Republican administration. It was now attempted to refer such a resolution to the committee on finance and it was claim that the interest of the Democratic party would be best subserved by its remaining there. The resolution was adopted.

The repeal bill was taken up. Hoar read an editorial from the Peoria, Ill., Journal, relative to the controversy as to the part taken by Ernest Seyd of England in the legislation of 1873. The Journal printed what purported to be a quotation from Hooper's speech in the house to contradict a letter of Seyd's son. In this quotation the words, referring to Seyd, "who is now here," are attributed to Hooper. Hoar had that part of Hooper's speech read from the Congressional Record in which the words "who is now here" did not appear. "These words," said Hoar, "are a deliberate, audacious, unscrupulous, infamous forgery."

Cullom of Illinois said he knew the editor of the Peoria Journal, Mr. Barnes, and while he was astonished at the misquotation, he was sure Barnes was not personally responsible for the forgery in the sense of having committed or been cognizant of it.

Teller also knew Barnes and felt sure he would be guilty of no improper conduct in connection with the statement.

The debate continued more than an hour, then Peffer addressd the senate. He read the president's letter to Governor Northen of Georgia and said that it did not dissipate the confusion in the public mind as to the president's real opinion on monetary questions. He might be a monometalist; he might be a bimetallist, but there was nothing to show in the letter what kind of a metallist he was.

"Whenever the administration is represented by friends upon the floor," declared Peffer, "ready to accept the pending amendment or some other amendment which will bring about the restoration of the law of 1837, they can pass the repeal bill in 25 minutes."

At 5:10 Harris moved an executive session, after which the senate adjourned.

EXCITED STATESMEN.

The Lie Passed Between Members of the House.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The lie passed at the opening of the session of the house this morning between Morse of Massachusetts and Fithian of Illinois. Morse attempted to justify his course in filibustering yesterday and charged Fithian with being solely responsible for the refusal of the house to permit him to print in the Record newspaper extracts attacking Pension Commissioner Lochren. Fithian, replying, said Morse had endeavored to induce him (Fithian) to withdraw his objection to the printing, by coming to him and intimating that he (Morse) would, as a member of the committee on buildings and grounds, help Fithian to get through any public building bill in which he might be interested.

"That's absolutely false," shouted Morse, striding menacingly toward Fithian.

"If the gentleman from Massachusetts denies the statement, I have proof that will satisfy any member of the house. My colleague Goldsier heard the conversation," retorted Fithian.

Morse backed against the rails and replied meekly: "What the gentleman says has the color of truth" [laughter], but the construction he placed on it is unqualifiedly false."

"If the gentleman denies my statement," yelled Fithian, shaking his fist angrily at Morse, "he will be fully lying himself."

The house was then in an uproar. The speaker pounded vigorously for order, declaring both out of order. This closed the incident.

The debate on the bill to repeal the federal election laws was resumed.

Gen. John C. Black, of Illinois, ex-commissioner of pensions, spoke in support of the bill—his maiden speech in the house. He was accorded the closest attention. He said he would not discuss the question from a constitutional point of view, but would try to show his reasons for favoring repeal. These laws were enacted in 1865. The most that could be said for them was that they were designed to operate under circumstances which no longer existed. It was following a fierce demoralizing struggle; the system was the child of force, hatred and dread of men long arrayed on sectional lines against each other. If ever efficient, their time was gone. The thing needed now is the elevation of the franchise. If men are not fit to exercise this right, they should be deprived of the privilege. He did not mean ignorance of books, but of the genius of American institutions. Corrupt, venal voters constitute a danger to the country. The election laws do not meet and were not designed to meet this condition. Their purpose was to protect and elevate an unfortunate race by supporting them with the strong arm of the government. They appealed to force, not reason, and intensified the race issue. He would vote any amount of tax money and any force to uphold the dignity of the government and the rights of its citizens, but these laws did neither.

Johnson, of North Dakota, arraigned the Democratic party in a most bitter manner.

Breckenridge, the silver-tongued Kentucky orator followed. He hurled defiance at the Indianian. "If the gentleman is a fair type," he said, "of the people of his district, then they cannot be criticised for sending here a man who denounces as infamous the majority of the people of this country. I have a profound pity for a man who could make such a speech, who does not believe his countrymen can be trusted. With this I dismiss him from my mind and from my speech."

"There are other things," shouted Johnson, "which the gentleman from Kentucky, would like to dismiss."

At this direct allusion to the famous Pollard-Breckinridge breach of promise suit, some Republicans laughed, but their laughter was drowned by a storm of Democratic hisses. "Such a remark," replied Breckinridge bitterly, "only shows that the gentleman has no sense of the propriety and decency of public life."

Breckinridge's speech was devoted largely to the constitutional phase of the question.

At the conclusion of Breckinridge's speech the house adjourned.

TALK OF COMPROMISE.

Senators Again Indulge in the Vain Delusions of Hope.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—There was more talk of a silver compromise about the senate today, than was heard for a week. A prominent Republican senator was engaged the greater part of the day in trying to get the senators to agree to a proposition for the purchase and coinage of $3,000,000 silver per month for the next three years, but met with many obstacles. The especial supporters of the president asserted that he would accept no amendment whatever, and the silver senators made objection that to place a limit on the purchase at a time within Cleveland's administration would be simply to postpone the blow, and it might almost as well fall now. Senator Faulkner was also engaged in canvassing his proposition, but with no better result than in the case of the Republican senator. Nothing was accomplished in any direction but the events of yesterday and today caused many more senators than usual to assert today that a compromise was the only way out of the present entanglement.

SILVER MEN ELATED.

A Whole Day in the Senate to Be Devoted to Executive Business.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—In executive session this evening, after some debate, Voorhees reluctantly agreed to devote all of next Thursday to the executive session, at which appointments in opposition to the home rule plank of the Democratic platform, against which there have been such strenuous objections, will be considered. This agreement pleases the silver men immensely, as they regard it as another point gained by them. If a quorum is present Thursday, it is probable these appointments will be favorably acted upon by a strictly party vote.

Tin Plate Statistics.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The report of the special agent on the production of tin and terne plates for the quarter ended June 30th, shows an aggregate output of 41,866,042 pounds, of which slightly more than 49 per cent was from American block plate. The manufacture during the fiscal year 1891 aggregated 13,640,719 pounds of which 9,296,533 was from American plate. During the fiscal year 1893, there were 89,919,202 pounds manufactured of which 43,599,724 was from American plate. The report on imports and exports of plates indicates that the entire consumption of the United States during the fiscal year 1893, was 720,000,000 pounds, of which more than 15 per cent was of American manufacture.

A New Mail Service.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The postoffice department has accepted the offer of the North American Navigation company to carry the mails for Mexico and Central America. The new arrangement is not a contract, but the designation of the company as the official mail carrier under the general laws. According to the offer, the steamers will carry the mails once in 20 days to those ports at which they are compelled to stop by the provisions of the company's contract with the Central American states, leaving the postmaster-general to fix the compensation.

A TERRIBLE PANIC.

Many Persons Trampled to Death in a Jewish Church in Poland.

WARSAW, Sept. 28.—A false alarm of fire was given today in a synagogue at Kalwarya, near Suwalki. The building was crowded with men and women at worship. After a struggle of 10 minutes, as no fire appeared, they became calmer. Nine dead bodies were found near the exit, and 20 persons lay unconscious and bleeding where they had been trampled. Fully 100 persons were injured in the rush. Fifteen are likely to die.

A BIKE RECORD BROKEN.

Tyler Rides Two Miles in 4:15 3-4, Thus Beating Ostend.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Sept. 28.—Harry Tyler today broke the world's record for two miles, riding the distance nine seconds faster than did Ostend, the English rider, who made the world's record last month in England. Tyler finished the distance in 4:15¾.

The San Jose Races.

SAN JOSE, Sept. 28.—There was a large attendance at the races this afternoon.

Unfinished 2:16 trot, purse $1000, best 3 in 5:

Edenis	1	1	2	2	1
Rinconoda	2	2	1	1	Dis

Time, 2:15, 2:15½, 2:17, 1:13½.

Trotting, purse $1000, 2:20 class:

Challenge Chief	2	1	1	1
Franklin	1	3	3	4
Mary Lou	3	2	2	2
Chancellor	4	4	4	4

Time, 2:19½, 2:16, 4:19, 2:18¼.

Pacing, purse $1000, 2:25 class, unfinished:

Fallacy	2	2	1	1
Adelaide Simmons	1	1	4	4
Prince Daniel	3	3	2	3
Woodene	4	4	3	2
Lady Clare	Distanced.			

Time, 2:17¼, 2:19¼, 2:22, 2:20¼.

Pacing, purse $1000:

Rosita	1	1	1
Ashton	2	2	3
Gypsy	3	4	2
Eric	4	3	4

Time, 2:16¼, 2:17½, 2:17½.

Racing at Fresno.

FRESNO, Sept. 28.—Weather fair; track good; attendance large.

Running, all ages, three-quarter mile dash—Patricia won, Royal Flush second, Trixy third; time, 1:16.

Athadon stakes, 3-year-old trot, mile heats, two in three—Maud Fox won the two heats, Hazel Ayres second; best time, 2:48½.

The 2:27 class trot, mile heats, two in three—Bay Wilkes won in two straight heats, Flora S. second, King Ora third; best time, 2:19.

Captain Al stakes, mile and a quarter dash—Moro won, Huguenot second; time, 1:10¼.

Special race, running, free for all, five-eighths mile dash—Red Rose won, Dick O'Mally second, Trixy third; time, 1:02½.

"Little Jack" in Oakland.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 28. — "Little Jack" McGrury, who is connected with the Gilmour murder case, arrived from Los Angeles this morning and is stopping in Oakland. He was brought up as a witness for Dr. West, who is accused of the murder of Addie Gilmour. McGrury is not in custody. He admits that he was intimate with Miss Gilmour, but did not know he was responsible for her condition.

Sorenson Is Not the Culprit.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 28.—The police are satified that Azel Sorenson, the sailor who was arrested in Stockton last night on suspicion that he was implicated in Saturday night's fatal dynamite explosion, had nothing to do with that affair. Sorenson was brought here this morning. He denies that the valise bearing his name, which was found filled with dynamite, belongs to him.

Will Eschew Politics.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 28.—The International Cigar Makers union in convention here today voted against taking political action as a union. A resolution was introduced early in the week which favored the formation of a third party, and some delegates were anxious for the union to sanction weekly meetings with other crafts for the purpose of furthering their interests politically.

MARCUS DALY'S GREAT HORSE.

Tammany Beats Lamplighter with Ease.

Nancy Hanks Again Fails to Lower Her Record.

Flying Jib Paces a Wonderful Second Heat—May Marshall Breaks a Pacing Record — Other Turf Events.

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—Over 12,000 people went to Guttenberg today to see the match race between Tammany and Lamplighter, the greatest 3-year-old racers of the year, for a purse of $5000 and a side bet of $2500. The horses were in the best of form and the track as fast as any in America. Lamplighter was ridden by Taral and Tammany by Garrison.

Lamplighter led by a length and a half all the way until the turn of the oval, less than half a mile from home, was reached. There Garrison moved Tammany up until his head was at Lamplighter's tail. Taral did not urge his colt until the stretch was entered and he saw Garrison after him in dead earnest, swinging around the wide turn, Garrison leaned over his colt's neck and Tammany began to move faster. Within 10 lengths Tammany was head and head with his rival. Faral used whip and spur but it was no use. Garrison also cut Tammany ruthlessly though there was no occasion to do so. Marcus Daly's great colt easily went to the front and finished three lengths ahead of Lamplighter. Enthusiasm was not so great as it would have been had Lamplighter won, but Garrison was carried to the jockey's room in a floral horse shoe by his admirers. Tammany clearly proved his superiority over Lamplighter in the race. Fractional time: Eighth, 12¼; quarter, 24½; three-eighths, 37; half, 49½; five-eighths, 1:02; three-quarters, 1:14¾; seven-eighths, 1:27¾; mile, 1:40¾; eighth, 1:53; quarter, 2:06½.

EASTERN TURF EVENTS.

Yesterday's Races at Gravesend, Latonia and St. Louis.

GRAVESEND, Sept. 28.—Closing day. Track fair.

Five and one-half furlongs—Stone Nell won, Pedestrian second, Iddesleigh third; time, 1:08¼.

Five furlongs—Factotum won, Pirate Chief second, Torchbearer third; time, 1:03¼.

Mile—Raceland won, Clio Colt second, Now or Never third; time, 1:42½.

Mile and a quarter—Sir Walter first, Ramapo second, Glenoune third; time, 2:11¼.

Five furlongs—St. Pat won, Armitage second, Economist third; time, 1:02½.

Six furlongs—Wah Jim won, Chesapeak second, Tigress third; time, 1:16¼.

LATONIA, Sept. 28.—Track fair.

Seven furlongs—Cora Taylor won, Fay S. second, Vida third; time, 1:28.

Mile and 50 yards—Bonnie Lassie won, Emma Mc. second, Governess third; time, 1:44½.

Free handicap sweepstakes, mile—Santa Ana won, La Colonia second, The Reaper third; time, 1:41.

Latonia autumn prize handicap, mile and a furlong—Aldebaron won, Elizabeth second, Semper Lee third; time, 1:55.

Free handicap sweepstakes, six furlongs—Buckwa won, Pirate King second, Delmar third; time, 1:15½.

Seven furlongs—Emma Primrose won, Flower de Lis second, Golden Hope third; time, 1:28¾.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 28.—Track good.

Six furlongs—Belshazzar won, Little Crete second, Prettiwit third; time, 1:17¼.

Five furlongs—Lela May won, Queen Mab second, Mrs. Morgan third; time, 1:03¼.

Festivities stake, mile and a furlong—Elory won, Oxford second, Service third; time, 1:55¼.

Six furlongs—Bansack won, My Partner second, Expense third; time, 1:16½.

Mile — Knickerbocker won, Francis Pope second, Belford third; time, 1:44¾.

SPEEDING AT TERRE HAUTE.

Nancy Hanks Goes Against Her Record. May Marshall's Feat.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Sept. 28.—Nancy Hanks failed today to lower her record. In the warming up heat, with Charley Doble driving, the mare did not seem to be at her best. When she came out with Budd Doble holding the ribbons it was seen he was not fit to drive. His physician had advised against his making the effort but he was anxious to make another mark for the queen of trotters. In the first trial he took the word with the runner Artist to urge on the mare. The first quarter was done in 31 seconds, the half in 1:03, the third quarter in 1:34 and the mile in 2:06¼.

In the stretch the mare missed the magic touch and cheering voice and faltered. Doble was very feeble and was steadied on the sulky while the mare was being driven to the stable.

In the 2:20 pace the six fastest heats ever done in harness were paced. May Marshall broke the record for mares, so long held by Vinette, and Old Brown Hat now has four of his get with a mark of 2:09 or better.

Summary of the races: The 2:20 pace—Hal Bradent won, May Marshall second, Rocker third; time 2:01½.

Class 2:19 trot—Harrietta won, Lees Pilot second, Florida third; time 2:13¼.

Free for all pace, stakes $2000—Manager won, Roy Wilkes second, time 2:08¾.

SPEEDY FLYING JIB.

The World's Pacing Wonder Wins New Laurels.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 28.—A special to the Republic from Sedalia, Mo., says: Ten thousand people today saw the pacing wonder, Flying Jib, break the world's record for a second heat, which he covered with ease in 2:04¾. He reached the quarter in 33 seconds, the half in 1:01½, the three-quarters in 1:33 and the mile, as game as a pebble, in 2:04¾.

Tomorrow Directum will attempt to beat the record for trotters. The track is in good condition.

Astor's Yacht Grounded.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—The Nourmahal, John Jacob Astor's private yacht, struck the New Hamburg brig last night stoving a hole in her starboard side. Her pumps were set in motion and the vessel run aground. The bow is firmly set in the mud so it will be a difficult operation to lift her off.

THE UNEMPLOYED.

How to Solve the Tramp Question and Employ the Worthy.

EDITORS HERALD:—Your recent editorial regarding the laboring man as contradistinguished from the "professional tramp," is prima facie evidence of your appreciation of the true laboring man, and therefore the basis of my presumption in offering for publication in the valued columns of the HERALD the following, viz: At all times there are thousands of unemployed laboring men scattered throughout this country, and during periods of general business depression this army of non-producing consumers acquire vast and alarming proportions.

It is safe to assume, however, that the great majority of such men are honest, capable and willing toilers, and it is equally fair to assert that not an inconsiderable per cent of the same are chronic or professional tramps and criminals.

Notwithstanding, when canvassing the country in pursuit of employment, whether in fact or only ostensibly, these people are treated on an equality, and not infrequently the innocent is suspected and incarcerated as a criminal; the tendency of which is to add recruits to the actual criminal list.

These momentous considerations, the financial loss to the country resulting from the enforced idleness of the former class, and the appalling but inevitable deprivation and suffering on their part and that of their dependents; the criminal acts and its consequences of the latter class present a condition of public concern not second in importance to other questions which are, and for many years have been, prominent in our national legislative halls.

When there was plenty of public land subject to entry it absorbed a great portion of the willing and ambitious laboring men of the country, but, by a lavish, if not to say criminal process of legislation, this grand inheritance is denied the present and future generations.

We have, however, a vast area of desert land susceptible not only to reclamation, but capable, under proper and possible manifestations, of being among the most productive and profitable in the nation.

Let congress create a permanent bureau of internal improvements, the duties of which shall be to direct the reclamation of said land, construct, improve and keep in repair levees, highways and public parks.

To employ, in the prosecution of such work, every laboring man who makes application for work.

Board and lodging should be provided all men thus employed, and only nominal wages in addition thereto.

The object, so far as it relates to laboring men, should be to provide an opportunity for self-support on the part of such, and only such, as cannot find work elsewhere; and hence the wages should be so low as to not attract men from other fields of employment.

Then, when labor is in special demand, for instance, for harvesting, fruit and hop picking, etc., etc., those needing such could, by making application to said bureau, readily obtain them on short notice.

Such a system would also mark the line between the willing laboring man and the chronic tramp.

The law should also provide that, after the establishment of this enterprise, all men found "tramping" should be deemed criminals, and incarcerated at hard labor.

The operation of this system would not only provide employment for the otherwise unemployed labor of the country, and the inestimable comfort resulting therefrom, the curtailing of the criminal list, the prevention of crime, and the sure punishment of this class of criminals, but would add to the material prosperity of the country as a whole by saving millions of dollars in property now annually destroyed as a result of the present condition of our levees, and provide desirable and profitable homes for millions of our citizens by the reclamation of the desert lands.

It would be a question of only a few years when the taxes accruing to the general government from property thus saved, and that reclaimed, would more than equal the cost of establishing and maintaining such an enterprise.

The time for its inauguration can be no more opportune than now.

The number of unemployed men is perhaps unprecedented in the history of this country and the approach of winter near at hand, and unless provision be made for their self-support they will necessarily become a public charge.

The necessary material for use in the work was never cheaper than now and provisions for boarding the men are also remarkably cheap. Winter is the best time for operating on the desert.

Congress is now in session and if it acts promptly much suffering and crime would be averted. W. A. VARCOE.

209 North Grand avenue.

National League Baseball.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 28.—Four wild throws gave Pittsburg the game: Pittsburg, 7; New York, 4.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 28.—The Clevelands pulled hard in the ninth. Cleveland, 11; Philadelphia, 10.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 28.—The Orioles took the first game of the series from the Colonels. Louisville, 1; Baltimore, 3.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 28.—The Reds won by heavy batting. Cincinnati, 8; Washington, 4.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 28.—A very poor game today. St. Louis, 3; Boston, 7.

Own Gold Mines but Lack Money.

Prospecting for gold has received a great impetus through recent events which have thrown so many men out of employment. Not only have silver miners and smelter men gone to prospecting, but mechanics and laborers who have had mining experience in former years now find their knowledge of minerals of utility in the change of occupation forced upon them by the closing down of mills and factories. Whatever else may be the result of the additional labor devoted to gold prospecting, it is sure to be the means of the discovery of valuable gold leads and the enrichment of individual prospectors.

As an evidence that old fields supposed to have been thoroughly explored are yet capable of further development, there were yesterday shown samples of ore and assay of some taken from Boulder county in the old Jimtown district which showed fine free gold on 20 different specimens and gave an average assay from average samples of over $50 per ton. The owners of this property are poor men without means necessary to get out their ore and have applied to Labor Commissioner Brentlinger of this state in the hope that he might know some one willing to buy an interest and advance money enough to enable them to get their first carload of ore on the market.—Colorado Sun.

HER GERMAN FAMILY SOAP.

THE SITUATION AT HONOLULU.

Excitement Over News from the United States.

Consul-General Mills Is a Persona Non Grata.

Officers of the U. S. S. Boston to Be Given a Grand Ball Previous to Their Departure—Mail Advices from Samoa.

By the Associated Press.

HONOLULU, Sept. 21, via San Francisco Sept. 28.—(Per steamship Mariposa.)—The reports which arrived by the last steamer to the effect that the United States would establish a protectorate over Hawaii and that an election would be held, created great excitement here. The American colony announced that they would not be coerced into any farce of an election which would give the native element control over the foreigners.

The public here are pleased with the appointment of Minister Mills, but the annexationists criticise the appointment of Ellis Mills as consul-general and the provisional government has been considering the advisability of requesting the United States to recall Mills' appointment. He is objected to on account of the preference to the Royalist cause which he displayed while here as Mr. Blount's secretary. The annexationists say if Mills be sent here he will be mercilessly snubbed.

An official dispatch received from Washington states that the Hawaiian legation there has been assured by Blount and Senator Morgan that some action favorable to annexation will be taken by the United States.

A leper outlaw murdered his wife last week and resisted the officers sent to arrest him. Troops were called out but beofre they arrived the leper was killed by the police.

Robert Louis Stevenson arrived here yesterday from Samoa on the Mariposa. He will remain here a week and proceed to San Francisco on the next steamer. He says there is now peace in Samoa, but that the withdrawal of the British man-of-war may precipitate trouble. Stevenson thinks the Germans are not capable of maintaining peace in Samoa, and that the presence of an American man-of-war there is very desirable. Stevenson says he is now engaged on several new stories.

The famous $1,000,000 suit of George MacFarlane against Claus Spreckels has been decided. The court denies MacFarlane an accounting, but allows him a portion of the land and improvements of an estate capitalized at $10,000,000, but actually worth about $2,000,000.

The United States steamship Boston will leave here September 26th for San Francisco. She has been here over a year and a grand ball will be tendered her officers by the provisional government and Annexation club. The affair will be a national demonstration in favor of annexation.

The sugar planters have refused to pay the bonus of $12 a head for Japanese labor, demanded by that government.

AFFAIRS IN SAMOA.

Peace Restored But Trouble Liable to Break Out Again.

APIA, Samoa, Sept. 5, via San Francisco, Sept. 28 (per the steamer Mariposa).—The situation here is peaceful but unsettled. There are mutterings which herald the approach of fresh trouble. With the exception of Mataafa's deportation, nothing has been done toward the settlement of affairs here. Trade and commerce are dead and no money is in circulation, except that spent by the sailors on the warships here.

A powerful chief in the Safata district has had his name and lands taken from him because he did not actively support the king during the late troubles. The chief threatens to resist the judgment of the courts by force and trouble may grow out of this incident.

On August 23d the English warship Rapid arrived, and her commander, Sir Henry Bart, paid an official visit to the king, and congratulated him on the settlement of the late rebellion. The Rapid has left for Fiji, but the British ship Katoomba and the German vessels Speeber and Buzzard are still here. An epidemic of measles is causing great mortality among the natives of the Tonga group. The disease has just started in Samoa.

The Baseball Season.

The remarkable interest in baseball this year is causing universal comment. In spite of the fact that the financial condition of the country is in a deplorable state, the attendance at the ball games increases rather than diminishes. It may be that our weary merchants, politicians, doctors, lawyers, schoolboys and clerks rush to the games to get away from business, mental or school worry. As a money broker said yesterday, the only places where cash seems plentiful are at the ball games and the dry goods stores. Most of the clubs in the major and minor leagues will make money this year, and the chances are that there will be no changes in the circuit next season. So it looks as if the 12 club league had come to stay for another year at least.—New York Tribune

A Great Saving.

The duplex and quadruplex systems of telegraphy begun by Mr. Edison in 1869 and finished after six years of work have saved in America alone the enormous sum of $15,000,000. By the duplex system two currents of different degrees of strength were sent over the same wire in the same direction, thus doubling its efficiency, while the quadruplex arrangement became possible when it was discovered that these two currents could be sent in opposite directions at the same time, thus enabling one wire to transmit four simultaneous messages. Not satisfied with this, Mr. Edison is confident of attaining sextuplex and octuplex systems.—Baltimore Times.

Seeing the Fair In Two Days.

A young man of this city who arrived home from the Columbian exposition last Wednesday announced that he "did" the fair in two days, finding "considerable that was worth seeing." The remaining six days of his visit, he said, were spent in sightseeing around Chicago. Asked how he liked the Midway plaisance, he replied: "Mid-way plaisance? By Jove, I didn't find it at all!"—Springfield Homestead.

A Runaway Bride Reformer.

At Muncie last night Freight Conductor Leige Love of the Big Four found a frail looking girl on top of a box car of his train dressed in boy's clothes. The girl said she was from Steubenville, O., and had taken to the life of a perennial tramp in order to see the world. She excused the garb she wore by declaring that she was in favor of dress reform for women. The venturesome miss refused to give her name and acted very independent.—Indianapolis Journal.

A Railroad's Meanness.

The recent cutdown in wages among employees at the general office of the B. and A. road seems somewhat incongruous with the yearly report, which showed a wonderful increase in the net earnings of the road. It seems to be only a case of a "cussed opportunity," not to be resisted by a railroad company any more than the man whose wife is out of town.—Springfield (Mass.) Graphic.

The company that proposes to lay a cable between Australia and California will obtain a subsidy from the German government for the sections of the line between the Feejee and Samoan islands and Honolulu.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

KAMAME REMEDIES

NEVER FAIL.

Kamame Pink Oil

Cures All Pain. 25 cents a Bottle.

Kamame Bitters

A Standard Remedy for Stomach, Liver Kidneys and Blood. 50 cents a Bottle.

Kamame Pink Pills

A Wonderful Nerve and Digestive Tonic.

Kamame White Pills

The Great Bowel Regulator. 25 cents a Box; both kinds in one box.

Kamame Remedies

Are the Cheapest as Well as the Best in This Market. $1 per Set.

KAMAME REMEDIES are for sale by Off & Vaughn, corner Spring and Fourth sts., Heinzeman's Drug Store, Main st., and all first-class druggists.

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