

TODAY'S FORECAST.

FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH-CENTRAL CALIFORNIA: FAIR WEATHER; CONTINUED WARM NORTH TO WEST WINDS.

The



Herald

HAVE YOU VOTED?

IF NOT, BUY THE HERALD AND VOTE FOR THE PERSON YOU THINK OUGHT TO GET THE WORLD'S FAIR PRIZE.

VOL. XL. NO. 66.

LOS ANGELES: FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 16, 1893.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

GREAT REDUCTION SALE

—OF—

CHILDREN'S SUITS

Regardless of Cost.

Children's Knee Pants Suits Reduced from \$4 to \$3.
Children's Knee Pants Suits Reduced from \$5 to \$3.50 & 3.75
Children's Knee Pants Suits Reduced from \$6 to \$4.50 & 4.75
AND ALL HIGHER PRICE GOODS IN PROPORTION.

Mothers and Guardians, this is your opportunity to get reliable clothing cheap for the boys.

MULLEN, BLUETT & CO.,

Corner Spring and First Streets.

CRYSTAL PALACE,

138, 140, 142 S. Main St.

JUST RECEIVED,

A New and Elegant Line of Artistic

GAS AND ELECTRIC FIXTURES.

We show the best assortment on the coast at the LOWEST PRICES.

Special Inducements Offered at Present

MEYBERG BROS.

BEST, SIMPLEST, HANDSOMEST

MOST DURABLE AND EASILY

ADJUSTED, FINEST FINISHED

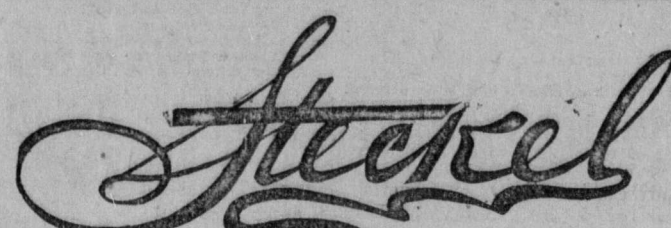
FOLDING BED MADE.

THE WINDSOR FOLDING BED

THE WINDSOR occupies less space than any other folding bed, and can be easily moved from room to room. When closed it is a perfect table, and when open it is a perfect bed. It is the only folding bed that is so perfect in its construction, and so easy to use. Call and see them, whether you wish to buy or not.

LOS ANGELES FURNITURE COMPANY,

225, 227, 229 S. Broadway, Opp. City Hall.



Unprecedented SUCCESS AT THE Preliminary World's Fair Exhibit.

HELD IN MECHANICS' PAVILION, SAN FRANCISCO, ENDING FEB. 18, 1893.

GRAND SILVER MEDAL

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"Four Medals Out of a Possible Four."

Cloudy Weather Preferred for Stiltage.

220 SOUTH SPRING STREET.

(Opposite Los Angeles Theater & Hollenbeck)

WILLIAMSON'S MUSIC STORE.

HENRY F. MILLER, BERNARD BROTHERS, B. SHONINGER, MATHUSHEK, BRAUNMULLER, SMITH & BARNES.

NEWMAN BROS., Air Circulating Reed Cells, NEEDHAM, Silver Tongued.

A FULL LINE OF MUSIC AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

SEWING MACHINES

Standard, Roary Shuttle, White and Other Long Shuttle Machines, Supplies, Etc.

937 SOUTH SPRING STREET. 4-13 1y

IT IS SUICIDE

For you to think of buying your shoes elsewhere than at the undersigned's. Finding it impossible to close out our entire stock of fine shoes at our former low prices, and being determined to close them out if possible, we have decided to lower our prices still further to figures so low that it will pay you to come and buy. We have no old shopworn or shoddy goods we want to get rid of, but everything the latest style and best quality. Our Prince Albert, Juliet and Blucher Oxfords must be seen to be appreciated. Now, for example, notice the saving you make in a pair of

SHOES! * * * SHOES!

Ladies' Button Shoes ranging in prices from \$1.25 to \$5.00 former price \$2 to \$6.50
Ladies' Turned Oxfords from \$1 to \$3.85 former price \$2 to 5.00
Misses' Shoes from \$1.25 to \$2.25 former price \$2 to 3.00
Gents' Shoes from \$2.50 to \$1.50 former price \$3 to 4.00
Boys' Shoes from \$1.75 to \$5.50 former price \$2 to 7.00
Come and examine our goods before buying elsewhere.

M'DONALD, 118 N. Spring.

GERMANS AND HOOSIERS.

The Biggest Kind of a Day at Jackson Park.

Nearly 250,000 People Pass Through the Gates.

German-American Citizens Turn Out in Great Force.

Carl Schurz, the Orator of the Day—Ex-President Harrison Addresses the Germans—The Arkansians Also Celebrate.

By the Associated Press.

CHICAGO, June 15.—Today was a big day at Jackson park. First and foremost was German day. Then it was Indiana day, and last but not least it was Arkansas day. The melodious chimes of bells rang out a glad welcome to the incoming hosts of music-loving, patriotic German-Americans. Never did the white palaces look more beautiful and never did they entertain a more joyous, pleasure-loving crowd. Tens of thousands, nearly a quarter of a million of people passed through the turnstiles, and more than half of them took a hand in celebrating German day.

The day was bright and clear and a fresh breeze was blowing from the lake, tempering the sun's rays. Bands of musicians were scattered in every direction, filling the air with tuneful melodies, and the place was like a very paradise.

THE GERMAN CELEBRATION. The day's celebration started by an immense parade down town and then a march to the fair grounds. It was 3 o'clock in the afternoon when the head of the parade reached the grounds, and the crowds proceeded at once to the German government building, and speeches were made by representatives of the German government. Replies were made by German-Americans and an elaborate programme of music was carried out.

Baron Von Hollenbeck, German ambassador at Washington, responded to the greeting of the German-Americans. The address of the day was delivered by Hon. Carl Schurz of New York.

Schurz said: "This is German day in the peaceful competition of the nations on the hospitable shores of the American republic. From far and near they come here to pay tribute to the genius of the American nation. It is true we are loyal citizens of the great American republic. We are proud of it."

Whenever the new fatherland calls its sons to arms against enemies, the German born citizens are among the first to rally under the flag. German spirit and German hands have worked here truthfully, and we may well say the soil is saturated with German blood and labor. However, lively the good will of the German Americans, the fate and struggles of the old fatherland may be, sense of duty towards his new home is irritated by thoughts to mislead the republic from the sure and safe road of its traditional politics. One desire he has always had and always will have. It is a German, but not a less loyal American patriotic desire. It is a wish existing from old time between the United States and Germany, never to be disturbed by a cloud, quarrel or misunderstanding, and that our old and new fatherland may always be a beautiful example of hearty and everlasting friendship of people."

Continuing, he referred to the advance made by the German people, and in conclusion said: "For all this triumph we send our thanks to the fatherland. Thanks to the German spirit and power which created all this. Thanks to every German who participated in the work."

When the applause following Schurz's address had died away, Imperial Commissioner Westendorp stepped upon the World's Columbian Exposition, and closed with a welcome to the guests.

After music, Mayor Harrison made an address of welcome, which concluded the exercises at the German building.

The Wild West show, which is being given before the speakers' stand, and the German societies formed in line and marched to Festival hall, where President Higginbotham made an address of welcome. President Palmer made the concluding speech.

Later a calisthenic exhibition was given by 1800 boys and girls and 500 men.

HOOSIER FESTIVITIES. Over at the Indiana building visitors were present by thousands. The dedicatory exercises began early. The building was beautifully decorated with palms, foliage and cut flowers. Executive Commissioner Haven delivered the keys to President Studebaker of the Indiana board of managers, who in turn presented them to Governor Claude Matthews who received them and assigned the building to the use of the people of Indiana.

At the conclusion of Governor Matthews' speech, the crowd called for ex-President Harrison. He began by complimenting the people of Indiana for their accomplishments in the preparation of the Hoosier exhibits. He said it would be a lasting pleasure to him to think that while he was the country's chief executive the fair was made a possibility. He said he wanted to see the exposition successful, and the people from ocean to ocean should lend their presence and make the fair as successful pecuniarily as it is educationally.

and are being reduced daily. The average revenue from admissions and collections this month exceeds \$55,000 per day.

ARKANSAS FEES. At the Arkansas Planters' home, Governor Fishback of that state, who arrived this morning with his staff, received the building from President Mitchell of the state commission, and dedicated it to the use of the people of Arkansas and their friends.

SUNDAY CLOSING ARGUMENTS. The chamber of the United States court of appeals was taxed to its full capacity this morning by the crowd present to hear the arguments in the world's fair closing case. Chief Justice Fuller of the United States supreme court presided. Many ladies and clergymen were present. Commissioner St. Clair of West Virginia opened the argument for the world's fair. He was followed by Judge Hand on behalf of the government.

When the court adjourned at 5 o'clock this afternoon arguments were still being made.

PLEADED GUILTY.

Negro James Sent to San Quentin for Fourteen Years.

STOCKTON, June 15.—James, the negro who stopped two women on the road near Lodi, a short time ago, and brutally beat one of them with a stick, which the Lodi people wanted to lynch him, today pleaded guilty to a charge of assault with intent to commit robbery. He was sentenced by Judge Budd to 14 years in San Quentin, the full extent of the law. He is wanted in Oakland for the robbery of women, but there is a probability that another charge may be made against him here to double his term of imprisonment, as he assaulted two women.

ANNIE SLOANE'S SUIT.

She Asks \$10,000 Damages for Being Ejected from a Train.

RIVERSIDE, Cal., June 15.—Annie L. Sloane has begun a suit in the superior court against the Santa Fe Railway company asking \$10,000 damages. She alleges that she was ejected from a train near this city for not having a ticket. The conductor on the train from which she was ejected is charged with having taken her ticket, giving her no coupon. When she was put off the train she started to walk to town. When on a railway train a freight train overtook her, owing to her delicate condition her health she was seriously impaired.

BANDITS AT BAY.

Henry Starr and His Gang Surrounded by Officers.

FORT GIBSON, I. T., June 15.—Henry Starr, the notorious train and bank robber, is surrounded by deputy marshals from Nowata, the bandit's home. Unless the posse weakens, Starr will be taken either dead or alive. Some pursue are Cherokee Indians and if necessary they will meet Starr in the open field with Winchester. A reward of \$15,000 is the incentive to the great activity of the officers. Starr has six men, while the posse numbers 20.

Good Templars' Convention.

DES MOINES, Iowa, June 15.—At the meeting of the Good Templars' international convention today the salary of the grand worthy chief was made \$1000 per year, with fees not to exceed \$3000. The following officers were elected: Right worthy grand chief templar, Dr. D. H. Mann of New York; right worthy grand counselor, Joseph Malins of England; right worthy grand superintendent of juvenile templars, Mrs. America A. Brookbank of California; right worthy grand vice templar, Mrs. S. E. Bailey of Virginia; right worthy grand secretary, B. F. Parker of Wisconsin; right worthy grand treasurer, George B. Katzenstein of California.

All Quiet at Leech Lake.

PARK RAPIDS, Minn., June 15.—Dr. Otter of this place, who went to Leech Lake to attend a wounded Indian, returned. He reports everything quiet. Dr. Walker gave himself up to our own police and is now under their protection. Other Indians, however, have agency quarters. The police are all on guard and will allow no one to go out. Dr. Otter reports that the wounded Indian as well as could be expected, and will be unless something unforeseen happens. The Indians still threaten to murder the doctor if the wounded redskin dies.

An Old Miner's Death.

SAN BERNARDINO, June 15.—[Special.]—William Murray, an old miner who had resided near Perris, San Diego county, for some time, died suddenly this morning at 5:15 o'clock in the Perris hotel, of heart disease. He was at one time foreman in the Gold Prince mine near that town, and is well known on the Pacific coast among miners.

A Dangerous Brush Fire.

SAN BERNARDINO, June 15.—[Special.]—This afternoon a brush fire started at the corner of Tenth and F streets in this city and but for prompt action on the part of the fire department a large amount of property would have been destroyed, as the grass and brush was very dry from the excessive heat of today, the mercury reaching 100.

A Pool Match Begun.

NEW YORK, June 15.—The pool match between Alfred de Oro and P. H. Walsh began here tonight. They are to play 200 points each night for three nights, for a stake of \$500 and the Brunswick-Balke-Collender championship emblem. The result of tonight's play was Walsh 98, De Oro 206.

The world's fair will cause a rush. Order early. Full stock, good fit, moderate prices. Getz, fine tailoring, 112 West third street.

For sunburn and freckles use only Perfecta Face Cream; safe and sure. For sale by A. E. Littleboy, druggist, 311 South Spring street.

For bargains in millinery go to Thurston's, 264 South Main street, opposite Third.

WENT AGAINST WILLIAM.

Elections for Members of the Reichstag.

The Result a Triumph for the Socialists.

Parties Opposed to the Army Bill Get the Most Seats.

Great Rejoicing Among the Social Democrats—No Disturbances of Any Consequence—The Kaiser's Forces Defeated.

By the Associated Press.

BERLIN, June 15.—The elections for the reichstag were held throughout Germany today. Almost tropical weather prevailed everywhere in the country, which brought out a heavy vote in the rural districts. In Berlin there was an utter absence of excitement, the streets wearing their every-day appearance. The wealthy classes appeared apathetic as to the outcome. The expectation of the authorities of disorder among the lower classes had been ordered in readiness, lounged lazily about the barracks. Very few voters went to the polls before noon. At that hour workmen left the factories and walked in groups to the voting stations and deposited their ballots.

The Socialists displayed more activity than any of the other political groups. The women seemed as deeply interested in the success of the Social Democrats' candidate as the men of the party. A number of women were distributing electoral tickets, while others scattered leaflets in behalf of the Socialist party, broadcast.

Among the earliest voters at the Kaiserhof station were Chancellor Caprivi and Dr. von Boetticher, secretary of the imperial home office.

All the postoffice employees were given leave of absence in order that they might vote in their districts. The police took no measures to prevent rioting. However, everything passed off quietly and no disturbances occurred.

Reports from all parts indicate quiet voting. Jubilant dispatches of an enormous Socialist vote in the Rhine provinces and in the industrial centers have been received at their headquarters here. They claim the third Berlin district. At this hour the Socialists seem to have carried 90 out of 120 districts decided.

At the headquarters of the Social Democrats' executive committee telegrams after telegrams brought news of votes as they were counted.

At 6 o'clock nothing positive was known of the results, although dispatches from 120 electoral districts indicated that the Socialists had secured 90 Liberal Conservatives, Richters and other 90 among them.

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ly robbed of a vast amount of plate, money and gems. The plate had just been used in the ceremonies attendant upon the reception of the czar and had not been returned to the vaults where it was usually kept. The property and money taken amounted in value to between 2,500,000 and 3,000,000 rubles. Today all the monks belonging to the monastery were arrested, and a search of the cells occupied by them revealed the fact that they had perpetrated the robbery. Seized in the cells were found diamonds and other gems, which had been hastily torn from their settings, holy robes and missing holy vessels made of precious metals. The charge of sacrilege has been made against the monks. This is a crime that is punishable in Russia with the most severe penalty. Aside from the scandal arising from the robbery and the arrests, another cause for gossip has been given through the fact that the police, in searching the monastery for the stolen property, learned beyond dispute that a number of women have been living secretly with the monks for a considerable time.

SENTENCES QUASHED.

All the Panama Canal Convicts Set at Liberty.

PARIS, June 15.—Considerable excitement has been caused by the decision of the court of cassation on the appeal of Charles de Lesseps and other defendants convicted of fraud in connection with the Panama canal. The court handed down a decision quashing the sentences on the ground that the statute of limitations covered the offenses charged, and that the indictments on which the prisoners were tried were irregular. In consequence of the decision, M. Eiffel was at once liberated from prison. Charles de Lesseps, who is now in the St. Louis hospital suffering from acute dyspepsia, was informed that he was free, but he was too ill to leave the hospital. The following were those convicted: Ferdinand de Lesseps, his son Charles, Marins Fontane, Henri Cotin and Gustav Eiffel. Ferdinand de Lesseps was sentenced to five years imprisonment and to pay a fine.

Later—the decision of the court enforces the contention of the applicants, and aside from defective indictment declared they are entitled to liberty.

M. Fontane was also notified of the reversal of his sentence, and he was at once given liberty.

In addition to the sentence of five years' imprisonment imposed upon Charles de Lesseps, he was sentenced to a later trial to serve one year for bribing certain members of the chambers to vote for the Panama literary bond bill. This sentence has not been set aside. The statement that he was told this morning that he was at liberty was slightly erroneous. It is probable that the reversal of his sentence will be immediately remitted and De Lesseps be allowed to leave the hospital as soon as he is able.

One of the most serious criminal cases France has ever known, in which the names of men prominent in political and social life were badly tarnished, and which caused one man, Baron de Reinach, to commit suicide and two or three others to flee the country.

Frightful Atrocities.

VALPARAISO, June 15.—A correspondent in Rio Grande telegraphs that frightful atrocities are being practiced by Castilianists. Governor Castile ordered a man's throat cut because he was suspected of aiding revolutionists. The murder was committed in the presence of the wife of the victim in central Africa, so the correspondent telegraphs, exists in the state of Rio Grande do Sul. Barbarous punishments are inflicted on mere suspicion. The revolutionists are daily receiving new recruits. Many officers of the national guard have deserted the government and gone over to the rebels.

Deaths from Cholera.

PARIS, June 15.—Six deaths from cholera were reported at Cotte and three in Alsais today.

LONDON, June 15.—The latest advices from Mecca, where the cholera is raging, show that the disease has been 350 deaths from the disease during the past five days.

Ascot Races.

LONDON, June 15.—At Ascot Heath today four horses were killed by a trap. Marion won, Buncener second, Rye third, distance two and one-half miles. Orme won the Rous memorial stakes and Phocion won the St. James Palace stakes.

A Fodder Famine in France.

PARIS, June 15.—The failure of the crops in many districts, owing to intense heat, promises to cause a fodder famine during the winter and prices are rapidly rising.

Typographical Union Proceedings.

CHICAGO, June 15.—The convention of the International Typographical union, which was largely occupied today with considering means to be employed for waging a successful war against the Printers' Protective Fraternity, represented as having for its object the destruction of the union. The Childs-Drexel troubles were also taken up by President W. B. Prescott was re-elected for the third time.

Printers' Fraternity.

CHICAGO, June 15.—At today's meeting of the International Printers' Protective fraternity, J. C. Martin, Fort Worth, was elected president; Victor T. Cole, Lincoln, Neb., selected as chief organizer. Other officers were also elected, and Madison, Wis., selected as the next meeting place, June, 1894.

A Winter Fair Committee.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 15.—At the instance of the state board of trade Mayor Ellert has appointed a committee of more than 50 well known citizens of this city to arrange for a mass meeting to consider the proposition of holding a midwinter Columbian fair here.

Minister to Hawaii.

CITY OF MEXICO, June 15.—Thomas T. Crittenden, United States consul general here, has been offered the post of Minister to Hawaii. He was at first inclined not to accept the position, but he is now reconsidering the matter.

THE LONE HIGHWAYMAN.

Attempted Stage Robbery Near Jackson, Cal.

A Wells-Fargo Messenger Shot and Killed.

The Driver of the Stage and Two Horses Wounded.

The Frightened Animals Ran Away with the Vehicle and Thus the Robber Secured No Booty—Passengers Escape Unhurt.

By the Associated Press.

JACKSON, Cal., June 15.—An attempt was made to rob the mail stage on the way from Lone to Jackson about 5 o'clock this evening by a lone highwayman, at the foot of Morrow grade, about four miles from here. The stage had four passengers inside, two of them ladies, and one on the outside, besides the driver, Clint Radcliffe, and the Wells-Fargo guard, Michael Tovey, who sat on the box by the driver. The point selected for the crime was the identical spot where, some five months ago, the same guard, then walking alone, the stage, found the way barricaded by a strand of barbed wire cut from alongside the road and stretched across the roadway. On the present occasion the road was concealed behind rocks on the right side of the road. He wore no mask, except that his face was blackened.

NO WORD TO HALT.

The driver says no word to halt was given. Some of the passengers say they heard a call.

When opposite the place of concealment, without the least intimation of the bloody work about to be consummated, the discharge of a weapon was heard and Tovey instantly fell forward off his seat, dead. Radcliffe grasped him by one hand as he was falling into the roadway. The ball struck Tovey behind the right shoulder, and is supposed to have pierced his heart.

Six horses were attached to the stage and the crack of the rifle frightened them into a gallop. The robber seeing that he was likely to be foiled in his design to capture the booty, fired again. This time the ball grazed Radcliffe's back, producing a slight flesh wound. The horses still continued to run and the highwayman, now standing in the road, fired twice again at the horses, wounding one each time. The stage was swept along by the impetus of the unbridled horses for 200 or 300 yards, when the driver—hit and turned the two injured animals into a field and came on, bringing the body of the murdered messenger to Jackson, reaching here about 7 o'clock.

THE ROBBER ESCAPES.

The robber made no effort to follow the stage to the halting place. The double-barreled shotgun belonging to the messenger was kept on board, and this fact probably deterred the assassin from following up his scheme. Besides this the firing was heard by several farmers working in a hayfield nearby, and they came running to ascertain the cause. The robber escaped into the thick brush on the south side of the road, making toward Sunny creek. He is described as a short man, about five and one-half feet tall.

There was treasure on board the stage for both Amador city and Jackson. It is remembered that when the wire was strung across the road on the previous occasion there was considerable coin on board bound for Amador city to pay off the employees of a mine there.

THE MURDERED MESSENGER.

Tovey, the victim of the tragedy was a single man between 40 and 50 years of age. He had been a messenger for Wells, Fargo & Co., for 20 years. He had been wounded three times before by road agents. He was a messenger on the lone road for six years. There is much excitement over the affair. Sheriff Gregory and a posse started at once in pursuit on hearing of the tragedy.

Addressing the body it was found that Tovey was shot twice; the first shot went clear through his body, passing through the heart; another ball entered his right side below the arm pit and lodged in the back of the left shoulder, whence the ball, a 44-calibre Winchester, fell out while undressing the body.

A CLUE TO THE BANDIT.

Warden Aull Thinks Tove