

here and young Hamilton of Placer. You can get your cannons ready and fire them at 2:30, for by that time Stephen Mallory White of Los Angeles will be a United States senator.

THE FIRST BALLOTS.

How the Two Houses Voted in Separate Sessions. By the Associated Press.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 17.—The sessions of the senate and assembly were attended by more people today than usual, halting for a United States senator being the attraction. Among the distinguished men present during the balloting were Stephen M. White, Jeremiah Lynch, W. W. Foote, Thomas V. Cator and John C. Quinn. The proceedings in the senate did not partake of the enthusiasm which characterized the speaking in the assembly, where the applause was frequent and prolonged. The speaking in joint convention tomorrow noon is expected to be brief, but great interest attaches to the ballot which will be taken.

FIRST DAY'S BALLOTING.

The ballots of the senate and assembly today, consolidated, gave White 60, Perkins 13, Felton 13, Bard 9, Cator 8, Widney 7, Franks 3, Reed 3, Este 1, Preston 1, Neff 1.

HOW THE SENATORS VOTED.

The following senators voted for White: Ames, Berry, Biggy, Burke, Dana, Fay, Gesford, Goucher, Harper, Langford, McAllister, Martin, Mathews, Mitchell, Ostrom, Sewall, Whitehorn, Wilson—18. For Perkins: Campbell, Denison, Eshel, Hart, Hoyt, Simpson—6. For Bard: Broderick, Flint, Maher, Orr, Streator—5. For Felton: Everett, Ford, McGowan, Mahoney, Bagdale, Shippee, Voorhees—7. For Widney: Bailey, Carpenter, Seymour—5. For Franks: Williams—1.

THE ASSEMBLY'S VOTES.

All the Democratic assemblymen and Burke, the Non-Partisan, voted for White. Adams, Barlow, Bennett of Orange, Bretz, Jacobson, Kerns, Thomas of Santa Clara and Vann, Populists, voted for Cator. Anderson, Blakeley, Chipman, Dodge, Miller, Standart, Waggoner and Taylor, Republicans, voted for Widney. Bledsoe, Dackworth, Harsh, Johnson of Humboldt, McGowan and O'Keefe, Republicans, voted for Felton. Backus, Lybth, Perkins and Talbot, Republicans, voted for Bard. Anderson, Billa, Fenderson and Simpson, Republicans, voted for Widney. Bennett of Santa Clara and Kahn, Republicans, voted for F. O. Franks. Carlson, Independent, and Owen, Republican, voted for Reed. Wade, Republican, of Napa, voted for Cator. Thomas of Nevada, Republican, voted for E. M. Preston. Raw, Republican, of Eldorado, voted for Neff.

SENATE PROCEEDINGS.

Balloting for United States Senator the West of the Day. SACRAMENTO, Jan. 17.—At 11:50 o'clock the senate, on motion of Voorhees, proceeded to nominate a United States senator to succeed Hon. Charles N. Felton.

Senator Sewall of Mendocino nominated Stephen M. White. Senator Simpson of Alameda nominated Hon. George C. Perkins. He said he placed before the Senate the name of a gentleman eminently qualified for this position. It was customary to set forth the qualifications of gentlemen who aspire to this position, but in this case it was obviated by a general knowledge of this candidate's worth.

Senator Mathews of Los Angeles seconded the nomination of White. Mathews' speech was received with applause. Senator McGowan of Humboldt followed. He said that political affairs were now in such a shape that success was improbable for a Republican candidate, but believing he represented the interests of the golden state, he presented the untarnished name of Charles N. Felton.

Senator Ford of Plumas seconded Felton. Orr of Ventura nominated Thomas R. Bard, the late Republican presidential elector, in a brief speech, referring to the latter as an old Californian and a man of integrity.

Baller of Santa Clara nominated Judge E. M. Widney of Los Angeles, one of the pioneers of California, who had done much to build up this great commonwealth; who came to this state not in a palanquin, but on foot, behind an ox team, and whose fortunes had grown up with the state.

Earl of Alameda seconded Perkins. The latter, he said, needed no laudatory remarks. On motion of Goncher balloting commenced. The first ballot resulted: White, 18; Felton, 7; Perkins, 6; Bard, 5; J. C. Franks, 3; Cator, 1; Widney, 3. Forty votes were cast; necessary to a choice, 21.

IN THE ASSEMBLY.

Nominating Speeches and Balloting for United States Senator. SACRAMENTO, Jan. 17.—At 12 o'clock the assembly proceeded to nominate a United States senator, and O'Keefe of San Mateo nominated Felton.

Bledsoe seconded Felton's nomination in a five-minute speech. Shanahan nominated Stephen M. White, saying in part: "Not voicing the sentiment of any particular locality, but of the whole state, I rise to nominate a gentleman of the state of California. Notwithstanding the railroad legislation of former legislatures, and the gerrymandering of the state, the people rose in their might and threw off the shackles of such control. The people demonstrated their wishes in the last election."

Shanahan also read the prediction he made two years ago that his nominee would be United States senator from California. Shanahan thereupon named Stephen M. White. [Applause.] Finlayson of Los Angeles seconded White's nomination. He enlarged White's record and said White was the logical candidate.

Schlesinger of San Francisco seconded the nomination of White. Taylor of Marin, in nominating Perkins, said, while he recognized the virtues of Stephen M. White, yet he knew he was doing his duty to himself and his constituents by naming ex-Governor George C. Perkins as a man thoroughly competent and able to fill the position.

Barker of San Bernardino nominated Thomas R. Bard of Ventura. Pendleton of Los Angeles nominated Judge R. M. Widney of Los Angeles. Dodge of Alameda seconded Perkins, nominating.

Thomas of Nevada nominated E. M. Widney of Los Angeles. Andrus of Los Angeles seconded Widney's nomination. Perkins of Ventura seconded Bard's nomination.

Bretz of Alameda nominated Cator, stating that in a few years the People's party would be in the majority. Vann of Colusa seconded Cator's nomination. Carlson of San Diego nominated Hon. D. O. Reed of San Diego. "Select a man," he said, "who is not mixed up in a factional party row, but who would work for the whole state."

The first ballot resulted: White, 42; Cator, 8; Felton, 6; Perkins, 8; Este, 1; Bard, 4; Reed, 3; Widney 4; Frank, 2; E. M. Preston, 1; Jacob H. Neff, 1. Burke's vote for White drew tremendous applause, and he was given the cheer. The final vote was 60, necessary to a choice.

White was declared to be the choice of the house for United States senator amid applause. The joint convention will be held in the assembly chamber at noon tomorrow.

LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS.

Shanahan's Railroad Reassessment Bill Unanimously Passed.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 17.—In the assembly this morning the county and township government committee reported in favor of two additional superior judges for Alameda county. The committee on public morals reported favorably the bill making the sale of liquor to drunkards a misdemeanor, and to Indians a felony.

At 2:30, after the introduction of bills from out of order, Shanahan's reassessment bill was read the third time. The bill was passed unanimously and without debate. Bledsoe withdrew his motion for special consideration on Thursday of the railroad commission matter.

Shanahan's "scalp" bill was taken up. Shanahan and Bledsoe had a tilt. Bledsoe claiming it was a duplicate of the bill brought here in the interests of the railroads two years ago. Billa of Los Angeles and Mordecai of Fresno thought the bill would not benefit the people.

Mathews and Shanahan moved an amendment to strike out sections 2 and 3 of the bill, so that any unused part of a ticket may be redeemed at any railroad office. Bretz, Alford, Miller and Vann spoke on the bill.

Shanahan attempted to reply to Bledsoe's remarks, but the chair interpreted him, stating that he would allow no such disgraceful scene as that of yesterday. The amendment to strike out sections 2 and 3 carried.

Shanahan said that the bill be referred back to the judiciary committee. Bledsoe moved, as a substitute, that the enacting clause be stricken out. A motion to re-commit carried.

At 4:20 o'clock the concurrent resolution changing the time of the joint convention for the election of state library trustees to 11:30 a. m. tomorrow. After a prolonged debate on the report of the committee on attaches, the house adjourned at 4:30 p. m.

A Republican caucus, presumably to take action on the senatorial question, was announced to follow. Bills were introduced in the assembly today as follows: By Pendleton—Relative to the appropriation of money for reforming the supreme court rooms of Los Angeles.

By Sargent—Making an appropriation and providing for the appointment of a board of trustees for the Preston school of industry. By Johnston of Santa Clara—Appropriating \$20,000 for the state insane asylum at Agnew.

By Taggart—Relative to the conduct of elections. By Vann—Relative to highways and the appointment of viewers therefor. By Price—For dissolution and disorganization of irrigation districts.

By Dodge—Appropriating \$15,000 to pay the expenses for the recovery of the Alameda and Oakland water front. By Casick—Appropriating \$200,000 for the erection of buildings and machinery for an ice house for the state.

By Chipman—Authorizing the state board of irrigation commissioners to appoint extra employees. By Johnston of Santa Clara—To organize and define the powers of the board of railroad commissioners; also appropriating \$75,000 for additional buildings for the Agnew insane asylum.

By Vann—For the discontinuation of irrigation districts under the Wright act. By Owen—Relative to the place of meetings of the supreme court. By Schlesinger—To amend the act relating to the endorsement insurance on assessment plan.

LEGISLATIVE NOTES. Among the measures presented to the assembly today was a petition from citizens of Fresno county protesting against the creation of the proposed county of Madera.

election laws discussed the Popper election bill which will be introduced in the assembly tomorrow by Hendrickson or Finlayson. It does away with the advertising of elections tickets and provides for mailing sample ballots; requires the affidavit and evidence of two judges of different political parties to allow a voter to plead disability; eliminates "straight" ticket headings; compels voters to stamp each name of the group voted for; eliminates the method of counting; reduces from five to three per cent the number of petitions necessary to place a name on the ticket; allows the court to open ballots in charges of fraud after the time of the beginning of a contest has passed, and otherwise modifies the present law.

SHORT IN HIS ACCOUNTS.

The Town Treasurer of Berkeley in a Serious Dilemma. BERKELEY, Cal., Jan. 17.—Thomas Hann, town treasurer, is short in his accounts to a considerable amount. He gave a check on the Berkeley bank for \$6000 to the German Savings and Loan bank of San Francisco in payment for electric light bonds. The Berkeley bank refused the check, as the town had no money on deposit. Hann says he has used the town's money in his own business and has no idea how his affairs stood. He has turned over his property, valued at about \$20,000, to his bondholders, and an expert is examining his books.

COLD ON THE CONTINENT.

A WINTER OF UNUSUAL SEVERITY IN EUROPE. Highways Blocked With Snow and Harbors Filled With Ice—Many People Frozen to Death—Extreme Suffering. LONDON, Jan. 17.—Reports of extreme cold come from all parts of the continent. The harbor of Kiel is completely icebound. All over Germany railway traffic is delayed and in some parts suspended. Between Rome and Genoa railway communication is maintained only with the greatest difficulty. In Vienna this has been the coldest day of the winter. Few persons venture out, as the dazzling whiteness of the snow was almost unendurable. A person's nose or ears would freeze during five minutes' walk. In the suburbs it was 7 degrees below zero.

In the south of France several small railway accidents were caused by snow drifts. No trains run on the railways between Castlenaudary and Narbonne, Chartres and Magny. A train which left Chartres Saturday night is still embedded in the snow. High winds prevail along the coast of Spain. Many fishing boats have been wrecked. Railway traffic is suspended in Galicia and the Bisaya provinces. All mails that arrive at Madrid are many hours late.

Immense snow drifts are piled up along the Swiss frontiers, so communication over the border is interrupted. In southern Italy the weather is so severe that before night the streets and roads are covered with snow. A dispatch from Naples says Vesuvius and other snow-capped mountains are visible.

VIENNA, Jan. 17.—Phenomenally cold weather continues throughout Austria-Hungary. Much suffering is reported. The Gypsies are the worst sufferers. A band of these wanderers encamped near Konig Gratz, Bohemia, this morning. Sixteen of the band were frozen to death. At Prague the mercury is 25 degrees below zero, centigrade. A soldier who was on guard duty was found frozen to death at his post this morning.

A dispatch from Trieste says: The terrific storm that set in yesterday morning is still prevailing, with no sign of abatement. The streets are littered with tiles, brick and trees, and no one, unless absolutely compelled to do so, ventures out. Last night the theaters closed, for the reason that there were no audiences. A very high sea is running in the harbor. Vessels at anchor are riding with extra long cables, and extra anchors have been put out. The watch house on the breakwater has been swept away by the sea. Communication with Brindisi and Zara is cut off altogether. The storm is the worst in many years.

PARIS, Jan. 17.—There is very little abatement in the severely cold weather here. A heavy snowstorm prevails. The snow is so deep that street traffic is at a standstill. A nation-wide epidemic has died from exposure. The rivers Seine and Loire are frozen over. MONTE CARLO, Jan. 17.—Abnormally cold weather is prevailing here. Snow has been falling three days. The mercury has reached the lowest point known for years.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Governor Murphy of Arizona is on his way to Washington to make another effort for statehood. A freight train crashed into a large killing eight occupants and injuring a dozen others. The cattleman's trial at Cheyenne, Wyo., is still in progress. Nearly 800 tailmen have been exhausted without getting a jury.

The beautiful club house of the Calumet club of Chicago has been totally destroyed by fire; loss, \$300,000, with \$200,000 insurance. R. H. Redfield, clerk of the club, died from over excitement brought on by the fire. Kitty McCabe had not been found up to 2 a. m., and it is feared she perished in the flames. President Diaz of Mexico has appointed Governor Torres as chief of the Eleventh military zone, with headquarters at Campeche City. Torres will remain governor of Sotora, but will relinquish the governorship of the northern half of the territory of Lower California, where Col. Jose M. Ross is acting governor. It is believed the latter will get the appointment.

Hawley Again Senator. HARTFORD, Ct., Jan. 17.—Joseph R. Hawley, Rep., was chosen United States senator today at the joint legislative session. Dandruff. This annoying scalp trouble, which gives the hair an untidy appearance, is cured by skookum root hair grower. All druggists.

Can't be beaten! Mr. J. G. Wittig, Blue Mountain, Ill., writes: "I have used Skookum Root Hair Grower for my rheumatism in my foot. It cannot be beat."

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

SHERMAN'S NEW SILVER BILL.

The Senate Finance Committee Reports It Favorably.

It Provides for the Repeal of the Silver Purchase Act.

Western Senators Strongly Oppose the New Measure—The McGarranhan Claim Bill Receives Its Death Blow.

By the Associated Press. WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Perhaps the most important meeting the finance committee of the senate has held during this congress was that of this morning, which resulted in the decision to favorably report the Sherman bill to repeal the act of 1890 for the purchase of silver. Subsequently Sherman reported the bill and it was placed on the calendar.

The meeting was largely attended, every member being present but Senators John P. Jones and Senator Vance, who is ill. While the majority favor the action taken, vigorous opposition was manifested by Harris of Tennessee and Voorhees of Indiana. Those who voted to report the bill favorably were: Morrill, Sherman, Allison, Aldrich, Hiscock, McPherson, Carlisle. Senators Voorhees and Harris, however, emphatically protested against the proposed action of the committee and would have been joined by Senators Jones and Vance had they been present.

The meeting is said to have been interesting, this probably referring to the speeches made by Harris and Voorhees. They were outvoted, however, and the discussion will now be transferred to the floor of the senate. Senator McPherson said the bill is satisfactory to him, although he would rather have had his resolution reported. If that had been done he would not have voted for it, but he thought it afforded relief for the people who were in that at that time at least the inflation of the currency would end and the country return to a sound money basis.

Teller and Voorhees do not believe the bill can pass, and Voorhees predicted with saying not 10 Democratic senators will vote for it. IN THE SENATE. The McGarranhan Bill Falls to Pass Over the President's Veto. WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The McGarranhan bill received its death blow for this session in the senate today, the affirmative vote falling eight short of the constitutional majority.

After the passage of several unimportant bills and a second installment of Peffer's argument in favor of a constitutional amendment limiting the presidential office to one term, the McGarranhan bill was taken up and an argument in support of it made by Wilson of Iowa. After some discussion, the senate refused to pass the bill over the president's veto by the necessary two-thirds vote. The vote was: Yes, 29; no, 18.

Sherman from the finance committee reported that the issue circulating notes to the full amount of bonds deposited. Placed on the calendar. The anti-option bill was taken up and Hoar (Rep.) of Massachusetts resumed his argument against it, on the ground that it was unconstitutional. Further arguments against the constitutionality of the bill were made by Gray of Delaware, Vest of Missouri and Platt of Connecticut. Platt will resume his argument tomorrow.

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

A Bill for the Punishment of Offenders on the High Seas Passed. WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—In the house today, on motion of Chipman of Michigan, a resolution was agreed to, making provision for a joint meeting of the two houses of congress on Wednesday, February 8th, to count the electoral vote. The senate bill for the retirement of Judge N. P. Deady, who for many years has been associating justice of the supreme court of Oregon, was passed. Under the existing law he would not be entitled to retirement until next year.

Ones of Alabama called up the senate bill to provide for the punishment of offenses on the high seas. It provides that every person who is not one of the crew on board of any vessel belonging in whole or in part to any citizen of the United States, who shall in defiance of the master create any riot or disorder, or shall hinder, obstruct or resist the crew in the performance of their duty, or shall violate any law or orders of the master or officers of such vessel, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$1000 or by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or by both. It places a similar penalty upon any passenger who shall inspire any riot or disorder, or shall violate any law or orders of the master, and forbids the crew to combine, revolt or mutiny or resist orders.

Davis, Populist, of Kansas, opposed the measure on the ground that it would make organization among seamen almost impossible. The bill passed and the house adjourned.

A BILL BY BROSIUS.

A Pennsylvania Statesman's Remedy for Financial Evils. WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—In the house today Representative Brosius of Pennsylvania introduced a bill to authorize the funding of 4 per cent bonds to increase the circulation of national banks and discontinue the purchase of silver bullion. It authorizes the secretary of the treasury to issue such bonds in the amount of \$50,000,000, in denominations of \$50 or multiples thereof, redeemable in coin of standard value, at the pleasure of the United States, after 40 years from the date of issue, and bearing interest at the rate of 2 per cent. Such bonds shall be exempt from taxation. The secretary shall dispose of these bonds by exchanging them for 4 per cent bonds now outstanding. Every national banking association that authorized under this act, shall be entitled to receive circulating notes equal in face value to the par value of the bonds deposited, and shall in lieu of the tax assessed upon the circulating national bank notes under the existing

law, pay to the treasurer of the United States on January 1st of each year a duty of 1/4 of 1 per cent upon the average amount of the notes in circulation during the previous year. The law providing for the purchase of silver bullion is repealed.

RAILROAD COMBINES.

Opponents Pro and Con as to the Bill to Allow Pooling. WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Mr. Patterson of Tennessee in the report of the majority of the house commerce committee on the bill allowing pooling, says the committee is of the opinion that under the arrangement providing for pooling no harm will befall the public and an opportunity will be given to intelligently solve the much mooted problem.

Lind of Minnesota and Mallory of Florida represent the minority, and report that they feel duty bound to protest against the pooling section of the bill and call attention to some of their objections to it. They say: "The bill takes away the only safeguard we had heretofore against railroad extortion. Competition frustrated many well-laid schemes to oppress the public; this embarrassment the bill removes."

In conclusion it is said to be unfair to the interstate commerce commission to subject them to the importuning and pressure this bill will cause, should it become a law.

A BATCH OF POSTAL BILLS.

Railway Postal Clerks to Receive Better Pay. WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The house committee on post offices and post roads today acted favorably on a number of important measures. The senate bill to re-classify and fix the salaries of railway postal clerks received a favorable report. The bill fixes the salaries of railway postal clerks as follows: First class, \$800 per annum; second class, \$1000; third class, \$1200; fourth class, \$1300; fifth class, \$1500; sixth class, \$1600, and seventh class, \$1800. A bill by Wilson of Missouri for the classification of first and second class post offices and fixing salaries was also ordered favorably reported.

A New Bank Examiner.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The comptroller of the currency today appointed Wm. P. Weightman of San Francisco national bank examiner for the states of California and Nevada.

An Aged Hermit.

Love made a recluse of a man who has now three-quarters of a century old, and who has avoided his fellows for nearly thirty years. He calls himself John Smith, and his hermitage is in the mountains not far from Erving, Mass. He was an actor and the way he acted they were engaged, quarreled and separated. The lover's mind became unbalanced, and while yet in the prime of life he abandoned his profession and sought the semireclusion which has now grown to be a habit with him.

It may be remarked that no one knows his real name. That of John Smith is an alias, and he frankly acknowledges that he has taken every precaution to conceal his identity. He visits nobody, but during the past few years many people have been seen near him. He is a sort of local god, and the folks thereabout almost love him. The old man's hair and beard are white as snow. He delights to chat with visitors, and on pleasant Sundays of summer and autumn the grounds around his little cottage are covered with scores of teams and groves, and the old man "brags" his hospitality of his visitors, tells them quaint stories, and in return they give him the remnants of their feasts and little gratuities and purchase the photographs of himself and his cats.

In the winter the old man is a genuine hermit, so far as human beings are concerned, but in and around his cabin he has a host of domestic animals, and the wildcats that every little while are killed on the surrounding hills, and he is as proud of "Jim Flak" and "Lady Ann" as ever a fond mother was of her firstborn twins. The house which he occupies was formerly a woodchopper's shanty, and it is better now than it was when he first moved into the living room are covered with playbills and pictorial printing—Harrisburg Telegraph.

He Has Given Up Hunting. "No, I don't go hunting any more," said Peyton Brown to a party of traveling men who were talking sport at the Lacleda. "I used to hunt in Illinois some days ago and considered to make a try for small game in the Oklaw bottoms. I discovered a large flock of ducks leisurely swimming about on the bosom of the muddy stream, standing on their heads and having a good time generally. I crawled through a briar patch that made me look like an escaped convict, and I started to shoot. I started to move up to my belt for 300 yards to get a shot at them. When about forty yards distant I turned loose both barrels, killed six and crippled five more. Only one of the lot got away. I nearly drowned myself bagging my game, came within an ace of getting hit by a water moccasin that looked to be a mile long, and lost a hundred dollar gun in the treacherous moccasins. "Just as I got the last dead duck in my pouch a farmer came out of a log cabin that I hadn't before observed, and 'lowed as how I'd pay for them ar ducks or he'd shoot me. The reason why? As he carried a lingering stentury of a rifle on his shoulder and was followed by a bench legged bulldog of cannibalistic tendencies I forked over a river and obtained permission to hang myself before the kitchen fire until the moccasins were gone. When I started to step through the woods, feeling like a sheep killing dog caught with wool in his teeth."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Security Savings Bank and Trust Company

STATEMENT SHOWING THE FINANCIAL CONDITION OF THE SECURITY SAVINGS BANK AND TRUST COMPANY OF LOS ANGELES, CAL., ON THE MORNING OF THE FIRST DAY OF JANUARY 1893.

RESOURCES—	
Bonds	\$ 28,300 00
Real Estate	8,000 00
Furniture and Fixtures and Valuers	804,450 25
Set Undivided Profits	8,711 14
Cash in Banks	\$30,605 25
Deposits	35,975 47
Total	\$977,689 96
LIABILITIES—	
Capital Stock (Paid in)	\$100,000 00
Reserve Fund	12,000 00
Set Undivided Profits	8,711 14
Total	\$120,711 14
Total	\$977,689 96

STATE OF CALIFORNIA,) ss.
COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES,)
We do solemnly swear that we have (and each of us has) a personal knowledge of the matters contained in the foregoing report, and that every allegation, statement, matter and thing therein contained, is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.
F. N. MYERS, President.
J. F. SARTWELL, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 4th day of January, 1893.
JOHN C. BEWLEY,
Notary Public in and for Los Angeles county, State of California.

5 PER CENT INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

Main Street Savings Bank and Trust Company, CAPITAL - \$200,000. 426 S. MAIN STREET, LOS ANGELES, CAL. The design of this institution is to afford a safe depository for the earnings of all persons who are desirous of placing their money where it will be free from accident, and at the same time earning for them a fair rate of interest. Deposits will be received in sums of from \$1 to \$5000. Working men and women should deposit at least \$1 per week from their wages. This will form a savings bank which will ultimately enable you to purchase a home or begin business. Children can have in saving and caring for money. J. B. LANKERSHIM, President. CHAS. FORMAN, Vice-President. J. W. WACHTEL, Cashier.

Los Angeles Savings Bank,

114 SOUTH MAIN STREET, LOS ANGELES, CAL. CAPITAL PAID IN GOLD - \$100,000.00. Interest compounded quarterly to depositors at the rate of 5 per cent on term and 3.25 per cent on current deposits. E. N. McDONALD, Pres't. DR. JOSEPH KURTZ and S. W. LUTHEWILER, Vice-Pres'ts. V. H. FORBES, Treasur'r. M. N. AVERY, Sec'y. DIRECTORS: E. N. McDONALD, H. W. STOLL, JOSEPH KURTZ, M. N. AVERY, E. A. FRENCH, EDWARD HAYES, W. M. SHELDON, S. W. LUTHEWILER, VICTOR POWERS, C. N. FLINT, ISAAC H. JOHNSON. Open every Saturday evening for deposits.

German-American Savings Bank,

114 SOUTH MAIN STREET, LOS ANGELES, CAL. CAPITAL PAID IN GOLD - \$100,000.00. Interest compounded quarterly to depositors at the rate of 5 per cent on term and 3.25 per cent on current deposits. E. N. McDONALD, Pres't. DR. JOSEPH KURTZ and S. W. LUTHEWILER, Vice-Pres'ts. V. H. FORBES, Treasur'r. M. N. AVERY, Sec'y. DIRECTORS: E. N. McDONALD, H. W. STOLL, JOSEPH KURTZ, M. N. AVERY, E. A. FRENCH, EDWARD HAYES, W. M. SHELDON, S. W. LUTHEWILER, VICTOR POWERS, C. N. FLINT, ISAAC H. JOHNSON. Open every Saturday evening for deposits.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF

Main Street Savings Bank and Trust Company

At the close of business December 31, 1892.

ASSETS.	
Cash on hand and due from banks	\$71,911 15
Loans	323,452 28
Real estate	13,777 87
Bonds	63,176 40
Furniture and fixtures	1,500 00
Other assets	754 70
Total	\$474,752 55
LIABILITIES.	
Capital paid up	\$50,000 00
Reserve fund	6,000 00
Profits	1,700 00
Due depositors	418,745 44
Total	\$474,752 55

LOS ANGELES NATIONAL BANK,

U. S. DEPOSITARY. Cor. First and Spring streets. Capital.....\$500,000 Surplus.....52,500 Total.....\$552,500 George H. Bonbrake.....President W. G. COCHRAN.....Vice-President F. C. HOWES.....Cashier E. W. COE.....Asst. Cashier Col. H. H. Markham, Perry M. Green, Warren Gillette, L. P. Crawford, C. A. Marriner, Geo. H. Bonbrake, W. G. Cochran, F. C. Howes. No Interest Paid on Deposits. Exchange for safe on all the principal cities of the United States and Europe.

LOS ANGELES SAFE DEPOSIT AND TRUST COMPANY,

CITIZEN'S BANK, 318 South Spring Street, Los Angeles, Cal. Will remove to their new and elegant rooms in Station Block when completed. Branch office, Grand Opera House Block, Pasadena, Cal. T. S. O'LOWE.....President W. B. BROTHERTON.....Vice-President A. F. FLETCHER.....Cashier Buy and sell all first-class securities. STOCKS WANTED in Los Angeles, Pasadena and other gas companies. First-class, well-secured Gas, Water and Railway bonds for sale. Time loans accepted, best of security and liberal interest paid. 12-26 2m

State Loan and Trust Co.

OF LOS ANGELES. Subscribed Capital.....\$1,000,000 Capital Paid Up.....700,000 BANKING ROOM, N. W. CORNER SPRING AND SECOND STREETS, BRYSON-BONBRAKE BLOCK. OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS. President JOHN BRYSON, SE. 1st Vice-President W. H. PERRY, 2d Vice-President J. F. TOWELL, Secretary and General Manager George H. Bonbrake, W. G. Cochran, Wm. H. Crocker, O. T. Johnson, San Francisco. Judge W. P. Gardner, A. A. Hubbard, Woodstock, Cal. Loans on real estate and col. Internals. Keep choice securities for sale. Safe deposit boxes for rent. Applications for loans received from borrowers in person or by mail.

Dr. Wong Fay,

Having made a study of disease and the healing art from early years, has opened the Beneficial Dispensary at No. 227 South Main street, where he dispenses medicines to the benefit of the afflicted. His stock of drugs is selected with extreme care, regardless of cost, and imported direct from China for his own use. His object is to relieve suffering rather than to acquire fame and amass wealth. All advice will be carefully given and free but a small charge sufficient to cover cost, will be made for medicines furnished. 12 No. 227 South Main Street. 2

Kerehoff-Cuzner

MILL AND LUMBER COMPANY WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. Main Office: LOS ANGELES. Wholesale Yard at SAN PEDRO. Branch Yards—Tomona, Pasadena, Lemoona, Azusa, Burbank, Pico Hills—Los Angeles and Pomona. Cargoes furnished to order.

THE CITY BANK,

37 South Spring street. CAPITAL STOCK.....\$300,000 A. D. CHILDRESS.....President JOHN S. PARK.....Cashier W. T. CHILDRESS, Postmaster Dana, J. J. Schellert, E. B. Grandall, John S. Park, A. D. Childress.