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The Morning Astorian.

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RESULTS OF BATES' TRIP

Nearly All Southern Island Rebels Recognize Our Authority.

GREAT TYPHOON AT MANILA

Tennessee Regiment Detained by Storm—Cardinal Gibbons Visits McKinley—Transports Available

MANILA, Sept. 20.—Cable reports from Ilo Ilo concerning the results of General Bates' second trip among the southern islands indicate that only about 400 rebels at Zamboanga refuse to recognize American authority. Pending the outcome in the Island of Luzon, the city of Zamboga is practically deserted. The rebels are in camp four miles in the country.

The Moros and Filipinos are unfriendly and disturbances between them are liable to occur. Jolo is quiet and the natives continue friendly.

STORMS AT MANILA.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The war department has received the following dispatch:

"Manila, Sept. 20.—Adjutant General Washington.—A typhoon is prevailing. The rainfall for 48 hours is 8.2 inches; the last 24 hours, 6.2. Delay the shipment of the volunteers. The Iowa will probably sail tomorrow. The Tennessee regiment is detained by the storm."

GIBBONS AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Cardinal Gibbons had a half hour's conference with the president today. Further than to admit that the conversation related to Philippine conditions, Cardinal Gibbons declined to make a statement regarding the conference. The Catholic clergy have been very much exercised by reports of the desecration of church property in the Philippines by our soldiers.

ASHAMED OF HIS COUNTRY.

Senator Mason Says We are Treating Filipinos Worse Than Dogs.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—In an interview with a Post reporter today, Senator Mason, of Illinois, said:

"On the floor of the senate I shall continue my opposition to the war upon the Filipinos. I would sooner resign my seat than treat a dog the way we are treating those people. I am ashamed of my country. People make a great mistake," he continued, "when they say that I am against expansion. I am not. But expansion by purchase or other honorable means is one thing; expansion by force is another."

TRANSPORTS FOR TROOPS.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Secretary Root received information today which gives assurance that enough ships can be secured to land all troops in Manila by Christmas. Telegrams from San Francisco announce that the quartermaster has options there on vessels which will take the place of those being repaired on the Atlantic coast.

ORDERED TO PORTLAND.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20. The war department has directed the transports Sikh and City of Rio to go to Portland, Oregon, and take the Thirty-fifth volunteers to Manila.

PRESIDENT MELLEN TALKS OF BUILDING NEW WAREHOUSES.

He Says the Prospects of Increased Traffic Over His Washington and Columbia River Line Warrants It.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—President Mellen, of the Northern Pacific says: Our annual report to be submitted this week will be very satisfactory, much more so than is anticipated. This is best expressed by the statement that we have earned fully five per cent on all stock.

We will haul as much grain this year as last. It is quite remarkable the extent to which farmers are disposed to hold their grain. This is especially true of the Pacific coast farmers, though it is also noticeable to a less degree in the Northwest. Farmers are well off. They feel they can afford to hold their grain.

Evidence of this is seen on our Washington and Columbia River line, 160 miles long, where he have to practically build a new line of warehouses. I have just authorized extensive improvements of this character at Dayton, Washington, and other principal points. If farmers would send their grain out steadily we would be saved this expense, but as it is there is no help for it.

Hail destroyed many million bushels, but the damage on our line by hail is comparatively insignificant, amounting to not over 250,000 bushels.

The Union Pacific has not finally decided to use our facilities between Tacoma and Portland, but if they do we will make all improvements necessary to accommodate the increased traffic.

BOSTON DEMOCRATS FOR BRYAN.

BOSTON, Sept. 20.—The declination of two men who headed last year's democratic ticket, Alexander B. Bruce of Lawrence, and Edward Slattery of South Farmingham, to run again this year, was the sensation of a political gathering of democrats for the state convention which will be held here tomorrow. Tonight it was announced that Robt. T. Payne, jr., of this city, hal consented to head the ticket, but there was quite a contest for second place with no agreed candidate at a late hour. Enough of the platform is known to show that it will endorse W. J. Bryan and the Chicago platform. It will denounce trusts, imperialism and expansion.

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A splendid lot of the celebrated Southern Oregon peaches just received.

Other Fruit...

In abundance and of all varities.

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The most complete selection in the city and all fresh and crisp.

Prompt delivery to all parts of the city and outside points.

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He says was always so light and well baked.
Well there is a knack in making it.
But don't forget the kind of stove or range used makes a difference. His mother used a

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WAR CLOUDS ARE DARKER

British Transports Being Equipped With All Speed.

TRANSVAAL WILL NOT YIELD

War is Inevitable if Great Britain Does Not Recede—Dreyfus Released From Prison.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—Despite all outward show of calm, Great Britain is in practically the same condition today as was the United States a few weeks before the opening of the war with Spain. Beneath the crust of diplomatic reserve, the officials are working night and day preparing for the signal to begin hostilities whether that comes or not. England is not going to be caught napping any more that the Transvaal. While Lord Salisbury is quietly at home in Hatfield, Chamberlain is buried in work at the colonial office, and double forces at the royal arsenal and dockyards are straining every nerve to equip and transport the troops to the cape.

It may be said for certain that Great Britain will do nothing to precipitate matters and that the colonial office is far from admitting that the case is hopeless.

The preparations of the transport Jelunge for the Mediterranean today with 1100 troops was witnessed by a large and enthusiastic crowd.

At Wolwich the activity increases daily and especially in the ordnance department where Maxium guns, Lyodite shells, ballon equipments, gas reservoirs and other paraphernilia of modern warfare are being hurried forward.

This evening the Marquis of Lansdowne issued strict orders to the staff of the war department warning all subordinates to refrain from giving the press any information without the authority of their superiors.

Advices from Cape Town are to the effect that the Afrikanders declare that the Transvaal will not yield further and that if the imperial government does not recede from its present position war is inevitable. According to other advices the Bughers are rapidly going into La Agers while the exodus from Joshnnesburg yesterday reached 1,000 persons.

Merchants are erecting barricades in front of their shop windows.

DREYFUS LEAVES HIS PRISON.

His Departure From the Jail Was Completely Unnoticed.

RENNES, Sept. 20.—Capt. Alfred Dreyfus at 3 o'clock this morning lef the prison in which he had been confined since his return from Devil's island, and proceeded to Verna, where he took a train bound for Nantes. His departure was completely unnoticed.

M. Virguie, chief of the secret service, and M. Dureault arrived at the prison after midnight, bringing the order of the minister of war for the release of Dreyfus.

Dreyfus walked from the prison to the boulevard La Enne, where he entered a waiting carriage and was driven to the Verna station outside of the town. Matthieu Dreyfus met him at the train, and accompanied him to Nantes.

While this dramatic turn in the Dreyfus drama was taking place all Rennes slept, and the departure of the famous prisoner of Devil's island was no more noticed than that of an ordinary traveler.

TAKEN TO NICE.

Is Accompanied by His Brother and Chief of Secret Police.

NANTES, Sept. 20.—Dreyfus arrived here this morning from Rennes, accompanied by his brother Mathiew Dreyfus, Chief of Secret Service M. Viguer, and one policeman. The party traveled as ordinary passengers.

The train reached the station at 8:17 a. m. Here they took the Bordeaux train to continue their journey alone, and where they arrived a few hours later. They expressed the intention of proceeding to Nice.

WAR TALK CONTINUE.

Great Britain Believed to be Going Slow to Gain Time.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says:

The local papers are vibrating between peace and war, some of them reporting Kruger as giving way to the British demands, and others announcing an expected Boer invasion of Natal and hostilities in sight of Laing's Nek.

The truth seems to be that the situation is unchanged and that Lord Salisbury and Mr. Chamberlain after comparing views today have decided that a cabinet meeting must be held to consider an alternative program. The Transvaal government was warned that the ministers would take the whole matter under reconsideration if their proposals were not accepted. This will require another cabinet meeting when there has been sufficient time for drafting a new dispatch.

This interval will also enable the British forces already afloat or about embarking to reach South Africa. The ministers are not in haste to present an ultimatum when they are not ready for military operations.

SURRENDER OF GUERIN.

Anti-Semite Agitator is Taken to the Outskirts of Paris.

PARIS, Sept. 20.—The streets adjoining the Rue de Chabrol early this morning, when the demonstration was made that resulted in the surrender of M. Guerin, resembled the yard of a cavalry barracks. One narrow lane was completely filled by a detachment of municipal horse guards, the horses closely packed side by side from one end of the lane to the other. Carbines were slung from the saddles, while the troopers stood at the heads of the horses holding bridles. The municipal guards belong to the best cavalry in the world, being all fine men with magnificent steeds. Looking up the street a fantastic view was presented. The yellowish flame of the gas lamps attached to the walls of the houses was just strong enough to show up the long unequal line of polished brass helmets and the outlined forms of the shifting troopers, as tired with the long wait, they moved from side to side. This imposing force of cavalry was intended to cope with any movement of the mob, should they interfere with the police arrangements or attempt to rescue M. Guerin.

At 3 a. m., M. Guerin appeared at a window and asked an hour's respite to make up his mind, declaring that he would surrender then if his friends were not arrested. At 4 o'clock a captain of the guard rapped at the door, as already stated. M. Guerin was the last to leave the house. The police had a dozen open cabs all ready for the reception of the garrison.

M. Guerin was driven rapidly away by the least crowded approach to the Rue de Chabrol. Not a cry was raised and there was no demonstration. M. Guerin was taken to the central depot in the Palais de Justice, situated on the Ile de la Cite, in the center of the Seine. Then the weary troopers marched off. The officers gave orders to the cavalrymen who mounted their horses and trotted away. Then followed the firemen in wagons with their engines and fire escapes and soon only a small detachment of municipal foot guards and a cordon of police enveloped in hooded cloaks remained in the immediate vicinity of the fort.

The majority of the crowd were at the opposite end at the street from which M. Guerin and his companions were driven away and the first intimation these sight-seers had that Fort Chabrol had surrendered was the withdrawal of the troops and guards. The exclamation was heard on all sides: "Why, they have surrendered like sheep! What a fiasco!" and the crowd, cheated out of the anticipated storming of the fort by fire and water, dispersed laughing at the expense of the government, which had taken six weeks to accomplish what, with a little determination, might have been done the first day and exchanging sarcastic comment on the chicken-hearted conduct of M. Guerin and his garrison, who they had fondly hoped would make a spirited resistance.

LYNTON SMELTER SOLD.

Purchased by the English Development Company of London.

PORTLAND, Sept. 20.—The Linnton smelter, 10 miles from this city, will pass into the hands of the English Development Company, of London. O. M. Rosedale, manager of the Slocan Ore Purchasing Company, of Nelson, B. C., has been here completing arrangements and it is said the deal involves the expenditure of half a million dollars. The smelter will be started soon and ore from Eastern Oregon, Coeur d'Alene and Southern Oregon will be brought here.

RIGHT OF WAY GRANTED.

PORTLAND, Sept. 20.—The O. R. & N. Company has agreed to give the United States government a right of way over its property for a boat railway around the falls between The Dalles and Celilo. It will be necessary to move the O. R. & N. tracks, as a survey for the boat railway crosses the railroad six times. This completes the right of way for the boat railway.

ISLAND SINKS INTO THE SEA

Remarkable Phenomenon Caused by Earthquake in Alaska.

SHOCKS FOR SEVEN DAYS

Tide Rose and Fell Twenty Feet in Two Minutes and Huge Fissures Opened in the Earth.

SEATTLE, Sept. 20.—The steamship City of Topeka arrived from Lynn canal this evening with the news of a terrible earthquake which began September 3 and continued until September 10. The steamer Dora carried the news to Juneau.

The earthquake extended from Liueya bay, 150 miles below Yakutat, 500 miles northwest into the Cook inlet country. It was the greatest phenomenon ever witnessed in Alasaka since a similar occurrence in Russian days. Three distinct shocks were felt at Juneau. Buildings were badly shaken. The earthquake was the most severe at Yakutat.

Kanan island, at the entrance to Yakutat bay, sank 20 feet into the sea. At high tide only the tops of trees are visible. Huge fissures have opened in the earth. The Dora's passengers say that in two minutes the ocean rose 20 feet above high tide and almost as quickly subsided.

The Indians at Yakutat have deserted their homes and are living in tents on the beach. Many have gone to Juneau.

THE PASSING AWAY OF A WELL KNOWN JURIST.

Judge Piper Dies at Seattle After a Lingering Illness—His Career in the Northwest.

SEATTLE, Sept. 20.—Judge W. G. Piper, late of Moscow, Idaho, died this afternoon.

Judge Piper had been in failing health since his retirement from the bench last January. He had been for about two weeks in the hospital, but his condition was hopeful until yesterday morning, when he suddenly took a turn for the worse.

Judge Piper was well known throughout the Northwest. He was born in Washington county, Penn., August 8, 1831. In 1876 he came from Indiana with his family to Oregon, locating at Albany. In 1880 he was elected district attorney for the thrid judicial district of that state. In 1887 he moved to Idaho and was in 1890 elected superior judge for the Moscow-Lewiston district. He was re-elected in 1894. He leaves four sons and two daughters.

DREYFUS' QUARTERS UNKNOWN.

Only a Few of His Relatives Know of His Destination.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—A special to the World from Paris says:

Captain Dreyfus in his present condition of health, will not go to Folkestone. The report that Mme Dreyfus and Mme. Labori visited that resort in search for quarters for Dreyfus is false. The destination of Dreyfus is carefully withheld and is known only to a few relatives. Even the friends who fought for him keep quiet through a fear of a leakage. Dreyfus' weak health needs warm climates.

Both Labori and Demange were seen by the World correspondent. Each disclaimed any intention of going to Rennes to see Dreyfus before his departure. M. Labori said: "The pardon can be only accepted as a preliminary to a future vindication. Our appeal is not yet withdrawn and if possible it won't be. At any rate, the fight will not be withdrawn."

Emile Zola said to the World correspondent: "The Rennes trial was the dark fourth act of a dark tragedy. How will the act end? Dreyfus will regain his place in the army and the drama will end with a procession of handcuffed generals led to prison or else the dark days are just beginning for France, days when justice will come with the sword and torch and a martyr's acquittal will be soiled with the blood of humanity; by vindicating Dreyfus, France will vindicate herself. The curtain has risen on the fifth act. The world watches."

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