

PORT ARTHUR IS REPULSED

Japanese Engage in Bombardment Lasting Six Days, but Russians Drive Them Back.

Reported the Invaders Captured Fort No. 3, but That They Were Unable to Hold It.

STOESSEL'S HEROIC DEFENSE

Officials Regard It as Marvelous, as They Have Expected for Ten Days to Hear of Success of Japanese.

Chefoo, Nov. 4.—Information is brought by Chinese that a six-days firing bombardment and desperate efforts to recapture Port Arthur ceased Thursday. The Japanese took Fort No. 3, but were unable to hold it. The Japanese losses are reported to have been enormous.

KNOW THE FORT MUST FALL.

Russian Officers Prepared for News of Japanese Success.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 4.—Great relief is felt in view of the reports from Chefoo indicating that the Japanese assaults upon Port Arthur have been unsuccessful.

No confirmation has been received here of the report that General Stoessel was wounded.

Among high officials at the war office, where the true conditions inside the fortress at Port Arthur are known, Stoessel's ability to hold out against the efforts of the Japanese concentrated upon it during the last 10 days, is regarded as marvelous, but no confidence in the ultimate result is entertained. The officers have been prepared to hear that the fortress had fallen.

WOULD ENGAGE SLAV FLEET.

Japs Trying to Force It Out for the Benefit of Togo.

London, Nov. 4.—Conflicting reports emanate from Chefoo regarding the result of the latest assaults on Port Arthur. Bennett Burleigh, of the Daily Telegraph, who passed the fortress on a steamer, says all was quiet at 6 o'clock Friday morning, and he saw no signs of firing or any movement.

The Daily Telegraph's correspondent at Chefoo learns that the Japanese are seeking to compel the Russian fleet to quit the harbor, and that Togo is prepared for this move.

The Daily Mail's Chefoo correspondent has obtained a letter from a Russian in Port Arthur, dated October 27, in which the writer declares that it would need the pen of Zola or the brush of Verstaehlin to picture the awfulness of the siege. The suffering he depicts as terrible and the food as of the coarsest kind and scantiest.

Part of Fort Was Afire.

Washington, Nov. 4.—The Japanese legation received several days ago a cablegram from Tokio giving official reports of the recent operations around Port Arthur. Owing to the pressure of work, the dispatch has just been translated. The legation dispatch confirms the report that the old part of Port Arthur was afire October 28, and that on the following day great damage was inflicted on Russian mine-planting vessels, two catching fire.

Quiet Near Mukden.

Mukden, Nov. 4.—Almost complete calm has prevailed since noon of November 3. At daybreak today the Japanese fired a few shrapnel at men working in the trenches along the center of the Russian right flank, but the firing soon ceased.

Bark Pioneer Lost.

Hamburg, Nov. 4.—The German bark Pioneer, of Bremerhaven, from Buenos Ayres for Hamburg, has been lost with the entire crew of 18.

TO MAINTAIN THE ARMY.

Estimate of the War Department is Below That of a Year Ago.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 4.—The estimates of the war department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1907 aggregate \$193,686,780. This is \$22,242,612 less than the war department estimate submitted a year ago, and \$3,822,388 less than the total appropriations made for the use of the war department for the current year ending June 30, 1905.

The amount estimated as necessary for the military establishments, which embraces the cost of maintenance of the army and of the military academy at West Point, is \$72,705,156, being \$4,650,006 less than the appropriations for the present year.

Under the head of public works which includes the improvement of rivers and harbors and various national parks throughout the country, and of certain public buildings and grounds in and around Washington, and the construction of sea coast fortifications, military posts, etc., the estimates call for appropriations amounting in the aggregate to \$22,876,833 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1906, as compared with \$22,772,511, which is the amount of current appropriations for similar purposes.

The estimates for 1904 for the civil service, which includes the pay of the clerical force and other running expenses of the war department in Washington, are \$1,686,716, which is a slight reduction from the current appropriations.

The amounts estimated for miscellaneous objects aggregate \$6,236,073. Of this sum \$5,253,749 is the estimate for the support and maintenance of the national home for disabled volunteer soldiers and for aid to state homes for such soldiers and under the law is included in the annual estimates of the war department. The estimates for artificial limbs and appliances for disabled soldiers and sailors, mainly of the civil war, is \$427,000.

SEVERE STUDENT RIOTS.

One Was Bayoneted by Troops—Building Wrecked.

Innsbruck, Austria, Nov. 4.—The rioting of the students at the university here, which began yesterday, became so serious during the night that the troops with fixed bayonets marched into the midst of the German demonstrators. At 3 o'clock this morning the latter were besieging and wrecking the hotels occupied by the Italian students. An artist named Peszey was killed by a bayonet thrust through the heart, and many persons were wounded. The building occupied by the Italian faculty of the university was wrecked.

SOONERS AT RESERVATION.

Camped on the Borders to Number of 600.

Salt Lake, Nov. 4.—Although the Uintah Indian reservation in north-eastern Utah is not to be thrown open for settlement until next March, already prospective settlers are beginning to camp on the boundaries of the reservation and trouble with "sooners" before the date of opening is anticipated. It is estimated that at Ashley and Vernal 600 men are waiting for the opening. The reservation includes some of the richest farming and grazing lands in the state and is rich in minerals.

SCHOONER SPRUNG LEAK.

Reached San Francisco After Losing Part of Her Deck Load.

San Francisco, Nov. 4.—The lumber schooner Abbie, Captain Lawson, six days from Eureka, has been brought into this port in a damaged condition. Off Cape Mendocino she encountered a heavy southwesterly gale and sprang a leak. To save the vessel 27,000 feet of lumber was thrown overboard.

SUES HIS AFFIANCED.

She Returned His Heart but Retained a \$25,000 Diamond.

Chicago, Nov. 4.—Alleging that the woman to whom he had been engaged for three years returned to him a worthless ring in place of a valuable diamond, Henry P. Steppenfeld has begun suit for \$25,000 against Mrs. Eva B. Wood, widow of John H. Wood, formerly Miss Eva Lowry, of Maysville, Ky.

PARKER'S STRICTURES ARE DENOUNCED BY PRESIDENT AS WICKED FABRICATIONS

Roosevelt Issues Statement in Reply to Charge That Cortelyou Intimidated Trusts into Contributing.

Denies That Any Such Assistance Was Ever Solicited and Says the Statement That Corporations Have Been Promised Favors is Absolutely False—Parker Will Reply to Statement in Speech at New York Tonight.

Washington, Nov. 4.—President Roosevelt, in a statement to the American people, answers the charges of Judge Parker against himself and Cortelyou in public speeches. He prefaces his statement with the explanation that Parker's prominence gives the charges wide circulation, and the president deems it necessary to refute them lest the silence of self-respect be misunderstood.

A charge of which the president says Parker will not and can not produce proof is that the president and Cortelyou conspired to blackmail corporations, Cortelyou using knowledge gained while secretary of commerce and labor to extort money from corporations, the president having appointed Cortelyou for that purpose. The statement continues:

"The gravity of the charges lies in the assertion that corporations have been blackmailed into contributing and in the implication, which in one or two of Parker's speeches has taken the form practically of assertion, that they have been promised certain immunities or favors, or have been assured they would receive some kind of improper consideration in view of their contributions."

The president denies this and says that Parker's assertions are monstrous.

The president explains that Cortelyou was chosen chairman of the republican committee only after the position had been refused by Ellhu Root, W. Murray Crane and Cornelius Bliss. He expresses great admiration for Cortelyou, whom he compares to Taggart. The statement continues:

"The statement that Cortelyou had any knowledge gained while in any official position whereby he was enabled to secure and did secure any contributions from any corporation is a falsehood. The assertion that there was any blackmailing, direct or indirect, by Cortelyou or by me, is a falsehood. The assertion that there has been made, in behalf of and by authorization by Cortelyou, or by any one else, any pledge or promise, or that there has been any understanding as to the future immunities or benefits, in recognition of any contribution from any source, is a wicked falsehood."

The president can understand Parker's desire to avoid a discussion of principles, but, he says, "I can not understand how any honorable man, a candidate for the highest office in the gift of the people, can take refuge not merely in personalities but in such unworthy personalities."

The president compares his attitude towards the trusts with Cleveland's, and Cortelyou's management of the present campaign with Parker's while the latter was manager of Hill's gubernatorial campaign. The statement concludes:

"The statements by Parker are unqualifiedly and atrociously false. As Cortelyou has said to me more than once during the campaign, if elected I shall go into the presidency unhampered by any pledge, promise or understanding of any kind or sort, save my promise, made openly to the American people, so far as in my power lies that I shall see to it that every man has a square deal—no less and no more."

ODELL GOES AFTER PARKER.

Says Candidate Owns Stock in Several of the Big Trusts.

New York, Nov. 4.—Governor Odell took up the matter of Judge Parker and the shipbuilding combination in a speech at Murray hall tonight. He said:

"For the first time in my recollection a democrat has seen fit to attack the president. I have stood the abuse heaped upon my head, but when I find a man parading as a trust-buster when the contrary is the truth, I feel that it is not honest, and is only done to get votes."

"I said Parker is connected with trusts. I know it. I know Parker had \$20,000 of shipbuilding stock, and the reason is because he came to me and asked me to let him have it. I know it because I instructed my agent to give it to him, and he paid for it."

"I can produce documentary evidence in a few hours by going to Newburg, where it is."

"I know he had stock in the steel trust, and I will furnish proof of the same 15 minutes after I get to Newburg. A man who is attacking the trusts ought to come into court with clean hands. Roosevelt, on the contrary, has been pulling down the trusts. Honesty always wins, and Roosevelt has 100 per cent of honesty in his make-up."

PARKER WILL MAKE REPLY.

Statement and Speech Will Be Answered in Address.

New York, Nov. 4.—The statement issued by President Roosevelt and the speech of Governor Odell were shown to Parker at a late hour. The judge had decided not to make any more speeches during the campaign, but after reading the president's statement and Governor Odell's speech, he announced that he would make a reply, which will be delivered before the Kings County Democratic Club tomorrow night.

Parker would make no comment on the statement or the speech tonight.

GRAFTON AND FLORA WILL SAIL FOR GREAT BRITAIN

More Powerful Vessels Will Be Sent to Esquimaux, Which Has Suddenly Become Great Naval Base.

Victoria, Nov. 4.—H. M. S. Grafton and Flora have received orders to leave immediately for England. The Grafton sails Saturday. The Flora, which is now at Coquimbo, will proceed without waiting for the Grafton.

The unexpected depiction of the Pacific station by ordering home the two largest vessels here is explained at Esquimaux by the statement that more powerful vessels are on the way from England for this station, which, since

the friction between England and Russia became acute, has risen suddenly in prominence as a great naval base.

Will Patrol the Straits.

Gibraltar, Nov. 4.—The battleships Victorious and Magnificent have sailed under orders to patrol the straits. The battleships Illustrious and Jupiter have been ordered to put to sea immediately. It is believed they will proceed westward.

DEPUTY SYVETON SLAPS FACE OF GENERAL ANDRE.

French Lower House Has Stormy Session, Which Culminates in Free Fight Between Members.

Paris, Nov. 4.—Today's sitting of the chamber of deputies was one of the stormiest and most heated in recent years, the excitement culminating when Gabriel Syveton, a prominent nationalist, stepped up to General Andre and slapped his face. After accomplishing this feat, Syveton retreated rapidly to the uppermost row of seats, taking refuge behind members of the opposition.

A tremendous tumult ensued, members of both parties crowding on the floor of the house, where a free fight was soon in progress. Speaker Brisson left the chair, thus suspending the sitting. Eventually order was restored and the sitting being resumed, Syveton's temporary exclusion was voted. The offender, however, refused to leave his seat, and it became necessary to again suspend the sitting while he was removed by the military guards.

At midnight the officials of the chamber of deputies were still discussing what course of action would be taken regarding Deputy Syveton.

WRECKED THE BANK.

Robbers at Endicott, Wash., Fail, However, to Secure Booty.

Spokane, Nov. 4.—Safe blowers visited the Bank of Endicott, at Endicott, early this morning and wrecked the safe, but the explosion aroused Dr. Aaron Henry, who began shooting from the window of a neighboring building. The robbers fled.

News of the attempted robbery was quickly communicated to the officers all over Whitman county. This afternoon Deputy Sheriff Carter captured a man hiding in the long grass near the creek. He was unarmed. He answers the description of one of a pair of men seen hanging around the bank recently. He refuses to give an account of himself.

Tonight it is reported another robber has been surounded in a clump of trees near Winona. His capture seems certain.

SIX MONTHS FOR FORGERY.

Cleveland's Former Coachman Up to Bad Tricks.

Philadelphia, Nov. 4.—Charles Hilstrom has pleaded guilty to forging the name of ex-President Cleveland to a check for a small sum.

A letter from the ex-president was read stating that the prisoner had been in his employ as a coachman for a year and a half, during which time he had always been honest. The ex-coachman was given six months in the county prison.

CAN'T TRUST UNWORTHY WOMEN

Even Property Owners May Not Be Enfranchised.

Montpelier, Vt., Nov. 4.—After a spirited debate the Vermont house of representatives by a close vote of 99 to 97 has refused a third reading of the bill granting municipal suffrage to women who are taxpayers. The judiciary committee had reported favorably on the measure, but it went the way of all similar bills introduced for many years.

Heavy Canal Traffic.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Nov. 4.—Superintendent Ripley, of St. Mary's Falls canal, has completed the figures showing the tariff through the American and Canadian canals for the month of October. They show an increase for this month over October, 1903, of 1,097,934 tons, the figures being 4,475,963 tons.

To Establish Boundary Line.

New York, Nov. 4.—Vergara Donoso, the Chilean minister, has, according to a Herald dispatch from Buenos Ayres, Argentina, handed to the minister of foreign affairs a note embodying a scheme for the demarcation of the Beagle canal, the only point along the frontier where the boundary has not yet been definitely established.

Shot His Wife, Then Himself.

Seattle, Nov. 4.—James C. Branson, a restaurant man of Bremerton, as the outcome of a quarrel, first shot his wife and blew out his brains. The couple had been married seven weeks. The woman, it is thought, is fatally injured.

CLEVELAND MAKES PLEA FOR PARKER

Former President Addresses Eight Thousand People Who Enthusiastically Applauded Him at Newark.

His Appearance the Signal for a Demonstration That Continues for Ten Minutes.

TOUCHES ON STATE ISSUES

Refers to the Democratic Candidate as "That Noble, That Manly Standard-bearer,"—Pleasing Throng.

Newark, N. J., Nov. 4.—With a tribute to the strength and enthusiasm of the first voter, ex-President Cleveland, in Newark tonight, began his second speech of the present campaign. He waited 10 minutes for cessation of the cheering and noise that his appearance brought forth, and for 25 minutes after he began his address 8000 persons, crowded together in the riding academy, alternately listened and cheered.

The occasion was the closing democratic rally of the campaign—a rally under the auspices of the club of first voters. Mr. Cleveland was the permanent chairman.

On Cleveland's appearance on the platform cheer after cheer rolled from one end of the armory to the other. Men stood on chairs, whirling their hats on canes; women waved their handkerchiefs and clapped their hands, while patriotic airs from the band could be heard.

For 10 minutes the ex-president stood smiling and bowing, acknowledging the cheers. Half-way quiet was then restored and the speech was begun, only to be interrupted by another outburst which lasted three minutes more. Only when the audience was drowned into silence by the noises of those desirous of hearing the ex-president could Cleveland go on. The speech of Cleveland was interrupted by remarks of approval from his enthusiastic listeners, and on several occasions, when he departed from his text to impress upon his hearers some point upon state issues, the demonstration broke out afresh and continued several minutes.

The remarks of the speaker upon the needs of conservative government were received with an outburst almost equal to that at Cleveland's entrance into the hall, and when he concluded with this appeal, "that the American people may be aroused to their sense of justice by these sentiments," the audience was on its feet, while at the last words of the speaker, rallying his hearers to the support of "that noble, manly standard-bearer, Alton B. Parker," the enthusiasm seemed to gain renewed strength.

Following Cleveland, ex-Comptroller of the Currency James H. Eckles, of Chicago, addressed the meeting.

END OF AN OUTLAW.

Accused of Bribery and Murder—Supposed to Be a Suicide.

New York, Nov. 4.—A body identified as that of E. J. Maloney, formerly of Scranton, Pa., has been found in Long Island sound. It is supposed that Maloney jumped from a steamer passing up the sound a few nights ago. Recently he had been in the employ of a telephone company in New Jersey, and his death brought to light the fact of his alleged connection a few years ago with the bribery scandal which came to light in the Scranton city council.

Maloney occupied a responsible position with a telephone company, and when bribery charges were made in connection with attempts to block ordinances granting another company privileges, Maloney was accused of handling large sums of money paid to the council. He was indicted but fled and became a murderer.

Later he was found in Chicago and taken to an asylum for the insane, from which he was discharged some time ago.