



WOULD KILL ROOSEVELT

Portland Anarchists Plot Assassination.

PLAN FALLS THROUGH

Anarchists Plan President's Death But Quarrel and Fail to Act.

FEDERAL OFFICERS INQUIRE

Documents and Pamphlets Are Seized by the Government Authorities and Forwarded to Washington—Six Poles Under Arrest.

PORTLAND, June 21.—During the trial of six Poles charged with assault and battery upon Walter Sealaskiewicz in the municipal court today, Sealaskiewicz testified that about a month ago, a plot was laid in this city and an attempt made to raise funds to send a member of the anarchist organization to Washington to assassinate President Roosevelt. Sealaskiewicz stated that subsequently dissensions arose in the society, and the plan fell through. It was out of these dissensions grew the trouble which resulted in the Poles making an attack upon Sealaskiewicz. Sealaskiewicz testified that there were two Polish organizations in the city, in one of which he holds a membership. The other society, which he asserted is anarchistic, he says is composed of members of the first society.

Documents and pamphlets seized by the Federal authorities have been forwarded to Washington, the secret service agents refusing to make them public here.

The defendants in the case today vehemently denied Sealaskiewicz' accusations and in turn declared he was himself an anarchist.

Secret Agents Active.

Since the first disclosures with reference to the existence of an anarchistic society in Portland government secret agents have conducted a careful and unrelenting investigation. The investigation has been in charge of Inspector Foster of the government secret service bureau. He has been assisted by City Detective Mears and other officers.

The government officer and the detective visited the place at 53 Morris street, where anarchistic meetings are said to be held by members of the society, and seized large quantities of literature said to be of an inflammatory nature. The confiscated literature is in the shape of pamphlets and letters written in the Polish language.

Those from whom it was taken claimed that it was merely socialistic doctrines and propaganda which was being distributed among the Poles of Portland. It has been translated, however, and copies forwarded to the head of the secret service department in Washington City. Local secret service agents refuse to submit copies of the pamphlets to the public.

City Authorities Helping.

The government, it is said, will continue a vigorous investigation of anarchistic conditions in this city. City officials, including Municipal Judge Cameron and Deputy City Attorney Fitzgerald, besides government officials, are convinced that a red organization exists in this city and will render every assistance to the government in causing the deportation of the leaders, if possible.

DENIES IVENS PETITION.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., June 21.—Richard Ivens, the self-confessed slayer of

Mrs. Bessie Hollister of Chicago, will be hanged in that city tomorrow. The supreme court yesterday refused to grant a writ of supercedas and today denied the motion for leave to file a more complete record of answer. The board of pardons today heard the arguments of the condemned man's attorney's and refused to recommend a pardon or a commutation. Tonight Governor Dineen refused to interfere in the carrying out of the sentence. The board of pardons held the contention that Ivens' confession was the result of hypnotic influence of the police, was a mere theory and nothing had been presented to the board except averments in the petition to substantiate this theory.

WITNESSES SUMMONED.

In Kinnan Murder Case Sixty Persons Are Called to Testify.

NEW YORK, June 21.—Interest in the Kinnan murder case centered yesterday in the announcement that 60 witnesses have been summoned to appear before Coroner McDonald this morning to testify at a hearing preliminary to the regular inquest. Mrs. Alice Kinnan was beaten to death on the night of June 8 on the front porch of the old mansion at Washington avenue and 189th street, which was occupied by Mrs. Kinnan, and her aged mother, Mrs. Louise M. Stanton.

Although the police and the coroner tried to keep the matter secret, it was learned last night that perhaps the only clew to a possible assailant was discovered by a policeman last night. He was stationed at the Stanton house to guard it. He was not in the house but in some manner he got hold of a letter addressed to Mrs. Kinnan postmarked two days before her murder and written by a man threatening her with bodily harm.

READY FOR MUTINY

Report Current That Baltic Fleet Is Mutinous.

NOBLES ARE IN SYMPATHY

Army Officers Drawn From the Noble Class Are On Sympathetic Terms With the Peasants and the Artisan Class.

NEW YORK, June 21.—Discussing reports from London, which were denied from St. Petersburg, of trouble at Cronstadt, Ivan Narodny, a Russian who came here in the interests of revolutionists, said yesterday:

"There will be soon, a great mutiny in the Baltic fleet at Cronstadt, with vastly more success than the already historic mutiny in the Black Sea fleet. The captains commanding are in sympathy with the revolutionary movement and will declare at the appointed time for reforms.

"The fact is the army officers drawn from the noble class are on sympathetic terms with the men from the peasant and artisan classes. The common people and the nobles in Russia are not separated by the gulf that stood between these classes under the ancient regime in France. The nobles throughout Russia—and the gentry too—are the peasants' closest friends, on the most cordial and friendly footing. The nobles are the backbone of the revolution in Russia. The bureaucracy is drawn from neither class, and is hated by both classes.

"It is the system which causes riots like that at Bialystok.

"The reason why the bureaucracy stirs up this resentment against the Jews is that they are seen to be an element strong for revolution—radicals."

GO BETWEEN WINS.

NEW YORK, June 21.—Alexander Shields' 5-year-old gelding, Go Between, carrying 116 pounds, and third choice at 6 to 1, won the \$20,000 suburban handicap today. Go Between was but a short head in front of Dandelion, with Colonial Girl third, three lengths behind, and the same distance in front of the field. Time, 2:07 1-5.

CONFEREES IN UNISON

Understanding Reached on Rate Measure.

MEET THIS MORNING

Complete Agreement Will Be Drawn Today—Early Presentation.

THREE POINTS UNSETTLED

Effort Made to Eliminate Pipe Line Amendment—Anti-Pass Provision Will Be Limited to Government Officials.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—An understanding was reached by the conferees on the railroad rate bill tonight which it is said will result in a complete agreement being reached tomorrow. The conferees will meet and draw up the agreement in the morning. It is the present intention to have it presented to the House tomorrow, so it may be printed in the record as required by the rules and called up for action on Saturday.

There are yet three points which will be discussed, one of the most important being the pipe line amendment. The Senate amendment to this provision which included lumber in the list of commodities forbidden to be owned by common carriers, will, it is said, be retained in the bill. There has been an unceasing effort to have this amendment eliminated, but so far without avail. The anti-pass provision will be limited to officials of national, state, municipal, county and township governments otherwise than those the railroads may issue passes to whomsoever they wish. Members of congress are included as officers of the national government.

DISORDER SPREADS.

Garrison at Krasnoyarsk Revolt and Kill Officers.

ST. PETERSBURG (Friday), June 22.—A large part of the news in the papers here this morning consists of dispatches telling of military disaffection. In addition to the outbreaks at Sebastopol and Ryazan, reported on Thursday, the dispatches report the garrison of Krasnoyarsk, the capital of the Province of Yenisei, and one of the principal cities of Siberia, has mutinied and killed its officers. The trouble was caused by the interference of the colonel, one Shurin, who hearing a titter among a group of enlisted men, sabred one of the soldiers. The latter's companions fell upon the colonel with clubs. Two of the soldiers were arrested and as soon as the news spread the soldiers mutinied and demanded the release of their comrades. Captain Kezemin, who ordered his company to fire on the mutineers, was killed by his own men. The entire population of Krasnoyarsk is in a panic. Minister of Marine Birleff again visited Cronstadt yesterday and urged the mutinous sailors to return to duty. Lik-Liekle, a Polish city, with a great Jewish population, was on the verge yesterday of an experience such as Bialystok has just passed through. During a religious procession, a shot was fired, injuring a gendarme, but the police succeeded in holding the populace in check. The man who fired the shot, a Pole, was arrested.

COLLISION KILLS ONE.

RUTLAND, Vt., June 21.—A peculiar accident on the Rutland Railroad a short distance from this city yesterday resulted in the death of Harry N. Davis, the engineer, and the severe shaking up

of the passengers on an express train. The train was the express which left this city at 2 p. m. for Boston. At a point about 11 miles south of Rutland the railroad ascends a mountain, the grade being one of the heaviest in Vermont.

While the express was climbing this grade Engineer Davis suddenly saw a single freight car coming down the hill on the same track. He tried to bring his train to a standstill, but before this could be done the car had crashed into the locomotive. Davis was fatally hurt.

ACT OF JEALOUS MAN.

LOS ANGELES, June 21.—W. F. Ketring, shot and probably fatally wounded his divorced wife and his niece, Miss Bessie O'Day at the home of the former early this morning. Ketring has been separated from his wife for the last two years. Calling upon her last night he asked her to return to him. She refused and Miss O'Day stepped to the telephone to call the police. As she did so Ketring thrust the telephone from her hands and shot both women.

AMENDMENT FAILS.

CHICAGO, June 21.—The referendum vote of the Chicago Medical Society on the question of the proposed amendment of the by-laws so as to make eligible to membership physicians engaged in contract practice, failed yesterday because of the rule providing that a referendum vote shall not prevail unless 50 per cent of the membership strength is voting. The majority of the votes cast, however, favored the amendment.

According to the secretary's report there are 1928 members in the society and 358 votes were registered in favor of the anti-contract amendment, while 201 votes were cast against its adoption.

SOCIAL PROBLEMS

Environment Counts for More than Heredity.

ELIMINATE ALL DEGENERATES

Theory is Advanced That the Government Should Care For the Weak Minded and Degenerate Human Beings.

NEW YORK, June 21.—There is no reason why Chicago should not relieve itself of the burden of mental and physical degenerates in two or three generations, according to Alexander Johnson, secretary of the national conference of charity and corrections. This can be accomplished very easily, Mr. Johnson told the school of philanthropy yesterday, simply by segregating these individuals.

"They should be educated to the fullest extent possible," he said, "and it is astonishing what can be done with a feeble minded child if it is caught young. They should be taken into the care of the mother state from childhood until death and thereby the state will be serving not only its own best interests but those of the defective individual. I don't like paternalism in government, but we can't have too much maternalism."

Although Mr. Johnson believes in eliminating bad stock, he thinks that the idea of heredity has been greatly overworked and that environment is a matter of infinitely more importance. "I would rather be born in the worst slum, of the worst parents that ever were," he said, "and be removed to a satisfactory environment at birth than be born under the best possible conditions and then be removed to a bad environment. Heredity is a powerful factor, and we need never be surprised at anything it does. Yet this influence is slight compared with that of environment and much that passes was heredity is really the result of environment."

Mr. Johnson expressed the opinion that Guiteau and probably Czolgosz were defectives and ought to have been sent to insane asylums instead of being executed.

LOCK CANAL ON ISTHMUS

Senate Declares in Favor of Lock Type.

ALL DAY DISCUSSION

Threatened Divergence Between President and House is Not Realized.

TRAVELING EXPENSES AGAIN

McLaurin and McCumber Sharply Criticize Sundry Civil Bill Amendment Appropriating \$25,000 for President's Traveling Expenses.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The senate today took a position in accord with the President and House by declaring in favor of the lock canal across the Isthmus of Panama. The result was reached after a day's discussion almost devoid of interesting incidents. The vote today is generally accepted as settling the type of the great waterway and terminates what at one time threatened to become a sharp divergence between the Senate on the one hand and the President and House on the other. The remainder of the day was devoted to an amendment to the sundry civil bill appropriating \$25,000 for the President's traveling expenses and the subject was unfinished when the Senate adjourned. McLaurin and McCumber criticised the provision sharply.

WILL NOT PROTEST.

LONDON, June 21.—Foreign Secretary Grey continues to declaim against intervening in Russia's internal trouble. Thorne, a social democrat, put a long question to the secretary in the House of Commons today regarding the massacre at Bialystok, whether that seeing "that this country had broken off relations with Serbia and had constantly remonstrated with Turkey on account of the less serious outrages." The foreign office would consider that "The time had come for Great Britain to formally protest against a continuance of such practices by the Russian government and break off diplomatic relations." The Secretary replied, "No, sir. My answer is in the negative."

TWO MEN ASSASSINATED.

GUTHRIE, Okla., June 21.—A special to the Capital from Grimes, Okla., states that John Pureyear and Earl Seeds were assassinated near Lamesa, Texas, today by three men. Pureyear and Seeds were fired on from ambush. Three suspected persons were arrested tonight. A crowd of farmers demanded that the prisoners be taken from the county jail and lynched. Pureyear had trouble with three of his neighbors a year ago.

DISCUSSION DELAYED.

House Does Not Take Up Substitute for Pure Food Bill Until Late in Day.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—There was an unexpected occurrence in the House today. Instead of taking up the House substitute for the Hepburn Pure Food Bill early in the day as anticipated it was late this afternoon before Mann, of Illinois, proceeded to champion it. The delay was caused by a long discussion of the conference report on the naval appropriation bill in which Foss, chairman of the committee, was defeated by the House leaders. The House was not in the humor or accept a partial conference, nor did it desire to leave some Senate

amendments without expressing judgment upon them. In consequence, by a close vote, the conferees were instructed to concur in the senate amendment relating to the big battleship, which provides that its type, displacement and tonnage, must be reported to congress before any proposal is accepted.

TO CROWN HAAKON.

TRONDHJEM, June 21.—With a ceremonial modified from the old Norse forms, King Kaakon VII and Queen Maud at noon tomorrow in the old Trondhjem Cathedral, will be anointed, blessed and given Norway's crowns. When nearly forty years ago King Oscar of Sweden received the crown, he bared his breast and the ecclesiastic crossed it with sacred oils according to the customs of the older days. Haakon will be anointed only on the forehead and wrists and the entire rite will be simpler. Haakon will be crowned first and the Queen afterward. There will be about 3000 persons present.

REGULATE PRICES.

NEW YORK, June 21.—At the annual convention of the National Stationers' & Manufacturers' Association yesterday E. S. Williams of St. Paul said he thought something ought to be done concerning prices.

"We don't propose anything that will violate the anti-trust law," he said, "but we do believe that prices can be legitimately regulated. In my own town, for instance, before the establishment of the local stationers' organization, the stationers spent more time 'knocking' one another than they did in 'boosting' their own business."

The matter, it is expected, will come up later.

MILLS WILL CLOSE

Washington Shingle Mills Have Ceased Operations.

GENERAL STRIKE ORDERED

Sixty Per Cent of the Mills Close on Orders From Committee in Charge of the Shingle Weavers Union.

SEATTLE, June 21.—Sixty per cent of the mills manufacturing star shingles, and 20 per cent of clear mills were closed today by a committee of shingle-weavers in charge of the general strike. It is estimated the shingle employes of the union numbers 2500 men, and a majority of these are out on strike.

Reports from outside towns show the mills have been closed irrespective of membership in either the shingle bureau or strike insurance fund. In the same centers local conditions entirely have caused the strike. This is true where the men had a grievance against their employers and took advantage of the general strike to carry the movement outside the bureau mills.

Two of the three Bellingham combination mills closed by the weavers' committee have not been identified with the shingle mills bureau, and one has consistently fought each bureau movement. Both the combination and the straight shingle mills are being affected by the strike of the weavers. In the combination mills only the shingle departments have been ordered out.

CASE DISMISSED.

CHICAGO, June 21.—A dispatch to the Inter-Ocean from Omaha says:

In the district court here yesterday the \$25,000 suit for damages filed by Mae C. Wood, a former clerk in the Post-Office Department at Washington, against Senator Thomas C. Platt of New York and the United States Express Company was dismissed for want of prosecution.

Miss Wood sued for services alleged to have been performed for Senator Platt and the express company in looking after matters of interest to them in the Post-Office Department.