

The Alert

DAILY AND WEEKLY

MARSHALL McCLEURE.

From Milbank to Grand Forks the storm extended last night, and was almost a blizzard.

The Bismarck Tribune now publishes a Sunday edition. It is a boomer and will do Bismarck a great deal of good.

The water from the Tower City Artesian well has been analyzed, and found to contain valuable medicinal properties.

The libel suit of J. P. Casselman against the Grand Forks Herald was appealed last week, and will go to the supreme court.

The Peninah case was thrown out of court at Fargo. No indictments were found against the crew who took her down the river to a wood yard.

The Duluth Daily Bee has busted, and goes to keep company with the thousands of newspapers that have been established to please some one, and not because they were needed.

A man has been arrested at Fargo on suspicion of being the murderer of Chas. R. Sedwick at Cedar Rapids, Iowa, on Oct. 18th. The accused is a young man and refuses to talk.

A man at Casselton has been arrested and bound over to await the action of the grand jury for taking a part in a dog fight, brutally whipping one dog because it was not more of a puglist.

The county seat war is ended in Minor county and the records all moved to Howard from Forresterberg. In Griggs county both factions are making a lively fight, having engaged eminent counsel to make the fight interesting.

The forger of the \$1,800 county warrant on Grant county is undergoing a preliminary examination at Milbank. It is thought this is an outgrowth of the old county seat fight, and that interesting developments will yet be made.

Cramer of the Milwaukee Evening Wisconsin is again the victim of libel suits. Two were instituted against him Saturday by Attorneys Ludwig and Jones, who maintain that their sacred honah has been fractured to the extent of \$20,000. In a former suit against Cramer these lawyers were awarded \$1,200.

No one but a confirmed sucker will entertain for a moment that south Dakota will be admitted as a state during the present or next session of congress, and the only hope of division brings on the belief that both south and north Dakota will exercise sense enough during the next three months to let the question of admission alone.

The Griggs county county seat fight does not seem to be at an end, notwithstanding the fact that it was voted by two hundred and fifty majority that Cooperstown should be the future seat of government. The last issue of the Valley City Record remarks that last Monday night a party of masked men hailing from Hope, went over to Cooperstown, and at the dead hours of night did wilfully and maliciously commit larceny. It seems that the county records, which the Cooperstown people had succeeded in securing from Hope, the former county seat, had not as usual been put in the safe over night. About midnight masked men, some fifteen or twenty in number, entered the building, and taking the records and other papers, made off with them to Hope. There were two men sleeping in the building at the time, who would have given the alarm and had the robbers put to flight, but they were bound and gagged which position they remained until relieved in the morning. The Cooperstown people feel badly cut up by the loss, and are now, no doubt, busy trying their brain trying to concoct some scheme to recover the records. This now promises to be a second Milbank and Big Stone City fight. If we are not very much mistaken Cooper will again have possession of those books in short order.

For colossal lying and monumental ignorance, or sublime gall in presuming upon the ignorance of their readers, pass the jack knife over to the "down east" papers. A paper at Springfield, Mass., published with as much coolness as if it had been giving the news of the discovery of an oyster roost on the Atlantic coast the other day that there had been a fall of twelve feet of snow at Fargo. The truth is there has not been over three inches of snow fall anywhere in Dakota territory this winter. It is also true that Dakota has less snow fall than any of the northern states except California and Oregon. The New England states can discount us on snow three to one, and Maine, Vermont and New Hampshire would freeze a Dakota Indian to death before Christmas. If lying about Dakota snow and cold weather should ever be visited with the punishment that befell Annanias and Sapphira every paper east of the Mississippi river would simultaneously come out with turned column rules as a mark of mourning for the editor who had been stricken in the midst of a career of usefulness, the proper epitaph upon whose monuments might appropriately be: "The Lord gave for some inscrutable purpose and the Lord took away for persistent and unscrupulous lying about Dakota Territory."

Gov. Ordway and Admission.

There is a great deal of newspaper palaver about Gov. Ordway going to Washington to use his influence for division and admission. If he has gone down there for that purpose honestly, well and good, but if to fight Pettigrew as heretofore he would be better he had remained at home. The trouble is that he knows if Pettigrew succeeds in pushing the bill through he will be a boom for him for United States senator from the new state, and if he fails that it will consign him to the shades of political oblivion. Gov. Ordway is suspected of being more selfish than patriotic in his zeal; of being more desirous of unmaking Pettigrew than of making a state of southern Dako-

LOCAL AFFAIRS

A Just Cause of Complaint.

A complaint is made to the Alert that the second or third time within a recent period business has been suspended at the court house owing to the condition of the officer carrying the combination of the county safe, and it becomes our duty, unpleasant as it may be, to protest on behalf of the public against such a manner of conducting a public office. When a man takes upon himself the duties of a public office he is responsible to the public, and every individual of the public, for the manner in which he conducts the business of that office. The business of the office of register of deeds is one which of all others is most important now, and there is no telling what amount of pecuniary loss may be sustained by having business delayed even for one day. A business appointment may be delayed, a trade involving thousands of dollars may fail, all on account of the records being locked up and beyond the reach of the parties to the transaction. Because the office of register of deeds is to change hands soon is no excuse for the neglect of its business, nor is it any defense for ignoring the rights of the public and demands of business. We have no disposition to deal harshly with any official, but any one can readily see that this criticism is just and required at our hands in the behalf of the public.

It Must Be Done.

Again the Alert would urge the necessity of providing accommodations for the myriads of immigrants who will arrive here in the spring. They will commence coming in early, while the weather will yet be cold, and they must be taken care of in some way. The tide of emigration is turned this way and we must prepare to meet the emergency of receiving it. An immense structure to meet this temporary want should be erected during the winter. Women and children by the hundreds and thousands, many families poor and almost destitute, will be upon us without home, shelter or where to lay their heads. We have invited them to come, and every consideration of humanity demands that we now provide a shelter for their wives and children when they do come, until they can build their shacks and take care of themselves. Shelter for at least a thousand ought to be provided and must be. Our people have the soul, the enterprise and the power to take care of the immigrants who will come here in the spring in response to their invitation, if they can only be brought to contemplate the emergency before it is upon them, and that is what the Alert has been endeavoring to do. Our hotel accommodations, large as they are, will be but as a grain of sand on the seashore. Every hotel and every house now filled for the winter. If Jamestown provides for the immigrants as she can, and we believe will, do, it will be the brightest star that will ever in after years shine in her crown of glory; if she fails to do this she will stand deservedly condemned before the civilized world.

Klaus' New Brick Block.

Ground was broken yesterday for the basement of Mr. Klaus' new brick block on the corner of Fifth avenue and Front streets. Mr. Klaus has offered and still offers to put in \$50,000 towards a \$100,000 hotel on that corner, but the proposition has not met with the requisite enterprise on the part of others in town he is not going to stand idle nor wait for season nor anything else, but has commenced the basement, as we have said, with a view to building a block of two-story brick business houses on that corner, of five store rooms below, three fronting south on Front street and two fronting west on Fifth avenue, which will make the finest business block in town. The contract for the excavation—1,600 yards—has been let to Geo. Knapp and James Wilson; to Challen for the stone; to Nelson Dade and Robt. Kennedy for hauling 400,000 brick from the brickyard, and to Matthias Haas for laying the stone walls of the basement. The work will be pushed right along through the winter as fast as possible. The vim and enterprise of such a man as Anton Klaus knows no seasons of idleness nor waiting on account of weather. He believes in Jamestown and is investing his money munificently upon that faith.

A New Hotel.

It is a recognized fact that Jamestown has out-grown her present hotels. They are all good houses but they are not sufficient for the demands of this, the rising city of the northwest. Mr. Klaus has made a liberal and generous offer towards supplying this demand, have not the balance of our enterprising citizens the "sand" and enterprise to do as much as Mr. Klaus offers to do alone? The corner across from the Grand Central is the most favorably situated place in town to build such a hotel, and the opportunity should not be allowed to pass. Mr. Klaus has received very liberal propositions from the railroad company in the way of freights for that purpose; the smaller towns on either side of us are surpassing us in the matter of the quality and extent of hotel accommodations, and yet the people of Jamestown are delaying in the matter, which is becoming a reproach upon our name and fame abroad. Dawson, which we look upon as a small railroad station, and is as yet, is now completing a better hotel by far than any in Jamestown, and the town is booming correspondingly. Valley City surpasses us in the way of a fine hotel, and many other towns we might name. The territory will no doubt soon be divided and the question of locating a capital for northern Dakota will be upon us. The \$100,000 hotel which has been proposed would have its influence upon that question as well as upon a great many others of incalculable advantage to our town. We must build for the capital and not wait for it to build us up. We refer to this particular proposition because of Mr. Klaus' liberal offer of half the amount, but if such a hotel can be more readily built anywhere else let it be done. The

Alert is not a stickler for any particular locality, but any place and any where to get a hotel that will meet the demands of our town. We need such a hotel, and must have it, or our interests will be seriously damaged and our city's advancement retarded for the want of it. Unless this demand is supplied we will soon find the trains stopping on either side of us for meals and accommodations which they require and which we fail to supply. The division headquarters would be here now but for the want of the required hotel accommodations. It is unnecessary to enumerate further. The demand and the want is imperative and must be supplied or we will have to surrender our place at the head of the list of booming and enterprising towns on the line of the Northern Pacific railroad.

The City Council Meeting.

The city council held a regular meeting last night, at which there were present Messrs. Bush, Lyon, Roper, Flint and Curtin. The action of the members of the board at the informal meeting last Friday night in the purchase of a fire engine was ratified by resolution and placed upon record.

Mr. Klaus submitted a proposition to deliver anywhere within three blocks in any direction from the corner of Fifth avenue and Front street, 1,600 yards of dirt, and level the same, at ten cents per yard, or deliver the same free if the city would furnish a man to help load and level. After considering and discussing the subject the first proposition was accepted.

The matter of abating the special sidewalk tax on church property was discussed and it was finally agreed that the board, though personally and unanimously favorable to it, had not the legal power to do it, and the subject was dropped out of further consideration.

The subject of filling or draining a slough across the head in the James River northwest of town was suggested by Maj. Lyon and will be considered for definite action at a future meeting.

The city attorney was requested to correspond with the clerks of various cities and obtain copies of their city charters with a view to formulating a charter for Jamestown to be submitted to the territorial legislature this winter through our member of the territorial council, Hon. Johnson Nickens, who is requested to be present at the next meeting of the city council.

An ordinance requiring the vaults of all privies hereafter dug to be brick and cemented or otherwise rendered water tight, was presented, read and passed to the second reading.

Mr. Mann, who dug the city wells, presented claim for ten per cent. discount on his order for \$231, which it was agreed at the time of the contract was to be made equal to cash. After an animated discussion of the subject the council agreed to pay five per cent. the 15th of January, and then adjourned.

The Fire Company.

There should and probably will be a reorganization of our fire company, now since the city council has made provision for supplying the company immediately with an engine. The company should be reorganized at once and be in working order as soon as the engine comes for there is no telling how soon it may be needed and it would be of little value without an organized company to work it. A thoroughly organized and drilled fire company will not only be a great safeguard to the property of the town, but an ornament as well, and will give the town an advantage in the way of note abroad as well as protection at home. As soon as practicable a fire bell or some other means of giving the alarm of fire, so that the company may be called together as quickly as possible, for what is done by a fire company in cases of fire must be done quickly, and the sooner they can be on the scene the better. If not already provided, an ordinance should be passed for the organization of a company and defining the powers and duties of its officers, giving them authority to control the work of fighting the flames and to keep the crowd of spectators who usually gather on such occasions, back and out of the way. Sometimes as much property is destroyed by ridiculous acts under the excitement of the occasion as by the fire itself. The captain or commander on such occasions should be a man of cool head and of resolute executive ability, and his authority should be as absolute as that of the commanding officer in military affairs. At such times the people are usually wild with excitement, and a cool and level head should be in command. We have the material in Jamestown for composing an excellent and efficient fire company and before many days we hope to be able to chronicle an organization.

Our Legal Bar.

The legal bar of Jamestown will compare favorably with that of any county seat town in the northwest and superior to that of a great many. A. A. Allen, W. E. Dodge, Johnson Nickens and R. A. Bill, are the old timers in the profession in this place, John S. Watson of later date, and their business and reputation as attorneys have expanded with the development of the town and country. Roderick Rose, a lawyer of large experience and eminent ability, from Davenport, Iowa, who located here the past year, as also D. L. Wilbur, J. E. Marsh and A. M. Tredwell, who are lawyers of good ability. Hunt & Harris, two energetic and rising young lawyers from Des Moines, Iowa, John E. McGill, of Michigan, and Heber McHugh and L. T. Hamilton, recently admitted to practice, compose an array of legal talent that would be creditable to any seat of justice in any place or state. No country offers a better opening for the young lawyer, and for the old for that matter, than the New Northwest, and what is true of the legal profession is true of all others, except, perhaps that of the physician. Routine legal business will be good, and will increase for years to come, when, as in the older countries, specialties will be adopted. Our lawyers have both fame and fortune before them,

which is attainable by legitimate practice and strict attention to business.

Questions Answered.

Several different persons in eastern states make the following inquiries which we will proceed to answer:

Question. What is the price of lumber and building material generally?

Answer. Common lumber \$24 to \$26 per M. Flooring \$30 to \$45 per M. Shingles \$3 to \$5.50 per M. Lath \$4.50 per M. Finishing lumber \$35 to \$60 per M. Fencing \$26 to \$28 per M.

Q. What the price of labor, 1st, 2nd and 3rd class?

A. Masons and plasterers \$5 per day. Carpenters \$2.75 to \$3.50 per day. Common laborers \$2 to \$2.50 per day.

Q. What is the best locality to settle in, and what the best time to come to your country?

A. For a town we thing Jamestown, and for farming, the James River Valley. But the Red River, Shyenne and Missouri river valleys all have good agricultural lands and contain good and thriving towns. The best time to come is the last of March or first of April.

Q. What is the price of land?

A. It depends on the location. Land out from five to eight miles from a good town is worth from \$6 to \$10 per acre. Out fifteen to twenty miles from \$4 to \$8 per acre. Railroad lands \$4.50 per acre. These prices are general of course. Special prices and bargains may be had here as well as anywhere else.

Q. What kind of buildings do the people put up?

A. All kinds, except log huts, from a six shack to a palatial stone front, costing from \$20 to \$30,000. Pine lumber, stone and brick are the principal materials used in building. Brick are worth \$12.50 per M.

Q. Would it be best to move my family, wife and children, when I first come?

A. No. Come yourself first and prepare a place for them, that where you are they may be also. It is too expensive to board at a hotel, if it were possible to obtain such accommodations, until you could provide a place for them.

Q. What is the best investment and how is the best way to do it?

A. That depends altogether on circumstances. What would be a "good scheme" for one might be a "bad break" for another. You would have to present yourself before us so we could take your measure to answer that question intelligently. The fact of your asking such a question does not favorably impress us. No man can make a success of everything. There is work for the banker, merchant, lawyer, doctor, farmer, mechanic, hod-carrier, railroad dirt shoveler, in fact every thing almost to the line of industry. If you know what you are good for that is what we would advise you to engage in. If you have money to invest in speculation farm lands is perhaps the safest, though with a shrewd buyer and seller town lots is a lively and profitable investment.

An Inquiry.

EDITOR ALERT—As a citizen of Jamestown I should like to know if it is the purpose of our present board of village trustees to have the present acting village attorney under a new and difficult task of drafting the proposed city charter?

CITIZEN.

The Alert cannot say upon authority of the board, but it understands from the manner in which the matter came up at the meeting of the board that the steps, so far as they were taken, were to make the preparation necessary to securing a charter, which the citizens were making no movement to do. So far as authority in the matter goes the village board have no more than other citizens of the town, but as the people seemed to be letting the matter go by default they probably took this action to stir them up on the subject, which was a good scheme. It is the charter which shall be adopted by the territorial legislature that will be authoritative, and not one that may be formulated by the village council or by any party of citizens. The most satisfactory plan would be to have a convention of representative men called together for that purpose, but the time is short and it will require prompt and energetic action on the part of the people to get the matter before the legislature convenes, and it should be ready for introduction at the beginning of the session. The Alert has been urging this matter for some time, and we are glad to see it started in any way. The village council have not assumed nor presumed anything more than a privilege as citizens in the matter. The people would be under no more obligation to accept a charter of their making than if they had made the move they did as private citizens. The Alert hopes the people will now join with the village board and all work together in forming a city charter that will be satisfactory to all parties. There is probably a misunderstanding of the matter and we hope this explanation will set all parties right and prevent any inharmonious feeling among our citizens.

Got it Ba!

Deibold Furrer, of Easton, having been up to Dakota this fall, and having fallen under the influence of Jo. Warnock's persuasive tongue, came home with the Dakota fever raging at a fearful rate in his whole system. The soothing influence of Illinois climate has had no effect towards availing the disaster, and "De" has got it awful bad. As a consequence Mr. Furrer has fully decided to pull up stakes in Mason county, and to go to Dakota in the spring to seek himself a permanent home. He advertises the closing out at cost of his entire stock of goods at Easton, and will between now and April next endeavor to dispose of his property in Mason county. We are sorry to lose so enterprising and so good a man as Mr. Furrer, but it is with just such men that the prosperity and thrift of Dakota and our other border states are secured. Mr. Furrer intends to buy land and help towards swelling the immense crops of grain that are the glory of our newly born territory and which will soon bring her into the Union as the youngest, but one of the most honored of our galaxy of stars.—Mason City, Ill., Journal.

It is just such enterprising men as Mr. Furrer that has made Dakota what she is to-day in the way of development, and the Alert extends an invitation and welcome to all such men. Mr. Furrer is a

natural born boomer and his enterprise has done a great deal for the county in which he lives. He makes a success of everything he has ever engaged in from a soldier in Gen. Sherman's march to the sea to a farmer and a merchant, and when he comes here in the spring where he can have elbow room Dakota will have added another boomer that will draw many others from his county and state. There is room for millions of enterprising men in Dakota.

Dramatic Club.

A meeting of the Jamestown dramatic club was held last evening at the residence of W. E. Dodge and the following officers, re-elected: Judge Ott, stage manager; W. E. Dodge, general manager; Tony Klaus, secretary; W. E. Mansfield, property man. R. E. Wallace was elected treasurer. To the membership list, which now consist of the above, with Mrs. A. Irvin, Miss Belle Schwellenbach, Mrs. J. D. Mills and T. H. Howditch, the following ladies were elected: Mrs. W. E. Dodge, Miss Williams, Miss Latta and Miss Crist.

An orchestra will be organized at once, consisting of the best musical talent of Jamestown, and the "tone organ" of the past will be discarded for ever.

A business meeting is called for next Monday evening, at 8 o'clock sharp, at the residence of W. E. Dodge, when all members are requested to be present.

The club intend to place a first-class play in rehearsal immediately and make their first appearance before the public by Christmas.

U. S. Land Office.

The following is a statement of the filings and cash receipts at the United States land office in Fargo for the week ending Friday, Dec. 1:

	Fillings.	Acres.
Homestead entries	55	8,800
T. C.	147	23,520
D. S.	79	12,640
S. D. S.	1	160
Final proofs	77	12,320
Total acres	369	57,440
Total cash receipts		\$23,716.74

Meeting of Dairymen.

MILWAUKEE, Dec. 5.—The national dairy fair opened formally to-day with the largest display of exhibits ever seen. Ex-Gov. Wm. Smith of Wisconsin, Mayor Stowell, of Milwaukee, and John R. Goodrich, on account of merchants association, delivered addresses of welcome which were responded to by Austin Belknap of Boston, president of the butter and eggs association. W. D. Hoard of Fort Atkinson, of the northwestern dairymen's association, Hiram Smith of the state dairymen's association, C. Y. Deater of the Chicago produce exchange, and T. D. Curtis of Syracuse, N. Y., of the American dairymen's association. To-night delegations from each state to the tenth annual convention of the national butter egg and cheese association handed in a list of names to the committee on organization for additions of judges of exhibits. The convention will convene to-morrow forenoon. Nearly 500 delegates are in the city; also delegations from England and Scotland.

Resurrectionists Arrested.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 5.—Frank McNamee, Dutch Pettit and Levy Chew, the latter colored, were arrested last night while driving a wagon containing five dead bodies to the medical college. The bodies had been stolen from the Lebanon cemetery in the lower part of the city. Two more arrests were made this morning. When the detective visited the cemetery and arrested Robert Chew and the superintendent, Andrew Muller. Four of the bodies have been identified.

At the examination it was brought out that body snatching had been going on at this cemetery for nine years, and that the records showed that 51 bodies had been buried in one grave in two months. At the conclusion of the examination the prisoners were committed in default of \$5000 bail. Great excitement among the colored people and as the prisoners were being conducted to the jail men and women struck at them. Threats of lynching were freely indulged in, and officers had to club their way through the crowd to get the prisoners to the jail.

Our Law Makers Get In to Work.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—Senator Mr. Saunders presented a memorial in favor of the admission of Dakota, and said that on Wednesday of next week he would call up the bill for that purpose. He said there could be no further doubt as to the territory having the requisite population.

Mr. Beck offered a resolution instructing the judiciary committee to investigate the question of political assessments, particularly as to the operations since last May.

The bill permitting retired army officers to hold civil positions in the territories was passed.

House—The ways and means committee reported a bill abolishing the internal revenue on tobacco, snuff and cigars, to take effect next July. Referred to the committee of the whole.

A Desperate Leap.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 5.—Annie Lyden, employed as a domestic by Mrs. O'Reilly, milliner, jumped out of a fourth story window to-night and was so badly injured that she will die. For sometime past O'Reilly has been missing goods from the store and suspecting Annie charged her with the theft but promised to allow her to go free if she would confess and give up the stolen goods. This was refused and while a detective and Mrs. O'Reilly were holding a consultation in another room the unfortunate girl took her bundle and jumped from the window to avoid arrest.

Burned to Death.

TOWANDA, Pa., Dec. 5.—An accident on the Lehigh Valley railroad occurred at Rummelfeld, caused by a misplaced switch. A freight train on the siding was run into by the express and engineer Fouke and fireman Kingsland of the freight train were burned to death, and Rummelfeld, brakeman, badly hurt. Both

engines were totally wrecked. The baggage, express and sleeping coach were burned, also the mails. No passenger were injured.

Railroad Muddle.

CHICAGO, Dec. 5.—The following statements containing the clearest expression of Mr. Porter's views and intentions respecting the railroad war which has yet been printed, comes from a gentleman closely associated with him and is authentic. If the St. Paul road and construction companies build new lines to points in the territory of the St. Paul & Omaha road, thus making such points competitive its business at the best obtainable rates and will decline to pool any business from any points with the St. Paul road. Mr. Porter has no objections whatever to the building of legitimate and necessary lines, but does object to a railway being built by the construction companies in the interests of the Milwaukee & St. Paul officials and directors into their territory where no second line is needed and where there is not business enough to support even one line, and afterwards selling such new lines to the C. M. & St. Paul at an immense profit over their cost and then demanding that such competitive business be pooled. Such indiscriminate building of railways of no benefit to the country, but on the other hand is a positive injury to it and destroys the confidence of the people in railroad securities and ultimately brings with it financial disaster and panics, and at the same time necessarily increases the cost of transportation.

The Polygamists.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—The Utah commission in their report to the secretary of the interior recommends that a marriage law be enacted by congress which would form an auxiliary in the suppression of polygamy. The commission say the law so far has been a decided success in excluding polygamists from the exercise of suffrage, and they are of the opinion that a steady and continued enforcement of the law will place polygamy in a coalition for gradual extinction. The commission notices as an encouraging sign that many of the liberal members have been largely attended by Mormons and that these meetings have been characterized by exceptional good order and humor. In connection with the report they say that if the next session of the legislative assembly elected under the act of congress shall fail to respond to the will of the nation congress should have no hesitation in using extraordinary measures to compel the people of this territory to obey the laws of the land.

Trouble Among the Indians.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—A report has been received at the Indian office from Fort Custer to the effect that a party of twenty Indians, supposed to be Pie-gans, made a raid upon some Crow scouts near the Little Big Horn and ran off 400 head of ponies. The Crows pursued the marauders and recovered the stolen stock and killed two of the robbers. The Pie-gans threaten to steal the Crows poorthis winter.

Another Lake Disaster.

CHICAGO, Dec. 5.—The propeller Michigan, of the Goodrich line, which left Grand Haven for Milwaukee Sunday night, a trip of only a few hours, has not been seen since and it is feared she was wrecked in the storm that night.

MINOR TELEGRAMS.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Dec. 5.—E. H. Isael clothing, this city, closed to-day. Liabilities reported forty thousand dollars and assets are unknown.

DULUTH, Dec. 5.—A young man named E. Riley, aged about 19, brakeman while coupling cars at Knife Falls this morning slipped and was run over by the cars. Both legs were cut off. He lived but a short time. Home at Northern Pacific Junction.

At the government land sale to-day 307,170 acres were sold and brought \$1,418,871. Average \$2.80 per acre. Highest price \$8.20. Bidding very sharp.

LOSOSX, Dec. 6.—Arabi Pasha writes that he would prefer to live in Damascus, or if that is impossible in London. He expresses contentment with his lot, because he knows his misfortunes have been the means of securing for the country he loves the liberty and prosperity it deserved. He feels confident when England carries out her good work she will permit him to return. She will soon learn he was no Rebel when he set himself at the head of the people who wanted nothing but justice.

CHICAGO, Dec. 5.—Railway managers interested in the war on rates in the north west, left to-day for New York to attend the coming conference with a view to peace.

Board of Trade telegraph company today obtained a temporary injunction against the Western Union telegraph company restraining it from interfering with poles or wires of complainant. Suppressed particulars not obtainable, but supposed to grow out of difficulty between two companies at East St. Louis.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 5.—One of Wm. Arrot's twine mills, at Canal and Taylor streets, burned. It broke out in an apartment occupied by Thomas Jager & Co., manufacturers of woolen yarn, who occupied the 4th and 5th floors. The other occupants were Robert Beatty, cotton spinner, Grant Bros., woolen yarn, Stead & Miller, woolen yarn, and Joseph Green & Co., same business; total loss. Loss estimated \$130,000, of which \$45,000 is on the building, balance on stock. There were 300 hands employed at the time and all escaped.

For Sale.

Three good yoke of work oxen for sale. Inquire of Lee Verdigan, at Pipestone bridge, one mile west of town. 3-tf

Taken Up.

Two horses and 1 colt on Nov. 4 by Anton Fried on ice. See, pp. 1427-82. The owner please call and get property and pay costs.

Delays are dangerous. Take West's Pulmonary Balsam, the reliable remedy, and cure that cough. 14-tf

\$5 to \$20 per day at home. Samples worth calling for. Address: SIMMONS & CO. Lowell, Mass. 6-tf