RELIABILITY — CHARACTER — ENTERPRISE

THE SUNDAY

OKLAHOMA'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

Let's Go! July 10th

TULSA DAILY WORLD

FINAL Edition 4 o'Clock A. M.

VOL. XIII, NO. 263. TULSA DAILY WORLD, SUNDAY, JUNE 15, 1919. FORTY PAGES IN TWO SECTIONS PRICE 5 CENTS

NO MESSAGE RECEIVED FROM FLYERS

ELECTRICAL MEN CALL OFF STRIKE

Burleson Issues Order to Recognize Right of Collective Bargaining.

RAIL TELEGRAPHERS QUIT

Refuse to Accept Commercial Business Over Road Wires Affects W. U.

COMPANIES DENY CLAIMS

Assert New Move Not to Interfere With Normal Wire Traffic.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 14.—Notice to the effect that Postmaster General Burleson had issued an order granting the employes of telephone companies the right to bargain individually or collectively and to organize or affiliate with organizations in order to serve their interests, was received tonight by Secretary Charles P. Ford of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers. Mr. Ford said that the order calling off the strike would be sent out Monday from union headquarters here.

BURLESON ISSUES RECOGNITION ORDER.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—Orders calling off the threatened strike Monday of electrical workers were issued tonight by J. P. Noonan, acting international president of the electrical workers union, after issuance of orders by Postmaster General Burleson granting employes of telephone companies the right to bargain collectively.

COUNTER CLAIMS ARE STILL MADE.

CHICAGO, June 14.—With officials of the commercial telegraph companies claiming that the order to railroad telegraphers to discontinue handling business caused virtually no inconvenience, strike leaders tonight asserted that telegraphic communication with "some 23,000 towns and cities had been paralyzed."

Officials of the Commercial Telegraphers Union of America, who are directing the nationwide strike of commercial operators, claimed that the small amount of Western Union telegrams moved over railroad wires had suffered delays of six to eight hours.

They further claimed their reports showed great congestion of commercial business at points that relay over railroad wires.

Orders Observed.

The headquarters of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers in St. Louis also announced that reports indicated that order to refuse commercial business had been carried out by the rank and members of that organization.

Postal Telegraph company officials stated that the order did not affect that company, which transmits only a small part of its business over railroad wires.

Officers of the Association of Western Union Employes, a company union, said their reports showed that the railroad operators had, with few exceptions, failed to follow the instructions of their union leaders.

Claims and counter-claims as to the extent of the strike were made. The commercial companies announced that they were accepting business without restrictions as to delivery and operating on a normal basis.

Claims 22,000 Out.

S. J. Konenkamp, international president of the C. T. U. A. who are striking for the "right of collective bargaining" and for certain wage adjustments, placed the number of strikers at not fewer than 22,000. He asserted that the strike is "spreading hourly" and that the tie-up will be complete early next week. A referendum is being taken among operators of the workers' division to determine whether they shall join the strike in sympathy, it was announced.

Strikers Want Same Thing.

Calling off of the electrical workers strike, which had been set for Monday, following an order issued by Postmaster General Burleson, permitting telephone employes the right to bargain with their employers and to organize, will only lend encouragement to the striking commercial telegraphers, Konenkamp asserted tonight.

"The commercial telegraphers are virtually fighting for the same things that have been conceded to the telephone workers," he said. "If this order is to be confined to the telephone companies and not extended to the telegraphers, it would be a case of creating one labor policy for the telephone companies under government control and another for the telegraph companies. The results at Washington will not change our situation except to lend encouragement to the men on the strike."

Daniels Honors Physicians.

BALTIMORE, Md., June 14th.—Addressing the graduates of the University of Maryland at commencement exercises today, Secretary Daniels paid high tribute to the work of physicians and surgeons in the war and compared those who battled wars cannot be prevented to those who scoffed at the typhoid inoculation.

Campaign to Give Tulsa Good Water Is Organized

Misrepresentation of Facts With Lies Are Chief Page Weapons

John Woodard did not say that the bond issue for water would make taxes lower. No one heard him discuss the matter of taxes understood him to say that. The Page organs merely lied about the matter. Page and his puppets and his hirelings don't want the people to know the truth and that is why the Page organs didn't carry a report of the mass meeting Friday night.

Mr. Woodard said that the tax rate in 1919 will be lower than at present, even with the water bond issue. He didn't say that the voting of a bond issue would lower taxes but that the increased valuation of Tulsa due to the normal growth since the last assessments were made will reduce the present tax rate so that even with the additional tax, due to the bonds, the rate in 1919 will be lower than the present assessment.

The tax is made today on a valuation of $39,000,000. The present valuation is in excess of $60,000,000. Reports from the office of the county assessor indicate that the valuation before the next assessments are made will be between $60,000,000 and $70,000,000. But taking the lowest figure, which is not questioned, there is an increase of more than 25 per cent in the valuation. An increased valuation is bound to lower the tax in an inverse ratio and if the valuation is increased 25 per cent the tax must necessarily decrease 25 per cent.

The present tax on a $5,000 property is $217. This cannot be disputed. A 9 mill tax will cover the $458,000 necessary for the interest and sinking fund on the bonds. On a $5,000 valuation this would be $45 a year that the taxpayer must give for good water. But the increased valuation of the total city property, which is 25 per cent, decreased the tax on the original $217 a total of $54, which is $9 more than the increase due to the bonds.

These figures are correct and can be verified. They show that even with a water bond issue Tulsa will not pay any more taxes than she is paying today.

Chairman Steger Selects Committee to Give Facts.

MEETS MONDAY NIGHT

Body Will Gather to Begin Active Educational Campaign.

GREATER TULSA IS SLOGAN

City's Name and Water Are Coupled to Guide Workers.

CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE FOR WATER AND GREATER TULSA

T. D. Evans
J. D. Adkinson
J. B. Meserve
W. W. Stuckey
J. D. Porter
Ed Crossland
Pete Joyce
Phil Kates
Berry Griffith
D. F. Conally
G. R. McCullough
Maj. A. J. Niles
H. H. Hagan
Wm. McCullough
Lon Dent
A. M. Welch
I. G. Long
I. G. Rosser
A. D. Young
J. A. McKeever
Ray Short
C. O. Baker
D. C. Rose
H. W. Kiskaddon
B. A. Hooper
Max Madansky
J. A. Oliphant
M. C. Hale
L. E. Abbott
Dr. T. A. Penny
J. H. McBirney
F. M. Wooden
Roy R. Getman
Dan Hunt
Paul Galloway
W. E. Norvell
C. A. Steele
A. E. Aaronson
Ralph Talbot
J. W. Tidwell
A. A. Hatch
Frank S. Gray
J. R. Hadley
Simon Malkowsky
R. M. Purdy
Harvey Young
R. J. McCune
E. L. Fairbanks
G. E. Black
Geo. B. Stanley
Chas. B. Rogers
H. F. Aby
L. K. Cone
Nat. Ligon
J. B. Menkes
Rev. J. W. Abel
Rev. C. V. Kling
Bill Stout
Jno. Rainey
Arthur Newlin
Glenn Condon
Pete Wormington
M. Wasserman
Fred Shaw
Roy Garbett
E. S. Worthington
Frank H. Greer
Arlie J. Cripe
Jno. R. Woodard
Earl Sneed
Dr. A. L. Odell
Geo. Byard
Gerald Gahan
J. W. Dodge
Dr. E. A. Spitz
Byron S. Brown
Harry Kinsley
Frank Gosin
Sam Mayes
Pat Veasy
Harry McCann
Bert Tilton
R. L. Davidson
J. E. Crosbie
J. M. Berry
R. M. McFarlin
H. G. Barnard
Harry H. Rogers
E. P. Harwell
E. Constantin
Pat Malloy
Flint Moss
Judge Ralph E. Campbell
M. A. Breckinridge
Dr. S. G. Kennedy
Dr. F. S. Clinton
W. E. Brown
W. L. Kistler
Maj. C. F. Hopkins
Carl Magee
Lee Clinton
W. L. Lewis
Clark Field
Geo. S. Berry
Dan J. Davisson
Theo. Cox
Ed Warren
H. C. Jacobus
J. Burr Gibbons
Ralph A. Wood
Lee L. Levering
H. O. McClure
C. A. Mayo
Cyrus S. Avery
Alf G. Heggem
W. A. Vandever
James A. Veasy
Thomas Harris
Tex Harris
Oakley Thomas
Rex S. Walker
William Viner
Jack Slaughter
M. J. McNulty
F. M. Bohn
H. E. Newblock
R. E. Curran
Dan M. Setser
D. A. Mullen
P. D. Seward
Richard Gray
S. C. Clover
C. H. Terwilleger
W. A. Reynolds
T. J. Hartman
Harry E. Bagby
J. C. Letcher
Lee Kunsman
J. W. Sanders
J. S. Davenport
Albert H. Bell
A. V. Davenport
W. Lyle Dickey
Harry C. Ashby
C. F. Robertson
Fred W. Insull
Mark E. Davis
A. E. Duran
Al Brown
Dr. J. M. Temples
J. J. Desharfe
J. W. Woodford
Frank Haskell

Tulsa's good water army will be mobilized this week and from this time henceforth until the results of the bond election are announced on the night of July 10, this army will keep busy advising citizens with facts and figures in regard to the issues which are up for determination. The campaign slogan is "For Greater Tulsa and Good Water."

W. C. Steger, chairman of the campaign committee, last night announced the committee which will direct the educational campaign in behalf of the bonds. A more representative committee could not be chosen. Every profession, every branch of industry, every classification of mercantile activity is represented on it. And every man whose name appears on the committee list is enthusiastically in favor of the bond issue.

Chairman Steger has called a meeting of the committee for 8:30 o'clock tomorrow night in the chamber of commerce auditorium. At this meeting the committeemen will be made familiar with the provisions of the bond plan and furnished with facts and figures with which to enlighten those who have been ill-advised, either premeditatedly or through lack of information in regard to the real issue. Mr. Steger said last night that the presence of every man who has been designated a member of the committee is urgently needed at the meeting.

The bond organization was perfected at a meeting yesterday morn-

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WIRE BRIEFS

HOHENZOLLERN AND SON TO RETURN TO GERMANY

LONDON, June 14.—The former German emperor and the former crown prince will return to Germany as soon as the peace treaty is signed, according to a well informed German source in Amsterdam quoted in a wireless press dispatch.

OKLAHOMA TROOPS REACH NEWPORT NEWS

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., June 14. The transports Buford and W. A. Luckenbach arrived today with 2,500 officers and men, most of whom are from Texas, Oklahoma, North Carolina and Tennessee.

VILLA SAYS HE LEADS REVOLUTIONARY FORCES

HEADQUARTERS OF GENERAL VILLA, June 14.—Gen. Francisco Villa this afternoon stated to the correspondent of the Associated Press that he was in supreme command of all revolutionary forces in northern Mexico.

GUARDS WATCH FOR BOMBERS.

PATERSON, N. J., June 14.—Acting, it was said, under a warning from William J. Flynn, chief of the bureau of investigation of the department of justice, that bomb outrages might be expected tonight throughout the country, Chief of Police John Tracey tonight ordered out special guards to protect public buildings and homes of prominent citizens.

KILL 108 MEN IN BUDAPEST STRIKE.

By The Associated Press

BUDAPEST, Friday, June 13.—During an attempt to put down a strike near Sombarhock, western Hungary, 108 railway men were killed. The strike is continuing.

Carranza Will Not Be Candidate Again Son-in-Law Declares

WASHINGTON, June 14.—President Carranza of Mexico will not be a candidate for re-election, and under no conditions will he continue in office after the expiration of his present term.

This statement as to Carranza's political intention was made today in an authorized statement by his son-in-law, General Candido Aguilar, governor of the state of Vera Cruz, who was sent to his country on a confidential mission.

General Aguilar declared the Mexican government was doing its utmost to put down revolutionary movements along the border and blamed certain unscrupulous dealers of this country who have no objections to delivering to Villa munitions and equipment in exchange for mustels and cattle stolen.

LABOR DEMANDS BEER AND WINE

Congress Is Told Tranquility of Working Classes Is Threatened.

GOMPERS JOINS IN APPEAL

Federation President Speaks at Demonstration and Expresses Fears.

WOMEN IN DEMONSTRATION

Californian Says It Will Take Her Sex to "Put Across" Liberty.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—Organized labor, bringing to congress today in a public demonstration its protest against prohibition of beer and wine, gave warning that the tranquility of the working classes might be seriously menaced by enforcement of the wartime prohibition law.

Samuel Gompers, head of the American Federation of Labor, said he was "apprehensive of results, fearing labor would not adjust itself to the new conditions."

While declaring labor leaders would do everything they could to control the situation, he was unable to say "what individuals will do."

Strikes at Liberty.

In a three-hour meeting on the eastern steps of the capitol, other advocates of wine and beer prohibition repeal protested that the provision was striking at the personal liberty of the masses and was taking from millions of workers an accustomed part of their daily food.

A crowd of several thousand, said by labor officials to represent union men in every state, came by special trains for the Flag day protest meeting and cheered declarations that the people never had been given an opportunity to express themselves on prohibition. Applause also greeted every prediction that the ban on beer and wine would increase unrest among the masses.

Three representatives, John P. Fitzgerald of Boston and Adolph J. Sabath and John W. Rainey of Chicago, all democrats, addressed the meeting, predicting that if congress did not modify the July 1 law, President Wilson would do so by proclamation. They agreed there was little prospect congress would act.

Gompers at Hearing.

It was at a hearing before the senate judiciary committee that Mr. Gompers expressed apprehension over the outlook. He told the committee it was his opinion, from a long knowledge of the habits and thoughts of the workers, "that nothing could be done by congress so prejudicial to the peace and tranquillity of the masses as the absolute prohibition law." He asked that the beer provision be modified only to permit sale of the beverage when containing not more than 2¾ per cent of alcohol.

Later, speaking at the capitol meeting the federation president said prohibition would affect the richer and poorer classes in a vastly different way, the laborer being unable to store his cellar for future use. It was an unjust discrimination, he protested.

The working people, he asserted, were not asking for intoxicants, because the honest workman did not want them, but were only pleading for "a fair opportunity to live our whole lives."

Women Join Appeal.

Although union officials previously had estimated more than 100,000 workers would take part in the protest, the crowd did not fill the capitol plaza. Among them were more than 100 women of the anti-prohibition league, organized in Baltimore and led by Mrs. E. Rooney of San Francisco, who threw the meeting into a momentary tumult by mounting the speaker's table and shouting that it would take a woman to "put across" personal liberty in the United States.

HOWARD WILL MAKE NEW FIGHT FOR STATE FUNDS

World's Washington Bureau,
Post Building.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—Congressman Howard today announced that he would attempt to get his bills providing appropriations for Oklahoma federal buildings included in the omnibus building bill which the house committee on public buildings will draw.

The appropriations asked by Howard are Bartlesville $200,000 and Vinita, Nowata and Miami $150,000 each. Mr. Howard also said that when the rail return bill comes up in the house he will move to reinsert the provision knocked out by the senate denying railroad commissioners jurisdiction in making interstate rates.

THE WEATHER

TULSA, Okla., June 14.—Maximum 84, minimum 69, south winds, partly cloudy.

OKLAHOMA: Sunday and Monday partly cloudy, probably scattered showers.

EAST TEXAS: Sunday scattered showers; Monday cloudy.

WEST TEXAS: Sunday and Monday partly cloudy, probably showers in eastern portion.

LOUISIANA: Sunday cloudy, showers in south portion; Monday cloudy.

ARKANSAS: Sunday and Monday partly cloudy in south.

KANSAS: Generally fair Sunday and Monday; warmer Sunday.

California Declares for Him

United States Senator Hiram W. Johnson.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 14.—A resolution recommending to the republican national convention that it nominate U. S. Senator Hiram W. Johnson for president of the United States was adopted at a special conference here today for all branches of the republican party in Johnson's behalf.

Answer Foe Monday; Germans Are Getting Ready to Sign Treaty

PARIS, June 14.—The council of four finished its labors today on the reply to the Germans, which will go to Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau Monday. The last day permitted them for acceptance or rejection of the treaty is June 21.

The changes in the text of the treaty will not be communicated in a preliminary way to the smaller powers of the inter-allied conference. The council of four, however, received this afternoon the delegates of Poland and Czecho-Slovakia as the two smaller states chiefly interested and outlined to them the council's determinations.

Belgium, for some reason, was not represented.

The communication will consist of a letter of transmission of about 4,500 words, explaining in detail the motives of the council and giving a detailed statement of all changes made in the original draft.

It is doubtful whether the complete new text will be in print in time to be handed to the Germans.

The five days period accorded the Germans includes the three days notification required for the denunciation of the armistice.

The leading German statesmen have abandoned their earlier attitude of uncompromising refusal to sign the terms unless radically altered, and are now saying, instead of "we won't sign, unless" the far milder and more reasonable "we will sign——"

Reports received confidentially from Berlin are more optimistic.

The council of four has not granted all the concessions the Germans have suggested but perhaps have gone far enough to make it possible for the Germans to climb down gracefully and accept such concessions as they have obtained.

BASEL, June 14.—The ministers of all the German states have been summoned by telegraph to Weimar to jointly consider the German answer to the allies.

FLAG DAY EXERCISES AT ELKS LODGE TODAY

Local Elks will celebrate Flag day this afternoon at 3 o'clock with special exercises in their lodge rooms. The program, which is an annual custom of the local lodge, will be open to the public and a special invitation is extended to all former service men.

The complete program is given below:

Star-Spangled Banner—Elks orchestra.
Introductory Exercises—Exalted Ruler J. C. Letcher and officers.
Prayer—Rabbi J. B. Menkes.
Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean—Mrs. J. H. Mugge.
Flag Record—M. A. Breckinridge.
Altar Service—Esquire and officers.
Auld Lang Syne—Officers and members.
Elks' Tribute to the Flag—Lee Daniel.
Southern Airs, Maryland, My Old Kentucky Home, Dixie.
Recitation—Marjorie Corrigan.
Patriotic Address—K. K. Robinett.
Amazing Audience.

WANT ESPIONAGE ACT AS PERMANENT LAW

Senate Committee Investigating Lawlessness Completes Report After Long Investigation.

SUBMIT FINDINGS MONDAY

Recommendations Will Then Be Offered to Upper Branch; Favor Strict Measures.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—Radicalism, lawlessness and violence in America and bolshevism as exemplified by soviet rule in Russia were denounced in a report made public today by the senate judiciary subcommittee which made an exhaustive investigation of these and other subjects during the last session of congress. The report will be presented to the senate Monday.

Recommendations by the sub-committee for legislation included:

A permanent law similar to the wartime espionage act designed to control "forces of anarchy and violence," and "adequately protect our national sovereignty and our established institutions."

Strict regulations of the manufacture, distribution and possession of high explosives.

Regulation of "mushroom organizations" and special interests which propagate "notions of government, sociology, benevolence, or what not."

Control and regulation of foreign language publications.

More specific identification of newspaper interests, by amendment and broadening of the law requiring publishers to report their ownership, editors, creditors, circulation and other facts to the postoffice department.

Strengthening of the corrupt practices act regarding political contributions, existing state and federal laws being declared "entirely inadequate to meet present-day political methods."

The report comprised nearly 25,000 words and was signed by the full subcommittee, Senators Overman, North Carolina, chairman; King, Utah and Wolcott, Delaware, democrats, and Nelson, Minnesota, and Sterling, South Dakota, republicans. Broadly the report dealt with three main subjects, investigation of which was ordered by the senate last session, pro-German propaganda both before and after the United States entered the war, and the political activities of the brewery and liquor interests.

Activities of German agents and sympathizers and of the liquor interests were severely arraigned, but the committee made no specific recommendations other than those relating to better identification of newspaper interests and the strengthening of the corrupt practices act.

In a general statement prefacing its legislative recommendations, the committee said its investigation disclosed "certain well defined abuses prejudicial to the best interests of the nation and calculated to undermine and destroy our form of government."

Storm Warning Given.

NEW ORLEANS, La., June 14.—The local weather bureau tonight ordered northeast storm warnings for the Texas coast from Port Arthur to Velasco. The warning said the disturbance would probably move northward and cause strong to moderate gales tonight and Sunday.

Six Hours Elapse Without Word From Captain Alcock.

START ACROSS OCEAN

Britishers Make Second Non-Stop Attempt to Span Atlantic.

ESCAPE NARROW IN HOP-OFF

Houses Barely Missed as Airmen Leave Newfoundland for Ireland.

ROUTE IS WELL GUARDED

All Ships Are Warned to Be on Lookout and to Give Help.

ST. JOHN'S, Newfoundland, June 14.—At midnight, local time, the admiralty wireless station here had received no report concerning the Vickers-Vimy bomber, piloted by Capt. Jack Alcock and Lieut. Arthur Whitten Brown, which hopped off for Ireland at 1:43 today, St. John's time.

When the steamer Digby reported she had been unable either to sight or get into communication with the daring fliers, concern for their safety began to manifest itself.

The more optimistic theory advanced was that their radio equipment had failed, but it was feared in some quarters that the gallant crew had come to grief.

Two radio stations, one at Cape Race and the other at St. Johns are maintaining a ceaseless vigil at the direction of the British admiralty.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., June 14.—No message from the Vickers-Vimy bombing plane, which hopped off today for Ireland, was picked up by the steamer Digby, which arrived here tonight from Liverpool. The steamer's crew kept close lookout for the plane, which was due to have passed within sight of the ship.

ST. JOHNS, N. L., June 14.—Six hours after the Vickers-Vimy biplane piloted by Captain Jack Alcock had sped out to sea, the admiralty wireless station here had received no word to indicate its progress, although the machine had been within range of the steamships Digby, Mackay-Bennett and Sachem.

ST. JOHNS, June 14.—Great Britain's second attempt to span the Atlantic in a non-stop air flight began at 4:13 o'clock this afternoon, Greenwich time when Captain Jack Alcock and Lieutenant Arthur Whitter Brown, both veterans of the British aviation service, "hopped off" in a Vickers-Vimy bombing biplane bound for the Irish coast.

Loaded to her capacity with fuel the plane narrowly escaped the recent fate of Raynham's Martinsyde machine which was wrecked at the start of its attempt. As the Vimy spun westward to Conception bay, a difficult struggle for altitude, she barely missed houses, trees and hills but continued to climb until over the bay, where she swung about, and straightened out for a return flight over her airdrome. Passing the signal station overlooking this harbor she had reached an altitude of 1,000 feet and was off on her great adventure. Three minutes later she had passed out of sight of the signal station for Ireland. Fog was reported to be prevailing off the Atlantic coast.

No Word Received.

During the first three hours of her flight no word came back from her by wireless, but this was thought to be due either to the fact that Lieutenant Brown, the navigator, must be busy with his work, or that the radio transmitter had failed. From London came the word that the British air ministry had warned all ships on the plane's trans-Atlantic route to watch for her and give her all directional assistance possible.

News of her departure also was sent broadcast to all ships by wireless from Cape Grace, and was relayed from vessel to vessel across the Atlantic.

The Vickers-Vimy machine has a wing spread of only 67 feet, and is equipped with two 350-horsepower Rolls-Royce motors said to be capable of developing a speed of more than 100 miles an hour. The ca-

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New York Life Insurance Co.

Assets Almost a Billion

Agents

Farmer & Duran

203 Palace Bldg. Phone 151

JUAREZ BATTLE BEGUN BY VILLA

First Shots Against Rebels Are Fired by Mexican Federals at 7:55.

CITY TROWN INTO PANIC

Citizens Flee Either to the American Line or Other Refuge for Safety.

AMERICANS GUARD BRIDGE

Take Charge of U. S. End of International Passageway for Protection.

EL PASO, June 15.—(12:15 a. m.)—A general attack on Juarez has begun. Heavy firing can be heard in El Paso.

By The Associated Press.

IN THE FIELD WITH GENERAL ANGELES, NEAR JUAREZ, June 4.—General Angeles stated to The Asociated Press today that Villa, as supreme commander of the rebel forces, ordered the attack on Juarez and not himself, adding that he wished the people of the United States and Mexico to know this fact.

JUAREZ, June 14.—The first shots from Fort Hidalgo were fired against the approaching Villa army at 7:55 p. m. At 8 o'clock the city was in a panic, everyone fleeing either toward the American side or to other places of safety.

Colonel J. G. Escobar, second in command of the federal garrison, at 9 o'clock said the rebels were within the city limits. Street car service to El Paso has been stopped.

At 9:30 o'clock tonight the first federal wounded were brought into the town from the outposts on the west side of town and taken to the federal hospital on the hill. They reported that the rebels had advanced down the river road from the west and were within rifle shot of the federal trenches.

COMPLETES MOVEMENT FOR ATTACK ON JUAREZ.

EL PASO, June 14.—Villa's rebel forces were completing an enveloping movement of Juarez at dark tonight, cavalrymen having been plainly visible from the top of the highest building in El Paso. The rebel troops were southeast of the Juarez race track and appeared to be moving in toward the town.

All the rebel forces in the immediate vicinity of Juarez are moving in. Their number is unknown but the men appear to be in excellent fighting condition.

With General Villa are Martin Lopez, Epifiano Holquin and Ramon Vega.

The head of the column was opposite the race track grandstand at 8 o'clock and the dust cloud which enveloped the rebel forces extended for more than a mile along the rim of the mesa southeast of Juarez.

Shortly before 8 o'clock 50 federal customs guards, riding in an army

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PRESSEY'S REPORT O. K.'D BY ENGINEER

H. N. Roberts Says the Report Is Correct in every Detail, Including Estimates of Cost.

H. N. Roberts, constructing engineer for the city of Tulsa and member of the committee of city engineers which exercised the final check over the report of Henry A. Pressey, consulting engineer, at the special request of R. E. Curran, commissioner of water and sewers, stated Saturday that after a thorough investigation the committee found the report of Mr. Pressey to be correct in every detail.

Roberts also made the unqualified statement that with an average increase of 2 cents to the 1,000 gallons of water consumed, after the Spavinaw system is installed, will pay the interest on the investment, depreciation cost and operation and maintenance costs, including the salaries of additional labor required to operate the new plant.

"Our present average rate to consumers is 14 cents per 1,000 gallons," said Roberts. "Some consumers pay 25 cents, some 8 cents and some 4 cents per 1,000 gallons. For the average rate is 14 cents per 1,000 gallons. This is determined by dividing the total consumption into the total revenue for a given period.

"Then by increasing the various rates in ratio the revenue to be derived from the Spavinaw system would put the plant on its own feet, just as Mr. Pressey says it will. Based on the various increases contemplated the average would amount to about 2 cents.

"Pressey's report is correct in every detail, including the estimates of cost, which, however, are purposely high in some instances. All the water is in Spavinaw that has flowed and the stream will generate power for operation of the new plant 10 months out of the year. In addition to selling water the city might sell power also and thereby offset the cost of operation for the two remaining months."