

TODAY'S FORECAST.
FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH-
ERN CALIFORNIA: GENERALLY
LIGHT SHOWERS; SLIGHTLY
WARMER; SOUTHERLY WINDS.

The Herald

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LOS ANGELES, WEDNESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 13, 1893.

TWELVE PAGES.

TESSA'S TUSSEL
WITH THE CITY AUDITOR OVER
HER JUNKETING DEFENDS
RESULTS IN A TRIUMPH FOR HER
IN THE FIRST ROUND.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

REMEMBER!

That in less than two weeks our Liberal Gift Sale closes. Saturday, the 23d inst., will be the last day. Why should you not get

THE BEAUTIFUL \$400 PIANO?

FINE \$150 BICYCLE!

WILL BE A NICE PRESENT FOR YOUR BOY.

BEAR IN MIND THE ROUND-TRIP TICKET TO THE MIDWINTER FAIR.

The TWO DINNER SETS Are Beauties!

Make a \$5 Purchase and Become a Participant.

REMEMBER THE DATE

DECEMBER 23

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LEADING CLOTHIERS AND FURNISHERS,
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FOR CHRISTMAS We Now Show a Magnificent Display of Novelties in Every Line.

Fine Ornaments in Art Goods,
Rich Cut Glassware, Choicest Decorated China,
Magnificent Banquet Lamps,

Rogers Bros.' Silver-Plated Ware and Cutlery.

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On Our 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c, \$1, \$1.50, \$2 Counters.

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Two Gold First-Prize Medals AWARDED

World's Fair Convention of the Photographic Assoc'n.

THE ONLY Photographer of the Pacific Coast Exhibiting (receiving an Award).
WORLD'S FAIR MEDAL OF HONOR.
Four Silver First-Prize Medals, San Francisco, February, 1893.
All Premiums and Diplomas Awarded at Late Los Angeles Fair

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SUCCESSORS TO BAILEY & BARKER BROS.

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LOOK OVER OUR
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CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

For you loved ones. This is the season for good dinners and general thanksgiving. Be thankful that you can have so good a selection of sensible, enduring and necessary articles to give—articles that make a castle of joy out of every home they enter, and at prices within the reach of all.

The STANDARD Sewing Machine took first prize at the World's Fair. Fastest! Quietest! Easiest on earth! Try it and you will surely buy it. WILLIAM-ON BROS.' MUSIC STORE, 327 S. Spring st.

The Abbotsford Inn,

COR. EIGHTH AND HOPE STS., LOS ANGELES, CAL.
The most attractive, sunny, comfortable Family and Tourist Hotel in the city. 100 rooms, en suite or single—all new, with superior furnishings. Incandescent light and steam radiator in every room. American Plan. Transient rates \$3 per day; special rates by the week.
BY J. J. MARTIN.

THE NATION'S LAWMAKERS

Hoar's Hawaiian Resolutions Laid on the Table.

The Federal Elections Bill Taken Up Instead.

Cullom Fires the First Gun in Opposition to Repeal.

He Draws a Hot Fire from Hill—The Utah Admission Bill Discussed in the House—The Wilson Tariff Bill.

By the Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—In the senate today senator Cullom fired the first gun in the battle over the repeal of the federal election law, and succeeded in drawing a sharp return fire from Hill of New York. After Hoar's second Hawaiian resolution had been laid over till tomorrow, Cullom took the floor and spoke at length on the elections repeal bill. He asked if the mandate of a corrupt judge like Maynard should determine the complexion of a legislature which elects a senator, or the brawn and muscle of a McKane control the election of a representative in congress, and congress have no power to protect the integrity of its own membership.

In the course of his remarks Cullom attacked the New York machine and Maynard, and was interrupted with a reminder from Hill that the election referred to would not have controlled the New York senate, and whether or not there was anything criminal in that election was not relevant to the present question.

Cullom retorted that the action of Maynard inaugurated a scheme which resulted in changing the character of the legislature.

Hill desired to inform the senator and the country that his statement was not a correct one. A further colloquy ensued, Cullom maintaining and Hill denying that the result of the recent election was a vindication of the Republican protective policy.

Cullom then went on with his speech, referring to the pulling down of the American flag at Hawaii, which could not be accomplished by all the power of monarchized Europe, but which had been committed by the order of the American president, upon the advice and recommendation of a "newly baptized Democratic secretary of state." [Laughter.]

Stewart addressed the senate in favor of the repeal of the federal election law. He drew a picture of the financial question, and attributed the evils complained of to the gold standard. The senate then went into executive session, and at 4 o'clock adjourned until tomorrow.

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

Discussion of the Bill to Admit Utah Began.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—The house today began the discussion of the admission of Utah to statehood. The principal point at issue was whether the enabling act should contain a proviso imposing penalties for polygamous marriages, the contention on one hand being that the state should come in on an equal footing with other states, unhandicapped by such provisions; on the other, that as polygamy had been stamped out by the federal statutes, and as the admission of the territory would repeal the statute, congress should make it practically part of the enabling act.

More of Massachusetts, opposing the bill, made a vicious assault on Utah and Mormonism, recalling all the outrages of plural marriages, the Mountain Meadows massacre, the blood stonement and the revelations of the endowment house.

Mr. Rawlins of Utah replied to Mr. Morse and worsted him very badly. He opposed the amendment proposed relative to polygamy, as too complex, but expressed his willingness to accept a simple amendment prohibiting polygamous marriages forever.

Cullerson, Hooker, Bell, Cooper, Gorman, Hayes, Hutchinson, Stone. No change was made today in the sugar schedule.

The committee changed the malt schedule again, increasing it from 25 to 30 per cent duty.

The duty on cut diamonds has been reduced 15 per cent in the first bill to the present rate of 10 per cent.

STATEHOOD FOR UTAH.

Senators Dubois and Carey Making a Pull for It.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Senators Dubois and Carey of Wyoming were in the house a large portion of the time yesterday afternoon, laboring with the members on the Republican side to get them to withdraw their opposition to the admission bills to the territories.

Dingley of Maine made a fight against Utah, and it was with him the western senators consulted. The opposition which Dingley urged was the peculiar theology of the supposed dominant party in Utah.

Hitt's Hawaiian Resolution.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—The house committee on foreign affairs decided to report favorably the Hitt resolution calling on the president for correspondence on Hawaiian affairs. It was amended to include all the correspondence during the Harrison administration.

An Assistant for Morton.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—The president has nominated C. H. Dabney, jr., of Tennessee, assistant secretary of agriculture.

A Chinese Inspector.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Secretary Carlisle has appointed Wong Chin Foo of New York, Chinese inspector.

GRESHAM'S NEXT ACT.

HE WILL NEGOTIATE A NEW TREATY WITH CHINA.

The Geary Act Regarded as an Infraction of the Present One—The Secretary Nurturing an Ambitious Project.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—It is probable that the state department will soon enter upon negotiations looking to the adjustment of relations with China. The enactment of the Geary law will be regarded as an infraction of the existing treaty, necessitating a new treaty. It is understood Gresham desires to make an extension of the trade relations and privilege with China, the principal feature of his administration. The secretary is known to have little faith in the future of our trade relations with the Spanish-American republics, and has made no recommendation for an appropriation to maintain the bureau of American republics.

It is known that Yun Yu, the recently arrived Chinese envoy, is expressly charged with the negotiation of a new treaty. The Chinese government is satisfied with the amendment to the Geary act, and not anxious to extend the privilege of immigration for their people, but is solicitous for their protection and privileges. Chinese statesmen are said to regard with favor the extension of trade relations with the United States, in preference to the government's having a more aggressive foreign policy.

The coming negotiations will embrace a settlement of the question of immigration, the treatment of Chinese already here, or who may hereafter come legally, and the protection of American citizens residing in China.

At the Chinese legation it was intimated that the minister was hopeful of changes in the treaty, but not disposed to prematurely anticipate them.

A FATAL QUARREL.

Contractor McHugh Shot by One of His Teamsters.
SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 12.—This afternoon Captain McHugh, a contractor and member of the firm of Kune & McHugh, was shot in the left breast and fatally wounded by a teamster named James Campbell. The men had quarreled over work which was being done. McHugh, becoming excited, struck Campbell. The latter pulled a pistol and shot McHugh, producing a fatal wound. Campbell is under arrest.

FLASHES FROM ABROAD.

A Universal Brotherhood of Anarchists.

It Is Certain That Vaillant Had Accomplices.

France Expelling Foreign Reds From Her Borders.

German Anarchists Despondent Over the Recent Outrage in Paris—A Mass Meeting of London's Unemployed.

By the Associated Press.
PARIS, Dec. 12.—While Vaillant was in America he mixed with an anarchist named Grallat, afterwards lynched there. Vaillant last week visited Abbe Lemiere, who was among the deputies injured by the explosion of Vaillant's bomb. Abbe Lemiere took Vaillant's name and address and gave him a few francs. Vaillant almost admits that he drew lots with other anarchists to determine who should undertake the murderous work. Ten anarchists were with him in the gallery. They are in custody. All have spent a portion of their lives in England, showing that the anarchists of different countries are affiliated, and eventually will be subsidized by patrons who have been generally regarded as apostles of less militant doctrines.

A man named Jordan was arrested this afternoon in the anteroom of the Palais Bourbon, for expounding anarchistic theories, in company with another man who escaped. A number of anarchist documents were found in Jordan's pockets. Several foreign anarchists were expelled from France today.

LONDON'S UNEMPLOYED.

The Attention of Parliament Called to Their Condition.
LONDON, Dec. 12.—Thousands of unemployed met today at Tower hill and listened to addresses by James Keir Hardie, a socialist member of parliament, Frank Smith and others. Hardie said he intended to move adjournment of the commons today, to call the attention of parliament to the condition of the unemployed. Upon the conclusion of the speech-making, the crowd marched to Hyde park. A number of black and red flags were displayed. The police dispersed the crowd. Hardie later made his motion in the house.

After a brief discussion of Mr. J. Kier Hardie's motion, Rt. Hon. Henry Fowler, president of the local government board, said the house could not go into committee of the whole on the question of the unemployed. Fowler added that the local government board was doing its best to deal with the question of relief and advised the house to wait for the impending report of the labor commission.

J. Kier Hardie's motion was eventually rejected, 175 to 33.

THE ARDLAMONT MYSTERY.

An Interesting Murder Trial Began in Edinburgh.
EDINBURGH, Dec. 12.—The trial of A. J. Monson, tutor of Lieutenant W. D. C. Hamburg on the charge of murdering his pupil to secure insurance on his life to a large amount, one company alone having policies on the young man's life to the amount of \$100,000, began here today. It is alleged that Monson had his pupil entirely under his control and could induce him to do anything he saw fit. The case is a noted one. The body of the lieutenant was found in a wood near Ardlamont house last August with a bullet in the head. It has been known as the Ardlamont mystery. The courtroom today was almost filled with newspaper correspondents and artists for newspapers. The prisoner pleaded not guilty and the court proceeded to empanel a jury.

GERMAN ANARCHISTS.

They Are Despondent Over the Paris Explosion.
BERLIN, Dec. 12.—About 500 anarchists, including many women, met here yesterday evening. The police took great precautions to prevent disorder. It was noticed that the anarchists who attended were despondent, as they fear the Paris outrage will lead to international measures against them. Today Hermann and Weisenthal, two speakers at last night's meeting, were arrested and condemned to three months' imprisonment for anarchistic utterances of two months ago.

RIOTS IN SICILY.

PALERMO, Dec. 12.—Excitement at Partinico continues. The municipal guards have fled and the populace has forced provision dealers to lower prices and refused to pay the octroi duties for the three days past. Bands of peasants are scouring the country to prevent laborers from going to work.

A Hurricane in England.

LONDON, Dec. 12.—A hurricane is reported in the south of England. A channel mail boat was unable to enter Folkestone harbor and was obliged to proceed to Dover. A boat in Plymouth harbor capsized and four men-of-war-men were drowned. The gale was very severely felt in London.

German World's Fair Exhibitors.

BERLIN, Dec. 12.—The German engineers who exhibited at the world's fair at Chicago will make a re-exhibition of their productions in Berlin during the spring of 1894.

Gladstone's Valet Drowned.

LONDON, Dec. 12.—A body found in the Thames has been identified as that of Gladstone's valet.

Death of a Noted Scholar.

BERLIN, Dec. 12.—Herr Gavelnitz, the oriental scholar, is dead.

STRUCK A BALANCE.

A Cashier in the Chicago Postoffice Squeezed and Robbed.

CHICAGO, Dec. 12.—Cashier A. J. Robinson, of the wholesale stamp department of the Chicago postoffice, was the victim of a daring and skillful robbery at 7:30 o'clock tonight. The exact sum of money stolen is not made known, but it is believed to be several thousand dollars. Robinson was alone in the office when a signal rap on the door, such as is only given by employees was heard. Opening the door Robinson was confronted by a stranger who said: "Does your cash balance?" "No," said Robinson, "it doesn't."

The stranger then said: "I sent my boy over for stamps and he was given too many. I've brought them back. This will probably balance your cash." Robinson extended his hand for the stamps and received a blow on the head with a club which knocked him senseless. He was unconscious when found three hours later. The thief left no clue, as he escaped through a window and dropped a money package containing \$680.

THE MATTER "ARRANGED."

Mrs. Nicolaus Withdraws Her Suit Against George Gould.
NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—The Herald says: Mrs. Zella Nicolaus has left New York and says she is glad to leave. She has abandoned the prosecution of the suit against George Gould to recover \$40,000. Mrs. Nicolaus refused to tell what motives had prompted her in her abandonment of the law suit. She would say only that the matter had been "arranged" and the arrangement was satisfactory to her. Mrs. Nicolaus sailed Tuesday morning on the Hamburg-American liner Normannia. Her destination is Naples. Her "guardian," Al Romann, said in Mrs. Nicolaus' company. They did not sail as Mrs. Nicolaus and Mr. Romann, her guardian. They were booked as Mr. and Mrs. N. W. Harris.

IN THE LAW'S MESHES.

AN INTERESTING CRIMINAL TRIAL COMMENCED.
Twenty-Two of the Portland Conspirators in Court—Objection Made to Admitting the Testimony of Those Convicted.

PORTLAND, Ore., Dec. 12.—One of the most interesting trials in the history of Oregon, owing to the political prominence of some of the defendants, their number and the grave nature of the offense charged, so far as relates to those who were government officials, began in the United States district court this morning. Of 27 indicted, 22 (12 of them Chinese merchants) were placed on trial on the charge of conspiring to unlawfully land Chinese. They are James Loran, ex-collector of customs; C. J. Mulkey, ex-special agent of the treasury; Thomas Jordan, ex-captain of customs inspectors; John Ross, former captain of the steamer Haytian Republic; William Dunbar and E. P. Thompson, owners of the Haytian Republic; Glenn C. Hodman, attorney and notary; P. J. Bannon, attorney and notary; J. E. Marks, a law student; Seid Back, Ching Chong Que, Chee How, Mon Oak, Too Suet, Moy Ham, Lee Wing, Lee Moon, Ding Wing, Wing Bohn, Twin Wo Charley and Charley Young.

The remaining five indicted, who did not appear for trial, are Nathan Blum, W. B. Jackling, Major John Wilson, C. B. Carlinell and Alex. Ross. Blum and Jackling have already pleaded guilty to the charge of smuggling opium. In this case they will be witnesses for the government. Wilson is a resident of Victoria, and has not been extradited. Alex. Ross has not been arrested, and it is believed he is in Southern California.

The room was crowded when court convened. The empanelling of a jury was begun at once.

At the opening of court this afternoon, John M. Dearn stated the case for the government. He said a conspiracy had been entered into by defendants Dunbar, Blum and Jackling, in connection with the Merchants Steamship company, to facilitate the bringing of Chinese laborers into this country from British Columbia. He said the evidence would show the part each defendant played in the conspiracy.

The defense claimed it was a conspiracy on the part of Blum and Jackling who pleaded guilty, to drag down the other defendants.

Nathan Blum was called as a witness by the defense, but before he was sworn, the defense objected to him as a witness, on the ground that he had been convicted of an infamous crime, namely, smuggling opium and Chinese. The court took the matter under advisement.

If the court sustains the objection it will be a virtual abandonment of the case as the government has based its case almost entirely on the testimony of Blum.

The court allowed Blum to be sworn and give his testimony subject to objection.

Blum testified that Dunbar, Jackling, Thompson and himself, comprising the Merchants' Steamship company, decided about March, 1892, to enter into the business of bringing Chinese laborers into this country by means of fraudulent certificates. They had a contract with the Canadian Pacific Steamship company to carry from Vancouver, B. C., all Chinese bound for Portland for \$6 apiece. The business prospered and they saw the could get a higher price so raised the fare for a Chinaman to \$50. P. J. Bannon, an attorney and notary of this city, made out a large number of blank certificates for which he received \$2 each. Ching Chong Qui secured photographs and Blum took them to Vancouver, together with Bannon's notarial seal, and there put the seal on the certificates over the photographs.

Before Blum had concluded other objections were raised by the defense and the remainder of the afternoon was taken up in presenting the law on the subject.

EXCITEMENT IN HONOLULU

Popular Indignation at a White Heat.

Defiance Hurlled at President Cleveland.

The Provisional Government Prepared to Defend Itself.

England to Assist in the Restoration of the Queen—Passports Ready for the British and American Ministers.

By the Associated Press.
VICTORIA, B. C., Dec. 12.—The steamer Arawa has arrived here from Honolulu. She reports no change in the Hawaiian situation. She left the islands December 4th.

The queen has not been restored, and there has been no trouble. Since the last report there have been but two things significant. The annexationists held a mass meeting November 25th, which adopted resolutions in effect appealing to congress over President Cleveland, Gresham and Blount; and four days preceding the sailing of the Arawa the troops of the provisional government were busy fortifying and barricading the government house, or castle, as it was formerly called.

Nothing has been done looking to the restoration of the queen.

THE ARAWA'S ADVICES.

Great Excitement in Honolulu When the Steamer Left.

HONOLULU, Dec. 4, via Victoria, B. C., Dec. 12.—Since the arrival of the steamer Warrimoo on the 24th ult. political events have followed each other with startling rapidity. When the Warrimoo arrived with Cleveland's ultimatum, the royalists were jubilant and the annexationists at once began to carry out their previous plans for forcible resistance, in case the China, which arrived three days later, brought instructions to Minister Willis for the restoration of the monarchy with the aid of United States troops. Within 24 hours 600 annexationists had assembled at the drill shed behind the executive building. The meeting was short, but wildly enthusiastic. The spirit of 1776 prevailed. Those who heard the ringing cheers which welcomed the speeches of President Hatch of the Annexation club, and the presentation of the following resolution, knew that the monarchy, even though restored by the superior forces of the United States, would be short lived. Since the mass-meeting enthusiasm among the royalists has been fluctuating, and their clearest-headed leaders admit that the success of restoration depends on the armed protection of the monarchy by the United States.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED.

The following resolutions were adopted by the mass meeting:

Resolved, That we read with surprise and regret the recommendation of the secretary of state of the United States to the president to restore the monarchy lately existing in Hawaii.

Resolved, That we condemn the assumption of the secretary that the rights of the provisional government to exist was terminated by his refusal to re-submit to the senate the treaty of union between the two countries, and also the assumption that the provisional government submitted the question of its continued existence to the arbitration of the president or any other power.

Resolved, That we will support to the best of our ability the provisional government in resisting any attack upon it which may be made contrary to the usage of nations.

The adoption of these resolutions was preceded by speeches by many leading citizens, chief of which was that of President Hatch of the Annexation club.

MR. HATCH'S SPEECH.
President Hatch said:

FELLOW CITIZENS: You have been invited tonight to discuss our political situation. We are confronted by the decision of Secretary Gresham that royalty must be restored and our government destroyed. His representative has given us an opportunity to be heard before final action is taken. At present we are proceeding merely upon newspaper reports received here, and which we certainly have a right to discuss. We do not know what action will be taken, nor how. Certainly any action taken by the congress of the United States cannot be resisted by anybody in this community. We do not meet here tonight to deny the power of the United States, nor to vilify those at present in charge of the United States government (applause), but we meet with the hope that our words will be heard by congress.

There are certain features in Gresham's letter to the president which show that he is proceeding upon false assumptions. Let us hope the distinguished secretary has been misinformed. It is certainly our prerogative to stamp out false assumptions and challenge them. Now, chief among the false assumptions is one which seems to underlie the whole letter, that there has been submitted to the president of the United States for arbitration, the question whether or not we had a right to establish a government in this country. Gentlemen, I challenge that assumption. [Cheers and cries of "You are right."] The assumption is false in every respect. Let me point out that two parties can make a contract, but it requires the consent of three to make a valid arbitration, that of the parties in interest and the arbit-