



JAPANESE CONSPIRACY

Using U. S. to Aid Political Schemes.

RAISING IMMENSE FUND

Japs of Pacific Coast Have Entered into Compact With the Progressive.

SEEK TO OVERTHROW PREMIER

Hope to Arouse Public Opinion in Japan By Causing Strife With America and Thus Secure Control of the Japanese Ministry.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Thousands of dollars are being raised by the Japanese of the Pacific coast to carry out the compact they have entered into with the progressive party or—Japan for the overthrow of Saionji, premier of the ministry, the annulment of the exclusion clause in the immigration bill and to secure a guarantee of naturalization rights of the Japanese raised in this country. These additional factors in the progressive party of Japan for the in semi-official circles tonight. The enormous fund which is being collected will be used to arouse a feeling in the Japanese Empire antagonistic to the American government.

Notwithstanding the sweeping denial of the existence of an alliance between the Japanese of the Pacific Coast and the progressives, the anti-administration party of Japan, as given out by Charles Takahashi of Seattle, the Associated Press has secured the text of certain reports which are forwarded to Yamaoka, and the Japanese society in Seattle. In one of the reports, which it was authoritatively stated, today, was afterward read by Takahashi at a secret mass meeting of the Japanese in Seattle, on the evening of May 26, he quoted Ambassador Aoki's statement in regard to the relations between the United States and Japan growing out of the recent disturbances in San Francisco and the adoption by Congress of the immigration law excluding coolie labor from the continental United States in part as follows:

"My object in discussing the Japanese immigration limitation law with Ambassador Aoki was: First, the nullification of the present immigration limitation law.

"Second, opposing the would-be immigration law (proposed new treaty) said to be contemplated by Japan and the United States.

"Third, acquiescence in Japanese naturalization rights in the United States.

"To these discussions Ambassador Aoki said: Japan has ample grounds to oppose the immigration limitation law. But if we go to extremes I fear war. Regarding this Japanese limitation law the Japanese government absolutely disagrees with the United States and will ask naturalization rights for the Japanese people, which the United States government will have to eventually grant. At present the re-election of the President is nearing, America so far is hesitating at this time to bring up these questions, which are unpopular in American politics."

"What I must call special attention to is the fundamental antagonistic statements that the embassy made compared with those of Secretary Straus (interview May 7). We cannot ourselves be satisfied with such uncertainty and the contradictory statements."

Before the departure of Takahashi from this city he sent to Yamaoka, who had not then sailed for Japan, a report in which he told of a conference with Secretary of Commerce and Labor Straus on May 7 regarding the immigration laws. In this report Takahashi quoted statements made by Secretary Straus, which he said were directly contrary to those made by Ambassador Aoki as to the agreement of the two governments on the clause excluding the

Japanese laborers from this country. "Secretary Straus," the report says, "told us that the exclusion clause immigration bill as well as the regulations by the Department of Commerce and Labor on March 22, were made with the consent of the Japanese embassy and the Japanese government. Compare my previous telegrams and reports and you can clearly see the difference and contradiction from what was assured to us by Ambassador Aoki and Counsellor Miyaoka of the embassy. The Japanese ambassador, as we have stated in our telegrams and reports assured us that the Japanese government never for one moment agreed with the limitation of immigration as it is presented to us today."

It was after interview with Secretary Straus that Takahashi and Kawakami received an invitation from the Viscount Aoki to dine at the embassy. Takahashi's answer it is said was:

"We did not come to eat but to settle grave diplomatic questions."

Just before Yamaoka's departure for Tokyo on May 14 Takahashi sent him a telegram from Washington as follows: "Leave for Japan instantly and arouse public opinion as we understood before, there is no hope with the Japanese embassy here."

THE WOMAN WHO WORKS.

Movement on Foot in Large Cities To Form Women's Unions.

CHICAGO, June 10.—"The woman who works," will come in for a large share of attention from Chicago women interested in sociological union matters in June 14, when a conference to devise plans for advising all women workers in the country will begin here. Simultaneously meetings with the same purpose will be held in Boston and New York.

The agitation is expected to assume a national scope. The National Women's Trades Union League will have charge of the conference here.

Objects of the gathering will be to get Chicago working girls interested in trade unions and to start a vigorous campaign in factories, workshops and stores, with the idea of forming unions of women in all occupations.

WAS GEORGIA DAY

President Attended Jamestown Exposition Second Time.

OPENING OF BULLOCK HALL

Replica of Early Home of Roosevelt's Mother at Roswell, Georgia, Proved An Attraction for the President—Spoke To An Immense Crowd.

NORFOLK, June 10.—This is Georgia Day at the Jamestown Exposition and the opening of Bullock Hall, a replica of the home of President Roosevelt's mother at Roswell, Georgia. It is erected at the Georgia state building and was the feature that drew the President to the Exposition for a second time. The President spoke at the Georgia ceremonies from reviewing stand to an immense throng.

In the afternoon he addressed the National Editorial Association in the Exposition Auditorium and was given an enthusiastic welcome. His address was most interesting.

EDDY DEFENSE GAIN A POINT.

CONCORD, June 10.—The defendants in the suit brought by the "Next Friends" of Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy, the aged head of the Christian Science denomination asking for an accounting of Mrs. Eddy's property, were successful in carrying a point today when Judge Chamberlain announced that within a week he would appoint a master to conduct the hearings and so take the testimony to determine whether Mrs. Eddy is competent to manage her own affairs.

FRANK OF ROYALTY.

LONDON, June 10.—According to a story circulated here, Lady Arthur Grosvenor, sister-in-law of the Duke of Westminster, the wealthiest Duke in England, is traveling over the country in the disguise of a gypsy. It is said that she may write a book on her experiences.

ORCHARD'S TESTIMONY

Defense Attacks Credibility of Witness.

COUNTER CONSPIRACY

Defense Attempt to Prove That Orchard's Deeds Were Done at Suggestion Others.

ORCHARD STANDS FIRM

Prisoner-Witness Held To First Story Told On Direct Examination—Defense Allege That He Is Testifying Under Suggestion of Detective McPartland.

BOISE, June 10.—Into the further cross-examination of Harry Orchard today, counsel for William D. Haywood repeatedly threw the suggestion of a great counter conspiracy, formulated and carried out by the enemies of the Western Federation of Miners and indicated their determination construct the main line of defense on that field. They carried Orchard by slow steps through the minutest details from the dynamiting of the Independence station down to the attempt on the life of Fred Bradley and family and in addition to the series of particular attacks on the credibility of the witness and general the probability of his stories, preparing the way for testimony in refutation, they sought to show that Orchard has a mania boasting of the commission of crimes non-existent, except in his own mind and that he is testifying under the control and suggestion of Detective McPartland. They began, today, by making it clear that as far as Orchard knew of his own knowledge, Haywood, Moyer and Pettibone had nothing to do with the inspiration, planning and execution of the Vindicator explosion, that Haywood and Moyer had nothing to do with planning the murder of Detective Gregory.

Passing then to the dynamiting of the Independence station, the first crime with which the testimony of Orchard's directly connects Haywood, Moyer and Pettibone, they endeavored to show that Orchard in springing the mine, purposely sought to spare an oncoming train and the non-union men who were expected on the train and that the whole plot was engineered by the agents of the Mine Owners and railway managers who wanted a comparatively harmless "outrage" to injure the cause of the union miners who were on a strike.

Leaving the Independence crime the counsel sought to discredit the story that Haywood directed Orchard to kill Andy Mayberry an old friend of Haywood's. Counsel then went into Orchard's revolting story of the effort to kill the family of Fred Bradley, of San Francisco, including an infant child, which he had seen in a baby carriage and Mrs. Crow, the cook with whom he had made friends and escorted to the theater.

Orchard swore that while in San Francisco he received money from Pettibone who used the name of "Pat Bone" in transmitting and in making this clearer, today, the defense gave evidence of a plan to show that this money had been sent under Pettibone's name, thinly disguised by persons plotting against the leaders of the Western Federation.

Orchard denied that the Mine Owners or the railway men had any part in the Independence station "outrage," denied that he had a mania for confessing, uncommitted crime and denied that he was under the influence of McPartland. He showed some spirit in answering Richardson's questions and firmly held to all of his first stories and was calm and certain throughout the long trying examination. Orchard confessed to two more crimes, the burning of a cheese factory at Ontario for the insurance and to selling cheese short in weight, this was the initial offense of his career in crime. Steve Adams is in jail and is

uncommunicative, his custodians say he will refuse to say a word when called to the stand.

CHICAGO TEAMSTERS TO STRIKE.

Packinghouse Drivers Deliver Ultimatum To Packers.

CHICAGO, June 10.—A repetition of the packinghouse teamsters' strike five years ago which was attended by more violence than any labor trouble of a similar kind in Chicago, became a possibility yesterday. The stockyard drivers voted almost unanimously to go out next Saturday, unless their demands are granted by the packers.

The action followed reports that it was for an increase of wages of four cents an hour which has been refused by all large packing concerns.

Today an ultimatum will be served on the packers by the union.

The situation will also be considered by the Teamsters' Joint Council. The council will be asked to guarantee its support. Negotiations between the teamsters and packing firms have been in progress three weeks. It is said the packers offered to renew the old contract with the same scale of wages and the union scale refused.

DANISH WEST INDIES.

Late Minister To Denmark Says Rumors of Sale Are False.

LONDON, June 10.—Thomas J. O'Brien, late minister to Denmark, who is on his way to begin his duties as ambassador to Japan, is in London. He says that the recent report that the negotiations for the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States has been renewed, is baseless. He said the matter had never been officially discussed by the Danish officials and himself. He added:

"Personally, I now think the sale is out of the question. The influences which defeated the former attempt still exist, and if anything they are now stronger than ever."

THE JAP SITUATION

Japanese Claim Washington Dispatches Wrong.

REFUTES CONSPIRACY IDEA

Charles T. Takahashi, Vice-President of Oriental Trading Company of Seattle, Goes To Washington To Confer With Ambassador Aoki.

SEATTLE, Wa., June 10.—Charles T. Takahashi, Vice President of the Oriental trading company of this city, who went to Washington as the representative of the Japanese in the Pacific now to confer with Ambassador Aoki on the proposed mutual exclusion treaty, said, regarding the despatch from Washington to overthrow the present administration of Japan.

"The writer of the Washington despatch begins with an amusing political blunder and ends with falsehood. He seems to have interpreted a suggestion as a complaint. The progressives in Japan and the Japanese of the Pacific northwest now have nothing in common. The progressive party is sadly demoralized. Its leader, Count Okuma, reparty is without a leader.

"It is untrue that Yamasoda went to Japan to confer with the administration leaders nor is he the personal representative of Okuma on this coast. He has always fought Okuma's party and supported Premier Saionji. He was the editor of Saionji's personal organ. An alliance between the progressives and the Japanese of the Pacific northwest is impossible. The latter are in favor of the present administration in Japan and wish Viscount Aoki returned as Ambassador to the United States. We feel that he is the best informed man on the Japan question in the United States who is now in the service of our government. I personally feel that it would be a severe blow to our interests to have Viscount Aoki recalled.

In conclusion, I want to make clear the following facts, in refutation of conspiracy contained in the Washington despatch:

"First, there is no conspiracy; second,

HENEY LOSES A POINT

Judge Dunne Rules in Favor of Defense.

HENEY RESTED AT ONCE

Defense Taken By Surprise Were Not Ready to Introduce Testimony.

HENEN WILL NOT CALL RUEF

Dunne Sustained Objection of Defense to Mass of Testimony Tending to Show That Schmitz Had Played Fast and Loose With Liquor Licenses.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 10.—An important ruling by Judge Dunne in favor of the defense this afternoon brought to a sudden and premature close the case of the prosecution against Mayor Eugene E. Schmitz for extortion.

The defense was taken by surprise and was not ready to begin their introduction of evidence, so Mr. Campbell after 15 minutes' conference with his associates and client, made the opening address to the jury in behalf of the Mayor and an adjournment was ordered until tomorrow at 10 o'clock. The prosecution has decided not to call Abe Ruef to testify, against his former political partner. The opportunity will pass to the defense.

The ruling by Judge Junne which resulted in the cutting short of the state's case was the sustaining of an objection to the introduction of a mass of testimony tending to show that the Mayor had made a common practice of playing fast and loose with the restaurant and saloon licenses and had ordered a number of them held up for ulterior motives.

This testimony the state proposed to offer under the provision of the law permitting the people to prove the commission by the defendant of any offenses similar to the one charged in order to show criminal intent in perpetrating the latter. This would have been allowed by Judge Dunne had the state been able to answer affirmatively the question from the bench:

"But do you intend to show that money was passed in these other alleged holdups of licenses?"

Henevay was compelled to reply:

"No, but we can show that the motives actuating the Mayor's ulterior motive, were not the motives of duty or in its interest."

Henevay made no effort to hide his disappointment. After hinting that in rebuttal he would put on the witness stand witnesses to show that Schmitz and Abraham Ruef gave protection to

there could not possibly be an alliance between the Japanese of the Pacific Northwest and the Progressive party in Japan, for the reason that our sympathies and support in the west have always been with the present liberal party, which is composed of the old constitutional and government parties, and which has the following of Saionji, Koura, former premier, the man who carried the country safely through the war with Russia, and the Marquis Ito, third, Mr. Wamaoka does not represent the count, Okuma, and never had any affiliation with his party; fourth, the Japanese of the Pacific Northwest are not opposed to Ambassador Aoki, nor have they accused him of treachery to Japanese interests.

They believe him to be the man best equipped to handle the situation; fifth, there is disposition on our part to demand either apology or indemnity for whatever happened to our people in San Francisco; sixth, we will continue the two countries, believing that the best interests of both demand a continuance of such relations; seventh, we are not and at no time have so expressed ourselves dissatisfied with the attitude of the State Department in this matter."

low dives in exchange for a share of the profits, Henevay called his last witness and rested the case of the prosecution. The defense will begin the presentation of its evidence tomorrow.

IDENTITY ESTABLISHED.

Body of Olga Miller Identified as Bertha Beilstein.

LOS ANGELES, June 10.—The last doubt as to the identity of the body lying in a vault in Evergreen Cemetery which was buried under the name of Olga Miller, but which is believed to be Bertha Beilstein, was removed last night when a photograph was received from Fred Beilstein, Jr., brother of the girl. The photo was shown to the landlady of the hotel where Olga Miller had boarded and she was positive of the identity of the girl.

WINE GROWERS QUIET.

PARIS, June 10.—Up to a late hour tonight there was no change recorded in the situation growing out of the movement on the part of the wine growers to force a discontinuance of the sale of adulterated wines. News received from the south shows a number of Mayors carrying out the resolution to resign. No serious disorders have been reported.

MEXICAN KILLED.

Two Employees of Steamer Sierra Beaten by Thugs.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 10.—A Mexican named Enrique, mess boy of the steamer Sierra, was killed last night by thugs who struck him on the head with some blunt instrument. Enrique and Antonio Torrelli, a fireman, were attacked by two men who felled them to the ground. Torrelli was cut on the head and face and when he recovered consciousness found his companion stretched on the sidewalk motionless.

They were removed to the hospital by the police where it was found that Enrique was dead. A search is being made for their assailants.

BUY COAL EARLY

President of N. P. Sends Warning to People.

RAILROADS RUNNING SHORT

President Elliott Sends Warning to Governor of Washington and Says Railroads Intend To Do Away With Their Commercial Fuel Business.

PORTLAND, June 10.—A special dispatch from Olympia to the Oregonian says: Governor Mead is in receipt of a letter from Howard Elliott, president of the Northern Pacific Railroad, dated St. Paul, June 4: "You will remember last winter there was considerable agitation throughout the State of Washington because there did not seem to be fuel enough to go around.

"The railroad business is growing so that the amount of fuel required by the railroads is increasing all the time. The mines in which this company is interested are pretty well taxed to produce coal enough to run their trains needed in the State of Washington. Such being the case we are going to cut out the commercial business as rapidly as we can and are asking the people to buy their fuel elsewhere. It occurs to me that you and the other state officers could do some good by calling the attention of the people generally to the importance of making arrangements for next winter's fuel early and that all state institutions needing fuel ought to begin now to look ahead and make arrangements for their winter's supply."

FRISCO UNIONS ASSESSED.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 10.—A plan to aid the striking unions of the city was launched at the labor temple last night when a committee representing every labor union in the city decided to assess every union working man and working woman employed in San Francisco the sum of from 25 to 50 cents a week the money to be used to pay their strikers their full wages. The leaders in this latest co-operative labor movement say that \$32,000 a week will be realized in this way and that the funds will be forthcoming till the strikes are won.