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**UNCLE SAM'S MONOGRAM WHISKEY**



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WILL MAKE YOU RICH!  
This is a daring statement, but Salzer's seeds bear it out every time.

Combination Corn—Greatest corn on earth. Will positively revolutionize your growing.

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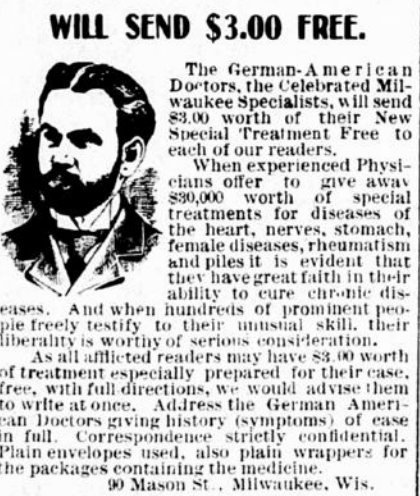
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**MACILL & CO.,**  
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**WILL SEND \$3.00 FREE.**



The German-American Doctors, the celebrated Milwaukee Specialists, will send \$3.00 worth of their New Special Treatment Free to each of our readers.

When experienced Physicians offer to give away \$300.00 worth of special treatments for diseases of the heart, nerves, stomach, female diseases, rheumatism and piles it is evident that they have great faith in their ability to cure chronic diseases. And when hundreds of prominent people freely testify to their unusual skill, their liberality is worthy of serious consideration.

As all afflicted readers may have \$3.00 worth of treatment especially prepared for their case, free, with full directions, we would advise them to write at once. Address: The German-American Doctors giving history (symptoms) of case in full. Correspondence strictly confidential. Plain envelopes used, also plain wrappers for the packages containing the medicine.

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MINNEAPOLIS.

## STIRRED THINGS UP

### The Senate Committee's Report Has Jarred Not Alone the ex-State Officials.

### Loose Way in Which State Affairs Have Been Conducted in the Past.

### Hack Hire and Other Expenses Charged to State by Greedy Officials.

Bismarck, Feb. 9.—The investigating committee's report stirred things up considerably and showed a very loose way of transacting public business, to say the least. If the report should be adopted the state would be saved many thousands of dollars.

It is recommended that the board of railroad commissioners should elect a secretary from their number who would reside at the capital; his office expenses should be paid from the maintenance fund. The expense account of the guard should be paid from the militia fund, the committee thinks, and the militia appropriation should be retained to keep up interest in the guard. A law is recommended that accounts for transportation of convicts and insane persons should be audited by county commissioners and published in their proceedings before being paid by the state. Committee rooms for the legislature should be obtained at the capitol to save expense. The giving away of chairs and other state property by the legislative assembly should be prohibited as an expensive and questionable practice. The expense of the state board of equalization, \$617.50 for the past three years, is without warrant of law. The attention of the governor and attorney general is called to the vouchers on file aggregating \$1,200, for salaries and expenses of adjustment commission for settlement of delinquent taxes. The expense of returning fugitives from justice should be paid by the counties where the offense is below the grade of felony. The appropriation for the educational library should be repealed, as the appropriation for the maintenance of the capitol should not exceed \$16,000 per annum. The payment for electric light should cease as soon as possible, as the amount of light does not justify the expense. A lighting system should be installed from the penitentiary, or if that cannot be done, a plant should be installed in the capitol building. Inventory of the property of the state in the capitol building is recommended to be made and an account of all purchases kept.

It was found that state property has in the past disappeared from the building without consent of the proper authorities. The cost of postage and telegrams can be materially reduced, the committee thinks, if care is taken to restrict their use to state business only. Hack hire by state officers is not a proper charge against the state in the opinion of the committee, although such charges have been made. Suit against the bondsmen of defunct banks for the amount of money still due the state is recommended, to prevent bondsmen taking advantage of the statute of limitations.

The retired secretary of state has failed to keep a book of supplies, as required by law, or to keep the records as provided by section 91 of the code. There is found to be no record of the emergency commission, which has had state funds at its disposal, except upon sheets of letter paper. State officers should be required, in the opinion of the committee, to make their reports in duplicate. The salaries of the resident officers of the insane asylum should be paid from the appropriation fund of that institution instead of from the general fund. The state auditor's report as printed is found to be unreliable and in bad form. The items of expense should be grouped so as to show the expense of every office and department. Claims against the state should be verified by oath, which is found not to be done in the majority of cases.

The cost of the state examiner's office for the last biennial period is found to have been \$13,390, with an income of fees of \$1,649. It is found from the records and reports that for the two years ending Dec. 21 last there have been 215 examinations, for which fees amounting to \$2,900 should have been collected, of which the treasurer's account shows \$1,485. The examiner claims that fees for examining building and loan associations belong to the examiner, on which the opinion of the attorney general has been asked. It has been suggested that all state officers should keep a fee book and make a verified report each month to the governor and state auditor. The department is recommended for reorganization so as to make it less expensive to the state. The governor, the committee thinks, should be given power to examine state institutions and state officers' accounts by a special examiner appointed by himself, at such times as he may deem to be the best interest of the state. The fees of bank examinations should be increased until the banks pay the cost of examination. The appropriation for this department for the ensuing biennial period is recommended as follows: Salary of examiner for two years, \$3,600; clerk hire \$2,400.

A reduction of the public printing expense is recommended, by reducing the size of reports and printing only such reports as the governor may direct. The fiscal year for the state is recommended to be changed from July 1 to January 1, as a beginning. The fees of the state land department are recommended to be increased to cover the expense account. No warrant should be issued or paid on any appropriation when it is exhausted.

Bismarck, N. D., Feb. 8.—The senate investigating committee reports favorable to cutting out one-half of the deputy clerks, and many other expenses, roasts the ex-secretary of state for loose methods and neglect, urges the attorney general to bring suit to recover from ex-Auditor Hannum four hundred dollars of alleged illegal fees, kicks on the disappearance of furniture with the retiring officers, and gives numerous ex-state officials a jolt. Recommends engrossing bills by contract. They also recommend the abolishment of the adjutant general's salary and the state fair appropriation.

The articles of personal property which have followed the officers off range all the way from couches to cuspidors, and from typewriters to checkbooks. Not the least among the articles account books, which are necessary for a complete accounting and checking up of some of the officers. Some of the ex-officers were cited to appear before the committee to explain, while others have been notified to return certain articles, and thereby save themselves a "whole lot of bother."

In the senate yesterday the bill to have county veterinarian districts was killed. The fraternal insurance bill was referred to a special committee after a discussion in which Senator Simpson stated that he believed the bill was vicious legislation, as it attempted to place upon the statute books of the state a mortality table which had been adopted by no other state.

**PASSED.**

Senate bill 101, defining embezzlement.

Senate bill 95, fees of county auditors for certificates.

Senate bill 117, secretary of soldiers' home board.

**THE HOUSE.**

The following bills were killed in the house: Leech: Additional powers to board of health; Bennett: Anti-cigarette law; Leech: Requiring step-fathers to care for step-children. It was recommended that Keeler's bill requiring fidelity bonds for school treasurers be passed.

The following bills were passed:

House bill 137, committee, old law for assessing grain in elevators.

House bill 32, Ramssett, barbers' bill. Ayes 48, nays 10.

House bill 24, Heath, the \$750 exemption bill.

Senate bill 11, Sharpe, placing records for marks and brands in office of commissioner of agriculture and labor.

**TAX SALE BILL.**

House bill 150, Galbraith: As the law now stands there are a number of bidders for same land at tax sale, the lowest best bidder is determined by the one who will bid the amount due on the smallest amount of land—that is, the bidders bid down the amount of land which they are willing to except. Under the proposed bill the one willing to accept the lowest rate of interest on the amount of his bid is the best bidder. The result desired by this bill is that in case of competition the rate of interest will be reduced to redemption. It is the same in this respect as the South Dakota law, and it is reported that at Sioux Falls at the last sale, the average rate of interest was 7 per cent.

Bismarck, N. D., Feb. 7.—Petitions were presented in the senate yesterday against the enactment of the law repealing the woman suffrage provision of the school election laws and for the passage of the cigarette bill. The former was from residents of Northwood and vicinity to the number of 177, and was presented by Senator Lavage, who introduced the bill against which the petition is directed. He suggested that the committee on woman's suffrage to whom it was referred make an examination of the handwriting in the signatures to the petition. The cigarette petition was presented by residents of Lisbon.

The judiciary committee reported senate bill 115, terms of county commissioners, to pass with amendment excepting commissioners whose terms expire in 1902 and 1903. Senate bill 101, embezzlement, and senate bill 95, fees of county auditors, were recommended to pass by the same committee.

Senate bill 52, retired list state

guard, was reconsidered and passed with the emergency clause, which failed on the previous day because of the necessary two-thirds vote.

The governor communicated his approval of the twine plant bill, governing disposal of product.

The following bills were passed:

Senate bill 103, increased bonds of city treasurers in certain cases.

Senate bill 47, the estray law, allowing counties to vote.

Senate bill 106, seed grain liens. Substitute for 51, state military board.

Senate bill 114, Cashel's concurrent resolution for an amendment to locate the institution for feeble minded at Grafton.

Senate bill 113, Sharpe's county bond issues for seed grain.

Senate bill 108, sinking fund for county mutual insurance companies.

**IN THE HOUSE.**

The following bills were passed:

House bill 47, Galbraith, usury.

House bill 96, Bjornson, exempting pharmacists from duty. Mr. Young explained his vote in a humorous way by reading a passage from Pickwick papers.

House bill 16, Davis, changing name of deaf and dumb asylum to school.

House bill 100, Young, defaming female character.

House bill 97, Leech, costs in drainage cases.

House bill 67, Gronvold, fishing except by line.

House bill 88, farmers' institute board and \$3,000 appropriation.

House bill 12, Chaffee, recording licenses.

House bill 36, Davis, reduces wolf bounty to \$2. Vote was 37 to 21, which lost the emergency clause.

House bill 52, Winslow, annual settlements school treasurers.

Four bills were introduced in the house and six in the senate.

**AFTER OSTEOPATHS.**

Senator Simpson introduced a bill to repeal the law permitting the practice of osteopathy. Senator Taylor introduced a bill endorsed by the state medical association, defining what constitutes the practice of medicine. This definition got lost in the Code, when the osteopath bill passed. Under its provision most of the traveling eye and ear doctors will be put out. It is also thought it will knock magnetic, osteopath and other similar practitioners, unless they pass a state medical examination.

A bill to repeal the university revenue tax was introduced in the house.

**Question Answered.**

Yes, August Flower still has the largest sale of any medicine in the civilized world. Your mother's and grandmother's never thought of using anything else for indigestion or biliousness. Doctors were scarce, and they seldom heard of appendicitis, nervous prostration or heart failure, etc. They used August Flower to clean out the system and stop fermentation of undigested food, regulate the action of the liver, stimulate the nervous and organic action of the system, and that is all they took when feeling dull and bad with headaches and other aches. You only need a few doses of Green's August Flower, in liquid form, to make you satisfied there is nothing serious the matter with you. Get Green's Prize Almanac.

**Costly Errors.**

The Soo railroad alleges that in Raritan school district, Wimbledon village and Pierce township, Barnes county, errors were made in certifying taxes to the county auditor, and decline to pay \$300 of the \$1,500 taxes assessed in the county.

### House Work is Hard Work without GOLD DUST.

## We Are Now Ready for Business

In our new location in the E. S. Lawrence store room. We hope to see all of our old customers and any new ones who see fit to come. We have a full line of

### Dry Goods, Shoes, Groceries, Queensware, . . . .

Bakery Goods, etc. We have overhauled our Shoes and have marked down a lot of Ladies' and Children's Fine Shoes to 98c. These are all high priced shoes, some sold for \$4.00. Come early and get your fit.

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We want the Farmers' Butter and Eggs.

## The Lamp of Steady Habits



The lamp that doesn't flare up or smoke, or cause you to use bad language; the lamp that looks good when you get it and stays good; the lamp that you never willingly part with, once you have it; that's

## The New Rochester.

Other lamps may be offered you as "just as good"—they may be, in some respects, but for all around goodness, there's only one. To make sure the lamp offered you is genuine, look for the name on it; every New Rochester lamp has it.

We make oil stoves too, just as good as the lamps; in fact, anything in oil or gas fixtures.

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36 Park Place and 33 Barclay St., New York.

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Ye business man of old was wont  
A crude QUILT PEN to steer  
But now he gets four times the work  
From LIGHTNING SMITH PREMIER

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Lime, Brick, Cement, aPlaster and Culvert Pipe. Wood and Coal GRASS SEEDS AND GRAIN FOR SEED AND FEED.

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## Sealette 5¢ Cigar



Every woman loves to think of the time when a soft little body, all her own, will nestle in her bosom, fully satisfying the yearning which lies in the heart of every good woman. But yet there is a black cloud hovering about the pretty picture in her mind which fills her with terror. The dread of childbirth takes away much of the joy of motherhood. And yet it need not be so. For sometime there has been upon the market, well-known and recommended by physicians, a liniment called

## Mother's Friend

which makes childbirth as simple and easy as nature intended it. It is a strengthening, penetrating liniment, which the skin readily absorbs. It gives the muscles elasticity and vigor, prevents sore breasts, morning sickness and the loss of the girl's figure.

An intelligent mother in Butler, Pa., says: "I used to need Mother's Friend again, I would obtain 6 bottles if I had to pay \$2 per bottle for it."

Get Mother's Friend at the drug store. \$1 per bottle.

**THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.,**  
Atlanta, Ga.

Write for our free illustrated book, "Before Baby is Born."

### NOTICE TIMBER CULTURE.

United States Land Office,  
Fargo, N. D., January 22, 1901.

Complaint having been entered at this office by J. J. Johnson against John D. Delaire for failure to comply with law as to Timber Culture Entry No. 1348, dated April 15, 1901, upon the southeast quarter of section No. 30, in township No. 18 N., of range No. 92 W., Stutsman county, N. D., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that the said John D. Delaire broke about five acres in the year 1891 and that the same has all grown up to grass and weeds and that since said date nothing has been done thereon, no trees, seeds or cuttings have ever been sown or planted thereon, and no trees are growing thereon and that the same is wholly neglected down to this date, viz: January 16th, 1901, and that said tract is not cared for as required by the T. C. law.

The said parties are hereby summoned to appear before E. S. Lawrence, a notary public, at his office in the City of Jamestown, Stutsman county, N. D., on the 5th day of March, 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m. to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure. Hearing before this office on the 9th day of March, 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day.

Chas. N. Valentine,  
Register.

F. Baldwin,  
Attorney for Johnson.  
First pub. Jan. 24.

### NOTICE WHEN TIME FOR REDEMPTION EXPIRES.

Office of County Auditor,  
Stutsman County, North Dakota.

To Emily H. Babcock:

Take notice that the holder of the tax certificate for lot 6, block 8, Riverside addition to the City of Jamestown, situated in the above county and state, and which is assessed in your name, has presented the said certificate to the county auditor and asked for a deed. The said land was sold on October 5th, 1896 for the sum of \$1.10 for the taxes of the year 1895. The amount required to redeem said land from said sale, exclusive of the cost to accrue upon this notice, is \$3.20 and the time when the redemption period will expire is May 15, 1901.

Given under my hand and official seal this 30th day of January, 1901.

(Seal.) L. B. Niemeyer,  
Auditor of Stutsman County, North Dakota.  
First Publication Jan. 31

### A. G. TELLNER,

JEWELER and OPTICIAN...

Jamestown, - North Dakota

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Furs, Hides, Wool, Feathers, Beeswax, Ginseng, etc. Highest prices paid. Write us before selling or shipping elsewhere.

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St. Louis, Mo.

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**JAMESTOWN, - - N. D**