

OPDAHL IS NO. 1 A DRAFT EVADER

Valley County Young Man Proves His Innocence of Having Attempted To Evade Draft.

Shortly after the publication by the War department last fall of the list of evaders or deserters from the Military service made up of certain men who were registered for the Draft and who had failed to report, Mike Lawrence Opdahl, who lives north of Glasgow, reported to the local Legion Post that the list were in error as far as his name was concerned.

Opdahl then explained that he had enlisted in the service of the Canadian Northwest Royal Mounted Police and had been sent to Siberia where he had spent a year. His reason given for the enlistment was that he could not enlist in the United States Army account of the draft regulations and wanted to get into service. He waited patiently for his number to be called, then decided to enlist in the Canadian forces.

After a long wait in which a special trip was made to a town near Lethbridge, Canada, Opdahl returned to Glasgow with his original discharge certificate showing that he had honorable service as he had reported. The discharge was accordingly filed with the County Clerk & Recorder and a certified copy sent to the Adjutant General of the State of Montana. Acknowledgment has been received from the Adjutant General and a letter sent to the disposition will be reported as the Legion here from the Ninth District Corps Area Headquarters, San Francisco, Cal.

SOLDIER BONUS BILL IS BEFORE CHAMBER

Questions involved in the pending legislation commonly known as Soldier Bonus bill, and also called the Adjusted Compensation bill, have been put to a referendum vote of the business organizations making up the chamber of commerce of the United States. Action upon the referendum will shortly be taken, by the chamber of commerce of this city, a committee having been recently appointed to look into the matter.

The following four propositions are set up upon the ballot to be voted on separately:

1. Do you favor a national system of reclamation to be initiated through adequate federal appropriations and to be carried out for the purpose of affording ex-service men opportunity to cultivate the soil?
 2. Do you favor national legislation and appropriations to enable ex-service men to build homes?
 3. Do you favor national legislation and appropriations to enable ex-service men to obtain vocational education?
 4. Do you favor national legislation for a general bonus, whether paid in cash immediately or with payment deferred through use of certificates?
- "In view of the campaign in behalf of this measure that has been carried on by veteran organization, particularly the American Legion, the attitude taken by the president and secretary of the treasury, the previous opposition of the business men expressed through the chamber of commerce of the United States, and the very recent statement of the floor leader of the house of representatives, Mr. Mondell of Wyoming, that bonus legislation was to be expected before the close of this session, this referendum is expected to arouse great interest, discussion and debate," said a statement issued by the national chamber.—Daily Missoulian.

CHINOOK HERE FOR BASKETBALL SATURDAY, JANUARY 28

One of the hardest fought games of the season will be played at the gymnasium on Saturday night of this week. On the eligibility list sent down by Chinook are the names of

Montana Will Have New Weather Forecast Service

Weather forecasts and warnings will soon be sent broadcast over Montana by wireless under a plan in which the department of commerce and the United States weather bureau will co-operate, according to William T. Lathrop, meteorologist in charge of the local weather bureau at Helena.

Under the plan there will be one wireless station at Billings and one at Helena, both in charge of what is known as "co-operative" workers, serving without pay. V. K. Roberts, of the circulation department of The Montana Record-Herald, has been selected for Helena, while Glenn E. West, instructor in charge of the department of electrical engineering in the Billings Polytechnic institute, will send from Billings.

This work, it was pointed out, will be of great service to farmers and stockmen in particular and especially to residents of such sections of the state that are from 80 to 100 miles distant from railroad facilities. Proposed stations and those already in operation in the United States total 74 and represent 32 states. There are already 34 stations operating in 19

such veterans as McCarthy, Price, Ross, Blaser, Martens and Davidson. This season, so a merry scrap is promised for Saturday night. Houston, Baer, Kamper, Lebert, Wedum, Friedl, Snyder, Baker and Barr are in good condition for a high class performance and will give a good account of themselves. All have been tried out in previous games and have "delivered the goods."

In addition to the above game the final girls' championship game will be played on the same evening. The junior girls having defeated the senior girls and the sophomore girls having defeated the freshman girls the two victorious classes meet for the final game. The competition and rivalry will be keen and the patrons may expect the very best exhibition of girls' basketball that can be produced at Glasgow.

The girls game will be called at 8 o'clock sharp. Admission charge will be fifty and thirty-five cents.

HIGH LIGHTS IN NATIONAL FARM PLANS AS OUTLINED

In his address to the national farm conference, President Harding advocated:

Practical development of the water resources of the country both for transportation and power, including plans for electrification of the nation's railroads.

Feasibility of the St. Lawrence-Great Lakes waterway.

Development of a thorough code of law and business procedure, with the proper machinery of finance, through some agency to insure that turn over capital shall be as generously supplied to the farmer and on as reasonable terms as to other industries.

Formation of co-operative loaning, buying and selling associations.

Creation of instrumentalities for collection and distribution of useful and true information so as to prevent violent fluctuations of markets.

Methods for bringing about further reclamation, rehabilitation and extension of the agricultural areas.

Promotion of a new conception of the farmer's place in the national, agricultural and economic scheme is proposed.

BONDS UP

Another big gain in all the issues of Liberty bonds is under way. Few achievements of the Harding Administration have been more pronounced than the steady rise that Republican policies have brought in the market prices of Liberty bonds. Within a year after his taking office those securities have been brought back to the prices that the people had to pay for them. Previous to the elections in 1920 the Liberty issues had been selling at an average of 15 per cent below par, which meant a loss to the owners of the \$20,000,000,000 worth of bonds outstanding of approximately \$3,000,000,000. When a change in the Government at Washington became assured, the steady rise in Liberties began, and it has continued, with slight interruptions, until the present time. Of course the loss to those who kept their bonds has only been on paper, and the recovery is only apparent in their own bookkeeping, but it is a fact, nevertheless, that \$3,000,000,000 taken from the assets of the Liberty bond owners of the country as a result of the policies of the Democratic party has been returned by the conservative program of the Republicans and the drastic economies that have been made in the cost of Government.

BAUMGARTEL - WILSON

Carl B. Baumgartel, of Bainville, Montana, and Margaret Wilson of Glasgow, Montana, were married at the Methodist parsonage January 15, 1922. Mrs. Wm. Pippy and Mrs. Glenn Maris witnessed the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Baumgartel will make their future home in Bainville, Montana.

NEW CERTIFICATES NOT DEPRECIABLE

New Plan Speaks Well For the Protection of the Small Purchaser of Government Securities.

Theodore G. Joslin, writing to the Boston Transcript from Washington, says that financial experts consider the new issue of Treasury Savings Certificates, which were placed on sale in the post offices throughout the country December 15, 1921, the most attractive securities ever issued by the United States Government.

The dispatch to the Transcript continues: "Treasury officials are satisfied that many thousands of people will buy the certificates which are in denominations of \$25, 100, and \$1,000, costing \$20, \$80, or \$800, respectively, carrying 4 1/2 per cent compounded semi-annually. At the end of five years these will be paid at the full maturity value. Many public officials, including Vice President Coolidge, recommended purchase of the certificates to-day.

"This is an example," said the Vice President, "of the purpose of the administration to popularize Government securities. Everyone knows that the safest place in the world for investment is in the obligations of the United States. The excellent future of this certificate issue lies in the fact that it is redeemable at any moment at a guaranteed fair rate of interest. No one takes any chance in having his investment temporarily decrease in value as happened to purchasers of Liberty Bonds. The attractive features of the investment are the absolute security in principal, a guaranteed high rate of interest, and a guaranteed right to withdraw the money at any time at a lower, but still fair, rate of interest."

"Unlike some issues in the past, the purchaser is protected at all times and under all conditions. If the certificates must be surrendered before maturity, the purchaser will be paid the principal and interest at the rate of 3 1/2 per cent per annum compounded semi-annually. The \$25 certificate bears the portrait head of Theodore Roosevelt, the \$100 certificate that of George Washington, and the \$1,000 certificate that of Abraham Lincoln.

"To afford protection against loss and theft, the certificate will be issued only in registered form and will be recorded in the books of the Treasury Department. The name and address of the owner and the date of issue will be inscribed on each certificate by the issuing agent at the time of issue. The certificates will be on sale at practically all post offices, at Federal reserve banks, and at such banks and other agencies as may qualify for the purpose.

"Treasury officials emphasize that the certificates will not conflict with Postal Savings; rather that they will supplement the savings. They say as well that the certificates should not result in any decrease in savings banks deposits. In the last three or four years, during which period bonds totaling approximately \$20,000,000,000 have been floated at a higher rate of interest than paid by most savings banks, savings banks deposits have steadily increased. President Harding is especially interested in the new certificates and hopes that a large number of citizens will avail themselves of the opportunity of thrift."

GLASGOW LUTHERAN CHURCH HOLDS ITS ANNUAL MEETING

Last week the membership of the First Lutheran Church of Glasgow met at the parsonage for their annual business meeting. The usual routine business was conducted. The pastor read an extensive report covering his work during the past year. It was mentioned in this report that 90 regular Sunday services were held in the Glasgow charge during the year besides numerous incidental meetings and sessions. At this meeting the annual reports of the secretary and treasurer of the Ladies Aid were read. The secretary's report shows that the membership of the Ladies Aid was increased by eleven members during the past year, which is greatly due to the efforts of the re-elected president, Mrs. M. C. Jacobson. The treasurer's report indicates a near approach to the \$1,000.00 mark in the treasury.

At this meeting the urgent need of a church building was considered but no definite actions were taken. A new system of financing the work of the congregation was adopted. A committee of J. B. Christopherson and O. P. Hovind was elected to put into effect this new system.

After the business part of the meeting was finished the ladies served a lunch and the men's chorus entertained the crowd with a few of the popular songs.

ROOSEVELT HIGHWAY ASSN. FIELD DEPARTMENT PLAN

(By H. B. Tyson)

At the last annual convention of the general association held in Duluth, Minnesota, on the 5th and 6th of December, 1921, a Field Department was created. The field work will be under the direction of a manager who will use as many assistants as occasion requires and whose duties are to obtain the moral and financial support necessary to the promotion of favorable legislation, wide publicity, standard

marking and to the establishment of reliable information bureaus through which a live road service department can properly function.

The Field men, working in conjunction with the State officers in each State, are to raise what finances can be raised. Fifty percent of which will go to the general treasury for general use and fifteen percent will also be held in the general treasury for the benefit of the State, as a reserve fund, while the balance of thirty-five percent, will be returned to each State. The division of these funds to be made after the expenses of the field activities have been deducted.

This plan, as carried out in each State, will result in the creation of a large and interested membership, make substantial State organizations, and bring about that unity of purpose and action so essential to the success of the whole project.

The budget is limited to \$25,000.00 and all sums raised and sent in over this limit will be held as surplus fund to be disposed of only thru the action of the Board of Directors in annual convention.

It is evident in the working out of this plan that the western, more sparsely settled, states will be largely the gainers. For example: say \$2000.00 was raised in Montana where there is 746 miles populated with approximately 25,000 people, \$1000.00 would go to the general treasury as against say \$10,000.00 in New York where there is 390 miles populated with approximately 700,000 people, of which \$5000.00 would go to the general treasury. This common fund will be expended to carry on legislation, publicity, marking, information, road service and many other activities which here-to-fore have been encumbered upon each state to accomplish.

While the western states will gain financially the eastern states will advance in organization through the creation of a large, active membership and thereby make a greater issue of the memorial feature.

The ideal of this association is the creation of a concrete highway from Portland, Maine, to Portland, Oregon, as a monument to that great American whose name it bears. To this end the Field department will also prove an asset.

It is a well known fact that our government has for some time been entertaining the plan of establishing a system of Federal or Military Interstate Highways, one of which is to parallel the Canadian border. The Roosevelt Highway as it is now marked fits in very admirably with the plan of this northern route and with the signed lists of supporting members throughout the entire effected area, as a petition, it will be possible to go before Congress and ask for its designation as a Military Highway. It only requires co-operation to make this project highly successful and beneficial to all as well as to further the accomplishment of a great ideal.

CONFESSES TO LIQUOR CHARGE

Hinsdale Tailor Arrested Saturday Night on Charge of Transporting Liquor. Pleads Guilty.

Joe Barnhart, of Hinsdale, was arrested last Saturday evening by Sheriff Hall in the act of transporting liquor. The Sheriff relieved him of the two jugs he was using to carry the moonshine and brought him to Glasgow and placed him in the county jail.

Before Judge Borton of the District, Monday morning, Barnhart pleaded guilty to the charges preferred, rather than stand trial. Tuesday morning the Judge fined him one hundred fifty dollars and remanded him to jail until such time as he could pay the fine. After serving two days, by the aid of friends Barnhart succeeded in raising the ante and was released.

FORMER GLASGOW WOMAN WRITES OF HER TRAVELS

Editor Glasgow Courier: Last week I received some Couriers from some Malta friends and as I glanced over so many old familiar names, just thought I would write and let old friends, through your columns, know where and how I am.

Was in miserable health at the time of leaving Malta two years ago last November, and had been for several years before, compelling me to give up my employment.

Last year I heard of a physician who had such wonderful success in treating similar cases to mine with X-ray so I took the course of treatments and am glad to say am quite restored to health.

Last August I applied for and received a position with the Central Piano Co., owned and controlled by Lyon & Healy. It is located at Wash and Adams Sts. If any of my friends out there happen to be in Chicago at any time would be pleased to have them look me up.

Early last fall, I met Rev. and Mrs. L. J. Christler on State street. They were on their way to Montana from New York. It certainly did seem good to see some Montana folks. I am still the same booster for Montana that I always was.

Have been a resident at the Hotel Hayes, 6345 University avenue for over a year. It is quite near the University of Chicago.

A few months ago while sitting in the lobby one evening some young

H. S. BASKETEERS WIN AND LOSE

Local High School Loses to Culbertson by One Point; Then Wallops Wolf Point by Good Margin.

In one of the finest played games of the series, Glasgow High School defeated the Basketball team from the high school at Wolf Point Wednesday night, at Wolf Point, by a score of 17 to 14. Consistent playing on the part of the Glasgow lads brought home the bacon for the second time this year, for the Wolves.

The record of having lost no game, the boys started out to make, was broken Tuesday night, when they were barely defeated by the Culbertson high school team on the Culbertson floor. The local boys played a fine game, but on account of their not being used to the floor and because of several other minor differences, they lost by a score of 24 to 25.

A fast and furious game is promised Glasgow enthusiasts at the high school gym Saturday night when the boys play for the third time this week, meeting Chinook. This opponent is made up of veterans, and is out to win but Glasgow is just as determined to send them home empty handed.

GILLIE TALKS ON RESUMPTION OF WORK IN COPPER MINES

Much of the editorial comment on the resumption of work in the mines, mills and smelters of Montana refers to the effect of this resumption upon other interests, such as coal-mining, lumbering and railroading and the provision of an enlarged market for farmers, stockgrowers and merchants.

In an attempt to reduce these general assertions to definite data, John Gillie, General Manager of the Anaconda Copper Mining Company, was asked for a statement embodying the facts as to his own Company and the contingent industries effected by its recent resumption of work.

"When our mines, mills and smelters," said Mr. Gillie, "are running at full capacity, we employ in Butte some 12,000 men; at Anaconda about 4,000 and at Great Falls another 1,800. An additional 600 men are needed on the B. A. & P. Railway.

At our coal mines in Montana we employ 400 men, besides the force employed in mining smelter coal at our Wyoming fields. The Company's lumber camps and saw mills require a force of about 700 hands. Considerable coal is bought from outside companies, the amount purchased making work for another 200 to 250 men. Outside lumber is also purchased from outside concerns to give employment to 500 to 750 more.

"In the railroad field, our operations mean an average daily use of 350 cars over the B. A. & P. and, over the transcontinentals, roads, 175 cars per day. On the whole, the work of some 2,600 railroad men is contingent upon normal A. C. M. operations. "With all departments running full, our operations require the services of about 23,000 Montana workers, including those inside and outside of the Company. If we figure three persons dependent upon each worker, we have a total of 92,000 individuals directly and financially interested in our industrial activities.

"Among its own employees, with all departments running full, the Anaconda Company disburses within Montana \$36,000,000 per year in wages, taxes, insurance, the purchase of custom ores and miscellaneous items. The Company spends an additional \$34,000,000. This makes a total of \$70,000,000 per year, or about \$200,000 per day spent by the Anaconda Company in Montana, when all departments are running at capacity."

THE NATIONAL WEEK OF SONG

Editor Glasgow Courier:

A celebration of national importance will take place February 19th to 25th. It is the seventh annual National Week of Song. During this week every city and town join in a huge chorus. The purpose of the week is to sing such songs as "will awaken a love for God and Country, stimulate a true spirit of devotion and loyalty, unite us in our civic interests and develop that spirit of brotherhood which will make us a better people and a greater nation."

The National Week of Song in Glasgow should be full of interest to every member of the community. Beginning on Sunday as it does gives churches the first opportunity to give impetus to the celebration.

On Tuesday the boys and girls of the city school will show the public what singing means to them by giving a "monster" concert which will be rendered at the high school auditorium in the evening. This concert will be participated in by every boy and girl in the elementary grades of the city schools, as well as by those belonging to the musical organizations of the high school. Musically speaking it will be the biggest event of the school year.

As the plans for this week of song develop announcement will be made through the press. In the meantime there will be present at the "Every Student Concert" on Tuesday evening, February 21st.

folks were talking about the weather, when one young man made the remark that the coldest place he ever was in, was one night in Glasgow, Montana, when it was forty degrees below zero.

I immediately asked him if he had resided there for some time. He said he spent the winter of 1916 there. His name is Dr. Whitson, a dentist. He asked me if I knew Glen Darst and told me that he plays the pipe organ in the Masonic Temple across the street from the hotel here, as well as several other places.

I see by the Courier that the George Rapps are still in Glasgow and that the Judge is still marrying off the young folks.

There are many I would like to hear from in the old town out there. Hoping I have not taken up too much space, will close with best wishes for your success.

Respectfully yours,
MABEL PECK.

NAME MISSOULA FOR CONVENTION OF PRESS GANG

The executive committee of the Montana State Press association, meeting in Great Falls Saturday, named Missoula as the place of the 1922 convention of that organization. The time of the convention will be the day preceding the gathering there of the National Editorial association, the date of which has not yet been fixed, but which probably will be some time in July or August.

In selecting Missoula as the convention city, the committee accepted the invitation extended to it at the time of the 1921 convention held at Whitefish in July, by the Missoula chamber of commerce, through Martin J. Hutchens, editor of The Missoulian. Two other cities, Lewistown and White Sulphur Springs sought the convention, but Missoula won out, the committee favoring it because to hold the convention there would enable the members of the state association to take part in the meetings of the national association of which many of them are also members.

The members of the executive committee are O. S. Warden, Great Falls, chairman; Dean A. L. Stone, Missoula; H. A. Johnson, Malta; G. M. Moss, Whitefish; J. A. Gillyu, Lewistown, and Secretary S. E. Peterson and President P. B. Snelson of the state association, members ex-officio. All members of the committee were either present at the Saturday meeting or represented by letter containing their views upon other matters in connection with the conventions.

After the date of the conventions are fixed, another meeting of the committee will be held at which time the date of the convention will be named to meet the special trains of the National Editorial association at the state boundary and accompany them on their 17 day trip through the state. Because of the national convention, the committee decided that the sessions of the state organization should be shortened to one day instead of the usual three days, and that they should be devoted to business entirely, dispensing with usual entertainment program and banquet.

Miss Clara Kelly of Glasgow spent several days the fore part of this week with her sister, Mrs. M. Lynch, at her residence on the north side.—Wolf Point Promoter.

MANAGER OF WOLF POINT MEN ISSUES CHALLENGE

Editor Glasgow Courier: I am informed that you have a number of boxes and wrestlers in Glasgow, and I thought I would ask you to issue a challenge in your paper in behalf of my men. I have a boxer who weighs 150 pounds, who will meet any boxer up to 160 pounds, name—Spike Murphy of Chicago, Illinois. The wrestler weighs 160 pounds and will take on anyone up to 180 pounds. Name, Mike Jensen. For terms and particulars, my address is at Wolf Point, Montana, care Wolf Point Cafe.

Respectfully yours,
R. E. WILLIAMS, Mgr.

Congress Decides Action On Bonus Necessary Now

Washington, Jan. 25.—Assurance that the permanent tariff bill will be reported to the senate early in February and passed before the close of the present session was given republican leaders in the house by senate republican leaders Wednesday at a conference.

Agreement was reached at the conference that the proposed soldier bonus bill should originate in the house. House leaders said a measure would be drafted at once by the ways and means committee and probably reported to the house in two weeks.

House members who attended the conference reported that they insisted the legislation program be speeded up so that congress could adjourn by June 1.

Leaders of both houses were said to have agreed that discussion of the armament conference treaties should not interfere with enactment of the permanent tariff bill of the annual appropriation bills. Suggestions were made, it is understood, that the senate either dispose of the treaties within the next two months, before the final

OIL PERMITTEES GIVEN MORE TIME

Recent Act of Congress Authorizes Extensions to Those Who Have Leased Gov. Land for Drilling.

The Local Land Office is just in receipt of a copy of instructions issued from the General Land Office, Washington, D. C., pertaining to the time extensions to be granted permittees for the drilling of oil or gas. This act is but recently passed and approved, and follows:

By act of Congress approved January 11, 1922, Public No. 127, the Secretary of the Interior was authorized to grant an extension of time under oil and gas permits granted pursuant to Section 13 of the Act of February 25, 1920 (41 Stat., 437).

The text of the act is as follows: "Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, that the Secretary of the Interior may, if he shall find that any oil or gas permittee has been unable, with the exercise of diligence, to begin drilling operations or to drill wells of the depth and within the time prescribed by Section 13 of the Act of Congress approved February 25, 1920 (forty-first Statutes, Page 437), extend the time for beginning such drilling or completing it, to the amount specified in the Act for such time, not exceeding three years, and upon such conditions as he shall prescribe."

Accordingly, a permittee who has been unable to comply with the terms of the permit issued under Section 13 of the Act of February 25, 1920, may, if the facts warrant, be granted an extension of time upon filing an application therefor accompanied by his own affidavit setting forth what efforts, if any, he has made to comply with the terms of his permit and the reasons for delay in the full compliance therewith, such showing to be accompanied by a corroborating affidavit of at least one disinterested person having actual knowledge of the facts.

The affidavit by the applicant must also show the time when he proposes to commence or resume his operations and any arrangements he has made for complying with the terms of the permit.

The application may be filed in the General Land Office or in the local land office having jurisdiction over the land involved by the permit. In the latter event the application will be promptly forwarded to this office by the local offices.

Very respectfully,
WILLIAM SPRY,
Commissioner.

Approved: January 16, 1922.
E. C. FINNEY, First Ass't. Sec'y.

HIGHWAY FUNDS MUST BE USED SOON

Washington—It is not generally understood that under the terms of the new federal highway act money made available to states under that act must be used within three years from the enactment of the law. This makes it necessary for any state which wishes to take advantage of the act to do so as soon as possible, for the appropriations under the act must all be expended by June 30, 1924.

CRUSCH - REYNOLDS

Erick Crusch and Elva Reynolds, both of Bainville, Montana, were united in marriage at the Methodist parsonage Sunday afternoon, January 22, William Pippy officiating. They were accompanied by Curtis and Ida Reynolds, who witnessed the marriage. The young couple will make their home at Bainville, Montana.

Despite the obstacles raised by Secretary Mellon and others to the bonus legislation, the leaders of both branches of congress are said to be in accord that the bill should be passed before adjournment. Whether taxes or other measures to raise the bonus funds would be raised in the bill was a question left open. There was said to be some sentiment among the leaders to pass a bill granting the bonus and leave over until the next session of congress the provisions of meeting the obligation.

The republican leaders agreed to make an effort to pass before adjournment the proposed merchant marine legislation. House leaders were of the opinion that it would be impossible to dispose of either house reappointment or government reorganization legislation at this session.