



RUEF CLAIMS CONSPIRACY

That He is the Victim of San Francisco Newspapers and Others.

JOHNSON TO AID HENEY

As Result of Telephone Investigations Additional Indictments Will Be Returned—Ruef Declares His Private Imprisonment A Violation Of Law.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 30.—Two sensational pieces of evidence in the bribery graft investigation were introduced before the Grand Jury today. Three members of the executive board of the Pacific States Telephone Company, E. S. Pillsbury, Homer S. King and Timothy Hopkins testified they had no knowledge of the alleged bribing of supervisors to vote against the awarding of the competitive franchise to the Home Telephone Co., and that if bribery was committed it was "Up to" vice-President Louis Glass, whom the Grand Jury has already indicted on nine counts.

The second sensation came when Pillsbury, who is also attorney for the company, testified that Ruef for more than two years had been on the private payroll of that corporation and had been paid regularly \$1200 per month. This, Pillsbury said, was more than he received himself and when he discovered it, he testified that he objected to the company and his own remuneration was increased.

District Attorney Langdon said if the present plans were not altered the Grand Jury will hold a session every day next week and the trial of Ruef in the French Restaurant cases will begin Tuesday and steadily proceed. In this event it is likely that special prosecutor Hiram L. Johnson will appear against Ruef, while Henev engineers the investigation before the Grand Jury. Langdon said that today's proceedings before that body had been very satisfactory. He said additional indictments would be returned as a result of telephone investigations but he would not say how soon or against whom.

Ruef today intimated in an interview that his defense against any indictments arising from the alleged confession of Supervisor Gallagher will be that Gallagher's testimony, if he has testified it without corroboration and cannot be supported by other witnesses. In a second interview Ruef for the first time since his capture at Trocadero, denounces his prosecutors, declaring he is being kept in private prison, in violation of all legal precedents and announced that he will produce in court, affidavits sworn to before his capture, proving that the acts of his prosecutors are parts of a conspiracy. Ruef claimed also, the reason why every newspaper in San Francisco is denouncing him as a grafter and a rascal is because the newspapers either are privately subsidized or are unable to wield the influence in administration affairs they craved.

Special agent Burns, today, stated, that he is purposely refraining from arresting A. K. Detwiler of Toledo, in order to give him full opportunity to arrange the \$130,000 bail as fixed by Judge Lawler.

JUDGE REFORMS HUSBANDS.

New Idea on the Reclaiming of Delinquent Husbands From Saloons.

CHICAGO, March 30.—Pure food is to be an important factor in the reform of delinquent husbands conducted by Municipal Judge McKone. McClelland of the Maxwell Street District. Instead of sentencing the husband, the wife will be sentenced in the future. Instead of meeting out \$50 and costs to be worked out at the Bride-well, it will not be unusual to hear a sentence of "Two weeks on ham and eggs, varied by hot biscuits, mashed potatoes, and a steak."

After several weeks of psychological research conducted on practical lines, Judge Clelland has discovered that food served in different styles by more indifferent wives has more to do with sending husbands to the corner saloon for solace than any

other one thing. Experiments have shown that good food will force the most delinquent husband to forget his evil ways and return to the straight and narrow path.

If there were any doubts as to the truth of this theory, it was fortified at last night's review of paroled husbands in Judge Clelland's court. There were fifty husbands who had been placed upon their honor and good food. The latter had reformed to such an extent that there were few wives who had any complaint to make of their husbands.

AUTO RIDE.

For patients of New York Hospital's Car Donated by Millionaire Stokes.

NEW YORK, March 30.—W. E. D. Stokes yesterday fulfilled the promise he made the day before to Magistrate Crane, that he would place his touring car at the disposal of any hospital one day a week so that patients might have an outing. Seven patients from the General Memorial Hospital were given a long ride into the country and the doctors said the airing was better than any medicine.

It is believed that many rich men will follow this worthy charity and that members of the Automobile Club of America, and agents for various motor cars will follow in line.

Fred Beard, Mr. Stokes' chauffeur, who was arrested Thursday, and through whose arraignment the offer of the Stokes car was made, guided the party, as he was out on bail.

NEW JAPANESE SHIPS.

TOKIO, March 30.—Six steamers of 6,000 tons and a speed of 14 knots have been contracted for by the Osaka Mercantile Marine Company. The vessels will cost about \$5,000,000 each and are to be used in a new American service.

THE PRESIDENT

Will Not Come West On Railroad Situation.

WILL SPEAK AT JAMESTOWN

Will Then Express His Opinion On The Proposed Trainmen's Strike—He Will Not Address The Manufacturers Association.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Unless something happens, which in his opinion makes it desirable and necessary so to do, the probability now is that President Roosevelt will not go to Springfield to address the Manufacturers Association of Illinois and West on the railroad question in response to the invitation extended early this week. On April 26 he is to deliver the address at the opening of the Jamestown Fair at which time he will have the opportunity to say whatever he desires on the railroad question. In conversation with callers, reference has been made by the President to that occasion as an appropriate one on which to speak on the subject uppermost in his mind at this time and the impression is now general that he may avail himself of the opportunity.

LEO XIII.

ROME, March 30.—According to a notification received by the government from the Vatican, the pope has decided that the removal of the body of Leo XIII from St. Peter's to the new tomb in St. John Lateran shall take place in the day time provided that it is guaranteed that the cortege shall pass through Rome unimpeded. Negotiations are now in progress as to the measures that shall be adopted to this end. When the arrangements are completed the date of the transfer will be definitely fixed. It is thought now that it will be at the beginning of next month.

GEORGE FITCH DEAD.

SAN RAFAEL, March 30.—George Fitch, one of the largest importers in San Francisco of coal from the Northern mines, died here yesterday. He was a native of England, 78 years old.

JEROME GREATLY DISPLEASED

Saturday's Examination Resulted Very Much in Thaw's Favor.

THAW QUESTIONED SECRETLY

Jerome, Fights And Will Be Allowed To Introduce Expert Testimony Before The Lunacy Commission On Tuesday.

NEW YORK, March 30.—The plans of the Thaw lunacy commission to complete its work today and submit its report to Justice Fitzgerald on Monday morning, were upset late this afternoon by an appeal from Jerome to be allowed to produce witnesses before the commission reaches its decision. After an all day session the commission adjourned until Tuesday when it will hear the District Attorney's experts. Chairman McClure however, served notice that witnesses, will be compelled to confine themselves to facts and opinions which deal with Thaw's present condition. Thaw was under direct examination for more than three hours today and then for forty five minutes more under Jerome's severe cross examination. It is stated that Thaw went through the ordeal with colors flying. After Thaw's examination was concluded the doors were thrown open and Dr. Hamilton took the stand. Thaw's attorneys objected to his testifying on the grounds of professional privilege. Jerome contended as Hamilton had been subpoenaed by the defense to testify in behalf of Thaw, that professional privilege had been waived.

The commission held that it had not been waived before them, and therefore would not allow Hamilton to testify.

During the public session four prison guards and a visiting physician at the Tombs all declared that Thaw had acted rationally since his incarceration. One said that Thaw had a hunted look on his face when he first came to the Tombs but it began to pass away early in September. Jerome took a desultory interest in the proceedings after Hamilton left the stand until it seemed the commission was about to close the inquiry. Then he suddenly jumped to his feet, protested that he had been hampered in the lunacy hearings by the commission barring pertinent testimony. He asserted, with some feeling, that if allowed proper latitude he could prove beyond reasonable doubt that Thaw was insane today and incapable of advising his counsel in rational manner. McClure told Jerome that if he could produce experts who could give a competent opinion as to Thaw's present state of mind the commission would hear them Tuesday. When the public session commenced Jerome seemed irritable, and was constantly involved in wordy clashes with members of the commission. His manner of urging that he had a right to adduce additional testimony before the commission rendered its verdict is generally accepted as a concession that Thaw made a favorable impression during his long examination. The Thaw jury will report to Justice Fitzgerald Monday morning. In the meantime Judge Fitzgerald will consult the lunacy commissioners as to the amount of time they require to complete their work and he will then dismiss the jury as many days as are necessary.

DR. HAMILTON WILL TESTIFY. Noted Alienist Will Be Put On The Witness Stand.

NEW YORK, March 30.—Resumption of the examination of Harry K. Thaw by the commission of lunacy which will determine his competency to undertake his trial for killing Stanford White and to consult his counsel, will take place this morning. Two hours were spent in interrogating the prisoner on Thursday, but how long the commission will take to question him fully is not known. It is conjectured that he will be in the witness chair all of this morning's session and part of the afternoon. Almost as important as the inquisition into the sanity of Thaw by the com-

missioners will be the examination of the alienist, Dr. Hamilton. The news that he had been subpoenaed was a surprise, as it had been hinted by Chairman McClure on Thursday that no medical experts would be called by the commission.

The peculiar position Dr. Hamilton bears toward the case is that he testified for the defense.

He was one of the first experts retained by the defense. He examined Thaw not long after he killed White and he was furnished with data gathered in Europe and elsewhere by Thaw's original counsel as to Thaw's pathological antecedents prior to his shooting White, including his trips with Evelyn Nesbit and the medical history of the family. He was quoted as saying that Thaw was hopelessly insane and it was while he was on the stand having been called by the defense that the appointment of the lunacy commission was applied for. He will probably be examined when Thaw's examination is finished and will be questioned at length by the commission as to his reasons for believing Thaw a paranoiac. Fresh sensations are looked for in consequence.

Now that Dr. Hamilton has been subpoenaed, it is rumored that other alienists will follow him before the commission. There is, therefore, much speculation as to when the commission will be able to reach a conclusion and report to Justice Fitzgerald. In any event the hopes cherished by Thaw's counsel and by the prisoner himself that the commission would close its work with his examination have been shattered.

The persons in the Tombs, who have had anything to do with Thaw since he has been confined there will also testify before the commission. Included in this number are Drs. McGuire and Campbell, respectively the prison physician and his predecessor, and such clergymen as have talked with defendant.

SUED FOR DIVIDEND

Of No Significance Says Harriman.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC POOR

Stockholders Say Road Refuses to Pay Just What is Withholding Interest on Bonds. 2 1-2 per Cent Dividend to be Declared Monday.

NEW YORK, March 30.—E. H. Harriman in speaking of the Southern Pacific dividend suit filed in Chicago is quoted as saying:

"I do not regard it as of any significance whatever." Alexander Millar, secretary of the Union and Southern Pacific lines, said:

"While we have not received the papers in this case we understand holders of the second mortgage bonds of the Galveston, Harrisburg & San Antonio Railroad Company of Texas which is controlled by the Southern Pacific Company intended to begin proceedings.

"Holders of the greater amount of these bonds are members or heirs of the group that used to own the Pacific Improvement Company which built many of the Southern Pacific lines. For many years when they were in control of the San Antonio line. For years they paid no interest on the bonds. Now that the Southern is in possession of property they desire to have the interest paid on these securities which are in the nature of income bonds.

"Our counsel advised us we need not feel apprehension over the outcome of the case. The Southern Pacific has made large advancements to the Galveston, Harrisburg & San Antonio Railroad for improvements, betterments and extensions, and until these advances are repaid, the company will be in position to make interest payments on the second mortgage bonds."

In view of the fact that the semi-annual dividend payment of 2 1-2 per cent is due on Monday of the common stock of the Southern Pacific, Mr. Millar was asked whether there was any likelihood of the payment being held up.

"No," he replied. "This will not affect the April dividend as the courts

REORGANIZATION OF LAND OFFICE

Ordered By President and Secretary of the Interior.

TO CONVICT LAND THEIVES

Oregon is District 1—Edward N. Dixon Of Portland Appointed Chief—Washington and Idaho District No. Three.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—In accordance with orders issued by the President and Secretary of the Interior, the Commissioner General of Land Office has taken up the work of reorganizing the field and office force under his control. In order to secure greater efficiency in the field work of the special agents, the Commissioner has found it advisable to redistrict the public land territory, changing the lines. So far the most part of the field divisions have been enlarged, thus giving a greater territory to several chiefs. Chiefs have also been vested with larger authority. Special agents are to be detailed to the several chiefs from time to time. It is also the purpose of the Commissioner to so detail and concentrate the forces so as to keep the department advised of all of the principal land frauds and illegal efforts to acquire title to public lands. Also to secure evidence to convict those guilty of such offenses, especial attention being given to coal and timber entries. Oregon is made field district No. 1, and Edward Nixon, Portland Ore., has been assigned to it as chief. Washington and Idaho constitute division No. 3 in charge of F. N. Goodwin of Spokane.

DOCTOR'S MEET.

Discuss the White Man in South Africa and His Health.

NEW YORK, March 30.—At the third annual meeting of the American Society of Tropical Medicine at the Academy of Medicine last night, Dr. L. L. Seaman, formerly a surgeon in the United States Volunteer who has recently returned from a trip to Africa, with Dr. Nicholas Senn of Chicago, took the topic, "Observations on Health and Disease in Eastern Africa."

There was a prevalent belief, Dr. Seaman said, "That the white man had not gone to Africa, in larger numbers was dread of the sleeping sickness, which is caused by the bite of the Tsetse fly." This disease, up to the time he left Africa, had been uniformly fatal. He said that white people, however, would never get it if the proper precautions were taken. He spoke with a shudder, however, of the fact that he was bitten by one of those dreaded flies. But that it had been killed by his companion before

have decided the hearing on the matter will not be held until May.

The bonds in question are owned by several of the wealthiest estates in the country.

General Thomas H. Hubbard and the Crocker Estate Company, the litigants, own \$2,500,000 of the bonds. The Southern Pacific owns \$1,000,000. The rest of the \$6,354,000 is owned by the Huntington estate, H. E. Huntington, and Stanford University.

General Hubbard said he regretted the suit had been announced just at this time.

"I expected the papers in this suit would have been filed about three weeks ago," he added. "It is unfortunate that the suit was begun at this time. I hope no proceeding will go abroad that this impression is aimed at Mr. Harriman."

"I have been negotiating with the Southern Pacific management for the last two years in an effort to persuade them to pay interest on our bonds. Our case may be summed up in these few words:

"We believe that the management of the Southern Pacific, while apparently willing to pay dividends on its stock issues, refuses to pay its just debts in withholding interest on its bonds."

It had done any damage and he felt no serious effects. The following officers were elected: James M. Anderson, Philadelphia, president; Rudolph Mates, New Orleans and W. S. Thayer of Baltimore, vice-presidents; J. M. Swan, Philadelphia, Secretary; James Ewing, New York, Ramon Guirras, of New York, and Joseph MacFarland, of Philadelphia, (to fill an unexpired term) members of the council.

CHICAGO POLITICS.

CHICAGO, March 30.—Victory for both Dunne and Busse in the Mayorality contest is confidently predicted by their respective managers tonight. Chairman Eddick of the Republican Committee says all indications are in favor of the election of Busse. In his judgment Busse will have a plurality of 35,000.

Chairman O'Connell of the Democratic Committee said Democrats have been gaining during the past week and Dunne will be re-elected by from 25,000 to 35,000.

PORTLAND Y. M. C. A.

PORTLAND, Ore. March 30.—Late tonight the committee consisting of a hundred city salesmen from the various houses in this city who for the past week have been canvassing the city to complete the fund of \$350,000 for the erection of a Y. M. C. A. building, successfully concluded its work. The total building fund now is \$355,800.

EDITOR DIES.

REDLANDS, Cal. March 30.—William Penn Rogers, for a quarter of a century a resident of this valley who was formerly an associate editor of Harpers Weekly, died suddenly in his apartments in this city today, aged 63 years.

NO AGREEMENT YET

Train Men and Railroad Managers Still Confering.

ANOTHER CONFERENCE TODAY

U. S. Government Commissioners Doing All Possible Today To Settle the Matter Agreeably To Both Parties—Efforts Partially Successful.

CHICAGO, March 30.—Dissatisfied employees of the Western Roads in the train service and Managers controversy are no nearer an agreement tonight that they have been at any time since peace negotiations were broken off several days ago. As a result of conferences today between commissioners Knapp and Neill and the Union leaders and railroad officials, employees have announced their willingness to again meet the managers in an effort to bring about a peaceable adjustment of the trouble. A joint conference it was said tonight, would be held tomorrow between the opposing interests in the presence of the Government officials and a belief expressed by the men on both sides that a way out of the difficulty would be found.

WOMAN STAYS MOB.

Lynching of Negro Averted by Plucky Woman Who Protected Him.

CHICAGO, March 30.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Indianapolis, Ind., says:

Mrs. Ruth Prindale, saved a colored man from a mob of gass-workers last night, holding a mob at bay until the police arrived.

In a row at the glass works last night William Brown, colored, stabbed Ray Rutledge, a white man, and the friends of the latter took up the quarrel. With stones and clubs Brown was attacked on every side till he turned and fled.

Brown ran into the Prindale home and fell exhausted on the floor. Seeing that he was pursued by a mob, Mrs. Prindale shut the door and despite the fact that men in the mob hurled stones and threatened her with death, she protected the negro till the police dispersed the crowd.