

# The Morning Astorian.

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AT A. V. ALLEN'S

## OUR TROOPS ARE MOVING

Rebels Routed at San Rafael and Seven Captured.

### BATTLE AT SANTA RITA

Insurgents Lose Two Officers and Six Men While American Troops Had No Casualties.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—General Otis today informed the war department that two companies of the Ninth infantry left last night for Iloilo to be followed tomorrow by their headquarters and the balance of the two battalions to relieve the Tennessee regiment at Iloilo and Cebu. The following also was received from General Otis:

"The following minor affairs are reported: Captain Butler, Third infantry, with a portion of the Baliuag troops, routed the insurgents at San Rafael, capturing seven with arms. The insurgent forces made a demonstration against Santa Rita, on the Poorac road, with a loss of two officers and six privates with arms, captured by Colonel Benn. "No casualties among our troops."

### OTIS PREPARING PLANS

Offensive Movement by Lawton and MacArthur To Be Begun at Once.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—A special to the Herald from Washington, says: Considerable progress has been made by Major-General Otis upon the plan of campaign he will inaugurate immediately upon the beginning of the dry season. To prevent further similar preparations being made by the insurgents and perhaps a forerunner to be given to the comprehensive idea of the operations, an offensive movement by the commands of Major-Generals Lawton and MacArthur will begin at once. It had been expected that this movement would have begun the last week, but evidently either the preparations

### Peaches...

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Satisfy all who use them.



If your better half does the cooking, that is an additional reason why there should be a Star Estate Range in your kitchen. The use of them prevents worry and disappointment.

W. J. SCULLY, Agent,  
421 Bond Street.

## LIENIENCY IS ASKED FOR

Judges Would Not Submit to Fresh Degredation.

### TROUBLE FEARED IN PARIS

Outbreaks Expected With Return of Leaders of Opposing Factions Verdict is Denounced.

RENNES, Sept. 11.—The judges of the Dreyfus court-martial today by mutual agreement expressed to the president of the republic, through General Lucias, commander of the army corps at Rennes, their sincere desire that Dreyfus would not be submitted to fresh degradation.

### OUTBREAKS FEARED IN PARIS.

PARIS, Sept. 11.—Except for slight street disturbances tonight, Paris has remained unexpectedly quiet, but this condition of affairs is not likely to continue. The long heavy rain yesterday, combined with the fact that the leaders of the opposing parties were all at Rennes, prevented any organized demonstration. Then, too, the general public were delighted with the verdict, as confronting with the those judges. Now, however, they are beginning to see that want of logic in conceding "extenuating circumstances" to the convicted traitor, a concession which excites doubt as to the strength of the case against Dreyfus.

Moreover, public opinion is being sobered by reading the comments of the world at large and by the prospect, however remote, that the exhibition will be boycotted, which would mean the loss of millions to the country.

There is little doubt that the trial of De Rouledists next Monday, at which it is asserted sensational evidence will be developed, and the re-opening of the chamber of deputies, will be the signals for fresh troubles. At present both parties are taking breath, but the latent animosity is undiminished.

It is estimated that the last year's proceedings have cost the Dreyfus party at least 1,500,000 francs. They do not intend to let matters rest, and rumors are revived of the impending arrest of General Mercier. He declares that he does not care what happens, being quite satisfied that he has done his duty. It is understood also that President Loubet opposes such an extreme course as prosecuting Mercier or other generals. He is rather inclined to a conciliatory policy, extending even to a pardon for Dreyfus.

### AGITATION AT WASHINGTON.

United States Exhibit at Paris May be Abandoned.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—It is believed that when congress assemblies there will be considerable agitation of the proposition for this government to abandon its participation in the Paris exposition. It is known that expressions hostile to the exposition quoted from Senator Stewart are very widely sympathized in, and it is thought that if the conviction of Dreyfus is permitted to stand there will be very little friendly feeling for France among the members of either the house or senate. Such a move however, would be a grave one. It is pointed out that to withdraw from participation in the exposition would be regarded as an official insult to France.

No further legislation on the part of congress is needed to carry out the plans of this country for the exposition. About \$1,200,000 has been appropriated for the expenses of the commission and the government exhibit. A commission has been appointed and the space desired for the exhibit has been secured.

There are only two ways in which congress could interfere. One would be to revoke such part of the appropriation as has not been already expended in the expenses of the commission, and another would be to pass a resolution declaring that on account of unsettled conditions, valuable government exhibits would not be sent to Paris.

To do either of these things would be sufficient, it is believed, to break off all friendly relations between the two countries.

### WILL HURT EXPOSITION.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—Representative Grosvenor, of Ohio, who has just returned from Europe, when asked

by a Post reporter, if the Dreyfus verdict would hurt the Paris exposition, replied:

"Beyond doubt, no nation can afford to boycott the exposition as a nation, because such action would be a direct insult to France, but individuals can express their opinions and in my judgment thousands who would otherwise have visited Paris, will now remain on this side. This will touch the French in a tender spot. The French people are looking forward to making a great deal of the show. It is a good thing that the exposition appropriation has been made. Congress would hardly be in a mood now to appropriate the money."

### COMMENT ON DREYFUS

German Newspapers of all Classes Unite in Condemning His Conviction.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—A dispatch to the Herald from Berlin, says: It has attracted considerable remark that the governmental organ, the Nord Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung, has not uttered a word of comment on the judgment of the Dreyfus court-martial. The same observation holds good with regard to the conservative Kreuz Zeitung and the Tagliche Rundschau. Of the conservative journals, the only one that has expressed an opinion is the Berlin Neuste Nachrichten, which says:

"Judgment has been given and the world is face to face with a fresh enigma. Courts-martial in France are not forced to give the grounds for their judgments. How had a thing it is in certain cases that they should be thus freed from giving public account of their acts, is clearly shown by the result of this trial—a result which must deeply wound many without prejudice against the prisoner, Dreyfus, who is represented even by the journals who believe in his innocence as a most unsympathetic figure, is personally to us as to every other German, perfectly indifferent, but justice must fulfill its high mission without respect to persons. Whenever it abandons the ground of absolute impartiality and descends to the level of party passion, it loses the right to demand that everybody should bow to its decisions. Whoever does not take up the absolutely barbarous standpoint that Dreyfus is guilty because he is a Jew, cannot escape from the force of conscience which makes him examine the question whether there is any material evidence brought forward against Dreyfus which suffices to condemn him to a disgraceful and scandalous punishment."

The clerical Germania takes a Jesuitical attitude and writes:

"We believe it our duty to refrain from criticizing the judgment. A French court-martial has given its verdict and is responsible for it before God and man."

The liberal press without a single exception condemns the judgment. The Vossische Zeitung writes:

"By this stain France throws the state that was so proud of its freedom and civilization back into barbarity and dishonors the country which has passed the sentence on an innocent man as justice. Moral sense of the nameless cruelties to which he was subjected would have wiped out much of the disgrace which the judicial error of 1894 brought upon France. Would it astonish France if thousands of exhibitors from every country should renounce their participation; if governments, in defense of their dignity, refuse to take part in it; so long as yesterday's judgment is recalled? Or do people in France regard it as a matter of course that the whole world should compete for the hospitality of a nation which out of mere hatred to the foreigner and a false sense of honor, permits and approves murder by courts of law?"

The National Zeitung declares:

"It is the greatest crime against mankind which has been committed since the days of the inquisition and of the burning of witches. It is now accomplished and five criminals in uniform who unhappily can boast that they carried out the will of the great department of the French nation, have managed to do what no one expected. They have added cowardice to unworthiness. While they were determined to make the sacrifice to the impetuous and scoundrels of the general staff, which the latter demanded, they were haunted by the fear of the cry of indignation which they knew must go through the whole civilized world if they sent Dreyfus back for life to Devil's island."

The Klein Journal says:

"The last cry of the unfortunate man 'I am innocent,' was not addressed to men, but to senseless beings. So might Murat and Robespierre have sat in judgment on a legion of innocent people who were dragged in the executioner's cart to the guillotine."

## ARE BETTER THAN CUBANS

Dewey Says Filipinos Are Capable of Self Government.

### AGREES WITH SCHURMANN

Will Consult With Him on Philippine Matters on His Arrival at Washington.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—The World publishes a dispatch from Gibraltar giving an interview with Admiral Dewey just before the Olympia sailed for New York. The World's correspondent asked the admiral for a statement of his views as to the Philippine policy.

"I've little to say," he said, "until the recommendations of the commission of which I am a member are laid before President McKinley."

"Did you read what Mr. Schurmann, one of the commissioners, had to say upon his return from the Philippines?"

"As he is quoted in the newspapers he definitely explains my position. I quite agree with what Mr. Schurmann says, indeed, I attach great importance to his opinions. He is an able and high-minded man, whose intelligence and conscientious devotion to the task assigned him won him my admiration. We were invariably in accord."

Admiral Dewey has never expressed regret that he asked to be made one of the Philippine commissioners. On the other hand he has said that he was glad that he was a member of the commission, and his greatest desire now is to put its report in the hands of the president as soon as possible.

"You may add this," the admiral said, with great earnestness. "I have not changed my opinion which I stated early at Manila, then speaking of knowledge of both people, that I consider the Filipinos more capable of self-government than the Cubans. I took the keenest interest in those Filipinos who were employed at the arsenal in Cavite and often I was surprised by their intelligence. With fair and properly directed opportunities there are great possibilities in the Filipinos."

From Montpeller the admiral expects to return to Washington for the sessions of the Philippine commission.

"I do not know," he said, "if Colonel Denby will return by that time. If he has returned I hope to meet both he and Mr. Schurmann in Washington. Of course, General Otis cannot leave the Philippines, and I see that Prof. Dean Worcester is still in the islands. However, there should be little difficulty in making our formal report. I hope we will get to work at once and keep at it until our task is finished. Anyhow, Schurmann and myself can put our heads together."

"I mentioned to the admiral what was uppermost in the minds of many men who were at Manila—what his officers believe—that had he been given full powers as a governor general there would have been no rebellion. The admiral raised his eyebrows at this, as one who gets information for the first time. He was absolutely startled."

Many persons are credited with being original who only have sense enough to tell old jokes where they have never been heard before.

It is possible, but true, that bread kneading is a much more beneficial exercise than golf, tennis, rowing or any other fashionable outdoor sport.

How much time many of us waste in trying to think what we put a ring on a certain finger to remind us of—though this rarely applies to the woman and her wedding circlet.

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