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217 Superior street.
A. W. WALKER,
ENGRAVER,
nov15:214 WEDDELL HOUSE.

STATEMENT of the condition of THE ADRIATIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, of New York, on the first day of January, A. D. 1865, made to the Auditor of State of Ohio pursuant to the Statute of that State.

NAME AND LOCATION,

The name of the company is The Adriatic Fire Insurance Company, incorporated in 1858, and located in the City of New York.

CAPITAL.

The Capital of said Company, actually paid up in Cash, is	$300,000 00
The Surplus on the 1st day of January, 1865	17,391 48
Total amount of Capital and Surplus	$317,391 48

ASSETS.

Amount of Cash on hand and in Bank	$ 19 734 32
Amount of U. S. Certificates of Indebtedness, market value	72,979 13
Amount of New York City and County Bonds	43,000 00
Amount of Loans on Bonds and Mortgages, being first lien of record on unincumbered Real Estate, worth at least $926,300, rate of Interest 6 and 7 per cent	142,533 74
Amount of Loans on Stocks and Bonds, payable on demand, the market value of securities pledged, at least $17,000	13,000 00
Amount due for Premiums on Policies issued at office	4,989 88
Interest due on 1st of January, 1865	6,754 41
	$322,991 48

LIABILITIES.

Amount of Losses adjusted, and due and unpaid	None.
Amount of Losses incurred and in process of adjustment ———	$ 5,000 00
Amount of Losses reported on which no action has been taken	None.
Amount of Claims for losses resisted by the Company	None.
Amount of Dividends declared and due and unpaid	None.
Amount of Dividends, either cash or scrip, declared but not yet due	None.
Amount of Money borrowed	None.
Amount of all other existing claims against the Company	None.
Total amount of Losses, Claims and Liabilities	$ 5,000 00

STATE OF NEW YORK, City and County of New York, } ss.
WM. A. SEAVER, President, and FRANK W. LEWIS, Secretary of the Adriatic Fire Insurance Company, being severally sworn, depose and say, and each for himself, that the foregoing is a full, true and correct statement of the affairs of the said Company, and that they are the above described officers of said Insurance Company.
F. W. LEWIS, Secretary. WM. A. SEAVER, President.
Subscribed and sworn before me, this 30th day of January, 1865.
J. H. WASHBURNE, Notary Public.
[Five cent stamp.]

OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR OF STATE, COLUMBUS, O., February 10, 1865.
It is hereby certified, that the foregoing is a correct copy of the statement of condition of the Adriatic Fire Insurance Company of New York, made to, and filed in this office, for the year 1865.
JAS. H. GODMAN, Auditor of State.

CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY.
(To expire on the 31st day of January, 1866.)
OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR OF STATE, INSURANCE DEPARTMENT, COLUMBUS, O., February 10, 1865.
WHEREAS, The Adriatic Fire Insurance Company, located at New York, in the State of New York, has filed in this office a sworn statement of its condition, as required by the first section of the act "To regulate Insurance Companies not incorporated by the State of Ohio," passed April 8, 1856, and amended February 9, 1864; and, WHEREAS, Said Company has furnished the undersigned satisfactory evidence that it is possessed of at least ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS OF ACTUAL CAPITAL INVESTED in stocks or bonds, or in mortgages of real estate, worth double the amount for which the same is mortgaged; and, WHEREAS, said Company has filed in this office a written instrument under its corporate seal, signed by the President and Secretary thereof, authorizing any agent or agents of said Company in this State to acknowledge service of process, for and in behalf of said Company according to the terms of said law.
Now, THEREFORE, In pursuance of the first section of the aforesaid act, I, James H. Godman, Auditor of State for Ohio, do hereby certify that said Adriatic Fire Insurance Company is authorized to transact the business of Fire Insurance in this State until the thirty-first day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.
(SEAL) In witness whereof I have hereunto subscribed my name and caused the seal of my office to be affixed the day and year above written.
(STAMP) JAS. H. GODMAN, Auditor of State.
nov14:264 E. C. ROUSE, Agent.
CLEVELAND

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p24:R3

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Cleveland DAILY Leader.
WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1865. MORNING EDITION. VOL. XIX—NO. 272.

WEEKLY LEADER,
A LARGE SHEET CONTAINING ALL THE CURRENT NEWS, MISCELLANEOUS, LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC INTELLIGENCE AND VALUABLE READING FOR THE FAMILY,
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Address
CLEVELAND LEADER COMPANY.

DAILY LEADER.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1865.

THE NEWS.

GOLD closed at 147¾ last night.

THERE was sleighing in Montreal last Thursday.

GOV. MORTON of Indiana has appointed December 7th as a day of Thanksgiving.

AT Harrisburg, Pa., yesterday, the returned negro soldiers had a fine reception.

THE number of prisoners confined in the Erie county jail since the first of January, 1865, is 126.

A WASHINGTON dispatch says that General Sickles will relieve General Gillmore, in command of South Carolina.

MOST of the Southern States intend to appropriate pensions to rebel officers and soldiers disabled in the war.

THE Merrimac is being raised. Portions of her machinery have already been taken out of the hull.

IN West Buxton, Maine, yesterday morning a fire broke out in some woolen mills and destroyed $100,000 worth of property.

IF the *World's* special be true, Holden is elected Governor of South Carolina, after all, by a small majority.

GEORGIA, through her Convention, has remodelled her Constitution, and the Convention has adjourned. She repudiated the State debt incurred in aid of the rebellion.

ORDERS have been issued to fit for sea at once the iron-clad "Passaconaway," at Portland Navy Yard, and the steamers "Minnesota," "Marantanza" and "Galena."

A MAN named Christopher Sternberger was accidentally shot on Kelley's Island last Sunday. The wound is severe but not mortal. The revolver was in the hands of Frank Kelley.

GEN. BAKER confirms the statement of the attempt of Wirz to commit suicide, but says there is an error in the date in the account first published.

OF 4 in companies of Veteran Reserves at Cairo, all but three privates wished to be mustered out; while all the officers save one desired to remain in the service.

GEN. LOGAN does not accept the mission to Japan, but the President yesterday appointed Minister, and William A Browing, Esq., Secretary of Legation to the Republic of Mexico.

The Washington *Republican* is authorized by Mr. McPherson, Clerk of the House, to say definitely, that he will not enroll any members elect from the late insurgent States.

THE President has pardoned Horace Heffren, of Indiana. Heffren was a leading "Son of Liberty," and implicated with Bowles and Milligan.

GEN. INGRAHAM, late Provost Marshal of the District of Columbia, is being urged for appointment to the post of Sergeant-at-arms of the next House.

DR. TYNG's church, corner of 16th and Stuyvesant streets, N. Y., was destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon. It was valued at $300,000; insured for only $70,000.

RESOLUTIONS have been reported to the South Carolina Legislature asking the U. S. to withdraw the military forces, inasmuch as the State has complied with the terms of all proclamations of the President.

DANIEL MILLER, confidence man, recently arrested by the U. S. authorities, has been handed over to officers from Ohio, to answer to the charge of swindling the First National Bank of Springfield.

THE Missouri legislature have memorialized the President to release all Union soldiers now in confinement, on the ground that the rebels, who are infinitely greater criminals, have been pardoned.

HON. PRESTON KING, Collector of the Port of New York, who had been mysteriously absent from his office for several days (which gave rise to the rumor that he had resigned), in a temporary fit of insanity, day before yesterday, jumped off the Hoboken ferry-boat and was drowned. His body had not been recovered up to latest advices.

The message of the Governor of Indiana was delivered to-day. It pertains mostly to State affairs, financial recommendations, future care of disabled Indiana soldiers, &c. It advocates the trial of Davis for treason, and approves the President's re-construction policy, but favors negro suffrage.

DETECTIVES and others engaged in the capture of Booth and Jeff. Davis are in Washington to receive their share of the reward offered. The amount to be distributed is upwards of a quarter of a million of dollars, including $100,000 in gold offered by California.

THE great and mighty Common Council of Washington City are opposed to negro suffrage. They threaten, in case Congress extends the right of suffrage to that class, to hold an election and ascertain the sense of the citizens of Washington on the question. "He who dares these boots displace, must meet Bombastes face to face!"

The LEADER will oblige the *Plain Dealer* by pointing to any article in its columns that can be construed as being in favor of "repudiating the National debt." It is no difficult task for the LEADER to make assertions, but when called upon for proof it generally equivocates. When the *Plain Dealer* announces itself in favor of any measure, it does so boldly and fearlessly. It has never expressed an opinion in favor of repudiation.—*Plain Dealer.*

We can point to an article where the *Plain Dealer* objected to a clause being inserted in the Constitution forbidding the repudiation of the National debt, and the discussion of the same on the floor of Congress, on the ground that it would "forbid the discussion of our financial affairs." In other words it calls the proposition to repudiate our debt, by the mild name of "a discussion of our financial affairs." If it is in favor of the payment of our national debt, why object to a clause in the constitution fastening the debt on our people? It is perfectly evident from this that that sheet will favor, when it thinks the proper time has come, the repudiation of the national debt. It is already in favor of repudiating a part of the contract entered into in good faith by our government with the subscribers to the loan, that United States bonds shall be free from taxation. This shows conclusively what that paper will eventually come to.

Drinking on a Wager—A Man Drinks Two Pounds of Whisky in an Hour —Death the Result.

[From the Columbus (O.) Statesman.]

Theodore Reeder, a young man about nineteen years of age, died suddenly at the Star Saloon, in Circleville, on the 20th ult. A coroner's jury was called, who say, in their verdict, that "the deceased came to his death by drinking twenty-eight ounces of whisky" at the said saloon, between the hours of three and four o'clock P. M. of the above-named day; that within ten minutes after drinking the last six ounces, the deceased fell, soon became insensible, and died about eight o'clock P. M. of said day. The jury further found that "this whisky was drank at the instance of Jacob Gephart, Henry Cook, and T. W. Hodges, and on a barter made by them." These three men were arrested on the 1st inst.

MEXICO.

Additional Details of the Attack on Matamoras—The Assault Led by Americans—Repulse of the Republicans, with a Loss of 500.

The following particulars of the attack on Matamoras on the 25th ult., extracted from the New Orleans *Times* of October 30th, fully confirms the telegraphic report of the affair:

The United States despatch boat Eliza Hancock, Schultz, from Brazos via Galveston, arrived here this morning. Among her passengers were General Steele and staff. To Lieut. Kent, of the staff, we would express our thanks for valuable courtesies.

Before leaving Galveston Gen. Steele received the following telegraphic dispatch from Gen. Weitzel, at Brownsville:

OCTOBER, 25, 1865.

Major General Steele:

As far as I can learn, Escobedo reconnoitered Mejia's lines this morning. Gen. Ynoza misunderstood the orders and attacked the fort below the town, his column being led by about seventy Americans. They carried the works with little loss, because, as the Imperialists say, the garrison ran out of ammunition. Mejia in person, with his favorite troops, charged and retook the works, punishing the Liberals pretty well. General Ynoz and several officers and quite a number of men (Liberals) are here wounded. The fight lasted about three hours, and is now over.

Everything quiet. Liberals say they will make an attack in force to-morrow. Will keep you posted as I get information.

G. WEITZEL,
Major General.

THE IMPERIAL ACCOUNT.

[From the Matamoras Ranchero extra (Imperial organ), Oct. 25, P. M.]

At five o'clock this morning the outlaws made, as was expected, an assault on the fortifications surrounding the city. They appeared at different points in small force, leaving it a matter of doubt whether feint or attack was intended. At length a charging party was found to attack in earnest the artillery pickets at the southwest part of the city. The charging party made up in desperation what they lacked in numbers for a time. The artillery was forced back, leaving their guns behind. At this juncture the gunboat Pariano, commanded by Colonel Anselmo Grube, steamed down the river to the assaulted point, and by a well directed fire put the outlaws to flight, when the artillery picket retook their guns and opened on the flying outlaws. At the same time the fort, commanded by our cotemporary, Senor Don Miguel Pena, opened a shocking fire upon the outlaws, and, though at long taw, aided the gunboat in clearing the chapparal of the last scamp. Gen. Mejia, learning that a heavy assault was making on one of the forts, put himself at the head of five hundred cavalry and galloped down to the assaulted point, and arrived just in time to see the fleeing outlaws disappear in the chapparal. While the charge was being made at the lower end of the line a furious artillery and musketry fire was being kept up on the upper forts, but without effecting anything. Fully one thousand men were led against the forts. The forts maintained a heavy fire upon the outlaws and kept them at a respectful distance. An imperial cavalry force went up to see how things were going where there was so much smoke rising, and, upon seeing the situation of affairs, with Gen. Mejia at their head dashed in and put the rebels to flight, taking from them one gun. Altogether the firing continued two hours, when it died out. The imperial troops maintained their enviable position admirably.

The citizens responded nobly, and were on hand for a fight, in which they were disappointed. If possible, the confidence in General Mejia was augmented. Although fifty-eight persons were taken, and large numbers of outlaws killed and wounded, the Imperial loss was several wounded and less than a dozen killed. A considerable quantity of ammunition, abandoned by the fleeing outlaws, has been captured. The Captain of the gunboat Antonia, just arrived from below, reports the outlaws swimming the river in great numbers, and in the utmost confusion.

Gen. Espinoza, second in command in the outlaw army, is killed, and his body is in the hands of the Imperialists. General Mejia has just returned from the front, where he was from the beginning of the fight until the common enemy of mankind disappeared. The very latest from the front leaves the Imperialist troops in pursuit of the fleeing outlaws. It is reported upon very good authority that General Hinojosa was wounded and taken to Brownsville. Reports from Brownsville justify us in saying that the outlaw loss exceeds five hundred men in killed and wounded.

"Simply Let Us Alone."

Herschell V. Johnson, President of the Georgia Convention, made a valedictory speech when that body adjourned last week, in which he remarked, speaking of the altered condition of the colored people:

"If I could have the ear of the entire people of the United States, and if I might be permitted, humble though I be, to utter an admonition, not by way of threat, but for the purpose of animating them to the pursuit of a policy which would be wise, and salutary, and fraternal, and the best for the country, I would implore them that, so far as providing for this branch of our population is concerned, and their organization into a class of efficient and trustworthy laborers, the Federal Government should just simply let us alone. * * * I trust that we will have the poor privilege of being let alone, in the future, in reference to this class of our people."

It is the old cry. The Southern people, when they were slaveholders, only asked to be let alone to do as they pleased with their chattels; Jeff. Davis only asked to be let alone while he destroyed the Government; even Wirz died abusing our poor American Eagle for a Yankee buzzard, because he was not let alone after he had completed his work of wholesale torture and murder. A perfectly happy people our southern friends would always have remained, had they been "simply let alone" to perpetuate and extend slavery. As the ruling passion is strong in death, so now the lords of the plantation, shorn of their right to enslave men and women absolutely, from force of habit ask only to be let alone while they make the condition of the freedmen as near like slavery as possible.

The fact is, former slaveholding societies cannot be let alone until all their ideas on the subject of human rights have been radically changed. So long as they entertain notions of making distinctions in the laws between the two races; notions of organizing a laboring class separate from other parts of the frame-work of their community; and notions of the natural inferiority of the laboring class, just so long they should be checked and controlled.

The promulgation of the findings of the court martial that tried Emerson Etheridge, shows that he was acquitted, though found guilty of several of the charges and specifications. The court closed the case summarily, not permitting the Judge Advocate to introduce his most important witnesses. General Thomas disproved the findings, and administers a sharp rebuke to the members for their neglect of duty, and want of dignity as officers. The altered condition of Tennessee, in the judgment of General Thomas, does not require the re-arrest of Etheridge, and he is, therefore, set at liberty, and the court that tried him dissolved.

The Great Amendment—The Work Almost Complete.

The constitutional amendment, proposed by Congress, abolishing slavery throughout the United States, has been ratified by the following States, at the times indicated by the dates annexed:

Illinois, Feb. 1, 1865	Virginia, Feb. 9
Rhode Island, Feb. 2	Indiana, Feb. 13
Maryland, Feb. 3	Nevada, Feb. 16
Massachusetts, Feb. 3	Louisiana, Feb. 17
Pennsylvania, Feb. 3	Missouri, Feb. 24
West Virginia, Feb. 3	Wisconsin, Feb. 22
Michigan, Feb. 3	Vermont, March 9
Maine, Feb. 7	Tennessee, April 5
Ohio, Feb. 8	Arkansas, April —
Kansas, Feb. 8	Connecticut, May 4
Minnesota, Feb. 8	Iowa, June 30
New York, Feb. 8	N. Hampshire, June 30

It has been rejected by the following States:

Delaware, Feb. 8	New Jersey, March 1
Kentucky, Feb. 23	

Twenty-seven States are necessary to the ratification of the great amendment. Twenty-four States have already done their part of the work as above stated. New Jersey decided last Tuesday to make the number twenty-five. The Legislatures of California and Oregon will meet in January, and as they are largely Union in sentiment, their votes may be set down as certain, making the constitutional number—twenty-seven! Colorado will be admitted early in the winter, but her Legislature will have said yes to the amendment even before the act of admission.

A Letter from Hon. John Bright.

[From the Madison (Wis.) Journal.]

Some time since Adjutant-General Gaylord, of this State, forwarded a copy of his annual report, accompanied by a letter, to Hon John Bright, the famous leader of the liberal party in England, and the true and outspoken friend of the United States during the darkest period of our fortunes, when our friends across the Atlantic were few, and for the most part timid.

In reply, General Gaylord has received the subjoined characteristic note from Mr. Bright:

ROCHDALE, October 19 1861.

DEAR SIR:—I write to thank you for sending me the volume to which your letter refers.

I thank you also for the kind expression in your letter. Your war has ended, as I always hoped and believed it would end, in the overthrow of slavery and the restoration of the Union.

I fear, however unless the President adopts a firmer tone with the South, the negro will have a hard time of it, if left to the small mercy of his former owners.

It will be a grevious thing, if, after fighting for the integrity and freedom of your country, you shall fail to deal honestly and justly with this black population, so long suffering in your midst.

I have had great faith in you, and will not now abandon it.

Liberty, all the world over, owes much to you, and I will not believe now that color will be permitted to shut out several millions of your population from the full rights of freedom.

Your State has done it share in the great work which will make the last four years forever famous in the history of your great nation.

With many thanks for your kind letter, I am, very truly yours, JOHN BRIGHT.

Augustus Gaylord, Esq., Adjutant-General, Madison, Wisconsin.

A good deal of excitement has been caused in Nashville through the discovery by the Committee of the Legislature appointed to investigate the affairs of the State Bank that between five and six millions in spurious notes were issued by the Rebel Governor Harris and his accomplices. Their plan was to issue the notes and date them back before the rebellion commenced, in order to give them a greater apparent value, especially in case of a collapse of the rebellion.

Calkins, Griffin & Co.'s, Union Business Institute, at Oberlin, Ohio, is attracting the attention of the public in all parts of the country. We are glad to see this, for there is little doubt that this is one of the best, if not the best, Business Colleges in the State; and surely it is the cheapest by almost one-half. We learn that the graduates of its Telegraphic Department find no difficulty in readily obtaining positions. We heartily commend this institution to the public. For particulars, address as above.

Lot For Sale.—On Bond street; 33 feet front. nov15:264 P. PRENTISS.

Reduction in price of Provisions—On account of the recent decline in hogs we are enabled to reduce the price of Fresh and Salt Pork and Lard from two to five cents per pound.
ROSE & PRENTISS,
nov15 Nos. 142 and 144 Ontario-st.

Canada Peas.—500 bushels Canada Peas, just received and for sale by
J. G. SIMMONS & CO.,
nov14:262 50 Merwin street.

Choice Winter Apples, Roll Butter, Lard, Buckwheat Flour and Poultry, for sale by
D. BURGERT & SONS,
nov14 No. 66 River street.

If you buy your Diaries for 1866 at the Metropolitan Gift Book Store, 140 Superior street, you will get a gift with each at time of sale, and a Christmas Box on Christmas day for every dollar invested.
Remember those Pianos! nov14:262

Meeting in Behalf of Freedmen.—The officers of the Cleveland Freedmen's Aid Commission, and ladies and gentlemen interested in the Freedmen's cause, are invited to meet at the Parlors of the Stone Church this (Tuesday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock.
nov14 D. W. GAGE, Secretary.

Gold Drafts.—We are prepared to issue Drafts on New York, payable in Gold in sums to suit purchasers, at the most reasonable rates.
nov13:266 E. J. FARMER & CO.

Lost.—On leaving the Buffalo train that arrived in Cleveland about 5 A. M., Nov. 11, 1865, a Gold Pen and Pencil Case, and a Gold Watch Chain and Key. The finder will be rewarded by leaving the property at this office. nov13:262

Apples.—500 bbls choice Winter Apples for sale by
PELTON, FRENCH & CO.,
Foot of Superior street,
nov11:262 Cleveland, Ohio.

Freedmen's Aid Society.—The regular monthly meeting of the Freedmen's Aid Society will be held to-morrow afternoon at the Methodist Church, Ohio street, at 3 o'clock. Rev. T. H. OAKLEY will address the meeting. The public are invited to attend. nov11

To Printers.—We have for sale in quantities to suit, Bingham's Celebrated Roller Composition; also, Palmer's Patent Composition, the best and most durable extant. All orders by mail promptly attended to. Address LEADER CO., Cleveland, Ohio. aug7

Time to Think of it.—All who want Photographs for holiday presents. Please leave orders at once—no time to spare. J. F. RYDER.
nov6:258

Study Economy by purchasing your FURS (either wholesale or retail) direct from the manufacturers. DECKAND & ENGELHART
Fashionable Hatters and Furriers,
154 Superior street, opposite the Weddell.

Winter Apples—500 bbls Greenings, Russetts, Spitzenbergs, and other choice varieties of Winter Apples, in store and for sale low by
A. WIENER & CO.,
Commission Merchants, 36 River street.
nov9:262

2,000 Bushels choice Lake Shore Peach Blow Potatoes for sale at 68 Merwin street.
nov9:262 E. COTTRELL.

Butter.—8,000 lbs Western Reserve Butter, packed expressly for Family Use, for sale by.
A. WIENER & CO.,
nov9:262 36 River street.

1,000 Barrels choice Winter Apples for sale at 68 Merwin street. E. COTTRELL.
nov9:262

Gent's Furnishing Goods.—Mott & Haight, have just opened a splendid assortment of Gent's Furnishing Goods for the fall and winter trade, at No. 141 Superior street, under the Weddell House. p517:R3

LATEST NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

LAST NIGHT'S DISPATCHES.

PRESTON KING DROWNED.

In a Fit of Insanity He Jumps Off the Hoboken Ferry-boat.

HIS BODY NOT YET RECOVERED.

Dr. Tyng's Church Destroyed by Fire.

Loss Amounts to $300,000.

GOV. MORTON'S MESSAGE.

FROM WASHINGTON.

THE REWARD FOR JEFF. DAVIS.

Detectives Want Their Share.

THE GEORGIA CONVENTION.

Gen. Lagan Appointed Minister to the Republic of Mexico.

ELECTION OF GOVERNOR HOLDEN CLAIMED.

Gen. Baker Confirms the Prison Story.

Meeting of the American Union Commission.

Thanksgiving in Indiana Dec. 7th

Death of Washington S. Lane

EXCITEMENT IN MAINE.

Attempted Arrest of British Deserters.

Gold last night closed 147 1-8.

Associated Press Report.

From New York.

Preston King.

The rumor that Preston King had resigned is entirely untrue. Mr. King, for a week past, has been laboring under an attack of nervous debility. Yesterday he left his room in the Astor House, since which time nothing has been heard or seen of him. This morning Moses F. Odell, naval officer, telegraphed President Johnson to ascertain if Mr. King was at Washington, and received a reply that he was not there. Telegrams have been sent in various direct ons, but no clue to his whereabouts have been obtained.

LATER.—Preston King jumped overboard from a Hoboken ferry boat, while in a state of temporary aberration of mind, and was drowned. The body has not been recovered.

LATEST.—Thurlow Weed states that Mr. King was seen to jump off a ferry boat yesterday forenoon, by a little boy and girl on the dock. They picked up his hat, which has been handed Mr. Weed and recognized by him. No traces of the body has been discovered as yet.

T. R. Walliger, Mr. King's private Secretary, and Mr. Usher, deputy naval officer, heard Mr. King say to an intimate friend on Monday night, that he would never see him again. Knowing that Mr. King had been for some time laboring under a depression of spirits they took but little notice of the matter. His health had been poor for some time, and latterly he had shown indications of a softening of the brain. He had only returned to the city last Saturday from a visit to his home in Lawrence county. He went to the Astor House, where he remained over Sunday with his friends. Monday morning he arose, dressed himself, and said to a relative who slept in the same room with him, that he wished to take a walk and preferred to go alone. At about eight o'clock he went up town. Since his return from the country he had suffered more than ever from depression of mind.

He was next heard from on board the ferry-boat returning from Christopher street to Hoboken. It was reported yesterday morning that a man jumped overboard. Four of Mr. King's friends visited the boat to-day and found that a gentleman answering the description of Mr. King entered the boat at nine o'clock and had remained on the stern of the boat. When the boat was midway in the stream he was seen by two children—the only passengers on that end of the boat—to take off his hat and leap overboard.

Alarm was given and the boat stopp but the body was not to be seen by any one on board, as the tide was falling at the time probably the body washed out to sea. The men employed on the boat had seen a man answering Mr. K.'s description get on board the boat. All the parts of this story are strongly confirmed. Mr. K. has been much perplexed ever since his appointment over affairs at the Custom House which weighed heavily upon his mind and undoubtedly culminated in his death. Those most intimate with him have carefully watched his failing health and recently he had been attended by a companion who occupied rooms with him at the Astor House and watched his movements. Mr. K. was a bachelor.

Placed in Quarantine.

Two Russian ships have been placed in quarantine, and will not be fumigated and detained there five days. There was cholera at Marseilles, but no cases on board the vessel.

Cotton Sales.

One thousand three hundred and fifty-four bales of expired Mobile cotton was sold at auction to-day on government account, at 49½a50c. Strictly middling brought 48½a49c. An offering of fifty bales of Sea Island cotton was withdrawn, only one bid having been obtained, namely, 50c.

Hospital.

NEW YORK, November 14.—The Post says that the surgeons who visited Sandy Hook have reported to the Government that 250 acres of ground will be used for the hospital. It is understood, however, in consequence of the opposition of New Jersey authorities no other than a military hospital will be established at the mouth of this harbor. Such a movement must, however, benefit the city as it would be necessary to detain all cholera patients to protect the health of the troops in the fortifications.

Fire.

Dr. Tyng's church was destroyed by fire this afternoon. It was on the corner of 16th and Stuyvesant streets. Loss $3000,000, on which there is $70,000 insurance. Only the walls and towns are standing.

The residences of Mr. Bull, Mr. Jackson and Dr. Drake, on Rutherford Place, were badly damaged by the fire and water.

General Grant.

General Grant will be entertained this evening at the residence of Mr. Smyth, near Harlam.

Arrangements are being made, by a number of prominent citizens, to give General Grant a public reception. It is understood that he will accept the compliment, and it will be given this week.

Arrived.

The steamer Quaker City, from Charleston the 11th, has arrived.

Died.

Hon. T. J. Withers, one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of South Carolina, died at Sumter on the 8th.

General News.

Newspaper Sale.

BOSTON, November 14.—It is announced that W. W. Clapp, Jr., has sold the Saturday Evening Gazette to Messrs. Worthington, Brewster & Goodsell.

Fire.

PORTLAND, ME., November 14.—A fire broke out in West Buxton, Maine, this morning, and destroyed Hall's woolen mills, Lord's saw-mill and Hume & Bryants grocery store. The loss will probably amount to $100,000. The fire originated from a kerosene lamp.

To Prepare for Sea.

BOSTON, November 14.—The Portsmouth Chronicle learns that orders have been received to prepare the immense iron clad "Passaconaway," now lying on the stocks in Portsmouth Navy Yard, for sea as soon as possible. Also that the steamers Minnesota, Marautanza & Galena are to be fitted out for sea at once.

Hit the Nail on the Head.

ST. LOUIS, November 14.—The Legislature, yesterday, passed resolutions for the appointment of a Committee to memorialize President Johnson to release all the Union soldiers now confined for offenses committed during the rebellion, on the ground of the pardoning of rebel soldiers whose crimes were infinitely greater.

Message of the Governor of Indiana.

INDIANAPOLIS, November 14.—The Governor's message, delivered to the Legislature to-day pertains mostly to State affairs. It recommends prompt provision for the public debt, the establishing of a home for disabled Indiana soldiers, the establishment of a Seamen's Bureau, the inauguration of separate schools for colored children, the repeal of the statute excluding negro tertimony from the courts, pays a tribute to Indiana soldiers, approves the President's reconstruction policy, advocates representation according to the number of voters and recommends the adoption of such amendment if it passes Congress.

Canadian Affairs.

TORONTO, C. W., November 14.—A commission is to be appointed who will be accredited by the Imperial Government to take steps to open commercial relations with the West Indies, Brazil, Mexico and other foreign markets. One of the Canadian Ministry will be appointed.

The Government are taking all necessary precautions with reference to Fenian movements.

A Decision.

NASHVILLE, November 14.—Judge Trigg, yesterday, decided against granting a writ of *habeas corpus* in the case of Dick McCann and others, citizens of Tullahoma, who were actors in the destruction of the freedmen's school house some time ago. They were ordered by Major General Thomas to rebuild the same, and compliance to the order being refused, General Thomas sent a detachment of soldiers with directions to enforce the order and put every citizen under guard until the requirements of the order were complied with.

Washington News.

Message.

The Post's Washington special says: The President is preparing his message, rising at five each morning for that purpose.

Reports.

The Heads of the Departments are finishing their annual reports.

Constitutional Amendment.

No official notification of the adoption of the Constitutional Amendment by the South Carolina Legislature has been received by the President.

Report.

The Commercial's Washington special says: The Secretary of the Treasury in his forthcoming report will simply show how a portion of the public debt may be funded, and will ask the general authority to do so at such rate of interest as may seem expedient to him.

Rumor.

There are additional rumors of a Presidential proclamation of peace and a restoration of the Southern States to the Union.

Inquiry.

WASHINGTON, November 14.—Inquiry has been made respecting the rumor of trouble of a serious character on the Canadian border, but it does not seem that any verification of the report has reached the War Department.

Suffrage.

The Board of Common Council have passed a resolution, nearly unanimously, that in the event any bill be introduced in Congress for the admission of the colored men of Washington to the right of suffrage, the Mayor be authorized and directed to call the Council together for the purpose of taking into consideration measures for holding a special election to ascertain the sentiments of the people on the subject. The Aldermen have not yet voted on the resolution.

Southern News.

From Columbia.

NEW YORK, November 14.—The World's Columbia correspondent of the 7th states: Resolutions have been reported from the Committee on Federal Relations, to the Legislature, to the effect that South Carolina, having fully complied with the requirements of the amnesty proclamation of President Johnson, and having emancipated her slaves, is entitled to the benefits of said amnesty, and accordingly claims their position as a conquered people, and acceptance of the terms offered them. They ask the withdrawal of the military rule to which they say the faith of the government stands pledged. Report says they have with the truest purpose and entire loyalty of heart, given solemn pledges to the other States their welfare in the Union.

The report was not acted on that day, in consequence of the receipt of a message from Governor Perry, relative to the question of adopting the Constitutional Amendment and abolishing slavery, enclosing dispatches from the President and Secretary Seward, the substance of which have already been published. The resolutions will probably be adopted unanimously.

Special Dispatches.

RECEIVED UP TO 3 O'CLOCK, A. M.

[Special Dispatches to Western Associated Press.]

FAILED TO APPEAR.

NEW YORK, November 14.—The case of Captain Anderson, of the ship Villa Franca, charged with maltreating passengers, was called to-day. Anderson did not appear, and his bonds of $5,000 were forfeited.

The Times says it will be remembered that large sums were offered for the detection and arrest of those engaged in the assassination of President Lincoln, and subsequently for the capture of Jeff. Davis. Both were accomplished, and the money for the arrest of Jeff. Davis was not long since all paid over to General Wilson and his party.

Owing to the large number of persons engaged in hunting down Booth and his associates it was more difficult to tell to whom the award was due. The Secretary of War consequently appointed a committee to investigate the matter and make a proper division of the rewards. A report was made out and sent to the Secretary of War, who approved it and sent it to the President for his approval and an order to disburse the money. No action has yet been taken by him. A large number of detectives are now in Washington, waiting to get their shares. The amount involved is near a quarter of a million of dollars, including one hundred thousand dollars in gold offered in California.

THE GEORGIA CONVENTION.

The Herald's Milledgeville special says: The new constitution of Georgia, constructed by the State Convention, was adopted as a whole on the 6th inst.

As adopted the State debt incurred to aid the rebellion was repudiated.

The repudiation of the ordinance of secession was adopted on the following day.

INTERVIEW.

The Herald's Washington special says that Secretary Seward had a long interview with the President to-day, which gave rise to the report that the British government had made some formal demand on our government in relation to the Fenian movement.

VETERAN RESERVES.

Contrary to late prevailing opinions it now appears that there will, at the opening of the Congressional session, still be comparatively a large number of Veteran Reserves remaining in the service, who will ask its perpetuation as an organization peculiarly their own as heretofore, or by incorporating them into the folds of the regular army.

GEN. LONGSTREET.

The World's special says there is no immediate prospect of Gen. Longstreet's being pardoned.

PRESIDENT JUAREZ.

The Tribune's El Paso correspondent of October 30 says the Government of President Juarez is strengthening every day by the addition of the population that inhabit the surrounding villages, who seemed disposed to assist him in every way they can, and by joining organizations to various branches of his administration. The probabilities are that he will remain at