

TODAY'S FORECAST.
FOR DISTRICT OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA: FAIR WEATHER, WARMER, WITH WESTERLY WINDS.

The



Herald

SIXTEEN PAGES.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.
A WELL-KNOWN CITIZEN OF LOS ANGELES KILLS HIS WIFE AND THEN COMMITS SUICIDE BY SHOOTING HIMSELF.

VOL. XL. NO. 96.

LOS ANGELES: SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 16, 1893.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

WE LEAD in Style, Quality and Price.
OUR CLOTHING is All of the Finest Makes.
WE ARE Prepared to Meet All Competition.
AND Will Offer For the Next 30 DAYS
OUR Summer Stock at Greatly Reduced Prices.

MULLEN, BLUETT & Co.
Corner Spring and First Streets.
CRYSTAL PALACE,
138, 140, 142 S. Main St.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
The combination of Gas Fixture manufacturers has gone to pieces. Prices have dropped for the time being. You should now buy your
Gas, Electric or Combination Fixtures,
At the liberal discounts we are offering at present on our entire elegant stock.

MEYBERG BROS.
BRASS AND IRON BEDSTEADS.
Our Metal Bedsteads Are the Best.
They Are Light, Airy, Cheerful and Ornamental.
Do Not Tarnish.
We Have All Grades and Patterns to Suit the Purposes and Tastes of All Buyers.
FINE BEDDING to Match the Bedsteads in Every Variety—Our Own Make.

LOS ANGELES FURNITURE COMPANY,
225-227-229 South Broadway, Opp. City Hall.

Secret
Unprecedented SUCCESS AT THE Preliminary World's Fair Exhibit.
HELD IN MECHANICS' PAVILION, SAN FRANCISCO, ENDING FEB. 18, 1893.
GRAND SILVER MEDAL FOR MOST ARTISTIC Collection of Photographs.
SILVER MEDAL FOR MOST ARTISTIC SPECIMENS OF MISCELLANEOUS PHOTOGRAPHY.
SILVER MEDAL FOR MOST ARTISTIC SPECIMENS ILLUSTRATING the Piano-type, Artio and other processes.
SILVER MEDAL FOR MOST ARTISTIC ARRANGEMENTS OF STROPPES.
"Four Medals Out of a Possible Four."
Cloudy Weather Preferred for Sitting. 220 SOUTH SPRING STREET. Opposite Los Angeles Theater & Hollenbeck.

BARKER BROS.
Successors to Bailey & Barker Bros.
Have moved into their new quarters in the **STIMSON BLOCK,** Corner of Third and Spring Sts., where they show an elegant line of Furniture, Carpets, Draperies, etc., etc.
Sole agents for the **BABY TENDER** water and jumper combined, endorsed by eminent physicians. 7-16 17

WILLIAMSON'S MUSIC STORE.
HENRY F. MILLER, BEHR BROTHERS, S. SHONINGER. MATHUSHEK, BEAUMILLER, SMITH & BARNES.
NEWMAN BROS., Air Circulating Reed Colls. NERDHAM Silver Tongued.
A FULL LINE OF MUSIC AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.
SEWING MACHINES
Standard, Rotary Shuttle, White and Other Long Shuttle Machines, Supplies, Etc.
327 SOUTH SPRING STREET. 4-13 17

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA FURNITURE CO.
T. BILLINGTON, Proprietor,
326, 328, 330 S. Main St., LOS ANGELES, CAL.

CHAS. VICTOR HALL TRACT OF ADAMS ST.
Large lots with lots for sale in the Southwest, avenue 80 feet wide, lined with Palms, Monterey Pines, Gracillias, Peppers, the New Gum of Alaska and Macgallias, etc., which will give a park-like effect to six miles of streets. Lots are 50x150 to 14 foot. \$200 FOR INSIDE LOTS. \$10 per month till one-half is paid or one-third cash and balance in five years, or if you would you can have five years time. Get one while you can. Apply to Office, 223 West First street. 7-14 6m

THE KAISER'S ARMY BILL.

It Has Finally Passed the Reichstag.
Wherefore William Is Highly Exultant.
Bitter Speeches by the Opposition Preceding Its Passage.
Captiv to Be Made a Prince in Recognition of His Services—The Emperor OR on a Cruise to a Danish Island.

By the Associated Press.
BERLIN, July 15.—The army bill passed the reichstag this afternoon by a majority of 16 votes, standing 201 for to 185 against.
After the bill was finally adopted the reichstag was declared closed.
BITTER OPPOSITION.
Soon after the bill was put on its final passage, and after the speaking commenced, it became certain that the leaders of the opposition of the government meant business, and did not intend to let the measure be adopted in a perfunctory manner. Speaker after speaker paid less attention to attacking or supporting the bill than to railing at his political opponents. The chancellor, who is suffering severely from inflamed veins in the legs, listened to the discussion for an hour and a half, and then disappeared from the house. It was learned subsequently that he left the house to see the emperor.

THE KAISER'S IMPATIENCE.
The kaiser had become impatient and driven up to the minister's private residence entrance, through which he entered the parliamentary building. It is understood his majesty urged the chancellor to have the bill passed through the house at once, as he desired to start tonight for Kiel, from which place he intends to go to Bornholm, an island belonging to Denmark. The chancellor returned to the house and spoke privately to Herr von Levetzow, the president, and several members, with a view to expediting the close of the discussion. The stream of talk was still steadily flowing on, with no sign of a check. The emperor, impatiently turning outside, called for Freiherr von Stamm-Hilborg, who went to his majesty and reported progress. Probably finding he could get nothing but indefinite statements from the speaker, the emperor left the house.

THE GOVERNMENT EXULTS.
The opposition organs contend this evening that a majority of 16 in favor of the bill is not large enough to cause the government to exult, especially as it was won by the chancellor giving pledges to the Agrarians and Anti-Semites that will certainly give him trouble to fulfill, but the government, with reason, does exult, while its opponents fail to conceal their chagrin. Their vexation and disappointment was plainly manifested throughout today's hostile speeches. The emperor is delighted at the passage of the bill, and rumor has it he will confer upon Chancellor von Caprivi the dignity of prince.

CLOSING OF THE SESSION.
If the debate today had been short and decorous as expected in official circles, the emperor might have appeared in the house to close the session. Instead of closing the house in person; however, he gave that task to the chancellor, who read the imperial order immediately after the passage of the bill. He also read a speech from his majesty, saying the federated governments were highly satisfied with the result of the deliberations and had firm confidence that the reichstag would grant the sacrifices recognized as necessary. Even this, the speech continued, had not changed the firm convictions of the federated governments that the proposed increase of the army does not go beyond the absolute requirements.

AFTER READING the speech, the chancellor added: "It is a special pleasure to be charged to give you the emperor's thanks."
CHIEFS OF THE KAISER.
President Von Levetzow then called for three cheers for the emperor and they were given with enthusiasm by all the groups, except the Socialists, who left the house before the chancellor had finished.
The initial expenditures arising from the operations of the new military law will be covered by a loan of 48,000,000 marks. This loan is approved by the budget committee.
EASTERN AFFAIRS CAUSE UNEASINESS.
Eastern affairs are again exciting anxiety in the German foreign office. Reports from St. Petersburg state that a Russian squadron is going to Toulon and then to the Levant, when the French fleet already there will be reinforced. The khedive of Egypt, on a visit to the sultan of Turkey, will urge the latter to use his sovereign rights to send a contingent of Turkish troops to Cairo. The members of the diplomatic circle here blame the English policy in Egypt which permits the khedive to openly operate against England.

AN ANTI-SEMITIC BOOK.
The Anti-Semite publisher, Hoepfner, is about to issue a book entitled Die Judische Welterschaft und das Reuter Bureau, tracing the career of the Reuter Telegraph company and its connection with the Wolf News bureau, with a view to prove that these two news gathering concerns are linked together with the object of furthering the Jewish aim to control the world. The author of the book argues that the Reuter office of the Reuter Telegraph company is a source of danger to Germany and ought to be closed by the government.
For bargains in millinery go to Thurston's, 264 South Main street, opposite Third.

NAVAJO TROUBLE.

A Serious Outbreak Averted by the Arrival of Troops.
ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., July 15.—What threatened to be serious trouble among the Navajos, appears to be nipped in the bud by the prompt arrival of troops from Fort Wingate last night, at Houck's tank, Ariz. It appears that two Atlantic and Pacific railroad detectives shot a Navajo Indian who resisted arrest on the charge of throwing a switch. The detectives were surrounded by a band of angry Navajos and sought refuge in the store of J. W. Bennett, at Houck's tank. Bennett volunteered to take a message from the store to the railroad telegraph office, asking aid from the railroad company, and was shot in the head while attempting to do so. The Indians held the detectives prisoner within the store until the arrival of the troops on a special train.

THE BAPTIST YOUNG PEOPLE.
INDIANAPOLIS, July 15.—The Baptist young people's convention continued today, with sweltering hot weather. The forenoon session was devoted to reports of committees on miscellaneous business. The afternoon opened with a great praise service, followed by a symposium on the subject of Our Lesser Federations, and a number of interesting papers. At 4 p. m. state rallies were held in nearly all the churches in the city. This evening four mass meetings, known as meetings of the colors, were held in the city churches. On Sunday all the city pulpits will be filled by visitors.

THE CHOCTAW TROUBLE.

CHIEF JONES RAULS ROKE SMITH OVER THE COALS.
Federal Interference in Tribal Affairs Indignantly Resented—Execution of the Nine Indians, However, Suspended.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Secretary Hoke Smith of the interior department today received a letter from Chief Jones of the Choctaw nation, in which he pointedly expresses his views as to the interference of the government in the execution of nine Indians sentenced to be shot. He says: "There is no law or constitutional provision authorizing the principal chief of the Choctaw nation to commute or stay the sentence of any one convicted of murder or sentenced to death under the laws of the nation. However, as the result of your letter and a conference with Colonel Fasson, Indian inspector, I have conferred with the officials of the nation, and we advise and petition to have the execution of the aforesaid parties stayed by the judge of the court in which they were sentenced. This course will leave a very grave question open, and will afford the convicted parties an opportunity to escape the merited punishment meted out to them. It must not be thought for a moment that we concede and admit the right of your department to obstruct the administration of justice and the enforcement of our laws. I suppose statements were made to your department that the trial and conviction of the aforesaid parties was in accordance with the law, and not in accordance with the law. Without the attention of the authorities of the Choctaw nation being called to such statements, to afford them the opportunity to refute the calumnies, an indictment was returned, and a command was conveyed to me directing a stay of sentence pending an investigation by your department. All these parties were regularly and duly indicted by the grand jury; tried by a jury; ably represented by counsel, and convicted in accordance with the law. Notwithstanding the self-government guaranteed us by the law, the United States has three times in succession interfered with and obstructed the administration and execution of the laws of the Choctaw nation, and has endeavored to foster amicable and friendly relations with the United States, and to ascertain where the line will be drawn when the United States will cease to interfere with the execution and administration of our laws as we can govern ourselves intelligently and feel assured of the effective and moral support of the United States. I concluded to request the judge of the aforesaid court to stay the execution of the sentence until August 4th, so that the fullest investigation could be made by you."

STORMS WEEP NEBRASKA.
OMAHA, Neb., July 15.—Nebraska was swept tonight by a severe gale, accompanied by sheets of rain. At Lincoln the water fell in sheets and the sewers were soon choked. Some damage was done by the flooding of stores and cellars. At Kearney two business blocks were unroofed and many windows broken. No loss of life. The damage is estimated at \$30,000. Other points report smaller losses.
FIRE IN NAPHTHA WORKS.
CLEVELAND, O., July 15.—Fire broke out in the naphtha works of the Standard Oil company about noon and for a while burned fiercely. The heat was so intense that the firemen could not get near enough to do effective work. It was feared several big tanks of oil in the vicinity would be fired. The fire was finally brought under control, however, without spreading. The loss is not large.

A Tornado in Ohio.
CINCINNATI, O., July 15.—A Commercial Gazette special just received from Lima, O., says: Word has just reached here that a tornado passed through Leipsic this afternoon. It destroyed the Catholic church, unroofed many dwellings, and demolished a large warehouse west of the Nickel Plate junction. Loss, \$30,000. So far as is learned no one was injured.
HABES CORPUS PROCEEDINGS.
DUNCAN, Ia., July 15.—Bauer, one of the Garza revolutionists in prison here, has entered habeas corpus proceedings against the warden, alleging that his sentence is void because it provided for his imprisonment outside the district where he was sentenced.

THE INTERESTS OF SILVER.

Friends of the White Metal Meet in Nevada.
Speeches by Hon. F. G. Newlands and Others.
Resolutions on the Subject in Hand Adopted.
An Appeal to the People of the South and East to Stand by the West for an American System of Money.

By the Associated Press.
RENO, Nev., July 15.—A mass meeting in the interests of silver was held here tonight. Vigorous speeches were made by Hon. F. G. Newlands, Nevada's congressman, and others and resolutions adopted amid great enthusiasm, which, after giving a lengthy review of the financial situation for a number of years past, declare:
"Less than \$100,000,000 in gold has gone out of the country within the past six months, and behold the failures, insolvencies and monetary stringency. If the destruction of \$300,000,000 of greenbacks in the years following '73 and '74; if the withdrawal of less than one-fifth of the money of this country by our English creditors in '91 and '93 would produce such disaster, what will be the effect when one-half of the world's money is destroyed? If the withdrawal of less than one hundred millions of gold has so seriously affected the values of stocks, bonds, wheat, cotton and all the products and commodities in this country, how will the destruction of the money sum of four thousand millions of silver affect the value of products and commodities with which the debtor nations, and we as individuals, pay their debts? If we thus place ourselves within the control of the English gold trust and subject ourselves to its bounty for all the money we use; if we bid ourselves to respond to their calls for gold, when caprice or disaster, or some one of the numerous English dependencies induces England to call for her gold, what will our condition be then? Remember that England owns the accumulated gold of the world and has loaned it out to other nations upon gold bearing bonds. We can get no gold except from England, and we will have it substantially on call. Is the position of the debtor owing money on call, ever a pleasant one? We disclaim any intention of appealing to any inherited prejudices against England or her policy. England knows her own interest and sustains it by legislation. America apparently does not know her own interest, or if she does, fails to sustain it.
"We call the attention of the eastern money centers to the fact that they themselves are interested in the industrial aspect of this question. The east has more money invested in the mining regions of the western people have. Do the owners of the Northern Pacific, the Central Pacific, the Atchafon, Topeka and Santa Fe, the Denver and Rio Grande, the Colorado Midland, the Union Pacific, the Oregon Short Line and the Great Northern realize that silencing the silver industry is tantamount to every industry in the six states and three territories upon which they rely for business? Do they realize the vast amount of eastern capital that will be destroyed by the destruction of silver mining and the industries allied to it? What coal and from mines are to Pennsylvania; what the manufacture of textile fabrics is to Massachusetts; what the raising of cotton means to the south; what the raising of wheat means to the fertile valleys of the Mississippi, silver mining means to the six states and three territories constituting one-third of the area of the union.
"We appeal to the people of the east and south not to yield to the scare which has been created designedly by the gold trust, with a view to stampeding the friends of silver. We appeal to them to insist upon legislation which will free this nation from financial dependence upon England; which will secure legislation creating a financial system of its own that will bring harmony with it to the debtor nations and make the United States the money center of the world."

HAWAIIAN HAPPENINGS.

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Success of the Expedition Against the Rebellious Leper—Conspirators Walker and Sinclair Held for Trial.

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The leper and Archbishop Steiner have been held for trial before the supreme court on the charge of conspiracy. E. C. Crick, also arrested on the same charge, was discharged for lack of evidence.
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President Dole says if the United States refuses to take Hawaii, the national government will turn to England.

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Deaths from Heat in Chicago.

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The world's fair will close a rush. Order early. Full stock, good fit, moderate prices. Gets, fine tailoring, 112 West Third street.
For sunburn and freckles use only Perfecta Face Cream; safe and sure. For sale by A. E. Littleboy, druggist, 311 South Spring street.

A RUSSIAN NAVAL STATION.

The Establishment of One at New York Not Thought Improbable.
WASHINGTON, July 15.—No official information has been received by this government of the intention of Russia to establish a naval station on our eastern coast with headquarters at New York, but it is not doubted that such is the case. It is not believed the establishment of a Russian naval station on our coast is of any warlike import, but merely part of a general scheme of having convenient stations in different parts of the globe. The story was denied by the Russian consul-general, Clarovsky, at New York today.

Commander Lyons Mildly Censured.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Secretary Herbert today approved the findings of the court of inquiry in the case of Commander T. A. Lyons. The court was appointed to enquire into the circumstances of the running down of the Norwegian bark Speranza by the Monongahela in the harbor of Funchal, Madeira, on January last. The court found Commander Lyons at fault in maneuvering the vessel, but in view of certain mitigating circumstances recommended that no further action be taken.

Ordered to Alexandria.
VALETTA, Malta, July 15.—The British battleship Indefatigable has been ordered to proceed at once to Alexandria, Egypt. The reason for the hurried order is not definitely known, but it is broken out that it is owing to disturbances rumored at Alexandria.

THE COLUMBIAN HANDICAP.

The Greatest Race Ever Run in the West.
The World's Record Equaled by the Winner.
Rudolph Won the Money, Yo Tambien the Glory.

By the Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, Chicago, July 15.—Rudolph won the money and Yo Tambien the glory in today's Columbus handicap, conceding 17 pounds to the winner. It was the greatest race ever run in the west. Yo Tambien was a half length behind at the finish and a length behind came another western horse, Ray S., who was half a length in front of Loudon, Illinois fifth. Then followed the eastern horses, Diablo and Lamplighter. Michael came next and then Morello, carrying the public's money and an injured jockey, as well as limping from his own hurts as the result of stumbling in a false start. It is a matter of surmise what figure the great Futurity winner might have cut but for the accident. The world's record for a mile and three-sixteenths was equaled by Rudolph.
First-class fields started in every race which accounts for the good time made. The attendance was about 18,000. The track was probably a second slow.
The Columbus handicap, one and three-sixteenth miles, for 3-year-olds and upwards, was worth \$25,000 to the winner, \$5000 to second and \$2000 to third.

BRIGHTON BEACH RACES.

BRIGHTON BEACH, July 15.—Seven furlongs—Barefoot won, Wyoming second, Emblem third; time, 1:31.
Five furlongs—Ed Kearney won, Queen Bees second, Aesop third; time, 1:04.
Six furlongs—Major Daly won, Tom Tough second, Eclipse third; time, 1:15.
Seven furlongs—Bairbrigg won, Belwood second, Lizzie McDuff third; time, 1:30.
Six furlongs—Eagle Bird won, Remorse second, Alcanda third; time, 1:17.
One mile and a quarter over five furlongs—St. John won, The Duffer second, Rockaway third; time, 2:23.
AT MONMOUTH PARK.
MONMOUTH PARK, N. J., July 15.—Five and one-half furlongs—Bandit won, Roland Reed second, Walsey third; time, 1:08.
One mile and a sixteenth—Prince George won, American second, Lifeboat third; time, 1:40.
Three-fourths of a mile—Doolittle won, Beldemere second, Mic Mac Queen third; time, 1:02.
One mile and a quarter—Candelabra won, Mars second, Picknicker third; time, 2:08.
Six furlongs—Hamme won, Cactus second, Artillery third; time, 1:15.
Seven furlongs—Sport won, Midnight second, Accident third; time, 1:26.

CENTRAL PASSENGER RATES.

The Monon's Cut Has Knocked the Bottom Out of Them.
CHICAGO, July 15.—The action of the Monon railroad yesterday in putting in rates a little over a cent a mile for the round trip from Louisville and Indianapolis practically knocked the bottom out of rates all over the Central Traffic association territory. It is more than probable that a 1-cent basis will be adopted, and they may go even lower, but it is doubtful. From present indications there is no way in which the demoralization of rates throughout the territory can be avoided.
An Alleged Cholera Patient.
PHILADELPHIA, July 15.—It was reported at the health office today that a member of the crew of the steamer Allegheny from Ceto, France, which was detained at the breakwater federal quarantine yesterday, was suffering from a disorder which showed symptoms of cholera. The physicians who examined the man pronounced the case suspicious and ordered the patient isolated until it was positively determined by them whether or not the man was a cholera patient. The steamer will be detained until the marine hospital physicians are on duty.
A Bicycle Record Broken.
ORANGE, N. J., July 15.—The record for the 100-mile bicycle road race was reduced more than an hour at the run from this place to Princeton and return today. J. W. Lineman of the Press bicycle club at Buffalo (scratch) did the 100 miles in 5 hours, 48 minutes and 35 seconds. There were 112 starters.
Better Feeling at Bangkok.
BANGKOK, July 15.—The French gun boat Forfait arrived at the bar at the mouth of the Menam river tonight. She saluted the British cruiser Falgas which was lying off the bar, and the salute was returned by the British war ship. Better feeling now prevails in the city.

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