

The Bismarck Tribune.

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NO 49.

TELEGRAPH TO TRIBUNE

THE NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

The Deadlock and Other Washington News--The Missouri and Red River Floods--Other Telegrams.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—The Republican Senators, before and after the session of the Senate, yesterday devoted several hours to caucus interchange of ideas in regard to the suggested advisability of breaking the present deadlock, by providing for the transaction of some portion of the accumulated executive business, at an early day. The discussion, in which nearly every member present participated, developed the opinion that no action ought to be taken in regard to the deadlock which would tend to weaken or seem to withdraw the moral support thus far given by the Republicans of the Senate to the independent movement in the South, or which would place the Republicans in the attitude of retracting from the position taken by them, that the majority are entitled to control the action of the Senate in the election of officers and all other matters for which they have constitutional responsibility. A number of Senators expressed an apprehension that any deviation from the present programme might be injurious in the above respect. The caucus went on to argue that the Democrats had taken a position of obstruction against the legitimate majority which they (the Democrats) could not long maintain before the country, and that the Republicans should therefore persist in the present policy, without alteration. The prevalent sentiment was, however, that to raise the deadlock sufficiently to admit of immediate action upon matters of special importance, such as nominations to fill existing vacancies and action on various pending treaties would not weaken the Republicans. It was finally agreed that some further time should be devoted to private consultation and individual consideration of the whole matter, before bringing it to the point of caucus action, and the caucus accordingly adjourned to meet again at the call of the Chairman. Probably the meeting will take place within the next few days.

Star Routes.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—The Postmaster General said to the Western Associated Press agent to-night that he had nothing to give out about the star service investigation; yet it is evident it will proceed immediately.

The Senate.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Senator Butler, in a speech to-day, read from the eastern newspapers and from the affidavits of citizens, to show that in the elections held in his state, fraud, bribery and intimidation had been protected by the republican party. The Chandler murder in Maine he characterized by saying, "That in heinousness, in brutality, in beastliness, it had never been equalled since the days when the Borgias had shocked humanity. School books and bibles were not the foundation of such civilization. He only cited these outrages to remind the senator from Maine that before he began another cruise in South Carolina, he ought to apply the teachings of the school books and bible at his own home. As the speech ended, Burnside and Hale engaged Butler. Burnside reasserted that all charges that there was any corruption on his side of the chamber, were false. Mr. Hale said that the difference between the people of Maine and the people of South Carolina was that, where an offense occurred, the people of Maine and the institutions punished those who had committed the vile deed. The republican party was dedicated to this single purpose—that everywhere, all over the republic, the man who had a right to vote should be permitted if he wished to execute that right. There would never be a binding peace until that question was settled, and settled right.

The Mahone resolution was adopted, calling on the Attorney-General for a copy of Special Agent C. C. Lancaster's report to the United States Marshal for the Eastern District of Virginia. Adjourned until Monday.

Presidential Appointments.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—President Garfield has appointed the following government directors of the Union Pacific railroad company for the ensuing year: S. T. Everett, Cleveland; R. H. Baker, Racine, Wis.; Chas. B. Peck, Fort Huron, Mich.; G. W. Frist, Omaha, and A. Kautz, New York.

Presidential Appointments.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—President Garfield has appointed John K. Bois, of Hudson, Mich., and William McMichael, Philadelphia, members of the Board of Indian Commissioners, and Col. S. D. Sturgis and Lieut. Col. J. B. Mason were

detailed respectfully, Governor and Lieut. Governor of the Soldiers Home.

Sheridan Summoned to Washington.
WASHINGTON, April 28.—Secretary Lincoln to-day telegraphed Lieut. Gen. Sheridan, Chicago, requesting his presence in Washington on departmental business.

The Texas & St. Louis.

GALVESTON, Texas, April 28.—The stockholders of the Texas & St. Louis Railroad, at Tyler, to-day, elected the following directors: J. W. Paramore, Wm. Senter, and W. S. Sloss, St. Louis; Logan H. Root, Little Rock; C. M. Seeley, Waco; J. Lour, Gilmore, Texas; A. K. Bonner and W. A. Garrett, of Tyler. J. W. Paramore was chosen President; W. Senter, Vice-President; J. W. Brown, General Superintendent; C. J. Stephens, Chief Engineer. It is understood the road has purchased the narrow-gauge railroad in Arkansas running parallel with the proposed line, and having twenty-seven miles in running order out of New Madrid. It is proposed to push the line in that direction and make connections.

The St. Louis Strike.

ST. LOUIS, April 28.—Vice-president Cupples, of the police board, has notified the presidents of all railroads that they may start their cars and rely upon being fully protected. One of the first acts of Gov. Crittenden, after his arrival, was to issue an order calling the national guards of the city and county of St. Louis into active service. This was responded to by about 350 men of the first regiment, under Brig-Gen. Squires, who mustered at their armory, and perhaps 200 of them are still here. They will probably remain under arms to night and to-morrow. Bastus Wells was at the stable early this morning, and gave his personal attention to the organizing of his new force of men and the starting of the cars.

Fargo Floods.

FARGO, D. T., April 28.—The Red River is up within two feet of the Continental Hotel, and should there be a break in the gorge above, to-night, considerable disaster will follow. Many people on the low lands near the river are sitting up to-night, in anxiety. West of here, some little seeding is being done, but probably 500 acres will cover the entire amount.

Fire in the Quaker City.

PHILADELPHIA, April 28.—In four hours after the beginning of the Girard Point fire, to-day, the entire elevator and warehouses were in ruins. The elevator, one of the largest in the country, had twelve awaiting machines, and a total working capacity of 650,000 bushels. The Girard Point Storage Company state that the destruction of the elevator will not interfere with the prompt handling of grain at Girard Point.

Killed by Lightning.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 28.—A stroke of lightning to-day killed four school children in this city. They were playing in the yard when they were suddenly struck dead. A round hole in the earth marks the entrance of the electric bolt. The clothing of the unfortunate was burned to ashes.

Jamestown Jottings.

JAMESTOWN, D. T., April 28.—Messrs. George and Abner Hanscome, after looking over various portions of North Dakota, have concluded to locate in the James River valley. They have taken a section, and propose to bring a dozen teams from Michigan immediately. Seeding is progressing rapidly, and next Monday or Tuesday will see the last kernel in the ground.

Gen. Ritter to the Front.

LACALLE, Algeria, April 28.—Gen. Ritter, commanding the brigade of Gen. Drelerquis' column, has been conveyed here very ill. His brigade, not having encountered any more of the enemy, has partly retraced its steps, and will to-morrow join Gens. Vincention's and Galliard's brigades and reconnoitre Lubouchair, where large numbers of Koumiss are assembled.

Suit for Divorce.

NEW YORK, April 28.—Emma Ween, burg, through another, has begun suit against Moses Weenburg for separation and alimony. Some time ago an order was granted for the defendant's arrest, and yesterday a motion to vacate was made, also a counter-motion for alimony. It was contended that the plaintiff, as a lunatic, was confined in the state asylum at Elgin, Ills., from 1875 to 1880, when she was brought here, and is now confined in a lunatic asylum, in this city. The allegation of cruelty against the defendant is that he allowed his wife to be confined in Elgin as a pauper, and failed to visit or care for her. He denies all the allegations. The affidavit of the plaintiff's mother was that when she took her daughter from the asylum she found her covered with bruises, showing evidences of ill treatment. Defendant says he is willing to care for his

wife, and avers she can get better treatment in Chicago than here. A former inmate of the Elgin Asylum, Margaret D. Dorr, swears that the food of that institution was poor, and the management not good. The order of arrest was sustained, and the defendant ordered to pay the alimony.

The Postmaster-General.

NEW YORK, April 28.—Postmaster-General James arrived here this morning for the purpose of attending the funeral of his old friend, Samuel P. Russell, of Brooklyn. Mr. James refused to be interviewed regarding the star service; but a friend very near to the Postmaster-General, and who no doubt shares his confidence, expressed himself as follows in the matter: This is not an investigation of Mr. Brady or any particular person, but of the whole contract system, and I may say that this matter will be probed to the bottom, and, if the system be found corrupt, those implicated must suffer.

The Czar's Life.

NEW YORK, April 28.—A letter from St. Petersburg gives a gloomy account of the new Czar's life at the castle of Gotschina, thirty miles from the capital. Before the court removed thither, several hundred artisans of the Preshrajinsky regiment were sent to make the necessary alterations. At midnight they were assembled in Gotschina, and were sworn to silence, death or Siberia being the penalty for violation of the oath. Ten roubles were given each man. The alterations were made in forty-eight hours. "Vodka," a Russian drink, soon loosened the tongues of the workmen, and the following is a description of the precautions against assassination made in the palace of the Czar: A subterranean passage leads from the Czar's room to the stables, where a number of horses are kept saddled and bridled day and night. Sentinels are posted at intervals of twenty yards around the building. The imperial bedroom has two windows, protected at night by massive iron shutters, which can only be reached from outside by passing through three spacious anti-chambers in which are posted eighty Cossacks armed to the teeth. They are allowed to speak and move about in the outer rooms, but in the hall adjoining the Czar's bedroom, perfect silence is maintained. At the General's right is a knob of an electric apparatus, which rings the bells in every guard house within the palace grounds. When the Czar is about to retire, before shutting the door he removes the outer handle, so no entrance can be effected until he himself opens the door from the inside. Unlike his father, he cannot endure armed soldiers in the bed chamber.

Railroad Consolidation.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 28.—It is rumored that the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul and the Chicago & Northwestern Railroads will consolidate next month. It is a well-known fact that wherever one of these great roads goes, parallel to it will soon run the other. In the event of a consolidation, branches will be sent in every direction covering the Northwest. A line to Bismarck, D. T., will be run this season by the Northwestern, even if the consolidation does not take place.

Raging Missouri.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, April 28.—The overflowing of the Missouri river is rapidly receding from the bottoms adjacent to the city and will be gone in a day or two. No serious damage has resulted and but few houses will require much repairs. The railroad company will repair their tracks in a day or two, after the water is gone and will be running all right in a couple of days. The wild rumors flying through the country regarding the unfortunate condition of this city are groundless.

Land Frauds.

ST. LOUIS, April 28.—The grand jury made a report to the criminal court yesterday, and returned over 100 indictments. Among them were twelve against Robert Lindsay, for his connection with the big Missouri land swindle recently unearthed; nine against J. Boody, and four against H. Schuster, also concerned in land frauds.

The Reichstag Approves.

BERLIN, April 27.—The Reichstag passed the bill protecting the coasting trade in the form the government proposed, and also agreed to the resolution of Prof. Virchow pronounced in favor of Germany being a participant in the international Arctic expedition, approved by the admiralty.

Must Give Them Up.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., April 28.—The Supreme Court issues an order directing the United States Trust Company to surrender for cancellation \$100,000 of bonds, with about \$100,000 of matured coupons, purporting to have been issued by the town of Spring Point in aid of the Cayuga Lake Railroad, on the ground that the same had been adjudged illegal and

void. The bonds and coupons are deposited with the Trust Company by the German, Upton, Teutonia and Franklin Savings Banks, of New York.

The Mary and Helen.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 29.—The Government relief steamer Mary and Helen was put on the dry dock at the navy yard yesterday to be caulked, which she much needs.

England Kicks.

PARIS, April 27.—It is said that some Governments, especially England, have raised objections to the Russian proposal of a conference on the refuge question. All are said to be willing to satisfy the legitimate desires of Russia by the adoption of remedying laws and concluding extradition treaties.

Midnight Ruffians.

WHEELING, W. Va., April 27.—About twelve o'clock last night three men went into the residence of John Baker, on Dentz Run, about three miles from this state and shot at him through the window. They afterwards broke the door in, when they were met by the old man with a chair as his only weapon of defense. He was telled with a blow from an axe in the hands of one of the party, and the house plundered. The robbers obtained \$300. Mr. Baker's son-in-law, who slept in the upper room, was awakened by the noise but was afraid to come down. The old man, who is seriously hurt, says he knows the parties.

He Won't Trust the Boys.

TRENTON, N. J., April 27.—Every available conveyance and two trains had been secured by the students of Princeton College to come to this city to-morrow night, the Princeton College Glee Club having been advertised to appear at the Opera House. Dr. McCast now refuses to let the Club go, giving as his reasons that there are too many saloons and houses of bad repute in Trenton.

A Spirited Dame.

DES MOINES, Ia., April 27.—Mrs. Baldwin, the medium in the Baldwin brilliant spiritualistic exposure, endeavored to commit suicide with a dose of morphine, at Knoxville, Marion County, yesterday, and was pumped out. Domestic trouble was the cause.

Fargo Flooded.

FARGO, April 26.—The Red River is rising. It has risen three feet to day, and, as there is plenty of water out as far as Glyndon, which is twenty feet higher than at this point, the worst may yet be expected. Several houses on the river have floated away, and about thirty-five are under water. From here to Glyndon and Breckenridge the country is flooded, also west as far as Casselton. The ice gorge below still holds. Seeding will be very late.

Wrecked in Raymond's Land.

FERNANDINA, Fla., April 26.—The steamer "City of Austin" was wrecked on the Pelican shoals, one mile inside of the Fernandina bar, through the fault of the pilot. The ship is a total loss, and its cargo of sugar, cotton, sponge and fruits is nearly a total loss. The cargo of sugar was insured for \$75,000.

House of Commons.

LONDON, April 28.—In the house of commons, this afternoon, the under foreign secretary said that his statement during the debate on the Cadalae question was correct in saying that Shobelloff was recalled, and Russian military operations in Central Asia terminated. Lord John Manners, conservative, gave notice of an amendment, and thought that the house was anxious to maintain the ulster customs and other analogous customs, and remedy and improve the defects in the land act of '70.

Flood's Frontiers.

ATCHISON, Kas., April 27.—The Missouri river at this point is twenty-one feet and seven inches above low water mark. Nearly the whole of the river bottom opposite here is submerged, and many houses in East Atchison have been flooded, but the main portion of the town, including the packing houses are on high ground and in no danger on this side of the river when the lowest ground is still several feet above the water. All the roads terminating here have been cut off excepting the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe and the central branch of the Hannibal & St. Jo. The Rock Island, St. Joe and Council Bluffs all cross Midlake about one mile east, near together, and as all were washed away last Friday no trains have been running since. The Missouri Pacific has been broken in several places between here and Kansas City.

Latest from Fargo.

FARGO, D. T., April 27.—10 p. m.—The water in the Red river is now twenty-four feet higher than when it froze up last fall. To-night fifty-three buildings are under water, with the river at a standstill. The buildings submerged are mostly small shanties. The warehouses of the Grandin and Alsop lines are almost entirely covered, while the elevator belonging to the former is two-thirds under

water. No large damage has been done, save the wetting of household goods, and, as the current is very slow, no loss of life has occurred. The river is still rising, and is nearly to the railroad bridge.

West of the Floods.

JAMESTOWN, April 27.—Seeding is about half through. The ground is in good condition, and everything looks favorable for a prosperous season. Immigration is steadily increasing, and the merchants are all doing good business.

Ocean Vessels.

HALIFAX, N. S., April 28.—The steamer Palmyra broke down during the strong southwest gale, Saturday last. The steamer Brooklyn City, from New York for Liverpool, with cattle, soon hove in sight, bore down, and took her in tow, arriving there Wednesday night. The Brooklyn City will coal and take a supply of fodder and proceed on her voyage. The Palmyra has 600 passengers on board.

Absconded.

HALIFAX, N. S.—A. H. Patterson, assistant agent of the Halifax banking company, at Truro, has absconded. Loss to bank not known.

British Evacuation.

BOMBAY, April 28.—The British evacuation of Southern Afghanistan was completed yesterday without any notable events.

THE TRIBUNE TELESCOPE.

Through Which May Be Seen Various Territorial Items of Interest.

Miles City is booming, and there are at least 1,500 people there.

The two national banks of Deadwood sold over \$6,000,000 worth of exchange last year.

Indians are becoming quite a nuisance in Miles City on account of their thieving propensities.

The Jamestown Alert secures valuable contributions from its war correspondent in Bucharest.

The Jamestown saloons now close on Sunday. Such proceedings suggest "mulen vines" in the streets.

The Jamestown Alert says that an excursion will leave Northern New York, soon, for Jamestown, to invest in lands. Tickets for round trip \$39.

It is reported that there will be 300,000 bushels of wheat raised this year in the vicinity of Deadwood, to say nothing of the corn, oats, barley, etc.

M. C. Coaners, of Owl Creek, in the Black Hills, has had several head of cattle killed by Indians on a hunting expedition by permission of the Pine Ridge Indian Agent.

Porter Warner, of the Deadwood Times, who passed through Bismarck last week, goes East to purchase additional machinery for his Spearfish flouring mill, out of which he made \$20,000 during the past winter.

Near Miles City is a locality known as Piety Flat. It numbers among its denizens four of the most noted celebrities of the country, i. e.—Tape Worm Charley, Starvation George, Iron Jaw the Fly Slayer and Slap-Jack Alex the Canoe King.

The Deadwood Times says in its review of the business of that city: "There are on the range north and east of here 3,100 head of cattle owned by people whose interests are identified with Deadwood, and this number will be trebled this season by herds that will be driven from Colorado, Texas and other points."

During the past month it has been absolutely impossible to make time on any of the mail routes leading from Bismarck. George Peoples, of the Standing Rock line, has many times this month risked his own life and also that of his employees in his endeavors to get the mail through. The swollen condition of the streams in all directions has rendered mail driving dangerous in the extreme this spring.

Hair Lifters.

Mr. E. H. Bly recently returned from the headwaters of the upper Missouri, corroborates the stories told by Messrs. Foley and Manley about two weeks ago, relative to hostile Indians in the vicinity of his lower tie camp. He saw during his trip fifteen teepees and from fifty to 200 ponies which would indicate a camp of at least sixty Indians in that vicinity. None are reported as absent from Standing Rock, hence there is every reason to believe that they are hostiles. Should Mr. Bly desire it, his camp would undoubtedly be furnished the protection of troops.

On Thursday last it was reported at Buford that two men had been killed by Indians at Ferry Point, and hunters twenty-five miles north of Buford are being continually driven in. Thirty cavalrymen have been sent out in pursuit.

On Monday of last week a party of Yanktonian Indians crossed just above the mouth of Powder River having with them a number of horses stolen from Pat Foley and other ranchmen. After crossing the stream the Indians laughed in derision at the few white men who were compelled to helplessly witness the contemptible theft.

The spring term of the Bismarck public schools commenced Monday with a good attendance. Mr. Justin Smith, having passed a successful examination on Saturday, was employed by the Board of Education to teach until the end of the present school year.

THE LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

THE IMPORTANT EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK.

The Odd Fellows Celebrate the 62d Anniversary of their Order--A Chicken Farm--Navigation Items.

The celebration Tuesday evening of the sixty-second anniversary of the establishment of the Order of Odd Fellows, participated in by members of the organization from Bismarck, Lincoln, Mandan and Yates, was a grand success.

About 9 o'clock the gentlemen having invitations, accompanied by their ladies, began to arrive, and for an hour and a half the time was devoted to social converse and an interchange of friendly greetings in the ladies' parlor of the Sheridan House. The gentlemen and ladies were each shown to their respective toilet-rooms by colored servants, and everything passed off so smoothly and pleasantly as to indicate the most careful attention to every detail on the part of the Committee of Arrangements.

Among a few of the prominent members of the Order present may be mentioned, from Bismarck and Fort Lincoln, Messrs. Valentine Schreck, J. S. Plants, Sig. Hanauer, Wm. Van Kauster, Louis Hechler, Chas. Krall, Geo. F. W. Miller, W. E. Du Bois, Chas. Wyman, Jerry Sullivan, John Bradt, Frank Dirks, A. Walter, Richard Weaver, Paul and Francis Steelen, and Eber Maxfield. Mandan sent Messrs. Boley, Chilstrom, Wheeler, and Winston as representatives of their lodge, and they were accompanied by Commissioner Lang and others.

From the Fort Yates Lodge, one of the finest in the Territory, with a membership of forty-two, there were present Messrs. James F. Fenley, Arch. G. Boone, John Mahoney, James Brown, James Carrigan, James Montgomery, John Hindlay, First Sergeant Company "D," Seventh Cavalry; Sergt. Briggs, Company "H," Seventeenth Infantry; and John Porter, of the Seventeenth Infantry Band.

The gentlemen of the Order were dressed in their regalia, and with few exceptions, acted as escorts to Bismarck ladies. At ten o'clock, the dining room doors were opened, and Sig. Hanauer invited all to partake of the finest banquet ever served at the Sheridan. Oysters, jellies, creams, ices, fruits, confectionery, cold meats, and other choice and substantial delicacies reigned supreme. Manager Emerson received the congratulations and thanks of all present, for the elegant repast so temptingly arranged and so artistically served. Banquet tickets were issued to forty-three couples, and at the conclusion the dining hall was quickly cleared, and dancing, the most fascinating part of the programme, was participated in. The Bismarck string band furnished most acceptable and inspiring music, and in the small hours of the morning, the merry dancers were all declaring that they were never more pleasantly entertained, and expressing the wish that Odd Fellow anniversaries, of the Bismarck order, came at least as often as twice a year.

A New Enterprise.

Louis Shieman and Julian A. Becker do not propose to carry all their eggs in one basket, and while everyone else in the vicinity of Bismarck is intent upon solving the problem of how many bushels of wheat can be raised to the acre, the gentlemen above named have another object in view. They propose this summer to make an experiment and see how many chickens can be raised to the acre. Mr. Shieman in order to further his plans recently relinquished his pre-emption and has taken a homestead in section 18, on Apple Creek. His friend and partner is Mr. Julian A. Becker, a gentleman from the east and the same who last fall contested John McLellan's claim to a homestead in the same section and township. Twenty acres are to be devoted to a henery, and it is expected that between 8,000 and 9,000 hens will be raised this season. A steam hatchery has been sent for, and when it arrives the "manufacture of chickens" will actively commence. The main object of the gentlemen is to supply the poultry market, although a few fancy fowls of the most valuable breeds will be raised for the benefit of chicken fanciers. Mr. Becker has had years of experience in this line of business, and it is to be hoped that success will attend their combined efforts. During the spring floods the gentlemen were unfortunate in losing two horses, and a valuable greenhouse, the work of the winter. They propose to have their chickens on high ground, and should the floods again come, they will endeavor to propagate a web-footed variety and train them in the habits of the duck.

Navigation Notes.

The steamer Gen. Sherman left Buford Friday and arrived at Bismarck Sunday afternoon. She is the first boat of the season from above and is now re-loading with government supplies and forage and will pull out for Buford to-day or to-morrow. On the down trip, twenty miles below the mouth of the Little Missouri, the Sherman took on board Mr. Bly, of the Sheridan House, and seven others who had floated in a yawl from the North Pacific crossing, 250 miles up the Little Missouri. They were heavily armed, having passed through the Indian country, on their way down. The party saw no hostile Indians, but did see plenty of mule, sheep, deer and elk. They were four days making the 200 miles.

IMPERFECT PAGE