



GLOOMY OUTLOOK IN RUSSIA

POLICEMAN ASSAULTED BY ANGRY SEATTLE MOB

Officer Attempts to Arrest Escaped City Jail Prisoner and Mob of Socialists Attack Policeman Beating Him Up Severely.

EXTRA PATROLMEN IS CALLED TO QUELL RIOT

HOWLING MOB OF SOCIALISTS ENDEAVOR TO PUT POLICEMAN OUT OF BUSINESS—ELEVEN MEN ARE ARRESTED BY OFFICERS AND HELD IN DEFAULT OF REQUIRED BAIL—WOMAN CAUSED IT ALL.

SEATTLE, May 27 (Special)—Eleven bruised and battered men are in jail and several patrolmen are nursing minor injuries and extra officers are on duty in the vicinity of Second avenue and Washington street as the result of a small sized riot precipitated early this evening when a policeman attempted to apprehend an escaped prisoner from the city jail.

Riley Butts In. A large crowd gathered on Washington street to listen to the customary Sunday evening socialist and religious meetings held on the curb. A woman evangelist was preaching to the crowd when Phil Riley, an escaped trusty from the city jail, interrupted her. Patrolman Hubbard recognized the man and placed him under arrest. Riley resisted and fought the officer as he was being taken to the patrol box. The man fought so desperately that the patrolman was obliged to knock him down and handcuff him.

Officer Assaulted. A crowd from the socialist gathering

nearly immediately rushed upon the officer with cries of "Kill the Cop," "Beat him up," and "Go for him." Hubbard was kicked and beaten, but managed to hang on to his prisoner until the patrol wagon arrived. When Jailer Corning jumped from the wagon he was attacked and with difficulty Riley was taken to headquarters. Two other patrolmen attracted to the scene kept the crowd back and arrested Hugo Shea, Edward Baker and Robert Jhonke. When Patrolman Hubbard returned to his beat from the police station he was again set upon and Chief of Police Wappenstein sent out a detail of twenty patrolmen and detectives to quell the disturbance. With handcuffs as weapons the officers soon dispelled the mob and arrested several more rioters after knocking several men down. The men under arrest are: Phil Riley, Hugo Shea, Edward Baker, Robert Jhonke, G. T. Anderson, M. Albin, Gust Swensen, Dick Pratley, Frank Brown, C. E. Carleton and S. Duncan. In default of bail in the sums of \$100 each the men are held in jail.

WRATH OF HEAVEN.

MOBILE, May 27.—During a ball game three miles from here this afternoon lightning struck in the midst of a crowd, killing five and more or less injuring twenty-five others. The field is strewn with bits of clothing torn from the bodies of the victims.

CONDITION CRITICAL.

DUBLIN, May 27.—The condition of Michael Davitt is critical. He is hardly expected to survive the night.

POPE PIUS PALE.

ROME, May 27.—Although the Pope has entirely recovered from his recent illness he appeared pale and weak today.

PRINCESS ENA SECURES PARDON FOR CRIMINAL

MADRID, May 27.—The first notable act of the Princess Ena since her arrival in Spain has been to induce King Alfonso to pardon Fernando Lovera, who was condemned to death after an exciting trial. The dramatic circumstances under which the pardon was given, as the man was going to the gallows, attracts widespread attention and further augments the popularity of Spain's future queen. Lovera was to have been executed in the neighboring town of Badajose, but the population solicited

the princess' intercession and she spoke to the king, who consulted the cabinet. The government decided to grant the request as it was the first petition the princess had made in Spain. When the pardon was announced at Badajose, there was a remarkable scene of rejoicing. The townspeople formed a procession and sang praising the queen-to-be. The people of Madrid also approved highly of the princess' humanitarianism. The newspapers comment on the coming of the queen's first act as one of mercy.

FORM CABINET AT SIDEBOARD.

Amazing Tale of the Historical Event In French Affairs.

PARIS, May 27.—There is a very good story going the rounds of Paris at the expense of M. Sarrieon, the new premier. During the cabinet crisis, so the tale has it, M. Sarrieon called his friends to a conference at his house near the Paris observatory. Mr. Sarrieon himself, in order to insure privacy, performed the duties of host and waiter combined. Going to the sideboard, which was laden with light refreshments, solid and liquid, he said to M. Clemenceau: "What will you take?" "The interior," was the astonishing response. The host was for a moment at a loss to find a suitable reply, and hesitated. His hesitation was fatal. Before he could shape an answer, M. Bourgeois interposed with: "And I, foreign affairs," "And I, public instruction," said M. Briand. After all, even if the story is true, perhaps the cabinet so curiously formed will be stable as some French cabinets for the last 10 or 12 years.

WEAK IN SENATE

Appropriation Bills Are on the Docket.

\$90,000,000 APPROPRIATION

House Will Consider Sundry Civil Appropriation Bill Carrying Very Large Amount of Money—Other Important Matters.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 27.—The following is a forecast of the week's events:

The Senate is counting on a busy week and prospects are favorable to long work days and few interruptions. After Monday there will be at least two appropriation bills ready for consideration and the sea level canal bill having been made unfinished business, will be pursued as steadily as circumstances will permit. In addition conferees will be appointed on the railroad rate bill, and the nomination of Barnes to be postmaster at Washington will receive attention and the bill declaring the policy in the matter of the purchase of Panama canal supplies will be considered.

Work on the sundry civil appropriations bill will begin in the house this week. This bill is larger and carries more money than any preceding sundry civil act. The aggregate will be in the neighborhood of \$90,000,000. There will be great demand on the part of the members to make speeches relating to an item affecting their particular home districts, and Chairman Tawney estimates it will require fully a week to consider and pass the bill.

The programme for the week also includes legislation for the district of Columbia, the completion of the diplomatic and consular bill, and the consideration of the naturalization bill. Following the latter will be a controversy between the pure food and immigration bills. The democratic filibuster to emphasize to the country that no progress is apparent on the statehood agreement, is consuming considerable time in the house. The statehood conferees announce agreement on that measure is in sight and may be reached during the present week.

ENGINES COME TOGETHER.

OIL CITY, Penn., May 27.—One person was killed and five injured in a head on collision between an engine and a freight train on the Pennsylvania near west Monterey today.

SHAUGHNESSY IS IN IRELAND.

Canadian Pacific President Visits Old Country.

DUBLIN, May 27.—One of the most distinguished of Irish-Canadians is just now on a visit to the old country, Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, the president of the Canadian Pacific. The growth and development of Canada and Canadian trade owe more to Sir Thomas Shaughnessy than to any other individual living. He is making the "great lone land" begin to hum, and has pushed out the arms of Canada until they reach to Australia on the one side and England on the other, while Japan and China are linked at Singapore with another of his ramifications. Irish-Canadians say that the president of the Canadian Pacific is as good an Irishman as a Canadian.

His present visit to Ireland is understood to be a fling one, but he has been taking advantage of it to see the beauties of Kerry and Limerick, the Irish counties from whose sound old stock he descends.

BOMBS ARE THROWN

During Review of Troops At Sebastopol

NUMBER REPORTED KILLED

Terrorists Throw Bombs and Some People Are Killed, and Several Hundred Are Wounded—Bomb Throwers Are Arrested.

SEBASTOPOL, May 27.—Several bombs were thrown here today while a review of troops was being held after Te Deum in celebration of the emperor's coronation. Three persons were killed and several wounded. Among the wounded were the commander of the fortress, General Neplueff, who received slight injuries, and the chief of police who was severely injured. Other high dignitaries escaped. Vice Admiral Chouknin, commanding the Black Sea fleet, who is the special object of terrorist revenge, was not present. Two bomb throwers were arrested.

Another Report.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 27.—Dispatches received here concerning the bomb outrage, says eleven were killed including five children and five hundred were injured. The dispatch also says four arrests were made.

YOUTH A RIVAL KUBELIK.

Russian Lad Sets London Aflame With Playing.

LONDON, May 27.—Little Misha Elman, the wonderful Russian boy violinist, is becoming almost as much the rage as Kubelik himself. He was first heard in Paganini's concerto in D, which he played with effective brilliancy. The applause at the close was loud and long, and he eventually reappeared and gave as an encore Ignacz Brull's "Scenes Espagnoles." His next performance was a selection from Bach's sonata in G minor, and last of all came Sir Edward Elgar's "Romance" and a polonaise by Henry Wieniawski.

Though the hour was late, the audience would not leave the building until the violinist had played four extra numbers, and when they did quit the place a number of them, principally ladies, rushed around to the stage door in the hope of once more seeing their young hero. They had to wait half an hour before he came out, and as he entered his carriage there was an outburst of cheering from the excited crowd and cries of "Bravo!" and "You are an angel."

GOVERNMENT'S ANSWER AWAITED IN ANXIETY

Lower House Has Thrown Down Gauntlet to Bureaucracy and Outcome Will Probably Be Bloody Revolution Between Forces.

PEASANTRY APPROVES PARLIAMENT'S ACTION

EMPEROR MUST CHOOSE BETWEEN REAL CONSTITUTIONAL GOVERNMENT, AND THE LOSS OF NOT ONLY HIS CROWN BUT PROBABLY HIS HEAD—TERRORISTS ARE GETTING IN THEIR DEADLY WORK.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 28 (1:10 a. m.)—With breathless anxiety society awaits the government's response to the bold action of the lower house of parliament on Saturday, when action censuring the ministry and demanding its retirement, a direct slap in its face, and a direct challenge, which the government though inclined to prefer its usual policy of temporization and compromise can hardly avoid meeting.

Parliament has burned the bridge and virtually declaring that it proposes to French states general did when it transferred itself to the national convention.

Virtually Revolutionary Body.

By haunting the fundamental law and virtually declaring that it proposes to exercise full parliamentary rights with a responsible ministry, it has become in the eyes of the law a revolutionary body and from that position there seems no retreat. News of the action of the house came like an electric shock, the people generally being as greatly surprised as the bureaucracy at the promptness with which the whole government's policy was absolutely scorned. Both sides have recognized the acuteness and seriousness of the moment, but the panic in the government and not in the popular camp. Premier Gorenykin went to Peterhof immediately after the adjournment of Saturday's session to confer with the emperor, and Sunday was followed by another conference, between the administration and the leader. The constitutional democratic chiefs are displaying calmness in the face of the crisis.

Revolutionists Delighted.

The social democrats and social revolutionists are delighted with the turn of events, believing they furnish just the stimulus needed for the rising they are planning. The terrorists were quick to seize the opportunity for a series of blows in widely separated parts of the country, the news of which forms a prominent feature in this morning's papers instead of the expected decree of amnesty. Attempts at Tiflis and Sebastopol are convincing indications of the determination of the fighting organization to resume its campaign of assassination with full vigor. The press today, almost without exception is pessimistic, recognizing the extreme gravity of the situation and the tempest, which the denial of the right of forced expropriation of land, will provoke among the peasantry. The "Reich" declares the government's reasoning is false and fallacious, the expropriation of land standing practically on the same basis now as in 1861.

French Revolution Paralleled.

Professor Kareieff in a special article says, the parallel with the early stage of the French revolution is now complete. He invites the ministry to substitute the events of 1906 for those of 1789, and then consider whether they wish to continue their present course. The "Slovo" declares the government has declared war on parliament.

Orders for the guard corps to go into summer camp, have been countermanded, and it is supposed they will be retained here in readiness to cope with an outbreak.

Parliament Will Wait.

Having delivered their answer they purpose to go calmly ahead with the work before them, forcing the government to take the initiative. The strength of their position lies in the conviction that the Russian nation and especially the peasantry, who are sure to be discontented with the fiat concerning the expropriation of lands, is behind parliament in its rejection of the government's policy as utterly unacceptable.

PECULIAR CIRCUMSTANCE.

HOUSTON, Tex., May 27.—While taking part in a ball game, Stach Wisnoki was struck by a thrown ball and after recovering the ball and throwing it to the base, fell dead.

TERRORISTS VAINLY TRY TO KILL HIGH OFFICIALS

TIFLIS, May 27.—While Governor-General Timoseff and Chief of Police Martinoff were driving today bombs were thrown at them. Neither was injured but the Cossacks belonged to their escort were killed. The officials were riding in separate carriages on their

way to attend Te Deum celebration of the emperor's coronation. The bombs were thrown simultaneously, one of them failing to explode. Martinoff shot and killed one of the terrorists, but the other escaped. Timoseff's assassin was wounded. An armed outbreak was feared.