

## SLAVS ARE READY FOR SITUATION

### St. Petersburg Paper Declares That if England Wants to Fight Her Challenge Will Not Go Begging.

### Says Britain Has Won International Success by Bluff, and Not by War.

## FEELING FOLLOWS TREATY

### Tibetan Agreement Causes Displeasure and China Regards It as Markedly Unfriendly.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 21.—The irritation regarding Great Britain's course in Tibet is displayed in the Novoe Vremya's remarks regarding the statement made in the house of commons by Broderick, secretary of state for India, that "the best way of preserving peace is to be prepared for war, and England's army on the Indian frontier is ready."

The Novoe Vremya declares the majority of Great Britain's international successes were won not by fighting, but by bluff. The article concludes: "This sort of diplomatic intermediation can not continue indefinitely. In reply to Broderick's words, we can quietly and confidently say, 'We are ready, too.'"

### China is Displeased.

London, Sept. 21.—The Post's Shanghai correspondent is informed that China objects to the Anglo-Tibetan treaty on the ground that it infringes China's sovereign rights.

## HOLY WAR PROBABLE.

### Agitation Toward That End is Now More Pronounced.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 21.—It is rather significant that, with the success of the British expedition to Tibet and the protest of Russia against the British-Tibetan treaty, some of the Russian papers have suddenly become greatly disturbed over the Buddhist pilgrimage to mourn in February.

According to information which has been drifting eastward from the depths of Mongolia, the agitation for a holy war, noted at the time of the pilgrimage to Ourga in July last, continues. Wandering Llamas are spreading the agitation not only among Buddhists in Mongolia, but among the followers of Buddha in the Altai regions of central China, among the Russian buriats and even beyond the Siberian borders and in India.

According to reports at Ourga, there is general agitation among the Buddhists in favor of freeing themselves from the domination of China, some of them favoring the removal of the Dalai Lama to northern Mongolia and entering on a holy war for the establishment of a Buddhist kingdom, while others advocate appealing for the protection of Russia. What effect the British expedition and the deposition of the Lhal Lama will have on the movement is the subject of much speculation.

The Journal de St. Petersburg says it is very possible that the February pilgrimage may compel Russia to attract serious attention to the situation. "We might expect developments of the greatest importance," the paper adds, "and should be prepared for any eventuality."

## WASHINGTON CITY GETS IT.

### Next Meeting Place of Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows.

San Francisco, Sept. 21.—The most important action taken at the forenoon session of the sovereign grand lodge was the choice of a meeting place for its next annual session. After an animated contest the honor went to Washington D. C., which received 98 votes, against 20 for Buffalo, 18 for Philadelphia, 14 for Cleveland and 11 for Montreal. After the final adjournment in this city the sovereign grand

lodge will again convene at the national capital on the third Monday in September, 1905.

About 2000 Odd Fellows and Daughters of Rebekah went on an excursion around San Francisco bay this morning, visiting Alcatraz and Angel islands and stopping at other points of interest. The sovereign grand lodge met at Native Sons' hall for the consideration of questions pertaining to the good of the order. The grand encampment of California continued its work in Memorial hall.

## SERVIAN KING CROWNED.

### Attempt at Assassination Did Not Succeed.

Belgrade, Sept. 21.—The coronation of King Peter of Serbia was crowned with success today. There were no hostile demonstrations and no attempt to carry out the numerous threats against the new king's life. In the solemn ritual of the Greek church and in the elaborate state procession which preceded and followed the coronation the tragedy of Serbia's previous ruler found no echo. Amid the thunder of the saluting guns from the royal palace and the garrison, King Alexander's murderer was, at least outwardly, forgotten.

Here and in every garrison town of Serbia the dawn of the day was marked by a salute of 21 guns, and before the sun was well up King Peter, on horseback, rode out from the palace. The procession then started for the cathedral through the troop-lined streets. Behind the soldiers were packed dense crowds, who, in spite of the rainy weather, stood patiently awaiting to see the king. The royal heralds, cavalry and life guards (the heralds bearing the royal standards) and carriages with the Servian princesses, preceded the monarch.

Beside King Peter rode his two sons, George and Alexander.

The cathedral was reached shortly after. There the representatives of the foreign powers, the cabinet ministers and others had already been waiting for some time.

As King Peter entered, the metropolitan consecrated him and more artillery salutes were fired. The king then took up his position under a canopy and the metropolitan, assisted by many bishops and other clergy, commenced the solemn service, the choir singing, "Thank Thee, Our Lord."

After the prayer, the premier and other ministers handed crown and regalia to King Peter. He kissed the crown, placed it on his head and robed himself in the royal garments. An artillery salute of 101 guns then announced to the people of Belgrade that King Peter had been crowned.

It was nearly three hours before the service was concluded and the ritual of the church completed with King Peter afterward signed the coronation document, which was witnessed by the metropolitan, the premier, the cabinet ministers and the other heads of state. Wearing the crown on his head and fully robed, the king left the cathedral, remounted his horse and rode through the crowded streets to the palace. There, in the grand festal hall, King Peter received the congratulations of the diplomatic corps and others, ascended the royal throne and once more took the scepter and orb in his hands. The ceremony of rendering homage was then performed.

## HEAD OF ODD FELLOWS ILL.

### Grand Sire Elect Will Be Installed at His Home.

San Francisco, Sept. 21.—Owing to the fact that the constitution of the sovereign grand lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, requires that officers shall be installed before the adjournment of the session, Robert E. Wright, grand sire-elect, who is ill at his home in Allenton, Pa., will be installed by Past Grand Sire Campbell of London, Ont., who has been deputized to go to Allenton and install Mr. Wright next Saturday at the same time the other officers are installed in this city by the sovereign grand lodge. The appointive officers will be selected by Mr. Wright and telegraphed to the sovereign grand lodge before the installation ceremony.

## Duke Gets New Office.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 21.—The emperor has appointed the Grand Duke Sergius Michaelovitch to the newly created post of inspector general of artillery.

The grand duke is an uncle of the emperor and former governor general of Moscow.

## STRUGGLE FOR MUKDEN IS RENDERED NECESSARY BY THE APPROACH OF WINTER

### Japanese Must Capture the Town, While It Is Equally Important That the Russians Hold It.

### Brown Men Are Reported to Have Already Attacked the Da Mountain Passes, and the Struggle is Expected to Occur Shortly—Port Arthur is Also Being Assaulted by the Land and Sea Forces.

Whatever may be happening in the far east, there is little information from any quarter. The armies in the vicinity of Mukden appear to be limiting activities at present to feeling the positions of their adversaries. It is supposed to be the plan of the Japanese to possess themselves of the passes of the Da mountain range before beginning a direct movement upon Mukden. Strategic and political considerations seem to make it essential that Kuropatkin make a stand there and prevent the town being made the winter headquarters of the Japanese, while lack of adequate facilities elsewhere for housing the troops during the rigorous Manchurian winter make it necessary for the Japanese to bend their energies to capture the town.

Berlin, Sept. 21.—A dispatch from Mukden to the Lokal Anzeiger says: "The Japanese on Tuesday attacked Da pass, 50 miles southeast of Mukden. The result is not known. 'Red Cross institutions are making ready for general engagements.'"

## BATTLE IS EXPECTED.

### Up to the Japs to Capture Mukden Before Winter Sets In.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 21.—There is further delay of decisive news from the front. The situation at Port Arthur remains a blank, although it is felt important developments may now be occurring. The movements in the north are still tentative and preparatory on both sides and have not yet crystallized into a definite clash of forces at any one point. Resumption of the Japanese advance is expected to occur any day. The Japanese probably will attempt to capture the passes of the Da mountain range, running half way between the Hun and the Taitze rivers. Possession of these passes is important, not only to enable the march northward, but also to screen the movements of the troops from the prying gaze of the Russian scouts. It is fully appreciated here that the Japanese must try for possession of Mukden, as otherwise it will be difficult for them to provide army winter quarters.

## ORLOFF NOT ALONE TO BLAME.

### Reported to Have Already Assaulted Port Arthur Defenses.

London, Sept. 21.—During the scarcity of news from Mukden, attention is reverted to Port Arthur. According to the Post's Japanese correspondent, the two Russian forts the Japanese are said to have occupied in the vicinity of Shushiyang are Nantsai and Chaniktun, the object of the Japanese being to thrust a powerful wedge in the gap between the eastern and the western fortifications through which the rail-

## PROMOTE CIVIC IMPROVEMENT.

### Good Move in Crowded Quarter of New York.

New York, Sept. 21.—A movement is to be started throughout the lower east side to educate the people up to the point of keeping the streets clean. At the university settlement, it is said all the Jewish rabbis will be asked to address their congregations on the subject, while at the same time the principals and teachers in the public schools will proceed along the same lines by delivering short talks on the hygienic benefits of having clean streets and by appealing to the pupils in their schools to teach their parents how to keep the streets free from dirt. The movement grows out of a mass meeting held recently at which a committee was chosen to call upon the city officials and protest against the conditions of the streets throughout the lower east side—the most crowded quarter of the city.

## ARMY IN MOURNING.

### Three Argentine Generals Dead in Three Days.

New York, Sept. 21.—Three Argentine generals have died in the last three days, says a Herald dispatch from Buenos Ayres. These are Lieutenant General Obes, Division General Arrendonzo and Brigadier General Pico. General Obes was the oldest veteran of the Argentine army, and rose from the ranks to the highest position.

## CHOOSING HANGING.

### James Webb Spurns Reprieve, Preferring to Hang.

Philadelphia, Sept. 21.—With every prospect of gaining a reprieve and eventually a commutation to a short term of imprisonment, James Webb, under death sentence for the murder of his wife and mother-in-law, has declared in his cell in prison that he

wishes to die, and by his own act has cut off his one chance of escaping the gallows.

When his attorney went to the prison with the documents needing the convicted man's signature, Webb refused to sign and said he wanted to die on the gallows.

## RULING IN CHINESE CASE.

### First Statement of Orientals Can Not Be Held Against Them.

Portland, Sept. 21.—By a ruling of United States Commissioner McKee, the first statement of Chinese taken after arrest for being illegally within the boundaries of the United States by a Chinese inspector or any other inspector can not be used by the government as evidence. The decision was made during the hearing of the case of Dong Sam, held for deportation. Immediately after his arrest Dong Sam made a statement to a Chinese inspector which was prima facie evidence that the Chinaman was not legally entitled to remain in this country. When this statement was offered in evidence it was not admitted. Commissioner McKee assigned the reason that when the statement was taken there was no lawyer present to advise the Chinaman what to say. The effect of the ruling is to make admission easy for a large number of Chinese upon whose first statement the government based the application for deportation.

## MAY BE OIL FAMINE.

### Supply Ships Must Hurry to Reach Vladivostok.

New York, Sept. 21.—A dispatch from London to the Times on the subject of marine insurance says: "Business is active in steamers with coal, oil, and stores for Russian account. It is clear that urgent measures are being taken to secure supplies for Siberia and Manchuria before the winter. Underwriters are skeptical as to the weather permitting steamers which have still to sail from Europe to reach Vladivostok."

It has been known for months, the correspondent adds, that unless large quantities of oil are got out many of the eastern Siberian towns may be in darkness during the winter.

## ALLIANCE HAS BEST OF IT.

### New York Builders Enforce Lockout in New York City.

New York, Sept. 21.—Issuance of a general strike ultimatum to the employers by the unions in the Building Trades Alliance here has been postponed. It was to have been presented today with the purpose of attempting to end the lockout in force against the alliance unions. Meantime the employers claim to be filling the places made vacant by members of the alliance. A revolt has taken place in the plasterers' union. About 400 men employed exclusively in ornamental plastering returned to work at once, ignoring a strike ordered by the old union.

## DREDGEMEN STRIKE.

### Boston Contractors Refused to Grant Increase.

Chicago, Sept. 21.—Orders for a general strike of the 300 dredgemen now employed in Boston harbor on government work have been issued from the Chicago headquarters of the International Dredgemen's Union. The strike order was the result of the refusal of the Boston dredge contractors to sign the wage scale and agreement recently represented by the union. This agreement calls for an increase of wages for all dredgemen. It fixes the pay for engineers on the dredges at \$125 a month and that of the other dredgemen at a slightly lower figure. The wage scale has been accepted by all the contractors on the great lakes.

## All Quiet at Vladivostok.

Vladivostok, Sept. 20.—(Delayed.)—All is quiet here. With two exceptions the officers wounded in the battle with Vice Admiral Kamamura's squadron have been discharged from the hospital. The others are progressing favorably.

## Vessel Believed to Be Lost.

Chicago, Sept. 21.—Fears are entertained for the safety of the steamer Louisiana, which left Escanaba, Mich., last Saturday just before the great gale broke on Lake Michigan. It is believed the boat and her crew of 15 men have gone down.

## HERRICK IS CHOSEN BY DEMOCRATS

### Albany Man Gets Nomination for Governor as Result of Grouse-Head Wrangle at Saratoga.

### Opposing Candidates Could Not Get Together and Drove Each Other From Field

## FACTION LEADERS MAKE UP

### McCarren and Murphy Lie Down in Same Bed and Promise to Support Entire State Ticket.

Saratoga, Sept. 21.—Out of a situation that at times seemed impossible of amicable solution, the leaders of the democratic party today found a way to unanimous action, and this afternoon the state convention adjourned without day, after having nominated unanimously the following ticket:

Governor—David Cary Herrick, justice of the supreme court of Albany.

Lieutenant governor—Francis Burton Harrison of New York.

Secretary of state—John Phallace, jr., of Monroe.

Attorney general—John Cunoe of Erie.

Comptroller—George Hall of St. Lawrence.

State treasurer—William Muenich of Onondaga.

Chief justice of the court of appeals—Edgar M. Cullish of Kings.

Associate judge of the court of appeals—William E. Wener of Monroe.

Herrick was essentially the compromise candidate as between Edward M. Grouse of Brooklyn and Edward M. Shepard, also of Brooklyn, who practically drove each other from the field.

The conference of leaders last night was resumed before 7 this morning and continued almost up to the moment of the chairman's call for nominations for the office of governor.

The notable feature of the convention was the disappearance of open evidence of the factional warfare between the Kings county organization, headed by State Senator McCarren, and Tammany hall under the leadership of Charles F. Murphy.

The platform adopted includes a direct personal attack on Governor Odell, as well as denunciation of republican administrations; indorsement of the national democratic ticket, platform and resolutions and a strongly worded discussion of state and national issues from the democratic point of view.

The Kings county delegation met tonight and indorsed the ticket nominated today. McCarren, in a speech, pledged every democratic vote in the county to Herrick and the whole state ticket.

### Herrick Opens Campaign.

Albany, Sept. 21.—Justice D. Cary Herrick, democratic candidate for governor, opened the campaign tonight with a speech. A demonstration in his honor was made by the Albany Gracians Club on its return from Saratoga.

## Another Conference to Be Held.

New York, Sept. 21.—In connection with the visit of Judge Parker to this city, it is stated tonight that a conference of democratic leaders will be held tomorrow.

## Republicans' Big Meeting.

Reading, Pa., Sept. 21.—The first day's meeting of the convention of the Pennsylvania League of Republican Clubs was followed by a monster parade and a mass meeting, with an overflow gathering.

Senator Fairbanks was the principal speaker. Senators Foraker and Penrose also spoke.

## Italians Bound Over.

Portland, Sept. 21.—At the preliminary hearing today before the municipal court, the five Italians who were arrested at the City View saloon when Gus Brown was shot were bound over with bonds for hearing by the grand jury.