TULSA DAILY WORLD

OKLAHOMA'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER — LEASED WIRE ASSOCIATED PRESS

VOL. XIII, NO. 145. TULSA, OKLAHOMA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1919 12 PAGES PRICE 5 CENTS

NATIONS ACCEPT LEAGUE TO END WAR

ROAD MEASURE GOES TO SENATE

Upper House Committee Favorably Reports 50 Million Dollar Bill.

GOVERNOR TO NAME BODY

House Republicans Lose on Amendment to Have Patties Select Members.

FEARS FELT FOR ADOPTION

With Appointment Left to Robertson People May Refuse to Vote Funds.

World's Capital Bureau,
Shirvin Hotel.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Feb. 14.—The senate committee on roads and highways today reported favorably on the senate good roads measure providing for a $50,000,000 bond issue for construction and maintenance of the roads to be built under the program. Only minor changes were made in the measure by the senate subcommittee which revised the draft of the committee as a whole.

Immediate consideration is now expected and no doubt attempts may be made to alter the bill, but the forces of the administration are lined up for a fight to put through the bill in the form that is suitable to Governor Robertson.

By a strict party vote the republicans in the house lost their amendment to the proposed good roads measure providing for a $50,000,000 bond issue, requiring the names of the members of the commission to be selected by each of the political parties represented in the legislature. As the section of the bill providing for the commission now stands the governor will have the power to appoint two members from each party.

The good roads bill received the attention of both houses during the day to the exclusion of practically everything else. In the senate there appears to be an opinion prevailing among the representatives from the oil counties that the provision in the bill making five-sixths of the gross production oil tax applicable to this fund is unfair to them and a disposition is shown to protest that feature of the bill.

Amendments changing the original mapping of the proposed roads are about as numerous as there are legislators and it is the opinion of the old timers in the legislature that the bill will not finally pass before the middle of March.

Fear for Adoption.

Just what effect the power given the governor to name all members of the commission, empowered to spend the money, will have on the voters when the measure is finally submitted to them is coming in for considerable discussion. Friends of good roads, who are desirous of having the bill adopted by the people both democrats and republicans, are apprehensive of the measure carrying, giving as their reason that too great power is placed in the hands of one man, the governor.

TO GET AIRBRAKES BUT NO CONDUCTORS

Tulsa Street Railway Promises to Meet Part of the Demands of Kendall Residents.

Airbrakes will be put on the Kendall line street cars as soon as the equipment can be installed, but the company is not ready to promise that it will put conductors on these cars at present, a representative of the Tulsa Street Railway company told the members of the Kendall Civic club at a special meeting held Thursday night for the purpose of discussing the street car situation.

On account of the blizzard, which was at its worst at the hour set for the meeting, there was only about a dozen members of the club present. D. G. Elliott, president, said that another meeting would be called for one night next week when matters of interest to the residents of Kendall would be discussed.

LOUISIANA NEGRO LYNCHED FOR ASSAULT AND MURDER

SHREVEPORT, La., Feb. 14.—The body of Will Faulkner, negro, age 45 years, bullet riddled, cut and maimed, was found hanging to a tree about 10 miles north of here this afternoon at 2 o'clock by officers.

Earlier in the day, when the negro was arrested by Shreveport officers, he was identified by Miss Willie Jeter, 16 years old, as the man who she awakened this morning to find bending over her in an attempt to stifle her cries. A coroner's jury also decided that Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Owens, an aged couple, came to their death at the hands of Faulkner, after he had crushed their squills while they were asleep. The tragedy occurred at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Owens, where Miss Jeter, a niece of the couple, is residing, 10 miles from this city on the Douglass island plantation.

Ph 7184—JAMES STUDIO—Ph 8444 Commercial&Portrait Photographers

THE WEATHER.

TULSA, Feb. 14.—Maximum, 35; minimum, 29; northwest winds; cloudy; precipitation, .09 inch.

OKLAHOMA: Saturday and Sunday fair.

KANSAS: Generally fair Saturday and probably Sunday; warmer Sunday.

HIS EXAMPLE.

There are little eyes upon you, and
they're watching night and day;
There are little ears that quickly take
in every word you say;
There are little hands all eager to do
everything you do,
And a little boy that's dreaming of the
day he'll be like you.

You're the little fellow's idol, you're
the wisest of the wise
In his little mind about you no suspicions ever rise;
He believes in you devoutly, holds that
all you say and do,
He will say and do in your way when
he's grown up just like you.

Oh, it sometimes makes me shudder
when I hear my boy repeat
Some careless phrase I've uttered in
the language of the street;
And it sets my heart to grieving when
some little fault I see
And I know beyond all doubting that
he picked it up from me.

There's a wide-eyed little fellow who
believes you're always right,
And his ears are always open and he
watches day and night.
You are setting an example every day
in all you
For the little boy who's waiting to
grow up to be like you.

(Copyright, 1919, by Edgar A. Guest.)

Wire Briefs

PERSHING'S PRINCIPAL AIDE, COL. BOYD, DIES.

PARIS, Feb. 14.—Col. Carl Boyd, principal aide de camp to General Pershing, is dead, after an attack of pneumonia. His home was Adairsville, Ga., and for a number of years he was military attache of the American embassy here.

PAY OF ENLISTED MEN TO BE CUT.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—Pay of enlisted men in the army would be reduced to $15 a month after July [illegible] as the result of the elimination in the house today on a point of order of the provision in the annual army appropriation bill continuing the present salary of $[illegible] month.

WILSON LEAVES PARIS FOR HOME.

PARIS, Feb. 14.—President Wilson will leave Paris at 9:20 o'clock tonight, departing by way of the Invalides Station. President Poincare will be at the station to bid him good-bye.

ANTI-RED PLOT FOUND IN MOSCOW.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—Another "bolshevik" conspiracy has been discovered in Moscow, according to a Russian wireless dispatch received here today. The leaders, including Mlle. Maria Spiridonovo, have been arrested.

SITE FR MONUMENT OFFERED BY FRANCE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—France has offered to present to the United States the site for a monument on French soil to Americans who died "on the field of honor."

AMERICAN COMPANY THREATENED IN MEXICO.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—Rebel forces in Mexico have seriously threatened the American Smelting & Refining Co. at Matehuala, according to a dispatch today to the state department. Eight hundred government troops have been sent to the district.

REPUBLIC RESTORED IN NORTH PORTUGAL.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—The people of Oporto, supported by republican forces, have restored the republic in northern Portugal, according to a Lisbon dispatch received by the Portuguese legation. Pavia Couceiro, the royalist leader, has been arrested.

ARMY OFFICERS ARRESTED IN SAPULPA FOR FRAUDS

Special to The World.

SAPULPA, Okla., Feb. 14.—Lieut. Willis Dobren of Camp Grant, Ill., charged with defrauding soldiers on the promise of obtaining early discharge from military service, was arrested here today, according to local authorities.

SAVANNAH FIRE LOSS MILLIONS

Fertilizer Company and Terminals of Seaboard Air Line Burned.

BLAZE LASTS FOR 5 HOURS

Efforts of Firemen Hindered by Rosin Smoke and High Winds.

DAMAGE NOT FULLY PLACED

Rail Officials Unable to Make Accurate Statement; Cause Unknown.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Feb. 14.—Fed by large quantities of rosin and turpentine, fire late today destroyed the plant of the Southern Fertilizer and Chemelcal company and burned a swath three city blocks long and about 200 feet wide through the terminals of the Seaboard Air Line railroad on Hutchinson Island with a loss estimated in millions of dollars.

Cotton, naval stores, sugar, lumber and nitrate of soda, added to the intensity of the flames, which were gotten under control after five hours. The efforts of the firemen were hindered by a thick, suffocating smoke arising from burning rosin and turpentine, and by a wind which reached almost gale proportions.

The fire, the origin of which has not been determined, was discovered in the railroad terminal at 3 o'clock this afternoon and quickly spread to the fertilizer plant.

Railroad officials were unable tonight to estimate the loss to the terminals and materials stored there. More than 30 freight cars loaded with nitrate of soda and other fertilizer materials, were destroyed. The nitrate of soda burned was valued at $1,500,000.

The terminal is located across the Savannah river from the business section of the city.

OSAGE CATTLEMEN MEET AT PAWHUSKA

Leading Stock Raisers of County and State and Members of U. S. Dept. of Agriculture in Session.

PAWHUSKA, Feb. 14.—A meeting of the men interested in the cattle industry in Osage county held here today was well attended in spite of very bad weather. About 60 of the leading cattle men of the county were present, some of them coming many miles thorugh the storm, as well as cattle men from other sections of Oklahoma and from Texas, representatives of the stockyards and commission houses of Oklahoma City and Kansas City, and men from the United States department of agriculture. The meeting was held under the direction of the department of agriculture with a view to organizing the extensive cattle interests of the county. A tentative organization was effected and committees named to prepare a constitution at another meeting which will be called soon.

Following the general session with its discussions of the problems, departmental meetings were held for farm women, dairymen and cattle men. Some of those in attendance will be recognized as the biggest men connected with the cattle industry.

Among them were George McMullen of Kansas City, Colonel Wyness or Morris and Company, packers, John Swain of the Co-operative Live Stock Development association of Oklahoma City, Robert Johnson, M. M. Tate, John M. White, D. T. Meek and Doctor Nelson. The last three are field men of the United States department of agriculture, Mr. White being district agent. Mr. Meek live stock club agent for Oklahoma and Dr. Nelson representative of the bureau of animal industry. In the evening the visitors together with the local cattle men were entertained at the Elks' club in pioneer cowmen style.

Wilson Sails for Home Today on Steamer Geo. Washington

PARIS, Feb. 14.—President Wilson left Paris at 9:20 o'clock tonight, departing by way of the Invalides Station. President Poincare was at the station to bid him good-bye.

By The Associated Press.

BREST, Feb. 14.—Arrangements were complete this evening for the departure of President Wilson tomorrow. The steamer George Washington moved into the outer harbor this afternoon and all on board were awaiting the arrival of the president. The members of the fifth engineers and the 146th machine gun battalion looked over the railings of the vessel all day in the expectation that President Wilson might show up. A gift of china, presented by the city of Brest and its environs, was received aboard the vessel this afternoon.

Admiral Wilson's flagship, the New Mexico, lies ready for the voyage close to the George Washington. Both vessels are the last word in cleanliness.

The presidential party will be much reduced, the large staff of state department employes and numerous experts who came over with Mr. Wilson remaining in Paris.

The party will comprise President and Mrs. Wilson, David R. Francis, ambassador to Russia; white house employes, secret service men, the 300 soldiers who have formed the guard around the Murat residence, Congressman George White of Ohio, and P. D. Norton of North Dakota and representatives of three news associations. It will number 319 persons.

All the accommodations of the liner will be utilized, however, for not only will every cabin and stateroom be occupied but the vast hold will be filled with several thousand American soldiers who have seen service in France and who are going home to demobilization camps.

Is Guarantee of Peace Says Wilson to Conference.

14 NATIONS COMBINE

All Are Unanimous for Agreement President Announces.

IS PRACTICAL AND ELASTIC

Definite Results Are Achieved, He Says, in Reading Plan.

ANNEXATIONS ARE ENDED

Helpless People No Longer to Be Exploited as in Past.

PARIS, Feb. 14.—The plan for the creation of the league of nations which President Wilson will take with him to the United States will not be in condition to permit action by the United States senate until the treaty of peace is confirmed.

It is not expected there will be anything in the nature of a vote in the peace conference itself even at the last stage, the probable course being that those states which care to do so will give their adhesion to the project through notification to the secretariat. As soon as a sufficient number have done so the society of nations will come into being and begin to function.

PARIS, Feb. 14.—President Wilson was the central figure of the plenary peace conference today when in person he read the covenant establishing a league of nations.

There was added interest in the session, as it was the last gathering of the delegates prior to the president's departure as well as being the occasion of presenting the document with which his name is identified.

The president was received with miltary honors as he arrved at the foreign office and the large crowds which had congregated gave him a cordial welcome as he passed through. The delegates already were assembled when the president entered the council chamber.

There was little formality. Premier Clemenceau, who is president of the conference, called the conference to order and President Wilson arose and addressed the meeting.

"I have very great pleasure," said President Wilson as he began, "in presenting the report of the commission which has framed the constitution of the league of nations. I am particularly happy to be able to say it is a unanimous report, signed by the representatives of all the powers on the committee."

Reads Document.

President Wilson spoke earnestly but without oratorical effect. "The best report I can make," the president continued, "is to read the document itself."

Thereupon he read from a printed sheet the constitution of the league while the assembly followed his reading with the closest attention.

While the president was reading Mrs. Wilson accompanied by the president's naval aide, was escorted to a place back of the delegates' table.

The reading continued for 35 minutes without interruption or applause. As he closed the president laid aside the document and spoke of what had been accomplished. The deliberations of the commission had been most instructive and throughout the proceedings there was an undertone of enthusiasm in the great work being accomplished, he said.

The results, said President Wilson, embodied the judgment of 14 nations represented on the commission and these 14 nations were a representative group of the conference itself, the United States, Great Britain, France, Italy, Japan, Belgium, Brazil, China, Czecho-Slovakia, Greece, Poland, Portugal, Rumania and Serbia.

"This is a union of will in a common purpose," the president proceeded. "It is a union which can not be resisted, and I dare say, one which no nation will attempt to resist."

Elastic and Definite.

The president pointed out that the document was no "straight-jacket." It was elastic and not a vehicle of might, he said. It was yet to be developed and as yet care should be taken as to the clothes put on it. While elastic, yet it was definite.

"It is definite," continued President Wilson, "as a guarantee of peace. It is definite as a guarantee against aggression. It is definite against a renewal of such a cataclysm as has just shaken civilization. The president spoke with especial emphasis as he referred to the wrongs committed against helpless peoples.

"There is one especially notable feature in this document," he said. "We are done with annexations of helpless peoples, at times accomplished in the past for the purpose of the exploiting of these peoples. In this document we recognize that these helpless communities are first to be helped and developed and that their own interests and well being shall come before any material ad-

CONTINUED ON PAGE TEN.

This Body Formulates League of Nations

Above, left to right—Leon Bourgeoise, Col. E. M. House and Premier Orlando of Italy. Below, left to right—Viscount Chinda, Japan; Lord Robert Cecil, England; President Wilson and Gen. Jan Christian Smuts, representing Great Britain. Another member not shown here is Andre Tardieu, representing France.

PARIS, Feb. 14.—Now that the project for the creation of a league of nations, which was the principal object of the gatherings of representatives of most of the states which are not in arms against the entente, has been successfully launched, it may be proper to tell some of the difficulties encountered and to indicate the status of some of the great issues remaining to be adjusted by the peatce conference.

In fact, it was only within the last week that the difficulties facing the league of nations was overcome, although with some misgiving, it is true. The doubting nations were induced to try the experiment of relying upon the honor and common interest of the other nations to insure the success of the project. Then there was the difference over the question of mandatories for backward peoples. Rather heated arguments developed at times, but these differences also were adjusted with unanimity in the end.

PROVISION IS MADE FOR SAPULPA OFFICE

Appropriation Bill Is Favorably Reported Providing for New Structure in Neighbor City.

AMOUNT PUT AT $115,000

Vinita, Okmulgee and Other Oklahoma Towns to Get Public Buildings Under Proposed Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—The annual public buildings appropriation bill carrying $50,000,000 for construction of postoffices and other public structures, and for the purchase of the sites, was ordered favorably reported today by the house public buildings committee. The measure will be presented to the house tomorow or Monday.

The largest item in the bill is a $4,250,000 appropriation for purchase of a site for a new postoffice building in Chicago, which, with previous appropriations brings the total amount to $6,000,000.

Boston would receive $3,500,000 for a new postoffice building; Dallas $1,250,000 and Oakland, Cal., $1,000,000.

Other large appropriations for public buildings included in the bill are: Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands, $500,000; Butte, Mont., $275,000; Missoula, Mont., $160,000; Reno, Nev., $120,000; San Antonio, Texas, $250,000; Sioux City, Iowa, $360,000; Lewiston, Mont., $175,000; Little Rock, Ark., $950,000; New Orleans (quarantine station), $600,000; Sapulpa, Okla., $115,000; Seattle, Wash., (immigration station), $275,000; Vinita, Okla., $150,000; Okmulgee, Okla., $145,000; Montrose, Colo., $350,000, and Brownsville, Texas, $305,000.

Bird McGuire at City Club.

Bird McGuire will talk on "Federal Control of Railroads" at the City club luncheon which will be held at noon today in the coffee room of Hotel Tulsa.

Reports of Rumanian Rebellion Are Given But Little Credence

LONDON, Feb. 14.—Reports of a rebellion in Rumania have been current for nearly a month, with varying details, but all have emanated from German or Austrian sources and have not been confirmed by advices from disinterested points. The Rumanian legation here knows nothing of any outbreak and does not attach any importance to reports received yesterday from Berlin.

The legation, however, says that it has known for many months that German and Russian bolsheviks, amply supplied with money, have been working in Rumania, trying to bring about anarchy and the deposition of the dynasty.

Dr. Kendall Demands $100,000 of Capital Paper, Says Report

World's Capital Bureau,
Shirvin Hotel.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Feb. 14.—It is reported that Dr. W. L. Kendall, head of the institute for feeble-minded at Enid, has brought an action for damages to the amount of $100,000 against the Oklahoma Publishing company, owners of the Oklahoma City Times, growing out of the report of the conditions alleged to exist at that institute as published in the Times.

INMATES OF STATE'S REFORMATORY STARVE

Revelation of Oklahoma City Times Show Conditions Quite As Bad There As At Girls' Home.

ALLEGE BRUTAL TREATMENT

Report Says Horrible Treatment Is Given; Financial Discrepancy Also Alluded To.

World's Capital Bureau,
Shirvin Hotel.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Feb. 14.—According to a copyrighted report in the Oklahoma City Times of today conditions at the Granite reformatory are about equal to those found at the girls industrial home. Not only are the convicts on a starving ration but every animal owned by the state except some cattle running on volunteer wheat, is starving, it is said. More than one hundred head of hogs have starved to death through neglect, it is said.

Of the $84,000 appropriated for maintenance of the institution for the year ending June 30, says the report, less than $2,200 remains. The estimated amount sufficient to keep a convict for one year is placed at $237 by Boone Williams, the warden. At this rate, it is claimed, less than $53,000 was needed to feed the convicts housed there for a year. Brutal treatment is also alleged.

New Matron Discharges Girls' Home Watchman

World's Capital Bureau,
Shirvin Hotel.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Feb. 14.—C. D. Spencer, the former Chandler police officer who was hired as watchman at the state industrial home for girls after the recent exposure of conditions at that institution, has been discharged by the new matron, Mrs. W. E. Conkling. Mrs. Conkling did not give her reason in exercising this right given her by the governor, but promised to tell later.

HITCHCOCK EXPRESSES APPROVAL OF LEAGUE

Chairman of Foreign Relations Committee Is "Favorably Impressed" With Proposal.

OTHERS REFUSE TO TALK

Members of Congress Study Plan With View to Giving Their Views Later On.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska, chairman of the senate foreign relations committee, in a formal statement tonight, said the proposed constitution of the league of nations impressed him "very favorably." He declared that it was "not the monster that those who have attacked the plan predicted," nor was it "the helpless sewing circle that one sneering critic predicted it might be."

Aside from Senator Hitchcock, senators declined to make formal comment until they had studied it.

The plan was read with the greatest interest, and there was evidence that there would be free discussion in the senate beginning within a day or two.

Senator Hitchcock in his statement said control of the executive council, to which would be entrusted the real power of the league, would always be in the hands of the United States, Great Britain, France, Italy and Japan. This element of permanency and strength in the executive council, he said, is "a highly important feature."

In neither senate nor house was there any comment today. The articles dealing with arbitration and disarmament were read on the house floor during consideration of the army aviation bill by Representative Harrison of Mississippi, democrat, and were greeted with scattering applause, but without any marked demonstration or subsequent debate.

Several senators said they expected soon to speak on the plan.

From the animated private discussion it appeared that the question of enforcement of the league's decrees was of principal interest. From a cursory reading of the draft several of those who have followed the proceedings in Paris most closely thought the provision for economic pressure by league members was the principal force as a war preventative.

Two Million Seized in Counterfeit Raid by New Orleans Police

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 14.—Nearly $2,000,000 in counterfeit gold and silver certificates ranging in denominations of from $100 to $1,000, was seized by the police today in a raid on a richly furnished apartment in Governor Nicholls street. Several wealthy visitors from Sacramento, Cal., Chicago and other cities, had lodged complaints that they had lost large sums at the apartment through a bogus race betting scheme.

Draft Provides for Arbitration of Disputes.

TO ENFORCE FINDINGS

Economic and Financial Measures May Be Employed.

ARMAMENTS TO BE LIMITED

Executive Council Shall Determine Extents of Armed Force.

MUST REPORT ALL TREATIES

No Agreement Binding Unless Registered; Bureau for Labor.

PARIS, Feb. 14.—The executive council of the proposed league of nations, as outlined in the covenant read by President Wilson today will consist of representatives of the United States, Great Britain, France, Italy, and Japan, together with representatives of four other states.

The council shall meet as often as is necessary, but at least once a year at whatever place may be designated. Any matter within the sphere of action of the league or affecting the peace of the world will be dealt with.

The president of the United States shall summon the first meeting of the body of the delegates and the executive council. The league will have a secretariat under the direction of a secretary general, who shall appoint the other members. The secretary-general shall act in that capacity at all meetings.

The representatives of the high contracting parties and the officials of the league shall have diplomatic privileges and immunity. The building occupied by the league or its officials shall enjoy extra territorial benefits.

The admission of states not signatory to the covenant shall be with the assent of not less than two-thirds of the states represented in the body of delegates and shall be limited to fully self-governing countries.

No state shall be admitted unless it gives effective guarantees to observe international obligations and unless it shall conform to conditions prescribed by the league in regard to its naval and military forces and armament.

The high contracting parties undertake to respect and preserve the territorial integrity and political independence of all states members of the league against external aggression. In case of any such aggression or any threat of danger of such aggression the executive council shall advise upon the means by which the obligations of the members shall be fulfilled.

The high contracting parties reserve the right to take any action to safeguard the peace of nations in the case of war or threat of war. In the case of disputes arising between them which diplomacy cannot adjust, the high contracting parties will not resort to war without submitting to arbitration or to an inquiry by the executive council and until three months after action by the arbitrators or the executive council. The executive council shall formulate plans for the establishment of a permanent court of international justice.

Concerning armaments, the covenant says that the maintenance of peace will require the reduction of national armaments to the lowest point consistent with national safety and the enforcement of international obligations by common action, the geographical situations and circumstances of the various states being taken into account.

The executive council shall fix the extent of armaments and these shall not be exceeded without the permission of the council.

It is agreed that the private manufacture of munitions and implements of war "lends itself to grave objections." The executive council is directed to give advice on the abatement of this evil.

The contracting parties undertake not to conceal their ability to produce munitions and armaments and agree on a full interchange of information as to military and naval programs.

Article XVI provides that if any party breaks or disregards its covenants under article XII, which provides for arbitration or inquiry by the executive council, it shall be deemed to have committed an act of war against all the other members who will take economic and financial measures against it. These measures will refer both to members of the league and those who are not members.

In such a case it will be the duty of the executive council to recommend the amount of naval and military

CONTINUED ON PAGE TWO.

AMERICAN AVIATORS GET 374 AWARDS FOR SERVICE

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—Officers and the units of the American air service have received a total of 374 awards and citations, including the American distinguished service cross and various French, British and Italian decorations.

A supplementary list received from France and made public by the war department today, shows additional citations of five American squadrons, the Lafayette, the 17th and the 14th which served with the British, and the 90th and 99th.