

TODAY'S FORECAST.
FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH-CENTRAL CALIFORNIA: FAIR WEATHER; STATIONARY TEMPERATURE; WESTERLY WINDS.

The Herald

A SOLDIER SUICIDES.
MAJOR CUSICK SHOOT AND KILLS HIMSELF WHILE EVIDENTLY SUFFERING FROM DEPRESSION.

VOL. XLII NO. 29.

LOS ANGELES: THURSDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 9, 1933.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

Immense Success OF OUR GREAT GIFT SALE!

The public know a good thing when they see it, and they can see it when they look in at our show windows. Not often is the opportunity given of buying your

Clothing and Furnishing Goods

Of a reliable house at BOTTOM CASH PRICES, and at the same time secure a good show for an

ELEGANT CHRISTMAS GIFT!

CALL AT OUR STORE FOR PARTICULARS.

MULLEN, BLUETT & Co.

CORNER SPRING AND FIRST STREETS, LOS ANGELES.

CRYSTAL PALACE,

138, 140, 142 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

We Have Made Arrangements with Several of the Largest Manufacturers of

To act as their agents. We offer their goods at a DISCOUNT OF 50 PER CENT FROM THEIR PRICE LIST. We are just in receipt of an elegant assortment, selected personally from manufacturers, which we sell at a discount of 30 per cent.

MEYBERG BROS.

UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS ANOTHER

TWO GOLD MEDALS

Two First Prizes for Large and Small Photographs
WORLD'S FAIR

Convention of the Photographic Association of America over some of the most eminent photographers of the East (and the Pacific Coast). This completes the large list of EIGHT GOLD AND TEN DIPLOMAS for excellence and superiority.

220 SOUTH SPRING STREET, (Opposite Los Angeles Theatre & Hotel) Los Angeles

BARKER BROS.,

SUCCESSORS TO BAILEY & BARKER BROS.
Have Moved Into Their New Quarters in the Stinson Block, Corner Third and Spring sts.

ONE-THIRD OF YOUR LIFE ON A BED!
Over fifty different kinds of BEDROOM SETS from \$15.00, from which to select. Two new cars just received, and "will there's more to follow." We know we have what you want. BIRCH wood is being used extensively. It has a soft, pretty tint. White Maple is very stylish and wonderfully durable. We also show the Oak, Elm, Sycamore and Mahogany. Oh, WE'VE GOT THEM. Also full lines of

CARPETS & DRAPERIES.
The STANDARD Sewing Machine took first prize at the World's Fair. Fastest! Quietest! Easiest on earth! Try it and you will surely buy it. WILLIAMSON BROS., MUSIC STORE, 327 S. Spring st.

S. CONRADI OPTICIAN, Watchmaker and Jeweler 121 & 123 N. Spring st. COR. FRANKLIN. Fine Diamond Setting a Specialty. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry Carefully Repaired and Warranted. 9-17

AN ANARCHIST'S BOMBS.

Exploded in a Crowded Theater.

A Terrible Dynamite Outrage in Barcelona.

Death and Destruction Replaces a Scene of Gaiety.

A Dozen People Killed and Scores of Others Injured—The Panic That Followed the Explosion Is Indescribable.

By the Associated Press. BARCELONA, Nov. 8.—Dynamite bombs were thrown by an anarchist into the midst of a crowded theater, a magnificent building, the largest of its kind in Europe, filled last night with a distinguished audience, estimated to number 4000. The opera William Tell was being given. While the performance was in progress two dynamite bombs were hurled from the topmost gallery into the midst of the stage. One exploded with a detonation which shook the building to the foundations and scattered death and destruction on every side. The second bomb fell into the lap of a lady and rolled thence harmlessly to the floor. A scene of confusion and terror followed. The audience rose to their feet in a panic, scarcely realizing what had happened, while the building rang with cries of pain, shrieks of fear and exclamations of vengeance. The terror and panic increased as the audience room filled with smoke and dust from falling plaster, and broken glass falling on the panic-stricken audience added to the number of wounded.

After a moment of paralyzing terror, fears of other bombs being thrown overcame all reason, and the audience made a mad rush for the exits. Women and children received no consideration in the fierce struggle and were trampled upon and crushed and left with the wounded and dying. Only a few of the braver ones returned behind to care for the loved ones lying helpless and bleeding on the floor.

When the gorged exits were finally cleared, a horrible sight was presented to those who mustered enough courage to return to rescue those unable to help themselves. The stage, where the bomb had exploded, was a mass of dead bodies, some mangled beyond recognition. When the wreckage was finally cleared away, 15 bodies were revealed, six men and nine women, all frightfully torn and disfigured. Most of the bodies were those of a family, who, it is supposed, formed a party in honor of the birthday of one of their number. In the stalls adjoining, groaning with pain, lay many ladies and gentlemen, wounded by fragments of the bomb, splinters of wood, pieces of glass and bits of iron. Several are so seriously hurt that they cannot be removed.

Attention was next turned to the exits and stairways where the terrible crush following the explosion occurred. Here three dead and a large number seriously wounded were picked up. Physicians were hastily summoned to care for the wounded, while the bodies of the dead were tenderly raised and removed from the building. Among the dead is an American named Figueras, and his wife is wounded.

Great crowds surrounded the theater all night. The utmost commotion prevails over the evident inability of the government to cope with the situation. The bomb thrower escaped, but the police are making a general round up of anarchists in the hope of getting some clue to the dastard who threw the bomb. The missile which did not explode is an exact counterpart of those used by Palmas, the anarchist who tried to assassinate General Martinez Campos.

The second act of the opera had just commenced when a bomb was thrown either from the fourth or fifth gallery. Thirteen persons were killed instantly and many others badly injured. Eighty persons are in a serious condition. Several were trampled to death and scores injured during the panic after the explosion. The interior of the opera house was badly wrecked.

The killed include a German named Roggenbrod, an Englishman named Ramm and a Frenchman named Verdon. Among the injured is a German named Wick, who is the representative of a North American firm. There are no Americans or Englishmen among the injured.

The authors of the terrible disaster have not been arrested and are apparently unknown. An Italian, Saldini, arrested on suspicion of being responsible for the outrage, declares his innocence, but his statements are contradictory. When he was taken before the judge he gave evasive replies to the questions put to him. The only definite bit of information that could be got from him was that he was the leader of the recent strike of marble workers. Search was made of his house but nothing of a criminal nature was discovered.

At the council of the ministry tonight, special power was granted the police to pursue the persons connected with last night's crime. The new powers conferred are equivalent to the suspension of habeas corpus. The authorities of Barcelona are censured for permitting the perpetration of frequent outrages by anarchists and other lawless persons.

Several well-known Spanish anarchists have been arrested on suspicion that they have knowledge of the crime. Marie Damerini, a sister of the prima donna of the opera, is reported to have been killed by the explosion.

Later, it has just been learned that Saldini has confessed. His full name is Maurice Saldini.

A line of fine cut glass bottles and manicure sets just received at Little's pharmacy. Call and see them, 311 South Spring street.

Cons' hand instruments. Agency at Fitzgerald's, cor. Spring and Franklin sts.

DEFAUTER WEEKS SENTENCED.

He Stands a Good Chance to End His Days in Prison.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—Francis H. Weeks, the defaulter recently brought back from Central America, was sentenced today to 10 years' imprisonment on his plea of guilty.

District Attorney Nicoll explained to the recorder that the prisoner's case had been removed for a week of Friday last, by Judge Martine, at Weeks' request, but Weeks was still under five indictments and asked to be permitted to plead guilty to one of these charging him with the grand larceny of \$52,300, the property of Clemence S. B. Fish, Mrs. Nicolas Fish (which he held in trust).

"Do you so plead?" asked Clerk Hall. "I do," replied Weeks in a subdued voice. "Then I move the immediate sentence of the prisoner," said Nicoll, whereupon Recorder Smythe in a voice full of sadness and solemnity pronounced the sentence.

Weeks took his sentence, the heaviest the law inflicts for his offense, without flinching. He had no lawyer. He turned and followed the chief deputies out of court with a firm tread. They took him across the hall to the office of Colonel Townsend, where he had a long visit with his wife, after which he was taken back to the Tombs. Should it be decided that Weeks created any of the embroiled property, he will be brought to account on three of the other indictments and will surely end his life in prison.

RECRUITS FOR BRAZIL.

FLINT & CO. ENLISTING MEN AT NEW YORK.

Large Salaries Offered to Marine Engineers to Enter the Brazilian Service—Minister Mendonca Denies the Report.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—Jas. P. Satchell, a well-known steamship engineer of this city, says there is no doubt that Flint & Co. of New York are procuring men and engineers for the Brazilian service. He says: "Flint & Co. have been corresponding with a number of seamen and engineers in this city, among them myself, trying to make arrangements to ship us. They want engineers badly, and in their letters to me have stated they will pay \$100 a month and \$300 advance money. When we enter the service we will probably be sent to the United States and wear allegiance to us until we enter the government service."

An official of the state department distinctly asserts that the department is not authorized to take the initiative in such a case as this, even if the neutrality laws are being violated; the resort is to the courts.

The statement which has been published that men are being enlisted in this country by representatives of the Brazilian government, to put down the insurrection, is emphatically denied by Senator Mendonca, Brazilian minister. Being questioned tonight by a representative of the Associated Press, Senator Mendonca said: "If the Brazilian government desired to enlist men in the United States they would have to send a special officer for that purpose. To enlist men otherwise would be against the laws of Brazil. The legislation has no power to enlist men. The Brazilian government has no intention of sending an enlisting officer here. It is certainly the intention to employ a large number of skilled men to take charge of the munitions of war. I have a contract to transport these articles to Brazil. None of the men employed under the contract are to remain in Brazil. On the contrary, many go on the condition that they may return immediately."

BOMBARDMENT RENEWED.

Admiral Mello Makes a Last Desperate Attack.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—The Herald's Montevideo dispatch says: A dispatch from Rio de Janeiro says: The Aquidaban, Mello's flagship, and Fort Villegagnon, which is occupied by forces who are co-operating with the rebel admiral, began a vigorous bombardment of the city on Tuesday evening which has been continued. Considerable damage is being done in various parts of the city. Forts Santa Cruz and Lage are answering the fire of the ships and Ft. Villegagnon. The bombardment is very heavy and it is thought Mello, who has received word of Peixoto's purchase of vessels of war in New York, is making a determined effort to strike a decisive blow before they can be brought down to the president's aid. The province of Santa Catharina, the capital of which is Desterro, where the rebels have set up a provisional government, has been invaded by federal troops from the province of Rio Grande do Sul. General Argolles, with a body of insurgents, has gone to meet them, and a fight will probably take place between the two forces before long.

LONDON, Nov. 8.—A cable dispatch received from high officials in the British government today from Rio Janeiro, conveys the information that heavy firing on the part of Admiral Mello's fleet. At the time the last cablegram received in London was filed, it had not been learned which side had the advantage. The impression prevails here that Mello's attack has taken the nature of a desperate turn.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—The Herald has a communication from the Brazilian minister of foreign affairs which contains the following: The second powder magazine of the rebels on Governor's island, occupied by them, containing more than 200 tons of powder, exploded while they were transferring the powder to vessels. The rebels lost 60 men and some small ship's officers were wounded. Two officers and sailors of the British squadron were also killed. They were at the time in the neighborhood of the magazine.

TWO TRAINS TELESCOPED.

A Terrible Railroad Disaster in Chicago.

Four People Killed and Many Badly Injured.

The Victims Crushed, Mangled and Scalded by Steam.

A Limited Vestibule Train Crashes Into an Accommodation at a High Rate of Speed—Fire Adds to the Horror.

By the Associated Press. CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—By a rear-end collision on the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railroad at Seventy-first street this evening four persons were killed and many injured. A limited express crashed into the rear end of a Blue Island accommodation, badly wrecking two coaches and the engine of the limited. The dead are unidentified as yet. The injured are: N. Hartz, Waldon, Ill., both legs cut off; Lottie Brigham, scalded; Nicholas Wosht, Chicago, leg broken and badly scalded; Louis Scharp, Morgan Park, Ill., both arms cut off; J. W. Templeton, Morgan Park, hand cut off, badly burned; D. N. Snow, Longwood, Ill., internal injuries which will probably prove fatal; James Grady, Englewood, Ill., left hand cut off and badly scalded; W. S. Stoll, Blue Island, Ill., internal injury; James Kinzer, Washington Heights, Ill., badly scalded; W. E. Jameson, Englewood, severely burned; A. W. Hodder, Blue Island; C. W. Thompson, Englewood; Roy Donnelly, Waldon, Ill.; A. Henderson, Englewood; B. Russell, Tracy, Ill.; Charles Max, Washington Heights; Kate Snow, Longwood, Ill.; Mrs. Kruser, Washington Heights, badly burned and will probably die; Malcolm Latham, Auburn Park, inhaled steam; will probably die; Miss Latham, badly scalded; A. Short, Morgan Park; M. O'Connell, Morgan Park; W. E. Kingman, Washington Heights; Wilbur Wright, Longwood; Express train, badly scalded; M. Kaiser, Washington Heights; Bertha Osborne, Englewood; Mrs. Lapham, Morgan Park; W. E. Micka, Washington Heights; Reuben Leichter, Chicago, badly scalded, cannot live; Mrs. M. J. Pierce, Blue Island.

The accommodation train left the city a few minutes ahead of the limited and stopped at Seventy-first street, the limited having done so. It is said, at the rate of 20 miles an hour, and it was almost impossible to discern the signal lights. The engine of the limited plowed its way into the rear coach of the accommodation. The car was driven with terrific force into the end of the second coach. The explosion of a lamp ignited the woodwork and the fire soon began to spread rapidly. An alarm was immediately turned in, but before the fire department arrived the majority of the wounded and dead were taken from the wreck. Some of the former, however, were badly burned.

The dead are: Mark Bowman, Rock Island; Mrs. Aubrey, Blue Island; Carrie Barnes, South Englewood; Minnie Shafer.

A BURNED STEAMER.

Twenty Lives Lost by the Lake Nipissing Disaster.

NORTH BAY, Ont., Nov. 8.—Following is a partial list of those known to have been drowned by the burning of the steamer Fraser on Lake Nipissing yesterday.

Captain W. Carr, Matthew Brennan, J. Sutherland, Aln Barbeau, William Storey, Thomas Osborne, Alex Douglas, John Haw, Isaac Shaw, John Smalley, Thomas Massey, Tom Ewers, Tom Sheriff, James M'Conn, and seven others whose names are not known.

The steamer was owned by Davidson, Hay & Co. of Toronto, and was bound for Frank's bay, with supplies for lumbermen. She caught fire about three miles from Goose island and a panic must have ensued as only seven lives were saved out of 27 or 28.

The fire was witnessed from Frank's bay by Captain Burritt and a young Indian. They immediately put off in a boat, but by the time they reached the spot the steamer was burned to the water's edge and the seven survivors had reached the top of a scow which was in tow. The hull of the boat sank in about 25 feet of water, and all that now marks the spot of the catastrophe is a short piece of smoke stack that appears above the water's edge.

GAVE WRONG ORDERS.

Train Dispatcher Mollen's Blunder and Its Aftermath.

RENO, Nev., Nov. 8.—The coroner's jury met here today to inquire into the cause of the wreck that happened last Sunday, and it was learned from the witnesses examined that Train Dispatcher Mollen at Wadsworth, when copying the order for the conductor on No. 10, wrote the word "Clarks" instead of "Salvia," and having sent orders to No. 7 to run to Salvia, the two trains necessarily met between Clarks and Salvia, thus causing the horrible collision. The verdict returned by the jury was that the collision was caused by Train Dispatcher William Mollen giving wrong orders.

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A Surgical Operation Performed Which Gives Him Relief.

VIRGOVA, Wis., Nov. 8.—Ex-Secretary J. M. Rusk is alarmingly ill at his residence in this city. He suffered severe chills last night. The condition of General Rusk, which has given his family and physicians much anxiety during the past 24 hours, is said to be materially improved tonight. On the arrival of Dr. Hamilton of Chicago, ex-surgeon-general of the United States, this morning, a consultation with the local physicians was held and a surgical operation decided upon. The operation was performed during the afternoon, and at 6 o'clock, when a Sentinel correspondent called at the residence, he was assured by a member of the family that the patient had rallied from the effects of the operation and was resting comfortably.

THE FARE TO THE COAST.

The Western Passenger Association Agrees on a Rate of \$65.50.

CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—The Western Passenger association lines have agreed on a rate of \$65.50 from St. Paul and Missouri river points to California tourist points and return. Tickets will have a 15-day transit limit, and a final return limit of April 30th. The same date will prevail from Duluth and Ashland to Portland and Spokane. General Passenger Agent Lomax of the Union Pacific notified the transcontinental lines November 10th that the Union Pacific will restore rates to the basis existing before the world's fair.

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THE REPUBLICAN VICTORY

Various Causes Ascribed for Bringing It About.

Members of the Administration Refuse to Talk.

Cleveland Quietly Sawing Wood at His Woodley Home.

McKinley's Plurality in Ohio Falls Over 80,000—Notes Snowed Out of Sight in Iowa—The Latest Figures.

By the Associated Press. WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—No expressions of opinion on the elections yesterday are to be had from members of the administration. The president staid out at Woodley, presumably to work on his message. Secretary Herbert was at the department but a short time this morning and Secretary Gresham declined to express an opinion. The prominent Democratic leaders at the capital are peculiarly reluctant to assign a particular cause for the Republican landslide and the Democratic defeat.

Chairman Sayres of the appropriations committee, seemed cheerful and said with a laugh: "The principal reason seems to be that we did not get enough votes. There may have been some other particular and incidental reasons, but we did not get enough votes and that is all there is to say about it. The committee on appropriations did not cause it, anyhow. We can prove an alibi."

Chairman Wilson, of the ways and means committee, said: "I am mighty glad it came now instead of later in the administration. The election in Virginia shows that the Populist uprising has not gained headway. As soon as Democratic measures can be taken to restore the character of the country everything will be all right again."

Ex-Senator Malone of Virginia said he regarded the result as an acknowledgment on the part of the people that they made a mistake in putting Cleveland in the White House. The Democratic party are not responsible. The business conditions grew out of pernicious legislation enacted by the Republican party.

Judge Lochren, commissioner of pensions, said: "It is the natural result of the hard times. Unthinking people have charged the financial troubles to the party in power."

First Assistant Postmaster General Frank Jones said: "The Democratic party will toe the scratch next time. Blows of this character cannot phase a knock down with the Democracy on acts a tonic. The result is due to local causes. The result in Ohio is one of the most important. It has brought McKinley once more into popular view as a political success and raised his prospects as a chunk of presidential timber."

Representative Burrows of Michigan said: "The general result indicated that the laboring people of the country are undoubtedly opposed to free trade as advocated by the Democratic party. In Ohio the result was squarely on tariff, and the enormous victory shows how strong public sentiment is on that subject."

Representative McMillin of Tennessee said: "No one well posted on the subject looked for a Democratic victory in Ohio, Massachusetts and Iowa. The result is not due to tariff agitation, for no one knew what the changes in the tariff would be."

A UNIVERSAL SURPRISE.

All the Political Prophets Made Wrong Predictions.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—The results of the elections are a surprise to all parties here; in fact they do not accord with the predictions of either Democrats, Republicans or Populists. The election of O'Ferrall in Virginia, where the Democrats were terrorized by the Populists' claims, is only a small comfort in the face of the overwhelming slaughter elsewhere. They expected defeat at states where the free coinage element was strong, but were not prepared to be snowed under in "sound money" states like Massachusetts and New York.

All the prominent Democratic leaders ascribe the result to two causes—the dissatisfaction of the farmers over the financial situation and the apathy of disappointed office seekers. The defeat in Iowa is regretted not so much on account of incurring the election of a Republican United States senator as in the practical removal of Governor Boies from the list of eligible presidential timber.

The Populists are much disappointed at their showing, but claim later returns will be better for them. About the only pleasant men to the Democratic ranks are the ones who are in a position to say to the president: "I told you so." They will take this as their text, and at the opening of the regular session will be prepared to renew the fight for silver more vigorously than ever, if possible.

It is not believed the president is discouraged by the landslide, as he is known to believe time will vindicate his policy.

MCKINLEY'S TRIUMPH.

His Plurality Estimated to Be as High as 100,000.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 8.—Unofficial returns from the state at Republican headquarters indicate that McKinley carried the state by between 70,000 and 80,000 plurality—the largest in the history of the state since 1863, when Brough had 100,000 over Vallandigham, then an exile in Canada. Chillicothe, the home of Neal, McKinley's opponent, went Republican for