

Grand Forks Herald

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WEDNESDAY EVENING, OCT. 18.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

President—Charles E. Hughes. Vice President—Charles W. Fairbanks. United States Senator—P. J. McCumber.

Representative in Congress—First District, H. T. Helgeson; second district, Geo. M. Young; third district, P. D. Norton.

Governor—L. J. Frazier. Lieutenant Governor—A. T. Kraabel.

Secretary of State—Thos. Hall. Auditors—J. R. Kostsky.

Treasurer—John Steer. County Judge—K. Hassell.

County Attorney—J. A. Inram. Insurance Commissioner—S. A. Olenes.

Commissioner of Agriculture—Jno. N. Hagen. Railroad Commissioners—S. J. Aandahl, Chas. W. Bleck, M. P. Johnson.

Grand Forks County. Sheriff—A. P. Turner. Treasurer—John Hridston.

Clerk of Court—M. W. Spaulding. Register of Deeds—D. McDonald.

State's Attorney—T. B. Eiton. County Judge—K. Hassell.

Surveyor—J. A. Inram. Coroner—R. M. McLean.

Legislative Candidates. Fifth District—Senator, J. P. Himmington.

Fifth District—Representative, P. G. Hanson. Sixth District—Representative, Geo. M. Fitzgerald.

Seventh District—Senator, Albert Stenmo. Seventh District—Representative, O. K. Lageson.

Seventh District—Representative, O. K. Lageson. First District—Otto Mathiason, Thompson.

Fifth District—Russell Hatt, Inkster.

STONES ARE NOT ARGUMENTS. Just what will craze prompted the throwing of stones at the prohibition party special the other day is a mystery.

The act may have been that of a hoodlum bent on smashing something, he cared not what. In that case it must take its place with thousands of other expressions of folly, a case of individual depravity and nothing more.

It may have been the act of some person engaged in or associated with the liquor business in some form or other. In that case it was one of those blunders which are sometimes said to be worse than crimes, for it is certain, in so far as it has any effect at all, to react in favor of the very persons whom it was sought to injure.

A very certain way to promote a cause is to persecute those who are working for it. Men are so constituted that as a rule, they demand that all persons shall be treated fairly. In this country a man has a right to belong to any party, and to advocate any policies, and so long as he does so in an orderly manner there is no universal demand that he shall be permitted to go his way in peace. His cause may be an unpopular one, or his advocacy may be considered untimely or unwise in method. That does not matter. The advocate is permitted to have his say, and all others are at liberty to use their own judgment. But let there be an instance of violation of this right of free speech and free action, and there is an immediate protest. The disfavor of the public is likely to make itself felt in an espousal of the cause of the persecuted individual, even though the cause itself may not be popular.

Stones are not arguments. The use of violence, in politics or in industry, is bound to react on those who make their appeal to it. We judge that the result of the stoning of the prohibition special will be a few more votes for the prohibition candidates.

THE WESTERN COLLECTION AGENCY.

The French government has presented to the government of the United States a claim of some sixty millions which it holds against the Carranza government of Mexico for damages which certain French citizens are said to have sustained in the closing of a Mexican financial institution under orders of Carranza. This bill is turned over to the United States for collection.

There has been much discussion of this matter of making a collection agency of the American government. In the case of Mexico we occupy a peculiar situation in that a Mexican government which was actually in operation was destroyed because of our interference, and the government which is now doing business, and which is said to have inflicted this injury on French citizens is largely of our creation. There is some logic in the French position. If we take

A Campaign Catechism

CHAPTER NO. 1

Question—What is the date of the election? Answer—Tuesday, November 7th.

Q. For whom are the voters to cast their ballots? A. For presidential and vice presidential electors; for 32 members, one-third of the entire membership, of the United States senate (Maine has already elected two Republican senators); for the entire membership of the house of representatives; besides many state and minor officials.

Q. Who are the candidates for president and vice president? A. Republican, Charles E. Hughes, New York, and Charles Warren Fairbanks, Indiana; Democratic, Woodrow Wilson, New Jersey, and Thomas R. Marshall, Indiana.

Prohibitionist, J. Frank Hanley, Indiana, and Ira Landrith, Tennessee; Socialist, Arthur E. Heimer, Massachusetts, and Caleb Harrison, Illinois.

Q. What is the complexion of the Electoral College by States? A. The number of presidential electors to be chosen November 7th in the various states follows:

Table listing states and their electoral college counts: Alabama 12, Nebraska 8, Arizona 8, Nevada 4, California 13, New Hampshire 4, Colorado 8, New Mexico 4, Connecticut 7, New York 46, Delaware 3, North Carolina 12, Florida 13, Pennsylvania 23, Georgia 14, Ohio 24, Idaho 4, Oklahoma 10, Indiana 15, Oregon 6, Iowa 13, Rhode Island 5.

It upon ourselves to destroy governments and erect others in their place we cannot in justice waive their responsibility for the acts of our creatures.

But, aside from the peculiarities of the Mexican situation, and the manner in which we have added to its complications, there is need for a clear understanding in this matter of foreign claims against the smaller American republics in general.

If we took no part in the affairs of these nations we could stand aside and permit other nations to make their own collections or allow their hills to remain uncollected. But we do not stand aloof. We insist, very properly and necessarily, that European nations shall not acquire territory in this hemisphere, and for our own protection we will not permit European influence to dominate any of those nations. All of that is necessary for our own protection. But, if, for our own purposes, we assume a position of guardianship in these cases, we cannot let that attitude stand in the way of the rights of others. We may not be called on to collect the bills of other nations, but if we decline to assume that duty we must permit them to do their own collecting, at least within reasonable limits. We cannot play the dog in the manger.

CIVIL SERVICE.

The Republican candidate for governor, Lynn J. Frazier, is reported to have under consideration plans for the inauguration of a system of classified civil service in North Dakota, which he will recommend to the legislature.

The election of Mr. Frazier is an endorsement of anything political can be, hence his opinions on public matters, and his plans with relation to them, are matters of immediate importance.

There are many people in North Dakota who have regarded with doubt and distrust the agency through which Mr. Frazier entered the political arena in this state, and who are not in accord with him on some policies in favor of which he has announced himself who will, nevertheless, learn with gratification that he intends to make the establishment of a modern civil service system in North Dakota one of the main objects of his administration.

We have delayed too long in the institution of this reform, and as is always the case, our public service has suffered. By far the greater number of the appointive public offices in the state are non-political in their character. The duties are prescribed by law. They involve the shaping of no policies. They ought not to be made the objects of political scramble, and such a scramble is inevitable when officers who desire to wish to supplant them, must depend entirely on the favor of some functionary for appointment.

Positions of this kind ought to be filled in the first place by persons who have demonstrated in suitable examinations their capacity, and then the incumbent ought to be secure in his position so long as he desires to hold it and continue to give good service. If Mr. Frazier takes this matter up and pushes it to a conclusion he will have earned the gratitude of the entire state.

INVISIBLE GOVERNMENT.

The cry of "invisible government" is being raised against Hughes. The phrase has been worked overtime, but it is still being made to do duty. The only thing that could justify it in the present case would be the fact that Mr. Hughes has either entered into a corrupt bargain with men whose interests are antagonistic to those of the nation to permit them to dictate his course as president, or is too weak a man to resist the pressure which will be brought to bear against him after he is elected, and that he will in situation be a mere figure-head, posing as the head of the government, but in reality doing the will of those who are his masters.

It is fortunate that in relation to this subject we have actual facts to guide us instead of mere suppositions. We have the record of Hughes for four years in the most important executive office but one in the United States. We have, in addition to that, his record for some years in public positions of great importance, in the gas trust investigation and in the insurance investigation, in either of which a man either weak or venal would have yielded to pressure which was undoubtedly brought, and which would have caused him to make of

THE MARKET WORLD

WHEAT PRICES STILL SOARING

New High Marks Made—Argentine Situation Causes Apprehension.

Minneapolis, Oct. 18.—Dec. wheat 2-1/8c higher; May wheat 2-5/8c higher; Chicago Dec. wheat 2-5/8c higher; May wheat closed at \$1.67 1/4. New

South St. Paul, Oct. 18.—Quality of the cattle run here Monday when a yard record for receipts was established was nothing to boast of but the crop looked pretty good by comparison with the motley assortment of stuff that reached the yards for Tuesday's session.

Under conditions as they now exist here stuff has to be much above the average in quality to beat \$7.50 while native offerings between \$4.50 and \$6.50 are in increased proportion to \$4.00 and less were conspicuous.

Although bulls still had outside demand for such stock was forced to weaker levels and \$4.25 to \$4.50 rates took many offerings that only a tippy hologna and good butcher grade salable at higher prices.

Veal calves stuck to a steady price basis with top at \$10.50 and \$11.00. Estimated receipts were 5,400 cattle and 900 calves against 4,992 cattle and 839 calves last Tuesday and 4,314 cattle and 902 calves this morning.

Nine western markets had 68,000 cattle and 7,700 calves, making total thus far this week 203,000 cattle and 15,700 calves against 168,000 cattle and 13,500 calves the same days last week.

Out of more than 14,000 cattle sold here on Monday packers and butchers obtained less than 8,000 head, showing the high percentage of stoker, feeder and dairy cattle that run carried and at western markets generally. Most of the supplies are said to have produced but a scant percentage of beef stock.

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GRAIN QUOTATIONS.

Table of grain quotations for July, August, and September. Includes items like July Wheat, August Wheat, and September Wheat with prices in cents and mills.

MINNEAPOLIS CASH CLOSE.

Table of Minneapolis cash close prices for various grades of wheat, including No. 1 hard, No. 1 northern, and No. 2 northern.

DULUTH CASH CLOSE.

Table of Duluth cash close prices for various grades of wheat, including No. 1 hard, No. 1 northern, and No. 2 northern.

WINNIPEG CLOSE.

Table of Winnipeg close prices for various grades of wheat, including No. 1 northern, No. 2 northern, and No. 3 northern.

THIRD DEGREE.

At last we arrived at the prison and were locked into separate cells. That same night we were tortured with the agony of bastinado, writes Alexander Aaronohn in the Atlantic Monthly.

CATTLE TRADE BASIS WOBBLY

Very Ordinary Quality Predominated—Stockers and Feeders Weak.

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BANK CLEARINGS.

Grand Forks bank clearings Oct. 18th, 1916, \$128,801.69.

SHEEP AND LAMB DEAL IS STEADY

Generous Supply Reached This Department—Disposal Readily Effected.

South St. Paul, Oct. 18.—Receipts in the sheep and lamb division which showed up less than a week ago but bulged considerably over the same day a week ago were made up mostly of native offerings but a delegation of western animals included. The latter stock was of fat kinds and was limited to ten loads.

Trading throughout the department was brisk. Lambs moved at unchanged rates again. This class of stock has been disposed of for more than a week now without buyers attempting to effect any cut in cost. Bucky kinds meet discrimination.

There was some good material shown in the mature stock section. Packers this week have taken over a lot of good western wethers, Monday's price list showing up a big delegation at \$8, \$7.50 and \$7.75. A big lot made \$7.75 Tuesday. Western stuff, of course, is earning more than the native kinds which are quoted up to \$7.50 and on which sales have been made this week at \$7.25. There have been no western ewe offerings, however. Natives of good weight are selling at \$4.00 and less were conspicuous numerically. Both local and outside buyers went after such property at reduced terms, using the leverage of big numbers to effect reductions in price.

The feeder section again was a busy place and buyers at an early hour commenced to fill out orders. They had some western stuff to select from and lambs of good quality were quoted at a range from \$9.25 to \$9.75. These kinds were very scarce. For native lambs buyers were willing to pay here from \$8 to \$8.50.

Complaint again was registered in connection with trading in the breeding department. The supplies remain small in spite of liberal receipts in the sheep and lamb receipts. Good local native breeders are almost entirely absent. What sales there have been in this section have been mostly at the \$7.75 mark although a top of \$8.25 is quoted.

Estimated receipts were 2,300 compared with 7,443 a week ago and 1,851 a year ago.

Receipts at nine principal markets were 32,000 heavier sorts from 213,000 compared with 215,000 two days last week.

FARM PRODUCE

Eggs. No. 1 ... \$.27 No. 2 ... \$.18 Cracked ... \$.18 Per case, No. 1, loss off ... \$ 2.10 Per case (loss included) ... \$ 7.75

Dairy Products. Cream (butter fat basis) ... \$.36 Packing stock (dairy) ... \$.24

Poultry. Spring chickens ... \$.13 Heavy hens ... \$.12 Light hens ... \$.10

Hay, baled per ton ... \$ 7.00 Potatoes, per bushel ... \$.45 Beans, per bushel ... \$ 4.50

BERLIOZ.

Berlioz, the famous French composer, was made miserable by his wife. He married Miss Whiston, an actress many years younger than himself. She had prolonged her life by self and ill-temper, ruined him by her theatrical ventures, and finally left him a pauper and a beggar.

IT ALL DEPENDS.

"If Hughes wins an Oregon town will get a new whiggle mill employing many men," says a local business man. "According to an announcement of the individual who took an option on timbered land, if Wilson wins the option will be allowed to lapse. That's the way with a thousand and one enterprises, all waiting to see which way the wind blows. The moment it is assured that the prospect is bright, they jump on it. Hughes is elected, just watch the wheels of industry spin and listen to the hum of business."

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UNION COMMERCIAL COLLEGE

Grand Forks North Dakota

HOG MARKET ON FIRM FOOTING

Business Steady to Strong in This Department—Range \$8.75 to \$9.20.

South St. Paul, Oct. 18.—With a run of hogs here Tuesday which totaled more than the crop on the second day of the week during the past two weeks, sellers cashed their stock on a steady to strong basis, the latter feature of the trade showing on tippy kinds.

The sales list showed little difference in the range of figures or the bulk of the trading, the spread being quoted from \$8.75 to \$9.20, but on Monday the \$9.20 sorts were few and far between whereas Tuesday's dealing brought out a fairly good list of these kinds. Whatever bulge there was to Tuesday's early trade, salesmen pointed out, was on top of the list, the other kinds continuing at rates unchanged from the day previous.

Out of yesterday's run most of the stuff cashed at a range of from \$9.00 to \$9.15.

The pig market at the start seemed inclined to a lower level and during much of the time stock of good weight could be secured for \$8.25 whereas \$8.50 was given on Monday. The healthier tone which outside points had on Monday near the close of the day's business continued and it looked as though the deal would hold up well throughout the day. This was a point in favor of the local selling delegation.

It was just about a year ago this time that the hog market went on a rampage and shuffled off to lower levels in a very few days. A year ago top hogs were being cashed here at \$8.50. At the close of the same month packers were paying \$6.80 for the same kind of stock. Good local and outside demand for supplies, though is pointed out as one of the factors likely to avert repetition of this program this year.

Estimated receipts here were 8,000 compared with 7,855 a week ago and 7,473 a year ago.

Supplies at nine principal markets aggregated 75,000. The fresh arrivals boosted the total receipts to 109,000 compared with 145,000 the same number of days last week.

Grand Forks Grain Market

Obtained through the courtesy of the Russell-Miller Milling company of Grand Forks.

Prices for Thursday, October 19. Wheat. No. 1 northern ... \$1.70 No. 2 northern ... \$1.68 No. 3 northern ... \$1.62 No. 4 northern ... \$1.52

Feed Spring. No. 4 (39-51) lbs. ... \$1.28 A (47-48) lbs. ... \$1.18

Durum. No. 1 ... \$1.70 No. 2 ... \$1.68 No. 3 ... \$1.58 No. 4 ... \$1.55

Barley. C. ... \$.68 B. ... \$.67 E. ... \$.63 F. ... \$.53

Rye. No. 2 ... \$1.08 No. 3 ... \$1.04

Oats. No. 3 ... \$.39 No. 4 ... \$.37 No. 3 mixed ... \$.35

Flax. No. 1 ... \$2.39 No. 2 ... \$2.34 No grade ... \$2.05

Cleveland, Ohio, seems to be a little slow in the matter of taking care of the families of soldiers on the border. The leader of that city says: "Is the joke on the guardians who allow away in the belief that a grateful public would look after his family? Or is it on the family?"

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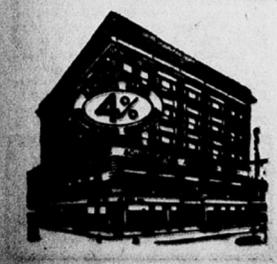
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