.

WANTED—Manager for up-to-date fraternal insurance company. Liberal contract to the right man. Address P. O. box 505, Omaha, Neb.

SALESMAN WANTED—To work general stores in Indian Territory. Salary and expenses. International Table Supply Co., St. Louis. 5-2t.

WANTED—A young, or elderly lady, to do light housekeeping. Apply Billie Murphy's residence, West Main street. 1-tf.

WANTED—Girl to do general housework, or man and wife—woman for housework, man for general work. Address James S. Downard, Ardmore. Highest wages paid. 30-tf.

WANTED—Roomers and day boarders; good table board and first-class furnished rooms. Apply Mrs. Benethusen, corner North Washington street and Third avenue. 30-6t.

WANTED AT ONCE—White or colored man and wife, or two women, to cook and do laundry for 12 people. Will pay \$8 per week. Out of town work. Call and see Cyrus Pyeatt, Cold Storage Market. 14-tf.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Three unfurnished rooms at 821 A street, northwest. 5-3t.

FOR SALE—Two-story hotel and railroad eating-house near Union depot, Ardmore. I. T. Twelve rooms completely furnished, excellent trade, well paying business. Cause for selling, ill health. See or write at once B. Moskowitz, Ardmore, I. T. 1-6t.

FOR RENT—One brick store 25x60. Good location. See W. S. Wolverton & Son. 29-tf.

FOR RENT—Three nicely furnished rooms, close in, on Broadway, one block from fire station. Mrs. Cross. 26-tf.

FOR RENT—A good new two-room house on West Main street. Big lot, plenty of water. See J. F. Easley. 9-tf.

FOR RENT—A store building now occupied by Ardmore Drug Co. 8-tf. R. W. RANDOL.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A horse and delivery wagon, suitable for grocery or laundry wagon. Apply 318 North Washington street. 5-2t.

FOR SALE—All my resident property in Ardmore, including my home place and the north half of the Rev. J. M. Gross block, near Hargrove. Will sell cheap for cash. 28-tf. C. F. FRALEY.

For Sale, 500 heating stoves at one-half price at Mason's. 12-1m.

FOR SALE—Bois d'arc posts. E. M. Crim, at Hammond Packing Company. 14-1m.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Any one desiring the services of a trained nurse should call or address Miss Kendall, F street and 8th avenue, S. W. 17-1m.

LOST.

LOST—A boy's full stock tan saddle made by Boucher, Hilltop, Tex., on West Main street. Finder leave here and get pay for trouble. I. N. Stinson. 29-tf.

Heating Stoves.

Coal or wood—any kind you want. Largest line in Ardmore. Don't fail to see them B 4 you purchase your winter stoves. 21-tf. T. K. KEARNEY.

A TEACHER WANTED.

The people of Springer have recently spent almost \$1,000 in equipping their school building and want to employ a good school superintendent—a man who will make Springer's interests his interests—a man who will stay with the community and help build up a magnificent school. For particulars write at once to R. F. SCHVALLY, Springer, I. T. 5-d&w-tf.

Estrayed—\$10 Reward.

I will pay \$10 for the return, to me, of one bay mare, 4 years old, 15½ hands high, no brand, and a little white on each hind foot, small white spot on upper lip. J. L. PERSONS, 5-10t. Berwyn, I. T.

DAILY MARKET REPORTS.

Grain, Produce, Live Stock and Other Quotations.

COTTON.

(By Gullot Bros. Exchange.)
New York Futures.

	Opened.	Closed.
October	8.70	8.56
December	8.79	8.63
January	8.84	8.69

Spots.

New York, 8.90; market quiet; sales 336.
Liverpool—Market steady; middling 4-84; sales 10,000 bales. Hereafter the Liverpool market will be quoted on basis of one hundredths of a penny, or one Liverpool point equals two American.

Chicago Cattle Receipts.

Cattle, 25,000; market 5c higher.
Hogs, 20,000; market 5c higher.

Kansas City Receipts.

Cattle, 13,000; market 5c to 10c lower.
Hogs, 4,000; market 5c higher.

KANSAS CITY CASH GRAIN.

Wheat.

No. 2 hard	66½
No. 2 hard	66½ @ 68
No. 3 hard	63½
No. 4 hard	60
No. 2 red	66½
No. 3 red	61 @ 62

Corn.

No. 2	61 @ 61½
No. 2 mixed	60½

Oats.

No. 2 white	34
No. 2 mixed	32½

LOCAL MARKETS.

(By Porter Staples.)

The following are the prevailing prices paid for produce today:
Wheat—No. 2, 70c; No. 3, 65c.
Oats—40c to 45c.
Hay—\$6.50 to \$8.00.
Corn—50c to 60c.
Sweet potatoes—75c to \$1.00 per bushel.
Irish potatoes—85c per bu.

Poultry.

((By William Newman.)

Ducks—Per dozen \$2.00.
Hens—Per dozen \$2.50.
Frying chickens—\$1.50 to \$3.00.
Eggs—Per dozen 15c.
Butter—20 to 25c per pound.
Turkeys—Gross, 5c.
Geese—Full feathered, per dozen \$3.50 to \$4.50.

Live Stock.

(By Cold Storage Market)

Fat cows, gross cwt. \$2.25
Fat calves \$3.00 to \$5.00
Fat sheep, per head \$2.00 to \$3.00
Fat hogs (gross) 190 lbs \$5.50 to \$6.00

Wood—Per cord, \$2 to \$2.50.
Coal (by Weeks Bros.) \$3.50 ton.

Fruits.

(By E. B. Pugh.)

Native apples, per bu. \$1.00
Native peaches \$1.00
Pears \$1.50 to \$2.00
Cabbage, per lb. 2½
Peanuts 4
Pecans 4

Cotton Market.

The cotton market opened steady this morning at 8 cents. Soon thereafter, however, the market declined and closed weak at 7.90. During the day, however, some cotton sold for 8.10. Seed cotton sold for 2.65 to 2.75. Cotton seed \$14.00. The receipts for the day were about 200 bales.

A 25c Special

You never before heard of this quality of Tableware selling for these prices. Listen:

Set of cups and saucers 25c
" knives and forks 25c
" plates 25c
" Goblets 25c

Line of Handsome New China just in. We are headquarters for

Queensware.
Glassware,
Graniteware,
Tinware,
Cutlery.

E. NOLAND

2nd door West of City National Bank.