LOS ANGELES DAILY HERALD.

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NEWS OF THE WORLD.

How a United States Official Worked in Ohio.

HE NEGLECTS HIS SWORN DUTY.

The Funeral of a Noted Colored Caterer—Blaine Revives Prejudices in Indiana—The Fire in Carthage, New York.

[*Special to the Herald by Associated Press.*]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21,—Some ten days ago Everett P. Wheeler, counsel for the Civil Service Reform Commission sent a communication to President Arthur, stating that Col. Dudley, Commissioner of Pensions, was absent from his post and conducting the canvass of the Republican party in Ohio to the entire neglect of his official duties, and furthermore that he had given orders that applications for pensions filed by voters residing in Ohio and Indiana be taken up out of the order of filing and have preference in their examination over those filed by persons residing in many other States. The President referred the letter to the Acting Secretary of the Interior, who in turn sent it to O. P. G. Clark, Acting Commissioner of Pensions, who today made a report in which, after recapitulating the subject matter charges, he says: "I will state briefly that Commissioner Dudley left this city on or about September 3d last, when the duties of the office devolved upon me. On or about September 20th ult., Col. Dudley returned to the city, and while here handed you his resignation as Commissioner of Pensions, the same to take effect on November 10th next. He again left the city and returned on the 16th of October. During the absence of the Commissioner of Pensions, no precedent of action has been given in pension cases to those residing in either Ohio or Indiana, or, in fact, for any purpose within the scope of Mr. Wheeler's statement, nor have I received from Colonel Dudley either before his departure from the city, or during his absence any orders or instructions relative to this subject. I am not aware nor have any reason to believe that any specific instructions to any subordinate office have been given by the Commissioner of Pensions, with a view to secure such partial action. A discrimination in the settlement of pension claims for the purposes referred to by Mr. Wheeler, or detriment to others equally deserving, would be so criminally unjust that I may be pardoned emphasizing my denial, so far as my action or knowledge even can go, that any such favoritism has been shown, even I may add by indirection." Mr. Clark submits with his report a long table of figures to substantiate his statement.

NOTABLE FUNERAL.

The Great Colored Hotel Keeper Laid to Rest.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 21.—The funeral of Wm. Wormley, the famous hotel-keeper, was one of the most remarkable tributes of respect ever paid a colored man in this country. An immense crowd of friends and admirers of the dead man was assembled in the hotel, and the streets outside were so thronged that the police had difficulty in keeping the way clear for carriages. The services were conducted in the saloon parlors of the hotel, which were draped with black and decorated with many floral offerings. The officiating clergymen were Rev. Drs. Sunderland, Grimke and Waring; and the pall-bearers, sixteen in number, were selected from among the most prominent white and colored citizens of the District.

A FIRE.

The Village of Carthage, New York, Destroyed.

WATERTON, N. Y., Oct. 21.—One hundred and sixty dwellings were burnt besides the manufacturing institutions and the Episcopal, Presbyterian, Baptist and Disciples' churches, Town Hall, Academy and other school buildings. The fire spread so rapidly that very little household goods could be saved. The fire departments of Watertown, Lowville, Booneville and Utica responded to the call for help, but as the fire would appear in sixteen different places at the same time the streams from the engines were of little avail. The yards were filled with dry leaves which, ignited by flying cinders and fanned by stiff breezes, were soon in a blaze. More than a hundred dwelling houses were on fire at the same time. The people worked hard for several hours to save their property, then they became panic stricken and all last night hundreds of them were roaming the streets or lying in spots where the fire had not touched. Every place of shelter in the village being filled with women and children, a large number of people were brought to this city, where they had friends to care for them. It is impossible to correctly picture the scenes yesterday afternoon and last night. Strong men were weeping and women and children crying as they realized that everything they possessed was being swept away. People were thrown out of employment with everything they had destroyed. They will have to suffer unless assistance is rendered. There was no one burned to death, but a score of people were badly burned, including a fireman. The loss will foot up over a half million of dollars. The insurance cannot now be given, but the agents say it will not reach one-third of that amount.

FRIGHTFUL AFFAIR.

A Drunken Desperado Kills a Man on a Railway Train.

CAIRO, Ills., Oct. 21.—A passenger just in reports a frightful occurrence on the Paducah and Memphis train. Sunday night Herman Marshall, of Dyersburg, Tenn., was on the train drunk, and went up and down the aisles with a knife in his hand, threatening everybody and indulging in the most frightful obscenity. He finally insulted a man named Boone Hudspeth, of Maysville, Kentucky, who struck him. Marshall cut and slashed Hudspeth's head, face and shoulders in a sickening manner, and the latter finally turned and ran out upon the platform where Marshall followed and plunged the knife into his bowels and threw the bleeding man from the train as it passed over a bridge, the victim falling fifteen feet. The train backed up and he was taken up barely alive. Marshall continued his promenade through the cars daring any one to touch him, and no one dared. He has not been arrested.

A Town Destroyed by Fire.

QUEBEC, Oct. 21.—The news from Gaspe has just reached here that a fire, started by people clearing brush land, had spread during last night to the village of Chlorydormi, destroying all the houses and boats of the place and rendering twenty families homeless. The people at first took shelter in the woods, but were soon surrounded by fire and obliged to flee to the sea coast, where they are, utterly destitute and have not had any food to eat to-day. Immediate assistance is necessary. The fishing along the coast having been very poor this season, the neighboring villages can render but scanty aid to the unfortunate sufferers. One family is reported missing. The poor people saved nothing and their sufferings will be very great unless assistance reaches them soon. Chorydormi is situated about half way between Mantane and Gaspe.

A Woman Suicides.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—Mrs. McNee, wife of Alexander McNee, contractor for dredging the Potomac Flats, shot herself in the heart to-night while suffering from aberration of mind induced by an attack of melancholia. Mrs. McNee came to this city to join her husband three weeks ago. She and her husband resided in San Francisco prior to his coming here to work on the dredging contract. The wound will prove fatal.

Lynched.

SHREVEPORT, La., Oct. 21.—Last night while a posse under the instructions of the Chief of Police were conveying Charles McLane (white) from this city to the Bellevue jail, they were overpowered when six miles from the city by armed and masked men, who took the prisoner and hanged him to a tree. McLane was suspected of having fired a gin house on the Foster plantation. The action was condemned by every citizen.

Reported Cotton Failure.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—It is reported here late this afternoon that an enormous failure had occurred in the Liverpool cotton trade, the liabilities being placed at over five millions of dollars. The name of the house cannot be ascertained. Great excitement was caused on the Cotton Exchange. Values are falling very rapidly.

New York City Nominations.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—The county Democracy to-day made the following nominations: Mayor, Wm. R. Grace; Comptroller, Edward D. Lowe; District Attorney, Randolph B. Martin, President of the Board of Aldermen, Adolph L. Sanger; Coroner, Dr Louis W. Schultz; Judges of the Court of Common Pleas, Henry Wilder Allen, Edward Patterson and Alfred Wagstaff.

Cleveland's Assailant.

ALBANY, Oct. 21.—In the case of Samuel Boone, Governor Cleveland's assailant, Justice Gulman to-day appointed Doctors Vandever and O'Leary to examine Boone as to his sanity.

Representative to the Congo Conference.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—The Secretary of State has designated Kasson, United States Minister to Germany, as representative on the part of the United States at the Congo Conference, to be held at Berlin.

A Bank Assigns.

LOCKPORT, N. Y., Oct. 21.—The Lockport Banking Association to-day made a general assignment of the bank and personal property to protect its creditors. There are no preferred creditors.

Butler Recalled to New York.

BINGHAMPTON, Oct. 21.—As General Butler was about to step on the train for Boston he got a telegram recalling him to New York.

Gresham Returns to Work.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—Secretary Gresham returned from New York this evening.

BLAINE.

He Whoops it Up in the Hoosier State.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 21.—Mr. Blaine left Fort Wayne at 8:45 A. M. for Indianapolis and intervening points. In the party accompanying him were Senator Harrison, Hon. Wm. McKinley of Ohio, and John C. New. At Huntington there was a large crowd who cheered Mr. Blaine when he appeared on the rear platform. He spoke very briefly, urging the great importance to Indiana of having a protective policy continued. At Wabash he left the train and was driven to the platform, from which he made a brief speech in the same vein.

At Peru, Logansport, Kokomo, Tipton and Noblesville there were large crowds, probably averaging ten thousand each, and Blaine was everywhere received with the most enthusiastic demonstrations. At each place he spoke briefly upon the great importance to Indiana, and to other States that are developing manufactures, of maintaining a protective tariff.

It was about 4 o'clock when the train arrived at Indianapolis. The demonstration here, if not the greatest that has yet been made on his Western tour, has certainly not been excelled by any other in magnificence or enthusiasm. Immediately on leaving the train Blaine entered a carriage with Governor Porter and was driven in a procession escorted by a large body of Plumed Knights through Washington street, the principal street of Indianapolis, entirely across the city to the Military Park on the East side. Along the entire route nearly every building was gaily decorated. When he arrived at the Park, Blaine ascended the stand, from which he addressed a great multitude. He was introduced by Gov. Porter. He said: "Friends and fellow-citizens: I feel that such a magnificent reception as that which I have had to-day in the capital of Indiana is so complete in itself that a speech cannot add to its effect, and I should content myself with offering you, as I do, my profound and heartfelt thanks. ["Go on!" and cheers.] In no State of the Union, in no city of the Union, could such a reception and such welcome be more significant in itself or more grateful to me personally. [Great cheering.] We stand on the eve of a great National election; one in which Indiana will have a potential voice. (We'll settle it.) She is looked to by our opponents as she has been in former years as an ally of the "Solid South" against her sister States of the North. (Never.) Since the election in West Virginia the Democratic party count upon a solid vote in the South, and I may be permitted to express the opinion that no more unpatriotic thing can be done than for Northern men to urge a continued solidification based on the memories of the Rebellion. (Great cheering.) It has been the aim and desire of the Republican party to develope the National interests of the South, and to make her people forget and the nation to get that we have ever been foes, remembering only that we are citizens of a common union under a common constitution, looking to a common destiny [cheers]. But our opponents meet us in an entirely different course of action. Instead of memories of the union they invoke the prejudices of rebellion in their aid and they ask that New York and Indiana shall join an unholy alliance and turn the National government over to the South. ["Never, never!"] I do not believe Indiana will do that under its present leadership any more than it would have done the same thing under the leadership of Oliver P. Morton, a badge of whose memorial club I am proud to wear (placing his hand on his breast). [Enthusiastic cheering.] To say nothing of its significance in other aspects the triumph of the northern element in the Democratic party clearly means the triumph of free trade. It means the breaking down of the great industrial system which has enriched the United States so marvelously in the last twenty-three years and which has enriched your own State in an equal degree with the other States. Indiana has grown into a superb commonwealth, great in her population, great in her enterprise, great in her wealth. She was not even known beyond her borders as a manufacturing State when the Republican party came into power in 1861. She now turns out in a single year one hundred and fifty million dollars' worth of manufactured products. (Cheers.) The development therefore of your manufacturing resources, dependent as it is upon a protective tariff, is of the highest interest to every citizen of a community that combines agriculture and manufactures and has the necessary conditions for attaining an ideal prosperity. I can remember myself, and I am not an old man, the time when in my native State of Pennsylvania Governor Rittner was laughed at for saying that the day would come when Pennsylvania would not be able to supply breadstuffs and provisions to the miners in her mountains and factories in her towns, yet that day came long ago and Pennsylvania, the first wheat State in the Union as late as 1850, depends to-day for a large share of her breadstuffs upon the granaries of the West.

From the Park Blaine was driven to the residence of Senator Harrison, where he dined in company with where several gentlemen were invited to meet him. After dinner a deputation of German-American citizens called upon him and presented him with an address, as follows: Hon. Jas. G. Blaine: The German-American Republican organization of Indianapolis has delegated the undersigned to express to you their confidence and esteem in the identity of your public life with the rise and progress of our country and our party, the eminent services you have rendered to both are matters of history and make our duty as pleasant as it is honorable. Your election to the Presidency will honor our country and our party. Inspired by the love of liberty and free government we left the land of our fathers to find a new home in the Republic, and looking toward the welfare of the nation, we have no interests other than American citizens. Looking over the pages of history we find the Republican party to have been the party of liberty and progress, and we trust it to be the same in the future. Upon these pages we find your name and that of the gallant General Logan inscribed with golden letters, and we feel that as heretofore so you will in the future do honor to the country. Please accept this document as a token of our appreciation and an endorsement of your life, character and public services. We welcome you to the capital of our great State.

A Good Suggestion.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 21.—Steps are being taken by interested parties to induce the National Wool Growers' Association and the National Tanners' Convention to hold their annual meetings here at the same time the great cattle convention is to be held next month. It is stated that the tanners are especially interested in reforming the system of branding cattle, as the one now in use greatly impairs the value of hides, and it is thought that if the two interests can be brought together, some plan can be devised to protect the hides from the deep seats now made by branding irons and tearing by barbed wire.

Russian Justice.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 21.—The court-martial in the case of the prisoners who took part in the anti-Jewish riots at Kunavin in June has sentenced eleven to imprisonment for periods varying from twelve to twenty years at hard labor for manslaughter, twenty-seven to periods varying from one to three years for robbery and sixteen to shorter periods. One prisoner was banished to Siberia and eleven acquitted.

Religious.

BOSTON, Oct. 21.—The American Missionary Association began its annual session at Salem to-day in the Tabernacle Church, where the first foreign missionaries met in 1812. The Treasurer's report showed the receipts of the year to be $287,594; expenditures, $301,831. The committee asked for one hundred days leave during the coming year. Six new churches were established in the South during the past year.

A Wicked Postmaster's End.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Oct. 21.—A special from Centre, Alabama, says a mob last night hanged J. R. Dorsey, postmaster at Alpine, Ga., a man aged seventy-five, and Jane Wade, a prostitute aged sixty, to the same limb and by the same rope, for the murder of Mrs. Davis and her guest, C. C. Jones, near Alpine, three weeks ago. Mrs. Davis was Dorsey's niece. He assassinated her in her own doorway and then shot the guest, supposing he was her husband. It is supposed that he was actuated by jealousy.

A Draw Fight.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—Charles Mitchell, recently defeated by "The Boy" McCaffrey, of Pittsburgh, had a draw fight to-night.

A TEST CASE.

Chinese Children Excluded from San Francisco Schools.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 21.—A test case was made to-day at the instigation of Colonel Bee, the Chinese Consul, for the admission of a Chinese girl, born in this State, into the public schools. The child's father has lived in California twenty years, and has adopted in dress and other particulars American habits. Her mother came here when a child and was educated by the Ladies' Protective Union. They were married by a Protestant minister and have brought up the child in American ways. Existing laws prohibit the admission of Chinese children into the schools. The case was considered by the Board of Education at a meeting this evening. State Superintendent Welcker said the child could not be admitted, as it would be contrary to law. Superintendent Moulder agreed with him. The Board then passed a resolution approving the existing law and ordering instructions issued to all principals and teachers in public schools, prohibiting them from admitting Chinese children on pain of instant dismissal. The resolution was carried by nine to two, one member being absent.

Bowman's Affairs.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 21,—This afternoon an accountant who has been at work on the books of A. W. Bowman furnished a statement, placing the liabilities of Bowman at $770,740; assets, $403,606. The proportion of secured and unsecured debts cannot yet be stated. To-day V. J. Brittan filed a complaint in the Superior Court of this city against the Oakland Bank of Savings, A. W. Bowman and the Bank of California, which sets forth that the plaintiff is the owner of 125 shares of Bank of California stock, valued at $12,800, which stock Bowman deposited in said Oakland bank, receiving in lieu thereof a certificate from the Oakland bank. The Court is asked to decree that the plaintiff is the owner of said Bank of California stock, and that the Oakland bank surrender the same or $12,800, the value thereof.

Arthur W. Bowman was to-day admitted to bail by Judge Wilson, with Samuel C. Lawson, W. A. Aldrich, John S. Spring and Albert Miller as sureties, with a bond of $10,000 for each.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

The Stock Market.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—Governments, strong. Railways firm. Stock, after an irregular opening, became firm and advanced slightly. Before the first call the bears forced New York Central down 2 per cent, and other shares ½ to 1½. A reaction of ½ to 2¼ followed. All the leading stocks were in brisk borrowing demand. After 2 P. M. the market weakened. On the rumor of the failure of a great London cotton house prices fell off ¼ to 1¾. At the close a fresh buying movement set in and the market closed strong. Compared with last night, closing prices are ½ to 1¼ higher for Canada Southern and St. Paul, Louisville, Nashville, Kansas and Texas, Jersey Central, Erie, Oregon Transcontinental, Omaha, Union Pacific and Western Union, and ½ to 1¾ lower for the remainder.

Mining Stocks.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 21.—Belle Isle, 50; Best and Belcher, $1.60; Chollar, $2.45; Crown Point, $1.45; Gould and Curry, $1.20; Grand Prize, 25c; Hale & Norcross, $1.20; Mexican, $1.15; Navajo, $1.90; Ophir, 95c; Potosi, $1.30; Savage, $1.40; Sierra Nevada, $1.15; Union Consolidated, $1.10; Yellow Jacket, $1.85.

Government Bonds and Railway Shares.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—Threes, 100; 4½s, 109¾; 4s, 109¾; Central Pacific, 58½; Denver & Rio Grande, 29¾; Kansas Texas, 18¾; Northern Pacific, 17; preferred, 41½; North Western, 89¾; New York Central, 89¾; Oregon Navigation, 80; Transcontinental, 12¾; Improvement, 16; Pacific Mail, 52¾; Pullman, 98; Texas Pacific, 10¾; Union Pacific, 53¾; United States, 52; Wells Fargo, 6; Western Union, 69¾; Petroleum, firm; 71¾; Money easy; 1½@2; prime paper, 5@6; Exchange Bills, weak, 83¼; demand 84¼. Produce exports for week, 6,403,000.

The Grain Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 21.—Wheat, steady but quiet; seller, $1.36¼; buyer, $1.30; buyer, season, $1.30¼. Barley, strong and lively; seller, $1.02½@1.03; seller, season, $1.01@1.01⅝; buyer, $1.07@1.07½; buyer, season, $1.12½@$1.14.

LIVERPOOL, October 21.—Wheat, rather easier. California Club, 6s 10d, 7s 8d; white Michigan, 6s 8d; red winter, 6s 6d, 6s 8d. Corn, firm, at 5s4½d.

CHICAGO, Oct. 21.—Wheat, stumpy; 73¼ October, 4¼ November, 65@65¾ December. Corn broke badly; 46 October, 41¼ November, 39⅞ year. Barley, neglected; 59.

Bad Boulie. Men.

BODIE, Oct. 21.—In a shooting scrape yesterday at Lundy, Deputy Sheriff Kirk Stores, Charley Jardine and Deputy Sheriff Wm. Callahan were dangerously wounded, and George M. Lee had his nose broken. The trouble arose over the examination of a man named Wilson, who is charged with kidnapping a Chinawoman. The probabilities are that the shooting over this case is not at an end.

The Odd Fellows.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 21.—The Grand Encampment, I. O. O. F., was called to order this morning by J. Henry Applegate, Jr., G. P. for the thirtieth annual session.

The following grand officers were elected: W. W. Lyman, Grand Patriarch; L. A. Simmon, Grand High Priest; J. F. Crosset, Grand Senior Warden; A. K. Loud, Grand Junior Warden; C. H. Randall, Grand Representative.

Change of Time.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 21.—General Superintendent Fillmore, of the C. P. R. R., has issued a circular of instructions to Superintendents and employes of the C. P. R. R. and its leased lines, informing them that the Company will adopt the Pacific standard (120 meridian) time for running trains west of Ogden and El Paso on and after noon of Saturday, November 1st next.

A Test Case Contemplated.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 21.—The Railroad Commissioners met to-day and discussed the charge made by Assistant Adjutant-General J. J. Tobin that he had been charged rates on the road from Mojave to Dagget higher than those fixed by the Commissioners. A test case will be made against the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad to determine if the Commissioners have jurisdiction over foreign corporations.

Remanded.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 21.—The case of James McFadden et al. vs. Alfred Robinson, involving the title to 13,728 acres of land in Los Angeles county, has been remanded to the Superior Court of Los Angeles by Judge Sawyer of the United States Circuit Court, on the ground that he has no jurisdiction over the subject matter.

A Bad Jail.

SALT LAKE, Utah, Oct. 21.—Robert L. Taylor, charged with robbery, pleaded not guilty last month. To-day he appeared in court, withdrew his plea and pleaded guilty, saying he would rather serve a year's sentence in the penitentiary than six months waiting for trial in the county jail, claiming that its cells are damp and filthy, the food abominable and the treatment harsh.

Passengers South and East.

MERCED, Oct. 20.—Following is a list of the south-bound passengers passing here this evening:

R E Calkins and wife, San Francisco; S Levi, C Cinings Bennett, A B Hotchkiss, San Diego; G Diecrich Trimme, Joseph Betram, Dr Z Kern, Paris, France.

Found Dead.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 21.—Minnie Greenberg was found dead in her room and with the gas jet turned on full this morning. Deceased was a domestic in the employ of W. P. Greenberg. She was a native of Germany, 18 years of age, and although of the same name, was no relation to her employer.

Burned to Death.

MAXWELL, Oct. 21.—The 5-year-old daughter of Mrs. Dayton Curtis, of Los Angeles, visiting near here, was caught in a stubble fire last night and so badly burned as to cause death at 2 o'clock this morning.

San Francisco Voters.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 21.—The total number of names placed on the register of this city is given as 50,770.

A Jury Charged.

SALT LAKE, Oct. 21.—The Judge charged the jury in the Clawson polygamy case at 10 o'clock this morning. The jury, at 10 P. M., is still out.

The Congo Conference.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—Earl Granville has obtained the assent of the German and French Governments to the proposal to limit the work of the Congo Conference to the settlement of the Congo question. Earl Granville stipulates that this decision shall not be binding unless the vote of the delegates shall be unanimous.

The Lisbon *Journal of Commerce* says the result of the negotiations of the Conference will be a recognition of the principle of the sovereignty of Portugal on the lower Congo under a guarantee of equal trading rights to foreigners and Portuguese.

The Frankfort *Gazette* predicts the failure of the conference unless English hostility ceases. It says the American Government has given Germany to understand it will not sustain the enterprise if directed against England. Portugal sides with England rather than risk her pretensions to the possession of the mouth of the Congo. Holland, distrusting Germany, is inclined to see in all action against England, a strategic movement of which the vital object is the annexation of Holland. Italy's colonial interests are opposed to those of the French and she also supports England.

Foreign Farmers.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—The delegates to the Farmers' Alliance will hold a conference in London in November on the agricultural crisis. The programme of the meeting includes a proposal to compel the questions regarding reduction of rents to a court of arbitration. The Scotch Farmers' Alliance has received favorably the report of the deputation sent to Ireland advising the application in Scotland of the Irish Landlord Act, with fixity of tenure, fair rents, free sales and remission of arrears.

Protecting Share Investors.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—A joint stock company is being formed under the auspices of a Stock Exchange committee for the protection of the holders of American railroad shares. The object is to supply subscribers with information in regard to American investments.

Eastern Matters.

PARIS, Oct. 21.—Gen. De Lanyan has not asked for reinforcements for Tonquin. If they are needed they will be drawn from the army in Africa without mobilizing the Corps d'Armie.

Death of a Bishop.

ROME, Oct. 21.—Cardinal Bartolomeo D'Arvanzot, Bishop of Calvi, is dead.

Well Deserved.

Mr. L. J. Rose, when concluding his very able address, delivered in Sacramento on Sept. 16th, said, as reported in the *Record-Union*: "I cannot conclude without a word of praise to the liberal people of Sacramento, in doing the lion's share in giving the people of this State this grand and beautiful Agricultural Hall. Our Legislators are entitled also to the thanks of the agricultural community for the wisdom and liberality which they have ever shown in extending aid to our State Fair and the different District Fairs; for the appropriation to help build this building, and last, but not least, for the generous aid to the viticultural interests of this State, and for the maintenance of the Board of Viticulture. And this is as it should be. A land that is so favored by nature should also have sons to aid it in the rapid march of development. I may say with confidence that from every dollar so expended a hundred-fold benefit has been derived. The Board of Commissioners have all been educators, and also been educated, and viticultural people have learned more in the last three year about planting and caring for vines, about wine-making, fermentation, curing raisins, grafting, remedies for vine pests and other subjects pertaining to viticulture, than all their knowledge of previous years. I believe that Californians are the best-posted people, and are freer from prejudice on these subjects than any other people on the globe. All the Commissioners have done something to this end, and they have done it because they wish to help on the good work of making California in fact, as well as by nature, the favored vine land of the world—not for price, but for love of country and mankind. Very much, however, has been due to its chief officer, Charles A. Wetmore, for he has devoted his entire time and mind to the study and teaching about every branch of this subject. It is a hobby with him, and, fortunately for us, his very nature impels him to be always busy in reading and observation. He seems to acquire knowledge intuitively and gather facts by much reading and study.—[S. F. Merchant.

Copper for Roofing and Stove-Pipe.

The Houghton *Mining Gazette* publishes the following:

No person erecting a building of any value, whether intended for a residence or place of business, if his attention is properly called to the matter, would hesitate to cover it with the best roofing material, provided the cost would not be too great. That copper sheathing excels all other roofing substances in economy, when its duration and absence of expense for keeping it in repair and value for old metal when it has been found in this country, the roofs of which were covered with copper over 100 years ago, that are in as good condition to-day as when first put down. After copper sheathing is once in place it requires no repairing or safety covering like slate, tin, iron or shingles, while no reasonable limit can be placed to its lastingness. In Europe copper roofs can be found that were put on over 500 years ago.

It is not our purpose to amplify this subject; our aim is simply to call attention to the matter for the purpose of invoking a practical discussion of the topic, which, if intelligently carried on, must in time result in the introduction of copper sheathing for roofing purposes.

As an aid in this direction we give below a table showing the cost, per 100 square feet, for covering a building with copper sheathing, with sheets running from 10 ounces to the square foot up to 16 ounces to the square foot, on a basis of raw copper at 14 cents a pound, and allowing 3 cents a pound for rolling it; also a table exhibiting the thickness of the different weight sheets:

	Cents.	
Ingot copper	14	
Cost of manufacturing	3	17 cts.
100 superficial feet of 10-ounce copper, 62½ pounds, cost		$10 62
100 superficial feet of 12-ounce copper, 75 pounds, cost		12 75
100 superficial feet of 14-ounce copper, 87½ pounds, cost		14 87
100 superficial feet of 16-ounce copper, 100 pounds, cost		17 00

THICKNESS OF COPPER.

10-ounce copper,	6-10 in.	thick,	28	wire gauge.	
12 "	"	4-12 "	"	27	" "
14 "	"	8-14 "	"	26	" "
16 "	"	"	"	25	" "

Another cannel that we think can be made serviceable in the consumption of raw copper is the manufacture of stove-pipe out of cold-rolled copper sheathing. To help those whose interest it is to look up and debate the question of the employment of copper in this direction, we give underneath a table showing the comparative cost of different sizes of stove-pipe, based on retail prices in this section, with that of copper sheathing stove-pipe of various weights and sizes, on a basis of raw copper at 14 cents a pound and allowing three cents a pound for hot-rolling sheets and one cent a pound for cold-rolling them. In connection with copper stove pipe, the fact must not be lost sight of that, like copper roofing, after it has served its purpose, the worn-out length are worth so much for old metal:

Cost of Russia iron stovepipes—	Cents.
8-inch stovepipe, 24-inch length	60
7-inch stovepipe, 24-inch length	50
6-inch stovepipe, 24-inch length	40
Cost of common iron stovepipes—	
8-inch stovepipe, 24-inch length	37
7-inch stovepipe, 24-inch length	30
6-inch stovepipe, 24-inch length	25
Cost of 10-ounce copper stovepipes, cold-rolled—	
8-inch stovepipe, 24-inch length	48
7-inch stovepipe, 24-inch length	42
6-inch stovepipe, 24-inch length	36
Cost of 12-ounce copper stovepipe, cold-rolled—	
8-inch stovepipe, 24-inch length	58
7-inch stovepipe, 24-inch length	52
6-inch stovepipe, 24-inch length	45
Cost of 14-ounce copper stovepipe, cold-rolled—	
8-inch stovepipe, 24-inch length	66
7-inch stovepipe, 24-inch length	57
6-inch stovepipe, 24-inch length	53
On a basis of ingot at	14
Hot-rolling	3
Cold-rolling	1
	18

Items From San Diego County.

The *Star*, of San Luis Rey, has the following items of interest in various parts of the western side of the county:

The number of names enrolled upon the Great Register of this county at the last election was 2024. It will in all probability reach 2500 names before the election rolls around.

The Elsinore colony in this county is again picking up since trains of the California Southern have commenced running from Colton to that place, and real estate sales are reported to be lively.

It looks strange to see corn growing and looking as green as in mid-summer, with plenty of roasting-ears, and no irrigation at all; but such is the case in this vicinity, and on the mesas.

San Jacinto, in this county, now boasts of three flowing wells, all the way from 190 to 200 feet in depth, and two more are being sunk. Don Pantho Pico proposes to sink one on his land in this valley after the election is over, and so has informed us.

A great many of our residents have experienced fever and ague with everyone of this year. It has made enormous growth—all the way from three to ten feet in height.

The new vineyards in this locality—and there are a great many—are doing remarkably well. Such growth and appearance will compare favorably with vineyards of the same age in older and more irrigated districts of the State.

The cause of the large fire on the San Marcos ranch, mentioned in our last issue, was the ignition of the grass by lightning during the thunder storm of last Thursday afternoon. Be careful of "lightning" then we say, for it will be distributed broadcast during the balance of the campaign in spite of prohibition.

Quite a heavy shower of rain, lasting fully an hour, visited this section Sunday evening, making things somewhat damp hereabout. Last season heavy rains fell in the early part of October, followed by one or two showers until February, when the rains set in with a vengeance. Look out for "big squalls" this season.

Santa Ana Items.

The following items of the business and progress of the Santa Ana valley are taken from the Santa Ana *Herald*:

We regret to learn that Mr. F. M. Smith, while working upon the roof of Mr. Candie's new house, just beyond the depot, had the misfortune to fall, yesterday morning, and break his right leg, fracturing the small bones of the ankle.

Mr. John Rushnell fell from Haleysworth's new building on Saturday last, suffering severe injuries, which will lay him up for some time. We understand that several ribs were broken. He fell a distance of thirteen feet.

Santa Ana is to have a brass band. The instruments have been ordered and are on the way here. The money to purchase the instruments was subscribed by our citizens, with the understanding that they should be the property of the town. There are to be twelve pieces. The members of the band have been selected, and it will be led by Prof. Welch.

We have not heard of any damage to raisins, so far, but it is quite likely that those who did not have them thoroughly covered have suffered damage. Mr. Wm. Halesworth had 250 boxes nearly cured, and so well protected that not a drop of rain fell on them, and the green ones were not far enough advanced to be injured. Other raisin makers may not have escaped so happily.

The Santa Ana Cemetery Company have let a contract to Hull Brothers to lay three-inch concrete pipe from the flume of the S. A. V. Water Company, across the Santiago creek to the Cemetery grounds, whence the water will be carried in distributing pipes. The Masons and Odd Fellows stand a portion of the expense of this improvement, which is a very creditable one, and parties will now be enabled to beautify the last resting places of their loved ones with trees and flowers.

We were shown, by Mr. L. G. Butler, a sample of the peat recently discovered on his ranch, near Ocean View, about fifteen miles west of this place. A large portion of the land is covered by this deposit, and it seems to be practically inexhaustible. The samples we saw were taken from a depth of twenty-six feet, and the further down the peat is taken out the better it becomes. It is hard and firm and burns readily without smoke or smell. It is probable that a joint stock company will be organized to work the extensive peat mine, which, in view of the rapidly increasing scarcity of fuel, is bound to prove exceedingly valuable.

Anaheim Items.

The *Gazette* of Saturday has the following items of interest:

The Burruell Point flouring mill, which has been transformed from a stone to a roller mill, will probably start up next week.

Webster Hawkins, aged 9 years, a son of J. W. Hawkins, died at Westminster on Sunday of lockjaw. He had been thrown from a horse a few days previous, and it is supposed that he injured himself in some way not discernible.

The Directors of the Water Company and a committee of the Board of Town Trustees viewed the points on the river which require attention, and outlined upon a plan of operations which will be put into effect without delay. The total expenditure required will probably not exceed $1000. The company can protect its ditch and build a required flume for $500, and the wing dams which the town authorities will be required to build will not cost to exceed that sum.

The warm days of last week were followed by cloudy ones, which culminated in a sharp fall of rain on Sunday, the gauge recording 19-100ths of an inch. The rain was general throughout the State, and was more severe in the northern counties, as is generally the case. A telegram says that in some of the northern counties "the rain has done damage on the larger grain farms, there still being considerable harvesting to do. Grapes will suffer, but to what extent cannot be estimated at present." In this county no damage is reported. The grapes escaped by reason of their immaturity. Had they been as ripe as they ordinarily are at this time of year it is possible that they would have suffered somewhat. The raisin-makers of Orange, by taking timely precautions, prevented damage being done to their crop. And as harvesting is over in the county, it may safely be said that the first rain of the season has not caught anyone napping.

NEW TO-DAY.

WELL MAKING.

Parties wishing wells sunk by hand will address Williams, Box 1630, Los Angeles Postoffice, care Mr. Reed. All work done in the best manner. oct22 1w

NOTICE.

The firm of Carr & Thompson is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Geo. M. Thompson retiring. JNO. S. CARR.
GEO. M. THOMPSON.
Los Angeles, Cal., Oct. 21, 1884. oct22 3w

NOTICE.

The Health Officer is now prepared with fresh bovine vaccine matter, and will be in his office from 1 P. M. to 3 P. M. to vaccinate for the city. oct21 1w
[*La Crónica* copy.]

FOR SALE IN ANAHEIM.

A Saloon, with Billiard Table, well established and doing a good business. Sickness cause of selling. Also a lot 55x175 with house of 4 rooms and kitchen; good well of water, outhouses and a variety of fruit trees on the lot. Inquire of Y. DARBONVILLE,
oct22 1m 9 Commercial street.

St Paul's School for Boys and Young Men.

The Rev. Elias Birdsall Rector; the Rev. Edward McManus Principal. This school is to be opened for the reception of pupils on Monday, November 3d. Application should be made to the Rector in the Vestry of St. Paul's Church, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 12 M., or the Principal.
oct22 1m

HEADS and FACES.

PHRENOLOGICAL CHARTS OF CHARACTER

REV. RALPH BROWN, of Australia, supplies Charts of Character

TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW

At the Y. M. C. A. HALL.

Consultation and Chart of 60 pages, with 70 illustrations showing what to restrain, what to cultivate and what best suited for in life, only $1.50.
HOURS—9 A. M. to 9 P. M. oct22 2t

Notice to the Public.

ARE DOU.

Religious services will be held in the Chinese Temple, near the Plaza, in Los Angeles city, commencing October 24, 1884, continuing three days and three nights. Five priests will officiate in the ceremonies, which will be more elaborate and complete than any yet seen in Los Angeles. On the 27th, at 4 o'clock P. M., a procession will start from the Temple, march along Main street to Fourth, up Fourth to Spring street, thence to First street, down First street to Los Angeles street, thence along Los Angeles street to the Temple in Chinatown. Several American born boys will appear in the procession. No loose religious ceremonies occur but once in three years. No person will be allowed to carry any basket, parcel or package into the Temple or onto the premises.
oct22d AH TOY.

ATTENTION,

Cleveland Guards!

All members are requested to be present in Full Uniform, at their Headquarters,

This, Wednesday, Evening

AT 7 O'CLOCK, SHARP.

By order of J. DOWNEY HARVEY, President.
WM. S. WATERS, Secretary. oct22 1t

ATTENTION,

Del Valle Guards!

All members are requested to be present IN FULL UNIFORM,

AT THEIR HEADQUARTERS,

This, Wednesday, Evening,

AT 7 O'CLOCK, SHARP.

By order of J. P. MORAN, President.
W. J. TYUS, Secretary. 1t

CONSUMPTION

And all the various diseases of the Head, Throat and Chest, including

EYE, EAR AND HEART,

—Successfully treated by—

M. HILTON WILLIAMS, M. D., M. C. P. S. O.,

At 275 North Main street, opposite the Baker Block, Los Angeles, California. Proprietor of the Detroit

Throat and Lung Institute

—At Detroit, Michigan.—

Our California office is personally conducted by Dr. Williams, and is permanently established for the cure of

All diseases of the Head