

By Telegraph

The Financial Troubles.

INTERVIEW WITH SENATOR SHERMAN.  
PHILADELPHIA, May 16.—Senator Sherman was interviewed here and said:

"We are neither in a panic nor on the verge of it, unless my judgment is seriously at fault. The country is not in anything like the condition in which it was in 1873, when the financial crash that year came. Our financial status is entirely different. The present troubles are local, not general. Reckless speculation, the creation of fictitious values in stocks and the sharp competition on railroad securities are the causes of the existing difficulties. It is extremely easy to create a distrust in money circles when there has been such a fluctuating market as in New York for several months past. I look upon the present troubles as simply the result of over trading securities that for a long time have been merely the football of Wall street. While there is a business depression there is no real financial disaster, and the sources of the country are ample and stable. It is not difficult, and the remedy for the present evils if people would refrain from dealing in securities or products which they do not hold or control."

"Will the present flurry have a serious effect?"

"I think not. It may have a very beneficial one. It will make the people more cautious about placing money in risky ventures and turn attention more toward legitimate business enterprises. Troubles of this kind are simply an admonition to those who have surplus means to remember that all successful fiscal operations are those that have a solid foundation."

"What bearing will the present troubles have on the presidential campaign?"

"None whatever. It is nothing more than a temporary embarrassment at the financial center of the country. So far there is no indication that it will reach beyond the bounds of New York city. I do not believe it will extend into the country, and if it does not become general it will have no influence upon the political parties. I think the worst is over. From this time on there will be a better feeling. I regard the success of the republican party of more consequence than the ambitions of any single man. It will be unbecoming in me to discuss the relative merits of the candidates. I have faith that the republican convention will do the best thing for the party. We are confronted with many difficulties this year and may have anything but an easy race for the presidency. Much depends upon the declarations of the Democratic convention upon that question. I am not giving my convention any advice as to the candidate for the presidency. I am more interested in the economical condition of the country than in politics."

FAILURES FOR THE WEEK.

NEW YORK, May 16.—The number of failures during the last seven days, reported by R. G. Dun, are as follows: United States, 192; Canada, 27. An increase of 18 over the previous week.

THE GOVERNMENT TO THE RESCUE

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 17.—The treasurer of the United States forwaded \$8,000,000 of legal tender to the assistant treasurer at New York, for use in case of necessity.

WANT AMERICAN STOCKS.

LONDON, May 17.—The News says the American treasury, which is the ultimate holder of the American reserve, is well supplied with cash. This ought to check a panic. All accounts show that millions of English money is being thrown into American stocks. Securities are somewhat depressed because so many people are anxious to realize in order to exchange for American stocks.

NO FURTHER DANGER.

NEW YORK, May 17.—The day passed quietly, and confidence seems to be restored. There was no trace of excitement and affairs are progressing in a fair way toward a speedy recovery of the values in stocks. The advance of the morning will be maintained, the movement being merely checked at intervals by the usual sales of small holders to secure profit. The bank statement is favorable, showing an excess above legal requirements of over \$3,000,000. The opinions of leading financiers are that there is a gradual improvement and certainly no danger of another backward step.

A COMPROMISE GRANTED.

NEW YORK, May 17.—McCulloch, Beecher & Co., merchants, filed an assignment today to Troy Paine & Bartlett, giving preferences to Drexel, Morgan & Co. of \$75,000. In the petition of Julian T. Davis, receiver of the firm of Grant & Ward, the supreme court today granted an order authorizing the receiver to compromise certain claims of the firm of L. Von Hoffman & Co. and Brown Brothers, each for 102,596 pounds. The receiver believes other loans of a similar character have been settled by the firm of Grant & Ward, and therefore he asked permission to compromise all such claims by a surrender of lands at their par value. The court granted the authority to compromise the claims.

CONDITION OF THE NEWARK SAVINGS.

NEWARK, May 17.—The receiver of the Newark savings institution submitted a statement to the chancellor showing the amount due depositors, \$6,156,534; total assets according to the receivers estimate, exclusive of the \$845,000 due from Fisk and Hatch, \$4,995,336; deficiency \$1,161,197. The bank has securities and cash on hand to warrant the payment of thirty per cent to depositors immediately, and in case Fisk & Hatch are able to resume the bank would lose nothing.

FAILURE NOTES.

NEW YORK, May 17.—Stoelman, merchant, assigned. Preference \$18,000. Bliner & Pinkney shipping merchants, assigned preferences \$20,000. Assignee Weims states that the liabilities of Donald Lawson & Smyson is \$3,000,000, assets will exceed the liabilities by \$1,000,000.

Important Army News.

CHICAGO, May 17.—Major General Schofield has issued a new order which will cause the following changes: The headquarters band and troops E, F, G, H, I and L of the 2d cavalry will remove from their present station to Fort Ellis, Mont., and thence proceed to Fort Missoula, Mont., reaching the latter place on or before June 20, 1884. Troop B of the 2d cavalry will march from its present station on a date sufficiently early to reach Fort Missoula at the same time, after which the troops will proceed by rail to Fort Cour d'Alene, where they will receive orders from headquarters division of the Pacific governing their future movements.

Troops A, C, K and M of the second cavalry will leave their present station in time to reach Helena on or before June 20, 1884, proceeding thence to stations in the division of the Pacific to be assigned them by the commanding general of that division. Troop D of the same regiment will be transferred to Boise barracks, Idaho, accompanied by Major Jas. S. Brisban. Orders will hereafter be issued assigning stations to the first cavalry in this division. By authority of Lieut. Gen. Sheridan, all enlisted men of the 2d cavalry who desire to remain in the department of Dakota, and whose terms of service expire before September 30th, 1884, will remain at their present stations and will be transferred by orders of the department commander to the 1st cavalry.

Preemption and Tree Claims.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 16.—A report has been submitted to accompany the bill reported from the house committee on public lands providing for the repeal of the preemption and timber culture laws and amendment of the homestead laws. The committee say: "We believe it would be policy for the government to give those of our citizens who are without homes such amount of public domain as will make them comfortable homesteads where they enter upon it in good faith and make it their homes and cultivate and live upon the same for a fixed period of time, and we believe 160 acres should be the maximum. Under the preemption, homestead and timber culture laws as the now stand, one person may become owner of 480 acres of public domain—160 acres under each. This is too large an amount of land, in our opinion; for any one person to acquire in this manner. We think the policy of the government should be to furnish as many of its citizens with comfortable homes as long in future as possible, and 160 acres is sufficient for this purpose. By giving them this amount it will not be many years until our public domain will be taken up. The preemption law was passed in 1841, the homestead law in 1862, and the timber culture act in 1873. When the homestead law was enacted the preemption law should have been repealed. The timber culture law should never have been passed. We have therefore in substitute provided for the repeal of the preemption and timber culture acts and amendment of the homestead law."

Montana Road Agents.

GLENDIVE, M. T., May 16.—Major Bell, in command of troop F, Seventh cavalry, arrived this morning from the scene of the attempted robbery of Paymaster Whipple. He found a deserted shack in the woods near the scene, and evidences of recent occupation. Signs discovered give it the appearance of a regular resort. He is in consultation with the sheriff. The highwaymen were new hands and evidently cowards. They could have held up their man without firing a shot, as the place selected was particularly favorable. Chances are a hundred to one against capture, as scouts failed to find their trail, and the troop is now camped opposite Glendive. The first shot hit Sergeant Conrad, mortally, but he fought until he fell. Higbie and Talbot, Box Alder ranchmen, while rounding up their cattle, discovered a deserted tent supplied with a new stove and provisions. The tent was pitched on the right bank of the Box Alder. The supplies were all new, and selected for a month at least, and had only been used a few days. The manner of hanging a deer they had killed, and other evidences, they were evidently tenderfoot. Some letters were found written in French, in care of Mandan. Photographs of a young man and young lady were found. The contents of the tent were found midewed, proving desertion last fall. Everything but the guns were found, proving that the occupants were either lost or killed while out. Mr. Higbie has the letters and photographs and is corresponding with the Mandan firm in whose care they came.

Stillwater Car Company Will Survive

MINNEAPOLIS, May 16.—An extra Stillwater special to the Journal says that Senator Sabin arrived in this city this morning and has been around the shops all day. To a Journal reporter he said: "I have not been here long enough to grasp the situation fully. In the meantime everything will continue to run right along, and you may inform the public that all bills are to be paid in full. I cannot, even if I would, give anything like an accurate statement of assets and liabilities at present. E. S. Brown, receiver for the car company, said he wished the papers would stop publishing that the shops had suspended operations or were about to do so, for such was not the case. There are large orders ahead and they should fill them. A part of civilian workmen were paid yesterday, the regular pay day, and the remainder today. Mr. Brown is confident that if left alone he can bring the car company, also the transfer company out all right, without the latter going into receivership. Mr. Austin, president of the St. Croix land and lumber company, arrived in the city this morning but declines to say anything. Kitzson and Gilliland arrived on the afternoon train and are cloistered with Sabin. The directors of the Union Elevator company held a secret meeting at four o'clock to examine accounts."

Lease Narrow Gauge Road in Oregon Defaulted.

MINNEAPOLIS, May 16.—A Journal Portland, Ore., special: A private cablegram from Dundee says that the Oregon Railway and Navigation company has defaulted the interest on the lease of the narrow gauge lines running on the east and west sides of the Willamette valley. Villard effected the lease two years ago to protect the Oregon & California railway from competition, and left the road in an incomplete condition, the northern terminus being twenty-four miles south of Portland. Since the lease began the road has hardly earned operating expenses, and the interest paid by the Oregon Railway and Navigation company has been a dead loss. It is understood that the Oregon Railway and Navigation company, having no relations with the Oregon railways since the dismemberment of the Villard stocks, does not care to pay out \$170,000 a year for nothing, hence the defaulted interest. There is no doubt that the original owners, all residents of Scotland, will complete the line to Portland, perhaps this year.

Emigration Statistics.

ST. PAUL, May 17.—The total number of emigrants landed at the ports of New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Quebec during the past week is 21,400. The week was the harvest of the season so far. The total number of steamers was twenty-seven. The emigrants for the current month including all ports will not fall short of 50,000. Of this number fully half are German. The unusually

low rates ranging from \$15 to \$20 have, no doubt, stimulated emigration. As to the percentage of ocean emigrants going directly to the northwest it is safe to say at least 15 per cent of the total emigration bound for the northwest and to the Scandinavians fully 25 per cent are northwesterners.

Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Mar 17.—In the house the bill was passed granting consent of congress for the construction of a dam across the Mississippi at St. Cloud. The senate amendment to the Indian appropriation bill was concurred in.

The bill passed to change the eastern and northern judicial districts of Texas and to attach a part of Indian Territory to those districts.

On motion of Cassidy, the bill passed to relieve settlers on the Duck Valley Indian reservation in Elko county, Nevada.

A bill was passed for the appointment of two additional associate justices of the supreme court in Dakota.

Wealthy Business Man Missing.

MILWAUKEE, May 16th.—The fact leaked out this afternoon that Tully H. Smith, a well known and very wealthy middle aged business man, has been mysteriously missing since last Saturday evening. He left his house at Grand avenue to go to Chicago, and that is the last trace of him. He is tall, with red hair, and a close observer would notice that he has but one eye. His business is in good shape and his domestic relations happy. The matter has been placed in the hands of Milwaukee and Chicago detectives.

Come to Dakota.

GALVESTON, TEXAS, May 17.—Specials from McKinney and Bonham, Texas, report severe and discouraging hail storms. In the neighborhood of McKinney the hail fell on an average to a depth of four inches, destroying fields of wheat, corn, cotton and oats. Fruit trees were stripped. A remarkable feature of the storms at both places was the size of the stones, all being very large, hundreds larger than hen's eggs. Following the late heavy rains, these storms add to the gloomy outlook of the farmers in those neighborhoods.

A Jolly "Tar."

NEW ORLEANS, May 17.—A dispatch from Water Valley, says that while a Mormon elder was waiting at the depot here today for several other elders, he was assaulted by an unknown person who emptied a bucket of tar upon his head. He made his escape. It is reported from Calhoun and other counties that the Mormons are making great headway among the lower classes, and these elders were on their way to a great revival meeting.

Probably Insane.

MILWAUKEE, May 17.—Tully H. Smith, a wealthy contractor who mysteriously disappeared a week ago, is supposed to be in New Orleans, his wife having received an express of \$1,000 from that city today. He is supposed to be out of his mind.

Another Railroad Wreck.

PITTSBURGH, PA. May 17.—This evening the Alliance accommodation going east and a freight train going west collided near Egan Valley, Pa., on the Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad. Both trains were badly wrecked and seven persons seriously injured, three reported fatally.

A Ticket Office Burglarized.

DULUTH, May 17.—The St. Paul & Duluth ticket office was burglarized last night. The safe was blown open and between \$500 and \$600 taken and some papers. It is not thought any tickets were taken but it can't be known until the audit of the road comes and makes an investigation, no clue to the burglars.

Out a Lark.

PORT DAVIS, Ont., May 17.—Secretary Lincoln, General Sheridan, General Stager and John McCullough, Gen. C. H. Tomblins, Bishop McLarent and fifty others crossed over from Sandusky Thursday, and are fishing at Pelee Island.

Self Defense.

MILES CITY, M. T., May 16.—The hearing today in the case against Jack Long for the killing, at Powderville, of George Herzog, alias Dutch George from the Black Hills, was concluded and the case dismissed on the grounds of self defense.

For the Benefit of Creditors.

NEW YORK, May 17.—The run on the Brooklyn savings bank is ended. Syney conveyed his Brooklyn mansion to the Metropolitan bank today for \$175,000 and other property for \$80,000.

Bismarck's Resignation Accepted.

BERLIN, May 16.—The emperor accepted the resignation of Bismarck from the presidency of the cabinet and appointed as his successor Boetticher, the Prussian minister of state.

Frost in Wisconsin.

JANESVILLE, Wis., May 16.—There was a heavy frost in this part of the state this morning, which damaged the fruit and crops in the lowlands. Water was frozen in many places.

The list of delegates to the Chicago convention next month contains the names of ninety-four men who were members of the convention of four years ago. Of these, sixty-three supported Grant, twenty voted for Blaine, six for Sherman, three for Edmunds, and two for Washburne. It is estimated that about sixty of the ninety-four are for Arthur this time.

WHILE it is true that the present condition of business is one of depression, it is only in speculative circles that it is in any way precarious. The banks are sound, legitimate credits are not inflated and those who have sold nothing that they do not own nor bought what they cannot pay for can smile at the gloomy predictions of the bears.—Philadelphia Times.

In his committee room the other day, Senator Sawyer was telling of a letter that he had just received from an old sweetheart who refused him forty years ago because he was poor, and married another fellow who had a little more money. She had heard of his great wealth and influence, and wrote to tell him that she was a widow in distressing circumstances. The senator said he sent her a check for the sake of an old lady. When he had finished his story, Senator Palmer, of Michigan, told of a similar experience. A woman he wanted to marry when he was a young man, but who jilted him because of his poverty, had written him recently asking for a position in the treasury department, and he was trying to get her one.

Congressional.

SENATE PROCEEDINGS.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—In the senate today the following were among the bills reported favorably and placed on the calendar: Py. Mr. Ingalls, from the committee on judiciary, the bill to establish another judicial circuit by dividing the 8th circuit, which now embraces the district of Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Nebraska, Kansas, Arkansas and Colorado. The 8th circuit under this bill includes the districts of Nebraska, Kansas, Arkansas and Colorado. The 9th includes the districts of Minnesota, Iowa and Missouri. By Mr. Logan, from the committee on judiciary, to limit the time within which prosecution may be instituted against persons charged with violating the internal revenue laws. By Mr. Sherman, from the committee on library, reported the concurrent resolution agreed to, accepting the portrait in mosaic of the late President Garfield, executed by Dr. Salvio, of Venice, Italy.

THE RECENT FAILURES

The chair laid before the senate the resolution offered by Mr. Morgan directing the committee on finance to examine into the causes of recent failures of national banks and whether such failures were due to a violation or evasion of the law on the part of the officers of the banks. Mr. Morrill moved to amend by substituting for the purposes of investigation the comptroller of finance, in place of the committee. Mr. Morgan said the very reason he had moved to place the duty on the committee was because the officers appointed to see whether the banks complied with the laws, had not performed their duty. There was for instance a law against over certification of checks, which it had become notorious, was utterly disregarded. On the occasion of the passage of a law on the subject in July, 1882, the New York newspapers had broken out into spasms of merriment and told congress that the banks laughed at the acts of congress and were beyond congressional control. The failure of the Marine bank had been due to the fact that the bank was connected with a firm of brokers, and that the bank had supported the firm of Grant & Ward in all the wild schemes in which the young speculators saw proper to engage. A spectacle had been presented to the world that argued a painful condition of commercial honor in the city of New York.

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—In the house this morning Randall attempted to secure the passage of three appropriation bills agreed to in committee of the whole on Friday last. To this Collins objected and the speaker proceeded to call of the states. The following bills were introduced and referred. By Mr. Willer authorizing the secretary of the treasury to use as soon as may be, all the surplus money in the treasury for the redemption of bonds outstanding at a price not above par. By Mr. Lewis, prohibiting the confirmation of certificates, for unearned land grants. By Mr. King, directing the secretary of the treasury to allow a rebate of 10 per cent on all goods imported in vessels of American register.

APPROPRIATION BILLS.

The house then, on motion of Mr. Randall, proceeded to the consideration of the appropriation bills. It was moved to recommit the consular diplomatic appropriation bill with instructions to report it back with provisions for an appropriation similar to that for the current year, with certain specified exceptions. Lost, yeas 83, nays 136. The bill then passed by a vote of 126 to 85. The army and District of Columbia appropriation bills passed without opposition.

SHERMAN ARGUES ON FINANCES.

Mr. Collins from the committee on judiciary moved to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution of Mr. King on the senate bankruptcy bill, which is a special order for Tuesday, June 10th. The motion was lost by a vote of 137 to 113 Mr. Morrill modified the motion by making a reference of the resolution to the finance committee. Bayard supported the motion. Sherman supported the reference. The senate ought, he said, to be very careful in a question of this kind. He had been in New York on the day when the trouble referred to occurred and he could assure the senate that although there might here and there have been an over certification of checks, yet they had not caused any trouble. In every case the trouble had been caused by the speculative operations of the officers of the banks affected. In some cases the trouble was caused not by certifying checks, but rather by non-certification. The proper remedy would be to prescribe severe penalties against any dealing in speculative transactions by the officers of banks, or the using of the money of a bank in any transactions that such officers might engage in. Mr. Sherman said there was no special use in sending a committee of investigation to New York. We have government officers there who could give us the needed information. If the committee were to go there to make an examination and keep up the agitation in regard to the failures there, it might embarrass others. To call the recent trouble "a panic" was applying to it a misnomer. There had been no panic. The people of New York had not been alarmed. The securities especially effected had been those involved in transactions exposed by the failures, but the confidence in the standard securities of the country had not suffered. It had resulted in clearing the atmosphere and he believed the present commercial position better than it had been before the recent trouble. Referred to the committee on finance.

OTHER DISCUSSIONS.

A message from the house was read announcing the non-concurrence in the senate amendment to the Indian appropriation bill. The senate insisted on its amendments and agreed to a committee on conference.

The chair having announced the regular order to be the Utah bill, Hoar consented to let it go over temporarily, and the bill for the creation of a bureau of labor statistics was then taken up. Mr. Morgan addressed the senate in support of Garland's amendment, which places the collection of labor statistics in charge of the statistical bureau of the treasury department. Pending debate on the bill the senate went into executive session and soon after adjourned.

LAND FORFEITURE BILL.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—The bill relating to the forfeiture of Northern Pacific lands, introduced today by Senator Dolph, provides for the immediate restoration to the public domain and to the operation of the public land laws, that portion of the grant lying coterminous with its main line between Wallula Junction and Portland, a distance of 214 miles. It also provides for the forfeiture, at the end of five years from the passage of the bill, of all lands adjacent to that portion of the Cascade grant which shall be then unbuilt. This, in effect, gives the road

five years in which to build the Cascade branch. The bill proposes to authorize persons in possession of any of these lands to purchase 320 acres if so much has been improved by them. The railroad company is required to file its assent to the conditions of the bill, so as to avoid all question as to the title to the forfeited lands.

A BILL EXPLAINED.

WASHINGTON, D. C. May 19.—Legislative executive and judicial bills as reported to the house makes an appropriation of \$20,786,876, an increase of \$88,190 over the current appropriation. The bill reduces the number of internal revenue districts from 82 to 63. It is further provided that of the contingent fund for either house, no part of the money appropriated shall be expended for clerical services for any senator, representative or delegate to congress. The object of the provision is to prevent the payment of salaries to private secretaries.

The Financial Afterglow.

ERIE, PA., May 19.—The Erie Savings bank of this city suspended this morning. Capital \$130,000 liabilities \$800,000. It is said the president had been dabbling in oil. He has left the city.

NEW YORK, May 19.—W. B. Scott & Co., brokers have suspended. Sympathy extended to Donnell, Lawson & Simpson has induced them to submit a proposition to their creditors which will result in their resuming in a few days.

NEW YORK, May 19.—M. Morton, dealer in china, has failed for \$35,000. Wall street is quiet today.

FRETSBURG, Va., May 19.—There was a heavy run here today on all banks. The Planters & Mechanics bank has temporarily suspended. An attempt to resume will be made. It is believed the bank will be able to pay every cent.

LA PORTE, Ind., May 19.—The City Exchange bank made an assignment Saturday, owing to the failure of Donnell, Lawson & Simpson. Liabilities, \$36,000; assets, \$21,000.

Embarrassed Officials.

VALLEY CITY, Dak., May 19.—The board of county commissioners this afternoon instituted proceedings to remove County Treasurer Pease from office and have taken charge of the affairs of the office. Deputies in the office state their belief that Pease will not return.

LATER.

MINNEAPOLIS, May 19.—A. M. Pense, treasurer of Barnes county, Dakota, was here Saturday and to an old friend stated that he was in financial trouble and was on his way to the home of his parents in Iowa to get money to straighten out his difficulties. His parents are wealthy and everything will be done to make good the deficit, which was the result of bad speculations.

McCormick's Will.

CHICAGO, May 19.—The will of the late Cyrus H. McCormick was admitted to probate today. The estate is valued at \$10,000,000 and is divided in trust to his widow for five years, at the end of which time she is to receive one fifth and his three sons and two daughters the remainder. If either of the children marry before the expiration of the five years he or she is to receive \$100,000. The trustee is permitted to make such charitable donations as in her judgment the testator would make if alive.

On the Warpath.

WINNEPEG, MAN., May 19.—Chief Yellow Wolf and "Piapot" with a thousand followers moved today from Indian Head to Quappelle. They refuse to return to their reservation. Sixty mounted police with cannon have been ordered from Regina to try to intimidate the Indian. All quiet so far.

Wholesale Poisoning.

HARRIS, Ky., May 19.—Eighteen boys, after playing a game of base ball here today, started in search of wild persimmons, but got hold of a deadly hemlock instead. The boys ate freely and were all taken violently ill. Two died almost immediately and five are in a critical condition and not expected to live.

Fire at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, May 19.—Cincinnati Lead Pipe and Sheet Iron company's works burned this afternoon. Loss on stock \$50,000, insured. Loss on building \$10,000, insured. Mrs. Leib remaining in the fourth story was fatally burned.

Glendive Burglary.

GLENDIVE, Mont., May 19.—Last night Julius Walters' jewelry store was burglarized. The robbers obtained entrance by breaking the lock on the rear door. Three watches, including some dozen left for repairs, were taken, also six dozen rings of various prices. The arrest of the men and the recovery of the property is expected.

A Fearful Fire.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 19.—At Bazaar city, Asia Minor, nine hundred and fifty dwellings, five hundred and forty four warehouses and shops, eleven mosques, fifteen schools, nine khans and one hundred and forty six other buildings burned to day. Eleven persons perished.

TELEGRAPH TICKS.

Liverpool had a \$5,000 fire Saturday. Cotton factories.

At New Castle, Del., Saturday two criminals were publicly whipped.

Boats now in Duluth harbor take 517,000 bushels of wheat to Buffalo.

Buffalo Bill's combination of cow boys attracted an audience of over 8,000 at Chicago.

The seven-year-old son of Jacob Reed was drowned Saturday at Anoka, Minn., while fishing.

Brownlee, ex treasurer of Marion county Ind., arrested at Chicago, on a warrant of embezzlement to the amount of \$4,000.

Lord St. Leonard, arrested in London on a charge of assaulting the maid servant of his host, demands a trial by his peers.

Great enthusiasm in St. Petersburg over arrival in that city of Prince William. Streets decorated and everybody drunk with joy.

The ancient order of Hibernians' national convention at Cleveland, Ohio, adjourned Saturday to meet two years hence in St. Paul.

A double murder has been discovered in Nelson county, Ky. Two farmers found dead in a field, both shot. A man named Frezo suspected.

The import of specie at New York for the week is \$353,543. Since the first of January \$1,807,055, against \$612,181 during the same time last year.

The French ministry asks for a credit of 38,000,000 francs on account of the Tonquin expedition and 4,500,000 francs on account of the Madagascar.

A water spout Saturday washed out several miles of track on the Union Pacific near Leavenworth. A cattle train was wrecked and 70 head of cattle killed.