

FOREIGNERS ARE FLEEING FROM NANKING TODAY

Commanders of Warship Refuse to Guarantee Protection Within City

CHI FU WENT OVER TO THE REVOLUTIONISTS EARLY TODAY

Exchange of Telegrams Between the Revolutionary Leader and the Imperial Government But Yuan Shi Kai Refuses to Accept Premiership

Nanking, Nov. 13.—The American and other consuls and the foreigners under their protection will move out of the city immediately. The commanders of the foreign warships today notified their consuls they would not protect the lives and property of those who remained in the city.

Chi Fu Fell. Shanghai, Nov. 13.—Chi Fu went over to the revolutionists at 3 o'clock this morning. There was no fighting. The rebels took possession of Taotia's offices and the fort.

Telegrams Exchanged.

Peking, Nov. 13.—Yuan Shi Kai and the government exchanged telegrams this morning. Yuan has agreed to come to Peking to discuss the premiership, but he adheres to his resolve not to accept the premiership. The American legation does not believe Yuan Shi Kai has yet advised the throne to abdicate, as some reports stated, but he may do so later. Yesterday Yuan sent a message to the government from his home in Chanke-fu. He then proceeded to Chengchow, on the Peking railway, where he was met with a deputation from the Konan assembly, endeavoring to dissuade the delegates from the proposed declaration of the republic. He is reported to have said he would damage the throne's position seriously.

The fact that the man on whom the government depends more than anyone else is coming to Peking has caused a general feeling of relief and hope that he will evolve plans to end the present chaos. It is understood that he will accept a pension and retire to Jehol, if safety is assured. Prince Ching, the acting premier, does not desire to remain in office, but he continues to support the regent, who has no other trusted adviser. The situation at Kai-feng, Ho-can province, is serious. The governor's family left for the north last night on a special train. The governor remains at Kai-feng, but does not sleep at the yamen. Foreign refugees who have arrived here from Tai-yuen-fu, Shan-shi province, report that no foreigners have been harmed. The governor and his wife and thirty Manchus, however, have been beheaded. The rebels are maintaining order and the new arrivals say that their administration is excellent. The whole province of Shan-shi is supporting the movement. Mukden and New Chang are controlled by defense societies, consisting of troops and civilians. The conditions prevailing in these places practically amount to independence.

OPERATE BIG FARM

Company Formed at Winnipeg to Handle Saskatchewan Enterprise. Ottawa, Nov. 13.—The Sheldon Farm company, limited, with a capital stock of \$250,000, and headquarters at Winnipeg, has been incorporated. The provisional directors are: Elmer Hall, James London, Herbert Quinn, Donald Morrison and John E. Robertson.

LINKING EMPIRE BY WIRELESS

Winnipeg Will Be Given Station on World Girthing Circuit

London, Nov. 13.—An early announcement may be expected that negotiations have been concluded between the postmaster general and the Marconi company for the erection of a chain of wireless telegraph stations round the world, linking up all the British dominions and giving Britain an independent system of telegraphic communication with any part of the globe. So rapid has been the progress of wireless telegraphy during the past few months that the Marconi Wireless Telegraph company, who in July considered their financial resources inadequate to their business requirements, passed a resolution recently to increase their capital by a quarter of a million sterling in order to cope with the recent extraordinary developments. The Marconi company have already installed in practically every civilized country. Russia is at the present moment engaged upon a vast scheme for the development of her communication routes, and has decided to adopt the Marconi system for her army, navy and postoffice.

Winnipeg May Be Link. But the most striking development—and one that is of the greatest importance to ourselves—is the scheme for linking up the empire. At present secrecy is being preserved regarding the details of this scheme. Mr. Marconi and the postmaster general alone possess the details. G. C. Isaacs, the managing director of the Marconi company, in stating the need for the extra capital at the meeting, was only able to give a hint regarding

THE GOVERNMENT'S INTENTIONS. We understand, however, that it has already been decided that the first chain of stations with wireless communication to New Zealand, will be as follows: England to Malta, Cyprus, Aden, Bombay, Colombo, Singapore, Perth, Adelaide, Sydney and Washington. Extension of this system is to be carried from Singapore to Hong-Kong.

Although the homeward route has not been definitely determined, it is proposed that it shall be by Vancouver, and possibly Winnipeg will be adopted as a wireless station on route to Glace Bay.

It is also suggested that there should be two routes to Africa, one on the east and an alternative one on the west coast. On the latter, the service will be carried from England to Cape town via Bathurst, Sierra Leone and St. Helena. On the east coast messages will travel from Aden to Mombasa and Durban and to Capetown.

India will also be connected with South Africa and Australia by stations at Mauritius and Nelson Island. That west coast route will be carried by means of the State Wireless Society. To communicate directly with West Indies, where all the islands are connected by short-distance stations.

There are reasons for believing that this scheme will result in a flat rate of two cents per word throughout the empire. During an interview with the managing director of the Marconi Wireless Telegraph company, it was admitted that the Indian government is at this moment establishing wireless stations at numerous points throughout that vast country. By so doing they may not only develop their postal telegraphic service, but may possibly bring into action a scheme discussed by the late Professor Jarvis-Smith with Mr. Marconi in 1904.

This scheme suggested the use of wireless telegraphy for warning the Indian coast provinces of the approach of the dreaded monsoons. Great loss of life and property is annually reported through the ignorance of the approach of these storms. The value to the empire of a wireless bond in time of war cannot be over-estimated. The cost of installation will be ridiculously small in comparison with the advantages to be obtained. It is calculated that twenty-five stations can be erected if necessary for \$7,500,000 less than the cost of the Peking railway. It is estimated that this over-seas dominions can be relied upon to contribute a part. The annual upkeep of twenty-five stations at a cost of \$1,000,000, and the earning capacity at \$2,000,000.

BONAR LAW WILL LEAD UNIONISTS

First Canadian to Become a Leader of the English Opposition

London, Nov. 13.—That Andrew Bonar Law would be unanimously selected at a caucus tomorrow as the Unionist leader in the house of commons in succession to Arthur J. Balfour, whose resignation was announced November 8, was given official confirmation by the other candidates. J. Austen Chamberlain and Walter Hume Long, withdrew. At a meeting to be held at the Carlton club on Tuesday, Mr. Hume will propose and Arthur Chamberlain will second, the nomination of Andrew Bonar Law as the leader of the Unionist party in the house of commons. Mr. Balfour's resignation was announced on November 8, and Mr. Law has never held a seat in any cabinet. In his short political career, however, Mr. Law has proved himself a brilliant speaker and a resourceful debater.

Liberals Think Him Dangerous.

The Liberals frankly acknowledge his fitness to be the party leader, and among all the names suggested for the position regard him as the most dangerous from their party viewpoint. Mr. Law, who is sitting for the Bournemouth constituency, South-west, was born in New Brunswick in 1858. His father was the Rev. James Law. He was educated in Scotland. He was an ardent golfer and chess player. A strong protectionist, the Unionists regard Mr. Law as their most powerful speaker on tariff reform. Therefore, the party will never be committed to tariff reform, any man expect that his leadership will infuse a strong fighting spirit in the party. His selection, however, being a compromise one, due to the rival claims of more prominent leaders in the party, is certain to engender some dissension, and it is impossible at present to predict how events finally will shape themselves.

London Papers Applaud.

London, Nov. 13.—Although the official announcement is not expected before today, all the morning papers are agreed that Bonar Law will succeed Balfour. In his appointment, they see the choice of an admirable leader, who will attract the interest and sympathy of the Canadian people. It is not far from the Morning Post to imagine he may be destined to win in the mother country a great victory for the cause of national and imperial union corresponding with the triumph achieved by the Conservative party in Canada, and the Unionists may confidently look to him to display the same resolution in principle and the same resolution in placing the policy of his party before the electorate as marked the successful campaign conducted by Premier Borden.

Means a Zealot.

The Chronicle says: "The Canadian is by far the ablest exponent in either house, and his succession to Mr. Balfour means the substitution of wholehearted zeal for an ambitious convert—of boning for lapid enthusiasm. The new leader may be trusted on all matters to keep things at a high temperature." "Bonar Law," the Express remarks, "is the first son of our great dominions to become the leader of one of our great political parties. When the

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TERRIFIC STORMS AND COLD WAVE PRODUCE MOST UNPARALLELED WEATHER CONDITIONS

CYCLONE SWEEP OVER WISCONSIN

Million Dollars of Property Damage Was Done by the Storm

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 13.—A Sentinel special from Janesville, Wis., says: Splintered timbers, broken furniture, crumpled rock and plaster, scattered produce and dead farm animals littering the ground over an area a quarter mile in width and twenty miles in length indicate the tremendous force with which southern Wisconsin's worst cyclone cut a swath through Rock county. Killing eight persons, injuring many more and doing damage to the extent of nearly a million dollars.

Of the injured, one, Albert Schmidt, 14 years old, near Hanover, will die. His father and two sisters are dead. At least one more man, die.

The dead: Anton Schmidt, 55 years old, Hanover, blown from barn and killed instantly. Mrs. Elizabeth Hume, who resided between Brodhead and Orfordville, killed. Mrs. John Crowder, who lived between Brodhead and Orfordville, killed. Leo Lentz, 16 years old, Hanover, blown from barn and instantly killed. Toward the south, about nine miles north of Janesville, instantly killed when house was demolished.

Albert Schmidt, 14 years old, will die. Wenzel Korban, condition reported serious. Florence Austin, 6 years old, Milton, collar bone broken. Mrs. Alfred Austin, Milton, cut about face, chest and side, probably will recover. Miss Elizabeth Hume, sister of Mrs. Austin, will recover.

Mrs. Caroline Schaffner, 34 years old, Hanover, face bruised and back hurt, condition serious. Miss Gusta Schaffner, cut about the face, condition not serious. Ralph Lehmann, 3 years old, face cut and bruised, condition not serious.

Wire service was demolished last night and it was not until today that the harrowing details of the terrible catastrophe were obtainable. A steady downpour of rain added to the confusion Saturday night and made identification of the dead difficult. Saturday night the thermometer dropped nearly ten degrees below zero. At night for the grief-stricken survivors, as many were left without a roof over their heads. Neighbors opened their homes and allowed the few who escaped death huddled about the stove relating details of their experiences.

The cyclone was of the "twister" variety. It originated in the vicinity of Orfordville, twelve miles southwest of Janesville, traveled northeast for several miles and then turned east, missing this city by a narrow margin. Its force was spent near Milton.

The greatest damage was done near the point of origin and at Milton. The cyclone was accompanied by a driving rain. There had been a high wind storm Saturday and this continued throughout Sunday. Although cyclone lasted only a few minutes, although it occurred at about the middle of the afternoon it was dark as night. The search for the dead and dying a terrible task.

Of the Schmidt family, three-quarters of a mile east of Hanover, there is only one survivor. He is Albert Schmidt, the 14-year-old boy. Physicians say he cannot recover. He lies under a cot and moans, little suspecting that father and sisters are dead. Today he talked incoherently about football and mentioned many names of his father and her younger sister, were in the house when the cyclone struck and they threw their arms about each other and died together. The bodies were blown across the road, the house being demolished. The bodies were found in a broken, skulls fractured and it required two men to pull the half buried bodies from the ground. Anton Schmidt, the father of the boy Albert, and a tramp were in the barn. The tramp who was not injured says Mr. Schmidt was blown through the barn door. His body was found in the hog yard.

The boy was buried in the debris and received internal injuries. People in Hanover were informed of the fate of the Schmidts by the strangest way.

A search for the bodies was instituted at once, lanterns being used. The remains of the sisters were found two hours later. The dead were taken to the home of a neighbor, Mrs. E. G. Brown. Her home was turned into a temporary morgue and the bodies, the son being carried to hospital, the daughter buried.

Bride Killed. Mrs. Elizabeth Prodes, a bride of a few months, was instantly killed when the house was carried away. Her husband stood in the barn door and saw the house carried away and discovered the body of his bride after the cyclone passed. The Prodeses lived near Orfordville.

Leo Lentz, 16 years old was blown from a new barn which he was helping erect for James Little, six miles north of Hanover. His father, Theodore Lentz, who was also working on the barn, was uninjured.

Near Milton there was one death. Helen Austin, 5 years old, a daughter of Alfred Austin, a rich farmer. There here were in the house when the cyclone struck but Helen was the only one killed. Mrs. Austin was seri-

WHOLE COUNTRY IN GOLD WAVE GRASP

New York City Had Drop of Forty-Four Degrees in Nineteen Hours

New York, Nov. 13.—The cold wave swept the Indian summer into the Atlantic last night and today tightened its grip on New York. The mercury falling to 24 above zero. The minimum, recorded at 8 o'clock this morning, meant a fall of forty-four degrees since 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The gale on which the frigid weather rode into town continued at thirty-eight miles an hour.

Small boats ventured to sea outside of New York harbor and reports of marine disaster are expected. The high winds badly crippled the wire service.

Cold in Wisconsin. La Crosse, Wis., Nov. 13.—The Black and La Crosse rivers here froze over during the night, and the Mississippi, while not entirely closed, is partially frozen over. This is the earliest closing of the river on record here. The temperature today stood at eight above, marking one of the coldest November days in years.

At Green Bay, Wis., Eugene DeWaters, age 71, was frozen to death on a country road. The body was found lying face downward in a pool of water. Lake Winona and other bodies of water in southern Minnesota were frozen over as the result of the cold and ice is floating thickly in the Mississippi river. The steamer Ideal of Winona was caught about Lake Pepin Saturday and probably will have to winter there.

The tornado which swept over parts of Illinois, Wisconsin and Michigan Saturday night caused the death of nearly a score of persons. At Easton, Ill., two persons were killed and seven seriously injured. The town of Virginia, Ill., suffered a heavy loss of life. At Owsosco, Mich., two persons were killed and ten injured. The money loss there will reach nearly half a million dollars.

The cold weather claimed the third victim in Chicago today. William Johnson, aged 40, a politician, was found unconscious from cold on a north side street and taken to the police ambulance while being taken to the hospital.

The launch Evening Star and the barge Delt, which was driven out on Lake Michigan Saturday night before the gale and thought to have foundered with their crews reported both safe on the Michigan shore. The storm on Lake Superior was severe but is reported that no vessels are overdue at Superior or Duluth and that all crafts had ample warning of the storm.

Very little snow fell at the head of the lakes but high winds prevailed, making the extreme cold double felt. The mercury ranged from ten to below at Duluth and from fifteen to below in the ranges. Hunter in the woods are deep in the snow and the cold in the north woods is intense.

Two Hundred Year Old Case. Disputed Boundary Between West Virginia and Maryland Nearly Settled.

Washington, Nov. 13.—Deciding in favor of West Virginia on nearly every point, the commission appointed by the United States supreme court in 1907 to settle the century old controversy between Maryland and West Virginia over the boundary between the two states, has just finished its work. A strip containing thirty-six square miles of valuable land and the citizenship of several thousand people was in dispute. The report is now before the supreme court for final action.

If the supreme court approves the findings of the commission, a number of persons who have been voting and paying taxes in Maryland for years will become citizens of West Virginia. Vigorous protests against such action have been filed along with the commission's report. No date has been set for the handing down of the decision, but it is expected soon.

Samuel S. Gannett, of the United States geological survey, who was appointed the arbitrator commissioner by the court, and Julius K. Monroe, the West Virginia member, agreed on the report. W. McCulloch Brown, the Maryland commissioner, however, has filed a minority opinion in which he protests against any persons who are now citizens of Maryland being transferred into West Virginia.

TRIPPLE MURDER WAS COMMITTED

Father of Child of One Victim Being Searched For By Police. New York, Nov. 13.—A triple murder was committed in Brooklyn. Two women, a mother and daughter and the infant child of one of them were found dead in their dwelling on Park avenue. The father of the child only was searched for by the police.

BEATTIE LOST HIS APPEAL TO THE SUPREME COURT

Refused to Overrule the Verdict of the Trial Court in Murder Case

EXECUTIVE CLEMENCY ALONE CAN SAVE CONDEMNED MAN

Was Sentenced to Die in Electric Chair November 24, and Court of Last Resort Upheld Judgment—Charged With Wife Murder. Richmond, Va., Nov. 13.—The supreme court of appeals of Virginia today denied the petition for a writ of error by Henry Clay Beattie, Jr., convicted of murdering his young wife last July. This decision on appeal from the judgment of the Chesterfield court which sentenced him to die in the electric chair November 24, final clemency or a reprieve by Governor Mann alone can save the condemned man.

REARREST WIFE

Woman Taken Twenty Minutes After Former Sutor Is Freed. Amite City, La., Nov. 13.—Within twenty minutes after a jury brought in a verdict acquitting L. M. Jenkins of the murder of Ellen Norwood, Mrs. Norwood, widow of the slain man, was rearrested, charged with the crime. Jenkins is a well known young planter of this section. A public motive in his case was his sweetheart before her marriage.

Mrs. Norwood previously had been concerned in an accomplice in the crime, but was released following her turning state's evidence. At the trial, which began three days ago, the defense introduced several witnesses to prove that the young man, who was in Natchitabau, some miles distant, on the night of the crime, and that he could not possibly have come here and gone to the scene of the crime. The witnesses said that the young man eluded between his arrival in Natchitabau and the transaction of business, in which a number of persons were concerned, and in which Jenkins was shown not to have left the room.

Consideration for the woman he formerly loved is said to have sealed Jenkins' lips, and he did not take the stand. The witnesses who established the alibi came to court voluntarily and demanded that they be heard. The woman's motive for the alleged murder is thought to have been jealousy. A strong chain of circumstantial evidence was fastened about her at the time, but when she accused Jenkins, saying she was present when he fired the fatal shot, a public motive in his case was so plain that her statement was accepted, and she was released.

MUCH INTEREST IN NEW SESSION

Canada's New Government Will Be Watched With Considerable Interest

Ottawa, Nov. 13.—Special interest is centered around the coming session of parliament for two main reasons. In the first place, the opening marks the advent of a new regime, and the conservative party, which has ruled in fifteen years occupies the government side of the house. Much speculation is naturally rife as to the manner in which the new government will acquit itself. It is evident that the opposition possesses a strong and efficient fighting line and that nothing will go unchallenged on the part of the government. In addition to the fact that the Liberal party will marshal under its old chief, who will be a strong factor in the program, and that several of the front benchers of note will be back again, there are many among the opposition who in their occupancy of the back benches are full of power and aggressive work, but who will certainly be heard from in their new capacity of opposition members. There are also several new and so far untried members who will rumor gives good account. In fact, it has been stated that the opposition will be nearly as strong as it was when it went out of power.

ROYALTY TO OPEN HOUSE

Interest also centers round the opening owing to the fact that royalty will be represented in the person of the new governor-general. The appearance of the Duke of Connaught and his retinue at the opening will be an additional attraction. It is expected that day, and special efforts are already being made for the accommodation of larger numbers. The chambers are undergoing a process of renovation and this year the feet of the members will tread upon fresh carpet. The allotting of the seats for members, at a time as somewhat difficult task, is this year even more difficult than usual, owing to the complete readjustment which is necessary. The cards have not yet been placed upon the desks, but there is even now a good deal of speculation as to the position which each will occupy in relation to the speaker and the front benches.

BLACK ROBE UBER ALL

Capt. Ernest Chambers, for several years usher of the black robe will this session at least be missed from his position in the house. He has been somewhat dangerously ill and, though he is now considered to be practically past danger, he will be unable to undertake his duties for some time to come. The work of issuing the invitations in connection with the opening of the house is being performed by Mrs. Chambers. The duties at the opening will be performed by J. de St. Dames Lemoine, sergeant-at-arms.

Canceling Passes. No less than eighty ex-members of the house of commons, to whom the privilege of free transportation has in previous years been granted, will in future, for a while at least, pay their own fares. With their defeat and consequent rejection from representation in the house follows the cancellation of their privileges. H. P. MacDonell has been busy for some time back cancelling certificates and issuing new ones for the victors in the recent election. In connection with these certificates there exists certain misapprehensions. They are made out to the end of the year for convenience sake.

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Jonathan Apples, under the "No-Vary Always Good" Label, Are the Finest Grown