

THE EVENING TIMES

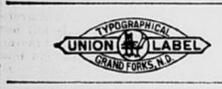
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WEDNESDAY EVENING, APRIL 18, 1906



Sentiment to be inculcated. Let reverence of law be breathed by every mother to the lisping babe that practices in her lap; let it be taught in the school, the seminary and the college; let it be written in primers, spelling books and almanacs; let it be preached from pulpits and proclaimed in legislative halls and enforced in courts of justice. In short, let it become the political religion of the nation. - Abraham Lincoln.

HELPING THE LIBRARY.

It is to be regretted that the play presented by local talent for the benefit of the public library did not enjoy a larger patronage. The play itself was well worth the price, and had there been no consideration but this, it would have merited a full house.

But if it had not been, the people of the city should have given it a patronage that would have filled the office box full to overflowing.

It is admitted that the public schools and the education of the young is the matter of first importance to the state.

It is as well established that the handmaid of the public schools is the public library.

In school the child is merely taught to study. His education really comes after he has left school when he reads and studies for himself. A few great men have lived who did not know the use of a library, notably among whom is Lincoln. But there are few Lincolns born and to attempt to direct the intellectual development of the masses of children by methods which were successful in the case of a genius would be the rankest folly.

No very prominent man can be found in this age who has not had a liberal access to libraries. They must be educated, and this education must include a broad and comprehensive knowledge of general matters which can only be obtained through the medium of libraries. Lincoln was not brought into competition with such, else his natural brilliancy might not have shone with such splendor.

The public library in this city is not a university of general instruction—it is more. It not only provides the means by which the courses in the educational institutions are enlarged, but to those who have not had the opportunities of the modern school and college system it affords the opportunity without cost of reaching the storehouses of the world's intelligence, and delving into the mines of treasured wisdom.

On its shelves are found the garnered wealth of the intellectual world. Here the student may pursue a course that broadens his own life, or enlarges his own intellectual capacities.

The best scholars of the world are those who have been self-taught. The man who depends upon another to lead him intellectually will always be a follower. Those who have been in the front of the world's thinkers are the men who have investigated for themselves, and discarding that of the past which was worthless, have advanced beyond the lines occupied by their predecessors.

Until libraries became general these were so few in comparison with the multitude that they were marked out as remarkable men and women. It is claimed that there are none such in this age. But the difference is that instead of the independent and original thinkers being so few that they are conspicuous, they have become so numerous that they form the masses and so have lost their distinctiveness.

Men are more independent in thought now than ever before in the history of the world and this is because they have been students rather than listeners.

The opportunities for these changed conditions have been made possible by the founding of libraries. Their influence in the world is measured by the value of the general information in the country compared with what it was before they came into prominence.

There is then abundant reason why anything which will aid in the great work of improving the public library and enlarging its scope should receive a liberal and enthusiastic support.

The public library of this city is one of its most valuable institutions. Every volume added to its shelves means the value of that volume to scores of people.

JUVENILE CRIMINALS.

For several years some of the larger cities of the country, notably Denver, Chicago and New York, have been trying to introduce a method of criminal procedure for children charged

with crime, which shall have a tendency to reform rather than punish these juvenile offenders.

The system provides for a juvenile court where the fixed rules of the criminal law are laid aside and the court acts as though it were filling the place of the parent in its relation to the child as well as the offense.

The system has many admirable features, while the principle of reforming the child rather than permitting it to grow up into a hardened criminal is certainly ideal.

Once the child has committed a crime, no matter how trivial, the downward course is commenced which must lead to prison or the gallows if not checked.

The criminal law, while it is probably the greatest system ever devised both for protecting the innocent and convicting the guilty, is not based on human nature.

The man who slays the despoiler of his home must pass the same ordeal as the one who stealthily enters the victim's chamber in the still hours of the night and stabs him while he lies wrapped in slumber, in order that the murderer may rob the mansion of its valuables without detection.

The law knows neither age nor mental condition. The child who steals a dime's worth of candy is tried by the same law as the man who steals a horse.

The child who becomes technically a criminal is not reformed by the environment in which he is at once placed.

He is treated as though he were a natural man. His sensibilities and the methods of influencing him are different from that of the adult criminal.

In the heart of every child, no matter how depraved, there lurks a spark of childish nature, pure and innocent, which if properly reached will kindle into a blaze of noble impulse. The secret of reforming child criminals is to fan to life this latent spark and kindle it into a flame before he is aware of the act.

Some of the juvenile courts have sought to carry out this plan. They seek to find out what is wrong in the boy's life and remedy the cause rather than the effect.

The boys are made to understand that the court is not a spy upon their lives, but a friend who is ready to give them a helping hand and a square deal at any time.

By this means perverted natures are reached and remedied. The criminals are put upon probation, and their efforts to live better lives are matters of praise while the delinquencies are forgotten.

This method not only holds the child in check so far as the commission of other crimes is concerned, but it develops in him a strong manhood that enables him to better live an upright life. In time this effort to be manly becomes a part of the character of the individual.

If, instead of this method, the boy had been sentenced to a reform school, deprived of his liberty to a certain degree, and been branded with the stigma of the criminal, he would have brooded over his wrongs until he came to believe them as real and in his heart would rattle an emity against society and the law that would have sent him out into the world a criminal at heart, and ere long one in deed.

The boy who is good because a physical power compels him to be so is effected by the goodness thus shown about the same way as the man who is compelled to pray in order to escape a college hazing is affected by religion. It does not reach the heart nor drive the evil from the mind.

If these juvenile courts are practiced in the larger cities, why could they not be made so in the smaller communities? Would it not be better for the states to reform its boys and girls with criminal propensities, by means which are applicable to their natures rather than by methods which brand them as criminals? The reform school to the juvenile mind carries about as much odium as does the penitentiary to the adult.

A SOUTHERN PARALLEL.

The south is as essentially a cotton growing country as the northwest is a wheat growing one. The south has the advantage of age, and therefore in the matter of the production of its standard staple the northwest can well afford to take counsel of the south.

Discussing the restriction of acreage

SAFE BLOWERS ARE CAUGHT RED HANDED

Battle With Officers in Iowa Says Findings in Beef Case

Results in One Being Wounded.

Associated Press to The Evening Times. Marshalltown, Ia., April 18.—In a single-handed battle with safe blowers last night, Officer Frank Hays shot and seriously wounded one of the gang that had blown up the safe of the Marshall Vinegar company. The officer heard the explosion, and came upon seven men leaving the factory. At battle ensued and four of the gang were arrested on the spot. Two others were captured later.

TILLMAN'S BANK INQUIRY. Relative to Political Contributions Called Up By Him Today.

Washington, D. C., April 18.—Senator Tillman today called up his resolution inquiring into the financial condition of the banks in the United States to make inquiry concerning political contributions by national banks. He expressed the fear that his frequent speaking on the subject would cause the feeling that he was "cranky" on it. Nevertheless he felt his responsibility to be so great that he could not refrain from calling attention to the facts.

AMERICAN PRIEST MAY LEAD JESUITS

Father Rudolph Meyer Spoken of As Successor to Late Leader of the Faith.

Washington, D. C., April 18.—In Catholic circles here considerable interest is manifested in the illness of Father Louis Martin, general of the Jesuit order, who is reported to be dying in Rome because of the possibility that the honor of succeeding him as head of the order may fall upon an American priest, Rev. Rudolph J. Meyer, S. J. Though an American has never been chosen to lead the order there is said to be nothing in the rules or customs of the great organization founded by St. Ignatius de Loyola to prohibit such a selection.

FOR FLOWER GARDENS.

The Evening Times will in a few days begin the publication of a department devoted to cultivation of flowers. It will be conducted by Mrs. H. E. W. Bancroft of Merrifield, who is probably the greatest flower expert in the state. The matter will be her own ideas and experiences and will be thoroughly practical.

Her work will be largely directed to the children and an effort will be made to interest those of the city in beautifying the same by planting flowers.

Life is not all a sordid rush for money or power or fame. There must be room for the refining influences of the beautiful in nature, art, poetry and music.

None of these are more powerful in their influences upon the aesthetic side of man than the beauty of the flowers.

Artists may wield a brush whose work will be the admiration of ages, and may blend the colors of the rainbow until the eye can see no fault. The harmony may be such as is only equaled in the poet's dreams of Elysian bowers. Yet all these are not so nearly perfect as the charming blend of colors and the exquisite painting of the flowers.

As the minds of the young are instilled with these beauties of nature, they become refined, cultured and artistic.

The cultivation of flower gardens in the city would add to its beauty and especially to the beauty of the homes having them.

It is a strange coincidence that every one of the agitators who are so bent upon what they call "reform" have been and are now aspirants for office—almost any kind of an office so long as it is accompanied by a snug salary. Until recently these agitators were quite strenuous in their commendations of President Roosevelt, but since the president declared against their mud throwing methods in his speech on the "Man With the Muck Rake" they do not hesitate to reflect even upon him, some of them going so far as to refer to him as the "man with the white wash brush."

Is there anyone indeed who can please these self-seeking "reformers"? The president hit them pretty hard when he said that "the liar was as bad as the thief." Maybe a few of them feel that they are entitled to be considered as belonging to both classes.

A Good Defense.

A great criminal lawyer in New York, Mr. B., has a rich and lovely client who is famous for her extremely haughty manner.

This noted beauty had run down a poor old woman in her auto and was arrested.

"O, Mr. B., do you think you will be able to get me out of this?" she asked piteously.

"Yes, indeed," said he, with a twinkle in his eye. "I'll prove conclusively to the jury that from the hour of your birth you've never been able to see any one worth less than a hundred thousand dollars."

DENIED THE WRIT.

Banker Perkins of New York Still Under Law's Surveillance.

Associated Press to The Evening Times. New York, April 18.—Justice Greenbaum today dismissed the writ of habeas corpus which was issued to secure the release of George Perkins, the banker arrested a few weeks ago. The arrest of Perkins, who has been under parole in the custody of the state, was continued.

ROOSEVELT SCORES JUDGE UPON THE DECISION

Washington, April 18.—In a special message, delivered to congress today, President Roosevelt declares that the recent trial of the "beef packers" in Chicago was a "miscarriage of justice" and that the interpretation placed by Judge Humphrey on the will of congress "is such as to make that will absolutely abortive."

The message which is most sensational in its character, is based largely on the letter to the president from Attorney General Moody in which the president reviews the proceedings of the case of the government against the beef packers. The president says it is clear that no criticism attaches to Commissioner Garfield, as what he did was in the pursuance of the duty imposed on him by congress. He refers sharply, however, to the decision of Judge Humphrey, saying that congress could not have foreseen such a decision and that he can hardly believe that the ruling of Judge Humphrey will be followed by other judges. He declared that such interpretation of the law as that placed on it by Judge Humphrey "comes measurably near making the law a farce" and he recommends that congress pass a declaratory act stating its real intentions. The president also requests congress to confer upon the government by statute the same right of appeal in criminal cases which the defendant now enjoys in the merits of the case have not been determined.

VIRGINIA SUNDAY SCHOOLS.

Associated Press to The Evening Times. Newport News, Va., April 18.—Every train today brought its quota of visitors to the fifteenth annual convention of the Virginia State Sunday School association and a glance at the register at convention headquarters gave indication of a record-breaking attendance. The arriving delegates found perfect arrangements for their reception and entertainment. At the formal opening in the First Presbyterian church tonight the visitors will be greeted by Mayor Buxton, to whose address response will be made by Prof. George V. Walker, president of the association. The feature of the evening will be the address of Marion Lawrence, general secretary of the International Sunday School association. The business sessions will begin tomorrow and continue until Saturday.

TO RESTORE GRAHAM ISLE.

Bill to Open for Homestead Tract at Devils Lake.

Washington, D. C., April 18.—The senate committee on Indian affairs has completed consideration of the Indian appropriation bill. It has been incorporated a provision which provides for the restoration to the public domain of Graham Island, in Devils Lake, now held by the war department. This island was restored to the public domain it is the purpose of the interior department to hold it for twelve months to enable such Turtle Mountain Indians as may desire, to seek homesteads upon it.

\$1,000,000 STOCK INCREASE.

Associated Press to The Evening Times. Albany, N. Y., April 18.—The stockholders of the New York Central & Hudson River railroad company held a special meeting here today and voted affirmatively on a proposal to increase the capital stock of the company from \$150,000,000 to \$250,000,000. The increase is designed "to provide additional capital for such corporate purposes of the company as the board of directors may determine may be issued when the directors deem it advisable."

BLAMES THE MINISTER.

To This Country for Chinese Boycott of American Goods.

Evening Times Special Service. Washington, D. C., April 18.—The causes for the Chinese boycott of American goods were inquired into by the senate committee on immigration in compliance with the resolution introduced by Senator Tillman. Charles Donby, chief clerk of the state department, who for twenty years was in China, unhesitatingly gave it as his opinion that boycott was instituted by Chinese ministers in this country to give an incentive to treaty negotiations.

MILAN OPENING POSTPONED.

Milan, April 18.—The opening of the Milan exposition, originally fixed for today, has been deferred until Saturday next to suit the convenience of some of the notable men who are to take part in the opening exercises. Extraordinary precautions are being taken to protect King Victor Emmanuel when he visits the city Saturday. All suspected anarchists are being taken into custody as a matter of precaution owing to a reported plot to assassinate the king.

"BLACK POPE" DEAD.

Leader of the Jesuits Passed Away at Rome Today.

Associated Press Cable to The Evening Times. Rome, April 18.—Father Louis Martin, general of the Jesuits, known as "the black pope," died today. He had been suffering from cancer of the chest.

HOUSE BILL SUBSTITUTED.

National Quarantine Measure Will Go To Conference.

Evening Times Special Service. Washington, D. C., April 18.—By a vote of 172 to 27 the house national quarantine bill was substituted by the house for the senate bill. The bill will now go to conference.

ILLINOIS PROHIBITIONISTS.

Associated Press to The Evening Times. Springfield, Ill., April 18.—Prohibitionists of Illinois assembled in state convention in Springfield today and will remain in session over tomorrow. Candidates will be placed in nomination for the state offices to be filled at the fall election and preliminary arrangements discussed for pursuing a vigorous campaign in every congressional district of the state.

E. J. LANDER & CO.

The Big Real Estate Store

THE GRAND FORKS BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.

You know what it is. An institution which helps renters to own their homes. Nothing new, established right here in your midst 29 years ago. You know its officers and directors. Every borrower is a member. Square, honest, upright dealing. Full particulars at our office.

INSURANCE. LOWEST RATES. ABSTRACTS. PROMPT and GUARANTEED SERVICE.

\$1700—B-735: Ap 8 room house on University avenue; good location; fine shade trees. The house has city water and cellar. Good woodshed on premises. Can sell this house on very reasonable terms.

\$350—For 50 feet on North Fifth street, quite close in. Good location. B-686.

\$400—This is a 50 foot lot on University avenue, quite close in, and in a splendid locality. \$100 cash, balance in monthly payments. B-712.

\$200—50x140 foot lot in South End, between Cottonwood and Cherry streets. B-711.

\$3000—A new modern home, quite close in. Splendid locality; full basement; 50 foot corner lot. This is an exceedingly good bargain, and you can take our word for it. A beautiful home for \$500 less than cost. B-682.

\$250—For 75x140 foot lot on North Third street. Good high ground; paved street, water and sewer. Easy terms if you wish.

\$1200—Five room house; city water; hardwood floors down stairs. Small cellar. 50 foot corner lot. South End. Five blocks from the Diamond Mill. B-685.

\$2000—A seven room house on Walnut street; 50 foot corner lot with fine shade trees. The house has city water, sewer and bath, as also good cellar. Reasonable terms can be arranged for. The property is located within five blocks of the postoffice.

\$1400—Buys store building with living rooms on a 50 foot lot; barn on premises. Stock of groceries and fixtures. A bargain for someone who wants to go into business.

\$1500—B-698: Eight room house on North 25th street. City water upstairs and downstairs. Good cellar. Good barn on premises. \$500 cash will handle this. Just the place for some railroad man.

\$2500—Seven room modern house on University avenue; 50 foot lot; basement with hot air furnace.

\$3000—A beautiful modern home on Geneva avenue; 10 rooms; 75x140 foot lot. If you want something good this is it. A \$12,000 home for \$9,900 on reasonable terms. Come in and we will show it to you.

ADDITIONAL CITY. Successful Social.

The basket social given at the Knights of Pythias hall last evening under the auspices of the Daughters of Norway, was a very successful affair both as to attendance and as to the financial harvest. A good time was enjoyed by all.

Installing Fixtures.

The Grand Forks Electric Construction company is engaged upon a contract to install the electric fixtures in the new federal building. Some handsome chandeliers are among the fixtures being placed.

A Telephone Social.

The B. Y. P. U. of the Baptist church will give a telephone social on next Thursday evening and a pleasant time is anticipated. There will be no admission charged, simply a free will offering and a cordial invitation is extended to all.

Realty Transfers.

Robert Westcott has sold four lots in Riverside Park to T. A. Olson and for \$2,500. Mr. Aaneland has sold lots 3 and 5 in Trull's Addition to Grand Forks to A. P. Holland for \$2,000.

Wanted for Forgery.

Sheriff A. F. Turner received a message this afternoon from Sheriff L. L. Lamson of Duluth, Minn., requesting him to be on the watch for and arrest a party who is wanted at Willis-ton for forgery.

Marriage Permit.

A marriage license was issued out of the probate court today to Elmer Goodrich and Miss Pauline Olm, both Grand Forks young people. They will be married this week.

K. of P.'s to Entertain.

The Grand Forks lodge, Knights of Pythias, is planning to entertain for their friends in the near future at a sweet ball. The date of the function will be announced in a few days.

LATE REPORT OF FRISCO HORROR.

taken fire and there was a possibility that the operators would all be driven out and have to go back to the Ferry building.

SHOCK IS NOTED AT WASHINGTON

Washington, April 18.—The San Francisco earthquake has reached across the entire continent. The Seismograph at the weather bureau here showed such violent agitation at about 8:30 o'clock this morning that the pen passed off the recording sheet. The instrument at 12:45 o'clock was still under violent vibration, showing that the earthquake has not ceased.

A charity ball is a place where a woman spends two hundred on a gown in order to give a dollar to the poor.

Most wives become tyrants when the husband is in bed and she attempts to administer the medicine.

TODAY'S MARKETS.

Grand Forks, N. D., April 18.—(By Edwards, Wood & Co., Brokers, Room 16, Clifford Building.)—We charge only 1/4 cent on all grain and \$2 1/2 per bushel on pork for Chicago delivery and 1/4 cent per bushel on flax for Duluth delivery.

Superior Quotations for Minneapolis Delivery.

Wheat—May, July, Sept. Open, High, Low, Close. Corn—May, July, Sept. Open, High, Low, Close.

Chicago Delivery.

Wheat—May, July, Sept. Open, High, Low, Close. Corn—May, July, Sept. Open, High, Low, Close.

Duluth Delivery.

Wheat—May, July, Sept. Open, High, Low, Close. Corn—May, July, Sept. Open, High, Low, Close.

Minneapolis Cash Close.

No. 1 hard, No. 2 northern wheat, No. 3 wheat, No. 2 durum wheat, No. 3 yellow corn, No. 3 corn, No. 3 white oats, No. 3 barley, No. 3 flax, May flax.

Northwest Receipts.

Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg.

Foreign Cables.

Liverpool—Cable: Wheat, 1/4 to 1/2 higher.

BARGAINS IN A WELL SELECTED STOCK OF WALL PAPER

Let No. 105 16 oz. stock, white blank glimmer. 10c Double Roll. Let No. 102 Ingrained white blank glimmer, Special 10c. Let No. 101 20 oz. stock, white. 20c. Let No. 104 20 oz. stock, Florals. 20c.

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