



## STRIKE IS OVER

### Russia is Quieting Down Again.

### OUTBREAKS SCARCER

### Traffic Is Moving and Warsaw Has Been Partially Pacified.

### REPRESENTATION FOR MASSES

### Reported That It is Officially Learned That the Soldier Tools of the Terrorists Fired the Grape Shot at the Czar.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 31.—Partial suppression of the disorder at Warsaw has been attained and traffic is restored enough to permit the arrival of supplies of food.

Murderous attacks on individual soldiers are reported more frequent. At other industrial centers, including Moscow and St. Petersburg, the strikes is practically at an end. Grand Duke Vladimir, in the course of an interview for the Associated Press, intimated that the people of Russia will soon be given, in a measure, representation in the government, although he declared general suffrage will not be received. A committee of the ministers is discussing the proposed reforms and has published a report with the purpose of showing the people the plans outlined in the imperial decree of December 26, being carefully considered.

There is a report in circulation that it has been officially ascertained that the discharge of grape from the saluting gun during the ceremony of the Epiphany was a deliberate act of the terrorists, their tools being private soldiers.

### OFFICIAL REPORT.

### Houses Were Looted and Burned by Professional Thieves.

WARSAW, Jan. 31.—The official account of the disturbances of January 27 and 28 state that the disorders commenced on January 27 and increased during the day. The strikers went about compelling workmen to cease work until 15,000 were out at midday. Peaceable people became panic stricken and rioting commenced at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Owing to turbulent, parading mobs the police were reinforced by soldiers. At 5 o'clock the strikers attacked the police and the soldiers, who were compelled to return the fire and two strikers were killed.

Several other collisions occurred in the evening. Next morning the strikers reappeared, and professional thieves and hoodlums joined the ranks. Rioting increased until the troops were unable to cope with it, and houses and shops were pillaged and set on fire. The troops finally quelled the disturbance.

The crowds in some instances were well armed and fired volleys at the troops, and erected barricades from which they fired on the soldiers, compelling the soldiers to retaliate. After dark the rioting was resumed and the procession went from house to house pillaging. Women and children accompanied the rioters with sacks into which the loot was poured. The strikes ended January 29, and the report was written early on January 30, and states there is evidence of returning quiet.

### Serious Disturbances.

Grodno, Russia, Jan. 31.—There were serious disturbances here January 30, in consequence of which the troops were called out. A mob of 2000 strikers destroyed the postoffice and the telegraph line, and looted a number of wine shops.

### Printers Strike.

Ekaterinoslav, Jan. 31.—The printers have struck and no newspapers are

issued. Strikes have been declared in a number of iron works and mines. There have been no disturbances.

### Demands Conceded.

Wladau, Russia, Jan. 31.—The strikers have resumed work as the employers conceded a number of the demands of workmen. There were no disturbances.

### Moscow Pacified.

Moscow, Jan. 31.—The strike is completely settled.

### Girl Is Shot.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 31.—This evening the police surprised a meeting of strikers in a tavern and fired, killing a girl and wounding four other persons.

### Old Spanish Coins.

San Francisco, Jan. 31.—The United States mint will deliver 558 boxes of Philippine coins on board the transport Sherman, which sails tomorrow for Manila. These are old Spanish coins, reclaimed by the government and recoined, amounting to 1,354,000 pesos, and also 60,000 pesos in 20-cent-avos pieces.

### Ladrons Cruelities.

Manila, Jan. 30.—Details of the operations of Montalon and Fellaardo, Ladrons leaders, show that natives who have shown sympathy to Americans are hamstringing and their lips cut off. Justices of the peace have been abducted and killed and persons familiar with the situation declare that drastic measures are the only solution.

### Big Body Protests.

Butte, Jan. 31.—The American Fraternal congress, 30,000 strong, has presented a petition to the legislature protesting against the proposed taxation of the various fraternal orders in the state and bringing different orders under state control in line with suggestion of Governor J. K. Toole in his message to the legislators.

## GOVERNMENT'S SIDE

### Grand Duke Vladimir Talks of Recent Riots.

### SAYS PALACE WAS MENACED

### Alleged That Priests that Led the Mob Were Disguised Anarchists—Rumor of Gorky's Hanging Branded "Nonsense."

St. Petersburg, Jan. 31.—Grand Duke Vladimir in the course of an interview for the Associated Press stated today, regarding the events of January 22, that behind the peaceful procession to the winter palace of patriots to present their grievances to the czar, was a socialist and anarchistic plot of whom the majority of the workmen were innocent tools. Some of the priests were actually revolutionary agitators disguised.

It was necessary to save the city, and innocent and guilty suffered alike.

The duke believes when the mob reached the palace, the palace would have been sacked and the whole city delivered over to anarchy, riot, bloodshed and flames. He considers that the press of America and Great Britain have misrepresented the affair.

Regarding the number of dead the duke said exactly 126 were killed. Several hundred were wounded, but, he says, he is unable to give the precise figures.

Regarding the report that Gorky will be hanged the duke replied "Nonsense." The duke said there is no question of the loyalty of the troops. He admitted that Russia is facing a crisis, but he believes she will emerge successfully. He thinks Russia is not ripe for a constitution.

### Attempted Murder.

Butte, Jan. 31.—Thomas O'Brien, who recently sprung into notoriety as a result of the book, "Infamy Immortal," which caused a committee to be appointed by the legislature to investigate the treatment of the convicts at the state penitentiary at Deer Lodge was shot through the hip by an unknown man last night. The would-be assassin escaped in the darkness, though pursued by several men who witnessed the attempted murder.

## NET CLOSING

### More Indictments Have Been Returned.

### THE NEW ONES SPECIFIC

### Case Against Senator Mitchell Receives Some Additions in New Count.

### MORE PEOPLE DRAGGED IN

### Charge Against Mayor Davis is Increased to Include Perjury—Some of the Defendants Said to Be Employed by Lumbermen.

Portland, Jan. 31.—A batch of three indictments, containing accusations against 17 persons in all, were returned today by the federal grand jury in the land fraud cases. Most of the indicted persons, including both Senator Mitchell and Congressman Binger Hermann, the only two named who are of more than local prominence, have been indicted before on practically the same charges. The indictment which mentions Mitchell and Hermann names 10 others on charges of conspiracy to defraud the government of public lands.

Mitchell is specifically charged as having prepared affidavits at Washington to be signed by S. A. D. Puter and Mrs. Watson, also with having abetted the conspiracy by introducing Puter as a prominent citizen of Oregon, and lastly of having accepted an alleged bribe of \$2000 from Puter. No specific charges were made against Hermann as was done in the case of Mitchell.

Others contained the indictment of Puter, McKinley and one of those already convicted of conspiracy and Elbert K. Brown and Nellie Brown.

Mr. and Mrs. Brown are new persons in the case. They are, so the government asserts, the mysterious Alexander Brown and Nellie Backus, who figured conspicuously in the first land fraud trial. The indictment today has a two fold object in connecting Brown and his wife with the case, and removing illegality which might have occurred when Mitchell and Hermann were first indicted. At that time Heney was assistant United States district attorney, and for fear he might not be vested with ample authority to cause legal indictment, it was thought best to reindict under the same charges. The first indictment, it is believed, will be quashed.

The second indictment returned is against Mayor W. H. Davis of Albany, which adds perjury to the accusation of attempted fraud now resting against Davis. The third indictment involves wholly new persons alleged to have operated in an entirely different district. These are Henry W. Miller, Frank E. Kincart, Martin G. Hogg and Charles Nickell. Nickell is United States land commissioner at Medford, Ore.; Hogg is a lawyer in the same town. Kincart and Miller are timber locators whose headquarters, up to the time of their apprehension last fall, was Medford. They are said to be agents for a lumber company whose place of business is in Michigan. The charges against these men are that they colonized large bodies of men whom they caused, it is alleged, to swear falsely that the colonists were bona fide purchasers of timber lands, when, in fact, the indictment asserts they were under contract to sell to the timber locators.

### MUCH ILL FEELING.

### Lewis and Clark Bill Causes Some Friction.

Salem, Jan. 31.—In the senate today the bill for a constitutional convention was made a special order for tomorrow. The house passed the bill after a spirited debate limiting the attorneys to two hours' argument.

The bill passed the house empowering the Lewis and Clark corporation

to condemn private property. The bill created considerable feeling and was made the subject of a sharp speech by Smith of Josephine.

Members have been so annoyed recently by lobbyists that the house today adopted resolutions excluding them from the floor.

### AFTER CALIFORNIANS.

### Heney Tries to Save Southerners Their School Lands.

Portland, Jan. 31.—United States District Attorney Heney telegraphed Governor Pardee of California today protesting against the passage of the "Belshaw act," now pending in the legislature of that state. The bill is intended to legalize irregularities in previous purchases of school lands.

Heney states that the bill if enacted would have the effect of legalizing the acts of Hyde and Benson, and will deprive the state of thousands of acres of land which can be recovered by suit.

### FOR JUVENILE COURT.

### Washington Legislature Passes a Grist of Useful Laws.

Olympia, Jan. 31.—The house today passed bills adding another superior judge to the King county bench and providing a juvenile court for each county.

The senate passed a bill permitting corporations to hold stock of other corporations, regulating the practice of osteopathy, and making it a crime to adulterate milk and vinegar.

### Neil Won.

San Francisco, Jan. 31.—Frank Neil ex-bantam champion, knocked out "Dick" Hyland, who made his debut from the amateur ranks tonight, in the 15th round. The fight was one between a seasoned ring general and a youngster. Hyland was willing and game, but he lacked the necessary experience.

## BATTLE CONTINUES

### Fearful Losses Reported Aaround Mukden.

### RUSSIAN LOSS IS 10,000 MEN

### Japanese Casualties Are Not Reported, But Are Believed to Be as Great as the Russian Death Roll—Lull in the Fighting.

Mukden, Jan. 31.—There is no apparent connection between the battle of January 26 and the domestic excitement in St. Petersburg. The effect of the trouble in Russia is imperceptible here, and the facts are not generally known. Kuropatkin's reason for his order to abandon the battle are given, first on account of losses sustained; and, second, the failure of a quick attack upon which the movement depended. Notwithstanding the order to cease, severe fighting continues in the vicinity of Sauchapu.

### Armies Killed.

London, Jan. 31.—The Telegraph's Tokyo correspondent states that the Russian casualties during the month of January are estimated from 35,000 to 40,000, and the Japanese at 7000.

### Fearful Losses.

Mukden, Jan. 31.—There is another lull in the fighting, the Russian casualties in the last few days have been 10,000 and the Japanese losses are also heavy.

### Losses Heavy.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 31.—A telegram from Schlattun dated January 29, states that the Russian losses from January 25 to 29 were 10,000, but that the percentage of dead was small. The Japanese losses were very heavy. Over 300 were made prisoners.

### Convict Suicides.

Sacramento, Jan. 31.—Convict John H. Wood, who took a prominent part in the Folsom jail break in July, 1903, has suicided by hanging himself in his dungeon this afternoon. He recently was convicted of the murder of Militiaman Rutherford, whom he shot and killed during the famous man-hunt.

## ON OLD SCORE

### Williams Attacks General Miles in House.

### HIS MOTION IS LOST

### Statehood Bill is Still Furnishing the Material for Daily Debates.

### NO VOTE REACHED ON BILL

### Incorporation Fees of Stock Companies in District of Columbia Raised—Postoffice Appropriation Bill Was Not Finished.

Washington, Jan. 31.—The treatment by General Nelson A. Miles of Jefferson Davis, president of the confederacy during the time he was a prisoner at Fortress Monroe, Va., was recalled in the house today when Williams, the minority leader, tried to secure adoption of a senate amendment to the house provision regarding retired officers serving with the state militia. Hull and Hay, both members of the military affairs committee, endorsed the house provision making it retroactive. The latter declared for the democratic doctrine to save money and called upon the democrats to stand by the committee. At this juncture Williams arose and spoke of the action of Miles in placing shackles on the ankles of Jefferson Davis. The Williams motion was lost, and the bill was then sent to conference.

The postoffice appropriation bill was debated for an hour, but consideration was not concluded when the house adjourned.

### Consider Statehood Bill.

Washington, Jan. 31.—The senate today continued consideration of the joint statehood bill with Nelson as the principal speaker. A number of bills were passed, including one largely increasing the fees of corporation stock companies in the District of Columbia.

### BOY HERO.

Discovered Fire Smouldering in an Historic Building. New York, Jan. 31.—George Washington Glintenkamp has proved himself a worthy namesake of the father of his country. George is three years old and was born in Fraunce's tavern, a historic building in Broad street, where Washington once had his headquarters.

While at play on the second floor the little fellow smelled smoke and gave the alarm. A hurried examination by men whom George summoned failed to disclose the cause of the smoke and the firemen were called. They tore up part of the floor and found several heavy oak beams smouldering, ready to burst into flames. The lad's quick intelligence undoubtedly saved the old house from being badly damaged and he was hailed by the entire neighborhood as a hero.

### WRECKED OFF HOLLAND.

British Steamer Lost and Part of the Crew Is Saved. Amsterdam, Jan. 31.—The British steamer Alba, from Newport News for Amsterdam, is ashore at Zandvoort, near Haarlem, on the North sea. She will be a total loss.

Twelve members of the crew got ashore, but 25 are still on board. Lifeboats are in attendance.

### GORKY REPRIEVED.

Even Kings Interested for the Great Literature. New York, Jan. 31.—Maxim Gorky, the author, is not to be hanged, according to an American dispatch from St. Petersburg for his part in the recent outbreaks.

Hundreds of telegrams were received from all over Europe and America begging that clemency be shown Gorky, who is now in prison. It is even said that some of these messages came to the emperor personally from other monarchs.

As a result it is said an official of the government has notified Gorky's companions in the so-called provisional government that their cases will be cleared up within a few days.

### First Woman Honored.

Chicago, Jan. 31.—What is said to be the first statue erected in honor of a woman physician in the United States has been unveiled in Fuller Memorial hall at the art institute when the friends of the late Dr. Mary Harris Thompson presented a portrait bust of her to the institute.

Dr. Thompson was the founder in 186 of the Mary Thompson hospital for women and children and was the pioneer woman physician of the northwest. The memorial cost \$2250 and is the work of Daniel C. French.

### Harmless Bomb.

Paris, Feb. 1.—Another bomb was discovered at 2 o'clock this morning in front of the Hotel Doux Mondes, in the avenue De l'Opera. There was no explosion. The authorities refuse all information.

### For Irrigation.

Sacramento, Jan. 31.—The assembly today authorized the federal government to lower the water levels of Klamath, Tule, Egett, Goose and Deer lages, in Modoc and Siskiyou counties, and ceded the federal government the beds of the lakes for irrigation purposes.

### Killed by Dynamite.

Oregon City, Jan. 31.—Lawrence Hardman, a farmer living near Meldrum, was found today mangled in a frightful manner by the explosion of dynamite which he was using in blasting stumps. Hardman was dead some hours when found.

## PEABODY MAY WIN

### Will Ask to Have 109 Precincts Rejected.

### WOULD GIVE HIM MAJORITY

Governor Adams Will Take the Stand in His Own Behalf Today—Contest Attracts Wide Attention Because of Frauds.

Denver, Jan. 31.—The attorneys for former Governor Peabody today rested their case. Tomorrow Governor Adams will begin giving testimony in his own behalf.

From a statement made by Chairman Williams of the republican city committee today on the witness stand, it is thought Governor Peabody will ask the committee to throw out the entire vote in 109 precincts of Denver. This would give Peabody a total of 737 votes more than Adams.

The contest is being closely fought by the counsel for the two distinguished contestants, and the result is exciting national attention because of the reports of the experts who have examined the ballots in a large number of the precincts of the state, and have made returns showing that nearly a third of those examined were spurious. Opinion is divided as to the outcome of the efforts of the Peabody faction to have the Denver precincts thrown out altogether.

### Crowded Prison.

Seattle, Jan. 31.—The Federal prison on McNeil's Island can take no more prisoners. A man sentenced to a year and a half today in the federal court will have to serve his term in the King county jail. A large number of convicts from Alaska have caused the present condition. An effort will soon be made to build an addition.

### Strike in Belgium.

London, Jan. 31.—According to a dispatch from Brussels to the Morning Post, various meetings have been held in the mining districts of Belgium, at which demands have been adopted for an increase of wages. The correspondent predicts a general strike and a labor movement of the most character in Belgium.