

## BIG AMOUNT TO BE ASKED FOR THE BAR

Senators Fulton and Mitchell will strive to secure \$1,320,000 for completion of the Columbia Jetty.

Hope to Be Successful in Their Efforts at the Winter Session of Congress.

\$625,000 BELOW PORTLAND

Cello Canal Will Need \$750,000, but Other Oregon Improvements Will Require Much Less.

Portland, Nov. 10.—(Special.)—The Oregon delegation in congress is to make a determined effort to secure a large sum for river and harbor improvement at the forthcoming session of congress. Both senators are sanguine of success. Of the matter the Oregonian tomorrow will say:

For river and harbor work on the Columbia the Oregon delegation in congress will endeavor to secure a large appropriation this winter. Senator Fulton and Senator Mitchell say they will bend every effort to obtain adequate money, first, for the mouth of the Columbia, and, second, for the Cello canal and the channel below Portland.

Major Langfitt, United States engineer, has reported to the secretary of war that for the work of the ensuing two years the following sums are needed.

For the Columbia river bar (completion of the south jetty), \$1,320,000; for the Willamette and Columbia rivers below Portland, \$625,000; for the Cello canal, \$750,000.

These are the largest sums that will be asked for, and the two senators have good hopes of succeeding. Money is also needed for other improvements, but the sums required for Oregon exclusively are relatively small, such as, for the Willamette above Portland, \$67,800; for the Coquille river, \$55,000; for Tillamook bay, \$18,000. The sum of \$60,000 is needed for dredging the Columbia below Vancouver.

The appropriations for the Columbia river will not alone benefit Oregon, but Washington and Idaho quite as much.

## WILL VISIT THE BIG FAIR.

President Accepts Invitation Tendered by Committee From St. Louis.

Washington, Nov. 10.—President Roosevelt has decided to visit the St. Louis exposition. He will be in St. Louis November 26.

President Roosevelt made the promise tonight to a committee from St. Louis, headed by Mayor Wells, that came to Washington especially for the purpose of inviting him to visit the fair. The probability is that the president may remain in St. Louis until the night of Sunday, November 27.

The invitation to the president is comprehensive enough to include other persons whom he may wish to have with him, and members of the cabinet who are likely to accompany him.

## THREE KILLED IN FIRES.

Series of Blazes in New York Attended With Fatalities.

New York, Nov. 10.—Three persons lost their lives, 20 were injured, nearly half a hundred were overcome by smoke and an equal number were rendered temporarily homeless as the result of a series of fires in various parts of the greater city today. In nearly every case the fire was in a tenement house occupied by a large number of families. At least two of them, it is thought, had been started by incendiaries. In no case was the property loss more than a few thousand dollars.

## ONE VOTE FOR INMAN.

Douglas County Presidential Candidate Cast Ballot for Himself. Roseburg, Ore., Nov. 10.—James In-

man, of Looking Glass, Douglas county, candidate for president of the United States, received only one vote in his county, so far as known, and that in his home precinct. There is some unkindness to say that Inman cast it for himself. He was defeated yesterday, and takes his defeat gracefully, saying he was not known by the people, owing to his platform not being out earlier, and his name not on the official ballot.

He has prepared a letter of congratulation to President Roosevelt, in which he states that he will try again for the office of chief executive.

## WEST VIRGINIA SHERIFF MURDERED IN COLD BLOOD.

Policeman Kills Constable and Later's Brothers Start Out On Mission That Ends in Two Deaths.

Huntington, W. Va., Nov. 10.—Sheriff Daniels, of Fayette county, and a prominent citizen of Montgomery, was shot and killed today by Harvey Jackson in Montgomery, a small town near Fayetteville.

Today's killing grew out of a quarrel last night in which policeman Will Elliott shot and killed Constable W. A. Jackson. Harvey Jackson, a brother of W. A. Jackson, and two other brothers are said to have armed themselves and started out to "clean up" the entire police force of the town.

Sheriff Daniels sent for and ordered Harvey Jackson to leave the town, under penalty of being arrested. Jackson, without a word, shot the sheriff dead. John Rolf, who saw the shooting, threw up his hands and advanced to remonstrate with Jackson and help Daniels. Jackson shot Rolf dead. The three Jacksons then fled to the woods, and 100 men are in pursuit.

## SHIP TO NEW YORK BY WATER.

Bellingham Bay Will Try Cheaper Route to Market.

The Consolidated Lumber & Shingle Company, of Bellingham, Wash., has undertaken an experiment in the shingle shipping trade that may result in relieving the situation as regards transportation facilities. The company has arranged for the shipment of 1,500,000 shingles to New York on one of the liners of the American-Hawaiian Steamship Company. The consignment will amount to 10 carloads, and if the results prove satisfactory the shipment may be followed by the development of water transportation upon a considerable scale. While the time consumed in delivery is about twice as long, the cost is considerably less, and according to the Revelle another advantage will be secured in that it will greatly lessen the cost of manufacturing by doing away with dry kilns. The drying of shingles is a process that has always been deplored by buyers, as it greatly lessens the life of the shingle. This process would not be necessary if shipment were made by water, as the weight would have no effect on the cost of transportation. The result of the test will be awaited with much interest by the many shingle manufacturers of the state, knowing as they do that if success attends the venture it will mean that the shingle mills of the state may resume running during the entire year, as shipments may be made by water during the winter months as during the summer. This is not the case when shipping by rail, as when the Great Lakes are closed during the winter the additional cost of transportation east by rail is so high that few mills can afford to pay the rates.

## CRUISER COLUMBIA AGROUND.

Runs Ashore in Pensacola Harbor, but Will Not Be Damaged.

Pensacola, Nov. 10.—The cruiser Columbia, which is to convey Secretary Taft and his party to Panama, went ashore tonight in Pensacola harbor. Every available tugboat of the port is now on the scene endeavoring to pull the war vessel into deep water. She crossed the bar in safety after dark, at what is known as Horseshoe bend, and then she left the course, owing to the fact that some of the ranges had been destroyed by a recent storm. It is expected she will be floated without injury in the morning.

## Panamans Celebrate Election.

Panama, Nov. 10.—In celebration of the election of Roosevelt a large number of Panamanians serenaded Joseph W. J. Lee, the American charge d'affaires here.

## RUSSIA WILL NOT AGREE TO PROPOSAL OF PEACE WHICH JAPAN HAS MADE

Announcement Is Officially Given Out That Effort at Mediation Would Be Distasteful to Nicholas.

Neutral Powers Have Several Times Been Informed That Slavs Will Insist Upon Continuing the Struggle—News Comes From London That Japan Has Made Peace Proposals Direct to St. Petersburg.

Washington, Nov. 10.—Emphatically, but with all courtesy, through her ambassadors abroad, has Russia informed neutral powers that she will brook no mediation at this time in her war with Japan. It can be announced that Russia expects that her wishes will be respected by all the powers to which Russia has communicated her views.

Count Cassini tonight said to a representative of the Associated Press:

"I have very good reasons to announce my government's emphatic opposition to any mediation at this time, and the hope that its wishes will be respected and observed by all neutral powers."

## JAPAN ANXIOUS FOR PEACE.

Has Made Direct Overtures to Russia for Settlement.

London, Nov. 10.—Japan unofficially has made representations to Russia looking to peace. This action has resulted in failure, and such representations, even privately, are not likely to be repeated by Japan.

Although the suggestion of a pacific settlement was made unofficially, it actually had behind it all the weight of an offer by the Japanese government. It was made direct to Russia. No power acted as an intermediary. The proposition was put forward tentatively and unofficially, so that the Japanese government would be in a position to deny any report that it was suing for peace. The failure of these negotiations, however, results in bringing intervention within measurable distance. Foreign Secretary Lansdowne's plea for arbitration yesterday evening at the Guild hall banquet is taken here to be a pointed suggestion to the United States and France that the time is approaching when the powers must take some action. It can be definitely stated that Lord Lansdowne made his speech with full knowledge that the Japanese will not resent a proposition looking to peace from the three powers (the United States, France and Great Britain). There is a definite impression here that the initiative will come from President Roosevelt, though the action would be joint. It is mooted that Lord Lansdowne only spoke so openly yesterday evening because he had good reason to believe that Mr. Roosevelt, if elected, contemplated making an effort to bring the belligerents to discuss terms of peace.

Lord Lansdowne's remarks are held by those in his confidence to mean that whatever the United States may do in the matter, Great Britain will cooperate in, even in the event of France not participating. It is known, however, that Ambassador Cambon, who continues his work assiduously to bring about some arrangement, hopes for joint action by the three powers.

In an interview regarding the foregoing, Baron Hayashi, the Japanese minister, said:

"I should not be surprised to see the three powers named, or two of them, take the action suggested. Exactly upon what basis of settlement peace could be secured it is impossible to see, but there is not the slightest doubt that combined representations, especially if led by President Roosevelt, would have a far-reaching result between two countries one of which was thoroughly defeated. It is comparatively easy to make peace in this case, as neither side is thoroughly defeated yet.

"The prospects for the success of friendly intervention have vastly increased. Since the commencement of the war the two nations now respect each other to a degree never dreamed of before they met in battle. Their mutual respect is the most hopeful

factor for peace. Japan does not want to go on fighting forever. Yet, even with all the victories won during this war her statesmen would render themselves liable to be most seriously misunderstood and particularly in Russia. If they openly suggested in the name of humanity some method whereby the war could be stopped. It would be altogether different, however, at this stage of the war, should a friendly offer, prompted by that sense of humanity which Japan can not voice for fear of being misunderstood, emanate from the United States and Great Britain, but nothing can be done until the fall of Port Arthur."

Baron Hayashi intimated that he thought the fall of the fortress would not be delayed, and added:

"In the meantime I have no doubt that the powers who are now so willing to express their desire for peace will confidently exchange views in the hope of arriving at some suggestion practical to both belligerents."

## ALEXIEFF ARRIVES HOME.

Viceroy Reaches St. Petersburg and Is Tendered an Ovation.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 10.—Viceroy Alexieff arrived in St. Petersburg this evening. Amid cheers and hand-shaking, the viceroy stepped into the imperial carriage and drove to the winter palace, where apartments had been prepared for him in the wing formerly occupied by Alexander III, but, as Emperor Nicholas is not in St. Petersburg, Alexieff did not stop at the palace, going instead to the Hotel Europa, where he will remain for the present.

## RUSSIANS ARE REPULSED.

Their Efforts to Capture Villages Result in Heavy Losses.

London, Nov. 10.—The Daily Telegraph's correspondent with General Oku cables, November 9:

"Last night the Russians made several determined attacks upon Lamunung and Sinchinpou, but were repulsed with heavy losses. The artillery laid the villages in ruins."

## JAPS ASSUME OFFENSIVE.

Capture Three Villages, but Russians Drive Them Out.

Mukden, Nov. 10.—The Japanese today assumed the offensive on the left bank of the Hun river and occupied three villages. The Russians, however, attacked and drove them out, and again established the original lines of defense.

Vice-Admiral Skrydloff arrived here today.

## Assessors of Commission.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 10.—The following have been appointed assessors of the North sea commission: Lieutenant Kolstenger, of the ministry of marine; Lieutenant Wolkoff and Dr. Mandelstama, the latter of the Russian embassy at Constantinople, and an authority on international law.

## Inquiry to Be Held at Hull.

London, Nov. 10.—The board of trade inquiry into the North sea incident will open at Hull on November 15. The proceedings will be public.

## Seoul-Fusan Railway Completed.

Tokio, Nov. 10.—It is officially announced that the Seoul-Fusan railway is completed.

## Fleet Reaches Isle of Crete.

Canea, Island of Crete, Nov. 10.—

The battleship Issei Veliki, with Vice-Admiral Volekersam aboard, and the battleship Navery and the cruisers Ismurd and Almaz, a number of torpedo-boats and transports and the volunteer steamer Yaroslav, of the Russian Baltic squadron, have arrived in Suda bay.

## FIRE DESTROYS HOME AND THREE MEMBERS OF FAMILY.

Auburn, Cal., Residence Is Burned, and Wounds Are Found on Bodies of Victims of Blaze.

Auburn, Cal., Nov. 10.—The handsome home of Julius Weber was burned tonight, and with it Mrs. Weber, Miss Bertha Weber and Paul Weber perished. It is thought the remains of Mr. Weber will also be found in the debris.

Suspicious looking wounds on the little boy in the shape of cuts on the head, and a bullet wound in the mother's breast were found. There was blood on her clothing. Miss Weber's body was so badly burned that no wounds were visible.

If the husband and father has been burned, there is no one left to tell the tale, as the only surviving member of the family, Adolph Weber, aged 20, is not at home.

## NEW JERSEY LAUNCHED.

Battleship Successfully Placed in the Water at Quincy.

Quincy, Mass., Nov. 10.—The battleship New Jersey, built for the United States government by the Fore River Shipbuilding Company, was successfully launched today in the presence of a large number of guests, including Governor Murphy, of New Jersey; Governor Bates, of Massachusetts, and former Secretary of the Navy Long. The battleship was christened by Mrs. William R. Kinney, daughter of Governor Murphy.

The New Jersey was built for a speed of at least 19 knots. The main battery will consist of four 12-inch guns, eight 8-inch guns and 12 6-inch rapid-firing guns. In the secondary battery there will be 12 3-inch rapid-firing guns, 12 3-pounder semi-automatic, eight 1-pounder heavy automatic, two 30-caliber machine guns and six 30-caliber Colt automatic guns. The New Jersey will also be fitted with submerger torpedo tubes.

The magazines will be especially fitted to enable her to carry, with absolute safety in all climates, the new smokeless powder.

The New Jersey is one of the five battleships authorized by congress in 1899 and 1900. It is proposed to make all of the vessels of this class flagships, and to do this it is necessary to make provision for the accommodation of one commanding officer, one chief of staff, 19 room officers, 10 junior officers, eight warrant officers, and a crew of 772 men, including 60 marines, making a grand total of 812.

## BULLET THROUGH HIS HEAD.

John W. Gould, of Spokane, Kills Himself in Wife's Presence.

Spokane, Nov. 10.—John W. Gould, sanitary inspector of this city, committed suicide tonight with a double-barreled pistol, a memento of the civil war. No reason has been assigned for the deed. So far as is known, he had no business or domestic troubles, and was cheerful today. He was aged 64. The widow survives him.

A party of visitors called at the house this evening. After they left his wife lay down on a sofa. Walking to the center of the room, Gould deliberately placed the revolver to his head and fired.

## WANT 22 VESSELS.

Board Recommends Construction of Navy Craft to Cost \$41,400,000.

Washington, Nov. 10.—Three battleships, five scout cruisers, six torpedo boat destroyers, six torpedo boats and two squadron colliers, at an aggregate maximum cost of \$41,400,000, is the building plan recommended by the general board of the navy.

## Spokane Girl Dies Suddenly.

Vancouver, B. C., Miss Lloyd, of Spokane, suddenly died today on her arrival here from Victoria on the steamer Princess Victoria, on which she was a passenger.

## RESULT IN MARYLAND DOUBTFUL

Official Returns Thus Far Received Indicate That There Will Be Difference of Only 100 Votes.

Republicans Have Given Up Governor in Colorado, Conceding Adams' Election.

## MISSOURI'S VOTE GROWING

Roosevelt's Plurality There Is 15,000, With Seven Sparsely Settled Counties Yet to Be Heard From.

Baltimore, Nov. 10.—Official returns received here at a late hour tonight indicate that the plurality for the presidential candidates is very close, possibly only 100 on either side. It is probable that Secretary of State Tligham will be called upon to decide which set of electors will be allowed to cast their vote in Washington.

## PEABODY HAS BEEN BEATEN.

Governor Concedes That Adams, Democrat, Has Been Elected.

Denver, Nov. 10.—D. B. Fairley, republican state chairman, today abandoned the claim that Governor Peabody had been re-elected, and the governor himself conceded his defeat.

Adams' majority over Peabody in the city and county of Denver is 5070 and in the entire state about 5500.

## PLURALITY IS GROWING.

Roosevelt Has Lead of 15,755 in Missouri—Seven Counties Missing.

St. Louis, Nov. 10.—With seven counties still to be heard from, the count shows that Roosevelt's plurality in Missouri stands at 15,755.

Of the seven counties to be heard from, six went for Bryan in 1900. They are sparsely settled.

## GREATEST IN ALL HISTORY.

Pennsylvania Has Given Roosevelt Big Plurality of 494,952.

Philadelphia, Nov. 10.—Complete unofficial figures show that President Roosevelt's plurality in Pennsylvania has reached 494,952, probably the largest plurality ever given a presidential candidate by any state in the political history of the country.

## ALMOST CLEAN SWEEP.

But One Democratic Congressman Successful in Ohio.

Columbus, Nov. 10.—Nearly complete returns tonight show that this state has given close to 250,000 plurality for the Roosevelt electors. Only 13 out of the 88 counties in the state were carried for Parker, and only one democratic congressman is elected out of 21.

## Pluralities in Wisconsin.

Milwaukee, Nov. 10.—The latest estimates of the republican pluralities in Wisconsin give Roosevelt between 155,000 and 140,000 and Lafollette between 50,000 and 60,000.

## MILTON'S OWN POWER PLANT.

Will Generate 128 Horse Power for City Use.

Milton, Ore., Nov. 10.—The flume for the city of Milton power plant and electric light station will be completed in a few days, and the 18-inch turbine wheel will be placed in position. The flume is four feet in diameter and 1,500 feet long, taking water from the Walla Walla river. Only 128 horse power will be generated, but the flume will be extended a quarter of a mile farther and 480 horse power generated as the city grows and calls for more power. The new power house will be finished in a week or so.

Diphtheria at Umatilla Agency.

Pendleton, Nov. 10.—Five cases of diphtheria are reported at the Umatilla reservation among the pupils of the agency and Catholic schools. An epidemic is feared.