

ALL EUROPE TO MAKE WAR ON U. S. COMMERCE

Alarm at Prospect of Trade Strife After War Is Felt at Washington.

Washington, Nov. 22.—The prospective European commercial war after the war, viewed with increasing seriousness here, is being watched carefully by American consular officers abroad, and reports are being received regularly at the department from many different sources. It became known yesterday that all available facts are being sent to Washington, both as to the progress already made in planning the economic strategy and as to expected future developments.

Officials here think the American people do not fully realize the possible effects of such post-bellum strife on their huge foreign trade, which has increased in the past few years annually. Uncertain as to the future and varying as are all the reports, no doubt is felt here that the country faces a grave economic danger unless it does all possible first to forestall such a struggle, and secondly, to prepare against it in case present indications are borne out.

To Boycott Our Goods. It is apparent that a personal hatred among the masses abroad will result in practical boycotts against goods from countries now hostile. Doubt is expressed, however, as to whether an actual trade war as proposed by the London chamber of commerce with different tariffs for colonies, allies, friendly neutrals, unfriendly neutrals and enemies, will be decreed by official act.

Nevertheless, it is pointed out that the provisions of the Paris economic conference of last June, which sought to bind the allies to commercial unity as against the rest of the world, already to a large degree have been carried out. The blacklist, there adopted, was shortly made public. Mutual concessions and freedom from certain tariffs also followed. Certain materials have been placed very largely under allied domination. Officials, therefore, are disturbed less by the possibility of a trade war, and more by the realization of the fact that the provisions of the Paris economic conference of last June, which sought to bind the allies to commercial unity as against the rest of the world, already to a large degree have been carried out.

Changes in England. The socializing of belligerent states has caused another fear for American foreign trade. In England change from the traditional policy of free trade to protection is being more and more widely urged; the movement for "England first," to the disadvantage of other nations is reported to be recasting the empire's economic life; industry is being quickened from small-scale, isolated production to huge large-scale output; foreign trade bank with a capital of \$50,000,000 has been founded by the government; control of all steamship lines and of the country's coal supply is being urged on the government.

Likewise, reports from the investigators who have recently returned from Europe show that fear and suspicion of the United States is increasing in both belligerent camps. In England the "England first" campaign has been directed very largely against American goods, which could be replaced by British.

Railroad Men Get Ready to Tell Their Side of Shipping

Washington, Nov. 22.—Railroad men were busy yesterday preparing to present their side of the case when the joint congressional committee investigating transportation problems begins its hearings Thursday. Preliminary sessions were held yesterday.

Decision to hear the railroad men first was reached at an executive session of the committee.

Notice of the committee's action was sent to the railway executives advisory committee.

Our friend the widow says that if a man writes a real good love letter he should be suspected of having taken a few years of postgraduate work.

BE PRETTY! TURN GRAY HAIR DARK

Try Grandmother's Old Favorite Recipe of Sage Tea and Sulphur.

Most everyone knows that Sage Tea and Sulphur, properly compounded, brings back the natural color and lustre to the hair when faded, streaked or gray. Years ago the only way to get this mixture was to make it at home, which is messy and troublesome. Nowadays, by asking at any drug store for "Wet's Sage and Sulphur Compound" you will get a large bottle of this famous old recipe, with the addition of other ingredients, for about 50 cents.

Don't stay gray! Try it! No one can possibly get the hair darkened and evenly, as it does it so naturally and so easily. You dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair disappears, and after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully dark, glossy and attractive.

Wet's Sage and Sulphur Compound is a delightful toilet requisite for those who desire dark hair and a youthful appearance. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.—Adv.

Don't Risk Neglect Don't neglect a constant backache, sharp darting pains or urinary disorders. The danger of dropsy or Bright's disease is too serious to ignore. Use Doan's Kidney Pills as have your friends and neighbors.

Grand Forks case. A. L. Faylor, carpenter, 1108 Dakota avenue, Grand Forks, says: "I was bothered by a dull, heavy ache in my back and I could hardly straighten up after stooping. I did not sleep well at night. My kidneys secretions were irregular in passage and caused me annoyance. I finally began taking Doan's Kidney Pills and they brought me relief at once. My back was entirely relieved and continued and was entirely relieved. Price 50c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy; get Doan's Kidney Pills, the same that Dr. Faylor had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.—Adv.

Promotes Undersea Trade with Teutons



Captain Frederick Hinsch, agent of the North German Lloyd Steamship company, has been an active figure in promoting the undersea commerce between this country and Germany.

Paris, Nov. 22.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press).—A semi-official statement just given out here recites statements from German sources in which the enforced labor of civilians of Belgium and Northern France is justified on the ground that the army of occupation is required by the occupying authorities to take necessary measures to re-establish and maintain order and public safety. Attention is called to the fact that the same article requires the occupying army to provide nourishment for the population which, the reply says, Germany has not done.

In referring to the deportation of 25,000 inhabitants from the French cities of Lille, Roubaix and Turcoing, the statement says that the military authorities are protesting against the deportations from military regions, and the statement blames severe penalties to enforced labor either in Belgium or in France. It recalls the protestations made by France against the deportations from military regions, and the statement blames severe penalties to enforced labor either in Belgium or in France.

French Assert Germany has Wiped Out The Hague Conventions.

Treat Belgians and French as were the Africans by Former Conquerors.

The statement, says furthermore, that not only did Germany neglect its duty in this regard, but it has actually obstructed the provisioning of the occupied regions by requisitioning all the raw materials and industrial equipment found in these regions.

On this question the statement cites the evidence of Siegfried Herberich, Swedish doctor, who resided in Lille from 1908 to June 10, 1916. On his return to his native country in September last, he declared that during the production of 1915 in that region had been seized by the Germans and that, in Germany, the entire product on the spot, plus was put into storage for the account of German authorities and by the occupying force.

The occupying force have not, according to the rights of man," the statement says, "absolute liberty in the character of measures proper to assure order and public life. Besides the obligation to respect, except in case of absolute necessity, the laws in force in the country (and no French or Belgian law imposes obligation to work) article 52 of the Hague convention regulates in what measure the occupying force may impose work upon the inhabitants. It provides that requisitions of products and of the services of the inhabitants of the occupied territory are limited set by article 52.

The statement concludes that neither the usages of civilized nations, nor the laws of humanity, nor the workings of the public conscience are compatible with the enforced service, that is a veritable return to slavery, to the slavey which the signatories of the general act of the general conference in Berlin 1864, among whom was Germany, took the engagement not to suppress concerning the peoples of Africa and that Germany has revived it for the unfortunate inhabitants of Belgium and the north of France.

PHONETIC STUDY. An Irish boy during a Scripture examination, was asked: "What will become of the proud man?" "He'll be turned into an animal," was the prompt reply.

"An animal! What makes you say that?" asked the puzzled teacher.

"To which came the explanation: "Shure, now the Bible says that he that exalteth himself shall be abased!"—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

We once met a man who thought the world and his wife approached him.

Bank Statements

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF The First National Bank at Grand Forks in the State of North Dakota, at the Close of Business on November 17, 1916.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE Scandinavian American Bank at Grand Forks in the State of North Dakota, at the Close of Business, November 17, 1916.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF The Northwestern Trust Company at Grand Forks in the State of North Dakota, at the Close of Business, November 17, 1916.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF The Northern State Bank at Grand Forks in the State of North Dakota, at the Close of Business November 17th, 1916.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF The Farmers & Mechanics Savings Bank at Grand Forks in the State of North Dakota, at the Close of Business Nov. 17, 1916.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE Grand Forks Grain Market

Packers Pay over \$11 Only For Choice Sort—Generally Steady Release. South St. Paul, Nov. 22.—Trading in the sheep and lamb section again yesterday was carried on with the buying and observing schedules which have been posted during the past few days, steady markets being reported for the several classes which are traded on in this division.

being offered locally are earning that price right now. On lots which have quality to show, though, packers will continue to carry between \$1 and \$9.50, while there also is a fairly good cashing of lamb stock between the upper figure of the second range and \$10.

THE MARKET WORLD

FIRM UNDERTONE IN PORKER DEAL

Choice Heavy Kinds Reach \$9.25 Again—But Bulk Goes Below \$9.

South St. Paul, Nov. 22.—Marketing of hogs at this point yesterday, to the benefit of those shippers who were represented, dwindled some and number on hand wasn't quite as heavy as a week ago. Similar reduction in volume of marketing at other points had the effect of adding buoyancy to the deal.

Early trading on pigs reflected no change in market although the buying end found difficulty in getting strong weight pigs in the same manner in which they acquired them on Monday. Hog receipts yesterday were estimated at 135,500, which increased the week's total to 292,000. Receipts during the first two days a week ago were 257,000.

SOUTH ST. PAUL STOCK MARKETS

South St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 22.—Hog receipts 4,000, steady; strong; range \$8.25 @ 9.25; bulk \$7.75 @ 8.90. Cattle receipts 3,800, steady, 10 cwt. heavy; 14.25 @ 15.25; cow and heifers \$4.75 @ 7.50; calves steady, 50 cents higher, \$4.25 @ 12; stockers and feeders weak, dragsy, \$8.50 @ 7.75.

Grand Forks Grain Market

Obtained through the courtesy of the Russell-Miller Milling company of Grand Forks. Prices for Thursday, November 23.

NO SUCH PLAYER. "Have you studied the plays of Sophocles?" asked the serious young woman.

"Quit jokin'," replied Mr. Lowbrow. "I know everybody in both leagues. Who isn't any such player?"—Washington Star.

MORE MONEY FOR YOU

The surest and quickest way to earn more money is to prepare yourself. The busy business world offers many good opportunities. There is no better way to prepare to enter this money-making business world than to obtain a business education and enter as a trained stenographer, accountant or secretary.

UNION COMMERCIAL COLLEGE

BANK CLEARINGS

Grand Forks bank clearings Nov. 22nd, 1916, \$102,382.36.

WHEAT PRICES ARE HIGHER

Market Very Active During Day—Ruled Firm Throughout the Session.

Minneapolis, Nov. 22.—Dec. wheat 2-4c higher, May wheat 3-4c higher. The wheat market has been very active today and after ruling very firm during the early trading met with good selling and there was a sharp break of from 3 to 3 3/8c from the early high point. The market had a sharp recovery from the low points and the upturn was not checked until prices had worked up more than two cents per bushel.

Grain Quotations.

Grain Markets and Cossip furnished by Wm. E. Hill, Security Bldg., Grand Forks, N. Dak.

DECEMBER WHEAT.

Table with columns: High, Open, Low, Close, Chl., Minn., Dul.

MAY WHEAT.

Table with columns: High, Open, Low, Close, Chl., Minn., Dul.

JULY WHEAT.

Table with columns: High, Open, Low, Close, Chl., Minn., Dul.

ST. LOUIS.

Table with columns: High, Open, Low, Close, Dec., May, July.

KANSAS CITY.

Table with columns: High, Open, Low, Close, Dec., May, July.

WINNIPEG.

Table with columns: High, Open, Low, Close, Nov., Dec., May.

CHICAGO CORN.

Table with columns: High, Open, Low, Close, Dec., May, July.

CHICAGO OATS.

Table with columns: High, Open, Low, Close, Dec., May, July.

CHICAGO PORK.

Table with columns: High, Open, Low, Close, Dec., Jan., May, Nov.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Table with columns: High, Open, Low, Close, May, Puts \$1.92 1/2, Calls \$1.98 1/2.

MINNEAPOLIS CASH CLOSE.

Table with columns: No. 1 hard, No. 1 northern, No. 2 northern, Choice, Regular arrive, No. 2 hard Mont., No. 2 hard Mont., No. 1 durum, No. 3 northern, No. 1 durum, No. 2 durum, No. 3 yellow corn, No. 2 white oats, No. 4 oats, No. 4 oats, Barley, choice, Regular arrive, No. 2 durum, No. 3 durum, No. 1 yellow corn, No. 2 white oats, No. 4 oats, Barley, choice, Regular arrive.

DULUTH CASH CLOSE.

Table with columns: No. 1 hard, No. 1 northern, No. 2 northern, No. 3 northern, Oats, cash, Rye, No. 1 durum, No. 2 durum, No. 3 durum, No. 1 yellow corn, No. 2 white oats, No. 4 oats, Barley, choice, Regular arrive.

DULUTH FLAX.

Table with columns: Open, High, Low, Close, May.

WINNIPEG CLOSE.

Table with columns: No. 1 northern, No. 2 northern, No. 3 northern, No. 3 oats, Oats, December, Oats, November, Flax, December, Flax, May, Flax, N. W. C., Flax, 2 C. W.

VALUABLE NOW.

"See here," said the frangible man, "you don't amount to a hill of beans."

TOO DANGEROUS.

Wife (at midnight): "Tom, wake up! I hear a burglar. Get up and go downstairs."

Wife: "Amuse me, you'll stay right here in this room."—Boston Transcript.

STEADY MARKET FOR FAT STOCK

Generous Receipts in This Department—Several Loads of Rangers.

South St. Paul, Nov. 22.—Prices paid for fat cattle yesterday showed the effects of Monday's price battering when buyers worked with varying success to get 10 to 25 cents discounts from last week's closing terms. The receipts here again yesterday were of generous proportion and included considerable western stuff, although comprised largely of the ordinary classes of natives that have been in excessive supplies at this and other western markets.

Best of the early sales yesterday was that of a small bunch of Canadian steers at \$8.00 but the good fat steers were eligible to more. On the other hand there was a lot of in-between killing stock and common grades, mostly a pasture sort, that had to sell inside the \$5.00 to \$7.00 limits and the on Monday's market, at least including those discarded from the stocker section often had to take less.

At other points where there had been a display of the more desirable short-feds and a sprinkling of long-feds such property this week has enjoyed brisk demand with price takers for high grade material providing for an embargo on foodstuffs.

FARM PRODUCE

Eggs. No. 1 ..... \$ .35 No. 2 ..... \$ .28 Cracked ..... \$ .20 Cream (butter fat basis) ..... \$ .43 Packing stock (dairy) ..... \$ .26

Spring chickens ..... \$ .12 Heavy hens ..... \$ .12 Light hens ..... \$ .09 Roosters ..... \$ .07 No. 1 turkeys over 10 lbs. ..... \$ 1.75 No. 2 turkeys over 10 lbs. ..... \$ 1.62 Light turkeys at market value. Ducks ..... \$ .08

(Head and feet on, not drawn.) No. 1 turks ..... \$ .22 No. 1 ducks ..... \$ .12 No. 1 geese ..... \$ .11 Hay, baled, per bushel ..... \$ 7.00 Potatoes, per bushel ..... \$ .85 Beans, per bushel ..... \$ 4.50

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO Chas. E. Lewis & Co.

Grain Commission and Stock Broker, Grand Forks, Minn. All Leading Exchanges. MINNEAPOLIS, MINN. Board of Trade Bldg., Duluth, Minn. Security Bldg., Grand Forks, N. D. ADOLF ILDSTAD, Manager

TOP PRICES PAID FOR HIDES, WOOL

Calf Skins, Feits, Tallow, Etc. Also Copper, Brass, Iron, Lead, Tinfol, Auto Tires, Inner Tubes, Rubber, Etc.

REDICK HIDE & FUR CO

Established 1884. Grand Forks

MONEY TO LOAN

In Minnesota and North Dakota at lowest rate of interest, with privilege of paying any time and interest stops on amount loaned. Both interest and principal made payable at your nearest town. Agents wanted.

JOHN BIRKHOZ

Money Always on Hand for First Mortgage Farm Loans. GRAND FORKS, N. D.

HIDES For highest market prices

ship your hides, furs, wool and sheep pelts to GINSBERG BROS. Grand Forks, N. D. Phone N. W. 1111 804 First Avenue. Write for Shipping Tags.