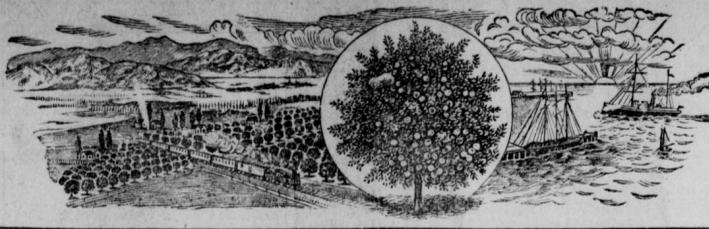


GOLD NUGGETS. MINERS MAKING BIG MONEY IN BEDROCK DISTRICT—GROWING ACCOUNTS RECEIVED FROM A NEW CAMP.

Herold



The

TODAY'S FORECAST. FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH-CENTRAL CALIFORNIA: FAIR; SLIGHTLY WARMER; LIGHT NORTH-EASTLY WINDS.

VOL. XLII. NO. 56.

LOS ANGELES; SATURDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 16, 1893.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

REMEMBER!

That in less than two weeks our Liberal Gift Sale closes. Saturday, the 23d inst., will be the last day. Why should you not get

THE BEAUTIFUL \$400 PIANO?

FINE \$150 BICYCLE!

BEAR IN MIND THE ROUND-TRIP TICKET TO THE MIDWINTER FAIR.

The TWO DINNER SETS Are Beauties!

REMEMBER THE DATE

DECEMBER 23

MULLEN, BLUETT & Co.

LEADING CLOTHIERS AND FURNISHERS, COR. SPRING & FIRST STREETS

Crystal Palace.

138-140-142 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

FOR CHRISTMAS We Now Show a Magnificent Display of Novelties in Every Line.

Fine Ornaments in Art Goods, Rich Cut Glassware, Choicest Decorated China,

Elegant Piano and Banquet Lamps, Rogers Bros.' Silver-Plated Ware and Cutlery.

LOOK FOR THE BARGAINS On Our 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c, \$1, \$1.50, \$2 Counters.

MEYBERG BROS.

Two Gold

First-Prize Medals AWARDED

World's Fair Convention of the Photographic Assoc'n.

The ONLY Photographer of the Pacific Coast Exhibitors Receiving an Award!

STUDIO 220 SOUTH SPRING ST

BARKER BROTHERS,

Advertisement for Barker Brothers' Christmas Presents, featuring various goods and prices.

The STANDARD Sewing Machine took first prize at the World's Fair. Fastest! Quietest! Easiest on earth! Try it and you will surely buy it. WILLIAMSON BROS.' MUSIC STORE, 327 S. Spring st.

The Abbotsford Inn, COR. EIGHTH AND HOPE STS., LOS ANGELES, CAL.

The most attractive, sunny, comfortable Family and Tourist Hotel in the city. 100 rooms, en suite or single—all new, with superior furnishings. Incandescent light and steam radiator in every room.

LIKE THE REED CONGRESS

The House Gets a Decided Move on Itself.

Bills Rushed Through With Galloping Speed.

The Arizona Statehood Bill Passed Under Whip and Spur.

The New Mexican Admission Bill Well Under Way—A Wrangle Over What Is to Be Done With Oklahoma.

By the Associated Press. WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The course of events in the house today resembled the halcyon days of the Reed congress, when legislation was rushed through at a galloping speed.

The bulk of the eastern opposition to the admission of the territories, as expressed by Bingham of Philadelphia, was founded on the theory that while the eastern states were rich in wealth and strong in population, they would be able to hold their own in the house, where the basis of representation was population, but the influence of the great states of the Union would be overbalanced by the greatly increased state representation in the senate.

Smith of Arizona interrupted, and declared Arizona would get just what it wanted. This Hepburn denied; even if it had, Iowa had 2,000,000 inhabitants.

To the suggestion that people would leave Iowa to go to Arizona, Hepburn simply moved his hand contemptuously. "The idea that people would go from Iowa out to that arid country is preposterous," said he. "I went out there once and I never saw a green thing unless," he added, "it wore breeches."

Bowers of California, in a heated reply, drew a graphic picture of the valleys of Arizona, more fertile he declared than the plains of the Nile. In five years, he predicted, the population of Arizona would be increased over fourfold.

Very few amendments were adopted. One increasing the grant of lands to state institutions, 100,000 acres each to the insane asylum, penitentiary and deaf and dumb asylum, and 50,000 acres to a hospital for disabled miners, was adopted.

A motion to consolidate the judicial districts of Utah and Arizona and reduce the salary of the federal judge was defeated.

The Republicans generally did not refrain from voting on the final passage of the bill, although many voted against it. The motion carried, 185 to 61, and the bill for the admission of Arizona passed.

THE NICARAGUA CANAL.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The house committee on interstate and foreign commerce, after listening to arguments by Senators Morgan of Alabama and Frye of Maine, reported favorably the joint resolution of Representative Doolittle of Washington for the appointment of a joint commission consisting of three senators and six members to investigate the present status of the Nicaragua canal project.

Senator Morgan recited at length the past history of the enterprise and its struggle to obtain government recognition. He thought the time had come when it should be decided whether the United States would aid the project or abandon it altogether. He declared that the world is determined to have the canal, and if the United States should not build it, some other nation would. He pointed out the advantages of the control of the canal by the United States, and earnestly hoped the resolution would be adopted.

Senator Frye also spoke warmly in favor of the resolution. He stated the government which controls the Nicaragua canal would also control the Hawaiian islands, and that it would be useless for this country to annex those islands unless the control of the canal was assumed.

DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS.

No Meeting to Be Held Till After the Holidays.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Chairman Holman of the Democratic caucus said this afternoon that it was probable the caucus on the tariff bill would not be held until after the holiday recess. Many members are going out of town, and there will not be a full attendance until the reassembling in January. General Wheeler has secured additional names to the request for a call.

Mrs. Porter's Funeral. WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The funeral of Mrs. Porter, wife of the late Admiral Porter, took place today. The interment was by the side of her husband at Arlington. The pall-bearers were Senator Chandler, Representative B. Smith, Admirals Joutel, Almy, Upshur and Stevens, Commodore Walker and Ramsey and Major Nicholson of the marine corps.

Federation of Labor. CHICAGO, Dec. 15.—The Federation of Labor today decided that its executive council has no power to settle disputes among local organizations. The afternoon session was devoted to the election of officers. John McBridge of the Ohio Miners' union is making a strong fight for president, to succeed G. Campers.

An Iron Company Assigns. PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 15.—The Crane Iron company assigned the afternoon. The company is capitalized at \$2,000,000.

A line of fine cut glass bottles and manure sats just received at Littleboy's pharmacy. Call and see them, 311 South Spring street.

THE DEATH ROLL.

Edward Curtis and Other Notables Passed Away. SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 15.—Edward Curtis, a well-known California politician, died last Saturday at the residence of his parents in Chautauqua, N. Y.

More than a year ago Curtis received a stroke of paralysis, which was followed by pneumonia. He held the closest relations with the late Senator Stanford, whom he resembled in a striking manner. Richard Gillis, a mining expert who was widely known in mining circles, dropped dead on the street this afternoon.

VALLEJO, Cal., Dec. 15.—William Krelling, well known in theatrical circles as proprietor of the Tivoli opera house, San Francisco, dropped dead here this morning. He was also at one time tax collector of San Francisco.

NORFOLK, Va., Dec. 15.—John L. Porter, formerly chief naval constructor of the Confederate states navy, and projector and builder of the famous ironclad Virginia, afterwards called the Merrimack, died at Portsmouth last night, aged 80.

BOSTON, Dec. 15.—Prof. Henry W. Torrey, one of the oldest professors of Harvard, died today, aged 80.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—The earl of Declive is dead.

The Coughlin Case. CHICAGO, Dec. 15.—The connection of the mysterious J. B. Simonds, who wrote a list on Clark street, with the Cronin murder, was the subject of investigation by the prosecution in the Coughlin trial today. The defence moved that the entire Simonds story be excluded, as Simonds had never been indicted, but the court allowed testimony showing the transaction of the renting of the flat.

A Land Register Bounced. WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The secretary of the interior has ordered the removal of John G. Carlin as register of the general land office at Prescott, Ariz.

HAWAIIAN REVOLUTION.

MINISTER STEVENS' DISPATCH TO SECRETARY BLAINE.

He Anticipated Trouble, and Asked for Instructions—The Secretary Paid No Heed to the Minister's Request.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—There was published this morning a dispatch addressed by Minister Stevens from Honolulu to Secretary Blaine, dated March 8, 1892, in which Stevens asks for instructions in the event of a revolutionary movement. This dispatch was printed in the official Hawaiian correspondence, and is not new. The dispatch referred to an entirely different revolution from the one which has been effected. The revolution Stevens apprehended was threatened by Robert Wilcox, a half-caste, who attempted to overthrow Kalakaua in 1889, and was prevented by the white element in the islands.

MR. STEVENS EXPLAINS. BOSTON, Dec. 15.—Ex-Minister John L. Stevens made the following self-explanatory statement today:

Regarding the dispatch of Secretary Blaine, signed by me and published by the Associated Press yesterday morning, it is proper to say no answer was ever received by me, and probably none was ever written. Deabless Blaine thought the standing instructions and usages of the legation, of which I the had charge, especially Secretary Layard's dispatch to Minister Merrill of July 12, 1887, were sufficient for my guidance in the absence of the American representative at Honolulu, and the responsibility of dealing with the facts and the emergencies as to which they could judge, more accurately than the Washington officials. All the official dispatches received by me during my residence in Honolulu are duly numbered and on file in the legation at Honolulu. (Signed) JOHN L. STEVENS.

DESPAIR AND DEATH.

A Russian Refugee Ends His Life in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Dec. 15.—Sigmund Maszkowski, a Russian refugee, committed suicide in Lincoln park last evening. John Weyesinski, a man claiming to be the agent of a society that extends aid to suffering Russians, told the coroner today that the suicide had been inflicted in the czar's army, but being officer in a political plot, four months ago, had been compelled to flee the country in disguise. He left his family in Russia, and fearing detection, and being without friends, killed himself to escape the terrible fate which the agent said awaited him should he be captured. He had received information that he had been sentenced to Siberia, and that means had been taken to prevent his wife and children from leaving Russia to come to him. This drove him to despair and death.

Passengers for Honolulu. SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 15.—Among the passengers who left on the steamer Alameda today for Honolulu were L. A. Thurston, Hawaiian minister extraordinary and envoy plenipotentiary to the United States, and Mr. and Mrs. J. McCall Smith and daughter. Mr. Thurston was succeeded by Mr. Thurston when the provisional government went into power.

Expelled on the Gallows. SEDALIA, Mo., Dec. 15.—Dick Robinson was hanged this morning for the outrage and murder of Johanna Schellman, a servant girl, and killing her unborn babe, in October, 1892.

Removal. POLASKI BROS., merchant tailors, have removed to rooms 113, 114, 115, second floor, Stinson building, Spring and Third streets.

Stop that cough by using Dr. St. John's cough syrup. We refund your money if it fails to cure. For sale by O'F and Vaughn, corner Fourth and Spring sts.

Thurston's Millinery and California Straw Works, 264 S. Main street, opposite Third.

STORM OF SHOT AND SHELL

Terrific Bombarding in the Harbor of Rio.

The Beleaguered City Thrown Into a Great Panic.

Much Damage on the Water Front by the Leaden Shower.

Many Persons Reported Killed—Rio and Santos Completely Blockaded by the Rebel Warships.

Foreign Flashes. By the Associated Press. NEW YORK, Dec. 15.—The World's special from Buenos Ayres, dated the 15th, says: Terrific bombarding is reported in the harbor of Rio de Janeiro today. Many persons were killed.

The Herald's Buenos Ayres special, dated Dec. 15th, says: The Herald's correspondent at Rio sends word that the night of December 10th the city was thrown into panic by a storm of shot and shell which lasted 40 minutes. The missiles came from rifles and rapid-firing guns on Cabras island, and fell all over the city, but especially in Caraca, Pavardilla, and Travessa streets, and at other points where theaters are situated. The play houses were just being emptied of throngs of patrons, and the effect was a tremendous scare. Women fled shrieking to shelter. This was the result of an attack made from shore upon the island by Peixoto's troops, to which De Gama's island batteries were not slow in responding. Houses on the water front were much damaged by the leaden shower, but the number of casualties is unknown. It is stated the attacking force of Peixoto's men suffered heavy losses, as did also the island garrison, but accurate figures could not be procured. The usual firing between the forts and Nietheroy is not allowed to flag.

BUENOS AYRES, Dec. 15.—It is stated that rebel warships now completely blockade Rio and Santos. A number of failures of merchants in Sao Paulo have occurred.

DOWN WITH ANARCHY.

The French Government Adopts Repressive Measures.

PARIS, Dec. 15.—The chamber of deputies today adopted the explosives bill and the associations bill, both anti-anarchist measures, by sweeping majorities.

Avez, a Socialist deputy, protested against what he classed as "throbbing discussion," and other Socialist deputies denounced the alleged indecent haste with which the measures were pushed through.

Flaudin defended the projects as being a new defense for menaced society. Goblet proposed to send the association bill to committee; but this was rejected by a vote of 406 to 132, and the bill was adopted by a vote of 464 to 39.

THE REICHTAG ADJOURNED.

But Not Before Herbert Bismarck Made an Ass of Himself.

BERLIN, Dec. 15.—The Reichstag today adopted the Spanish, Roumanian and Servian treaties of commerce and defeated the motion of Herr Janitz that they should remain in operation for a year only. Count Herbert Bismarck's speech advising the dissolution of parliament and an appeal to the voters, was received with cheers and hisses. Herr Richter called him "the wanking of the Bismarck dynasty," and Pascher dubbed him "Don Quixote." The Reichstag adjourned to January 9th.

CONFESSED THEIR GUILT.

French Spies Must Serve Time in a German Prison.

LEIPZIG, Dec. 15.—At the trial of Degoug and Delgay, the alleged French spies, the prisoners confessed that they intended to forward the results of their sketches of German fortifications to the French government. The public prosecutor said, in view of the present extensive espionage on the part of French officers, which rendered the large sum of money spent upon German defenses useless, he must ask a sentence of four and five years, respectively. This was the sentence imposed.

VAILLANT'S BIG COUP.

He Was Paid One Hundred Francs for Making It.

PARIS, Dec. 15.—Liberte states Vaillant has confessed that he was given 100 francs by a well-to-do anarchist in order to make his big coup. Vaillant is quoted as adding that he used this money in the purchase of explosives, etc., with which he made the bomb and concealed the latter in his flannel waist belt. Still, according to Liberte, Vaillant intended to harangue the deputies after the explosion, but was choked with the smoke.

An Ambassador Resigns. BERLIN, Dec. 15.—Count Solms Sonnenwalde, German ambassador to Italy, has resigned, owing to private reasons. It is reported Herr Von Radowitz, German ambassador to Madrid, will succeed Count Solms Sonnenwalde.

Removal. POLASKI BROS., merchant tailors, have removed to rooms 113, 114, 115, second floor, Stinson building, Spring and Third streets.

Stop that cough by using Dr. St. John's cough syrup. We refund your money if it fails to cure. For sale by O'F and Vaughn, corner Fourth and Spring sts.

Thurston's Millinery and California Straw Works, 264 S. Main street, opposite Third.

THE WEEK'S CLEARANCES.

Los Angeles Again Makes a Phenomenal Showing.

NEW YORK, Dec. 15.—Weekly bank clearings as compiled by Bradstreet's for the week ended December 14th, showing the percentage of increase or decrease of the leading cities:

Table with columns: City, Clearances, Per. Inc. Dec., Per. Dec. Clearances.

FIRE IN GOTHAM.

Half a Million Dollars' Worth of Property Destroyed.

NEW YORK, Dec. 15.—Fire which broke out in the furniture and upholstery seven-story building of Henry Thesen & Bro., Third avenue and Forty-ninth street, destroyed nearly \$500,000 worth of property in less than an hour from the time of its discovery. The fire besides destroying the upholstery building also burned out Nos. 801, 803 and 805 Third avenue, and Nos. 209 and 211 East Forty-ninth street; five tenement houses in Ringtail alley or Beekman lane, occupied by 45 Italian families, numbering over 200 people; the marble and stonary yard of Samuel Adler and his stables adjoining, in which 10 horses perished in the flames.

A BLACK BOY BURGLAR.

CHICAGO POLICE MAKE AN IMPORTANT CAPTURE.

A Colored Youth Arrested With \$5000 Worth of Jewelry in His Possession—He Stole the Sparklers in San Francisco.

CHICAGO, Dec. 15.—Five thousand dollars' worth of jewelry and diamond rings were found in possession of a colored boy arrested this morning. He said his name is Frank Easton and confessed a successful burglary committed in San Francisco a few weeks ago. Detectives saw Easton standing in front of a pawn shop acting in a peculiar manner. The officers took him to the station and found diamonds and watches a millionaire might be proud of. Easton made a full confession how he came into possession of the valuables. He said:

"About three weeks ago I met another colored man in San Francisco. The latter planned a burglary and a man's house on Sutter street was selected. I did not care to take part in the burglary, but was threatened with death if I refused. The night of the burglary I attempted to back out. My accomplice made me get through a window at the point of a revolver. Once inside the house I ransacked every room in it. I got through the window to escape, but my accomplice was nowhere found. Having the jewelry and precious stones in my possession I immediately left San Francisco, coming directly to Chicago."

An expert jeweler and diamond merchant pronounced the property worth at least \$5000. One ring, with four diamonds, alone is worth \$1000. Among other valuables taken from Easton was a woman's gold watch and chain valued at \$250; three opals, \$300 each; two diamond studs, \$300 each; a pair of cuff buttons made of 50 gold pieces; two gold nuggets weighing 10 1/2 ounces each; a pair of moon stone ear-rings; a pair of pearl studs; a plain gold band ring; four solid gold chains. Twenty other pieces of jewelry and valuable stones were also found on him, all of which Easton said he got from a residence in San Francisco. The authorities at San Francisco have not been notified of Easton's arrest.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 15.—Mrs. J. O'Kane of 346 First street reported the loss of \$1500 worth of jewelry and diamonds to police headquarters on Tuesday. Mrs. O'Kane had a colored boy named James Hall in her employ, and he has been missing since Sunday night. Today Chief Crowley received a dispatch from Chicago informing him that the police of that city had captured a young colored boy who gave the name of Wm. Easton. He had a large quantity of jewelry in his possession, and said he was from San Francisco. A description of the O'Kane jewelry was telegraphed east, and instructions were given to hold the boy.

BILLIARD TOURNAMENT.

Slosson Badly Beaten in the Fifth Game by Schaefer.

NEW YORK, Dec. 15.—The fifth game in the billiard tournament was between Schaefer and Slosson. The latter was badly outplayed at every stage and Schaefer won by a score of 600 to 394. Average: Schaefer, 45.6-17; Slosson, 23.9-17. High runs: Schaefer, 203; Slosson, 124.

Union Pacific Receivers. OMAHA, Neb., Dec. 15.—At the conference today between Receiver Trumbull of the Union Pacific, Denver and Gulf and Receiver Anderson and General Manager Dickinson of the Union Pacific, the Union Pacific was granted the use of the tracks between Gatesburg and La Salle, the cut off between Omaha and Denver, and the Gulf secured the lease of the Union Pacific depot at Cheyenne. The question of ownership of the shops at Denver is under discussion.

Removal. FITZGERALD'S, corner Spring and Franklin.

A TERRIBLE CATASTROPHE.

Collapse of the Big Bridge at Louisville, Ky.

Fifty-One Men Carried Down with the Wreck.

The Majority of Them Drowned or Seriously Injured.

The Third Great Accident in the History of the Structure—The Enterprise also Fractured with Financial Disaster.

By the Associated Press. LOUISVILLE, Ky., Dec. 15.—A few minutes past 10 o'clock this morning the false work and that part of the middle span of the Louisville and Jeffersonville bridge, in place, gave way, and with it many workmen were precipitated 110 feet into the river below. There was a moment's warning, and those who escaped going down with the mass of iron and timber, started for the piers after the first trembling that indicated the giving way of the false work. The accident was a horrible one, and is the last of a long list of catastrophes that have marked the construction of the bridge.

WRECKED BY THE WIND. The foreman, in beginning work, noticed that during the night a "traveler" which had been put in place last night, had been worked loose by the wind. An order to draw it back into place was given, and men and engines started to do so. The wind was high at the time and the gentle sway of the false work gradually forced the traveler off the piles on which it was resting. When the end slipped, the whole work trembled and the men realizing their danger and started for the piers. As the traveler would have it, the central bent was first to give way, and the men on this bent went down to be covered by the mass of iron and timber of the other bents which fell almost immediately, carrying with them other workmen who failed to reach the piers. The north bent, or the one attached to the Indiana pier, did not fall for 15 minutes after the other parts went down.

MORE THAN FORTY VICTIMS. As near as can be ascertained there were 51 men on the bridge when the alarm was given by the engineer in charge of the work. Of this number several succeeded in reaching the piers. Of those who went down some were covered by a mass of timber, from beneath which it will be days before their bodies are recovered.

THE AWFUL CRASH. The first crash, when the center bent gave way, was at 10:25, and it was then that the great number of fatalities occurred. A few minutes later a bent on which there was but little of the bridge proper gave way on the Indiana side. In this it is believed that one unknown man was killed. He was caught by a rope and dragged beneath the water. The crash attracted the attention of those on shore, and many turned away their eyes as they saw men struggling in mid air. It is believed that many were in danger. When the mass of material struck the water all were concealed for an instant by the spray thrown high into the air. As the water subsided here and there could be seen men struggling desperately to climb upon timber. That their ends above the water, a few succeeded in clinging to pieces in safety, and were quickly rescued by boats that put out from the shores. Others struggled desperately and were carried off by the current to sink almost as rescue was at hand.

GRIEF-STRIKEN FAMILIES. A few minutes after the accident news was sent to all parts of the city. Near the bridge lived the families of many workmen. These were soon on the bank. Many were wild with grief and rushed frantically about wringing their hands and tearing their hair.

NO ONE RESPONSIBLE. To those who would be laid the responsibility will never be known, probably. Doubtless this was only one of those unforeseen accidents that occur in spite of all precautionary measures. General opinion is that the wind that had been sweeping the river all day, it bore with great force on the ponderous framework, which necessarily became loosened from the strain and the swaying of the heavy timber. A great number of people, however, believe that the cause of the disaster was the great mass of wood and iron began to sink and the awful cracking and crashing of the timbers smote their ears.

A TERRIBLE EXPERIENCE. George W. Brown, a foreman in charge of eight men, had a remarkable and thrilling experience. When the crash came the nine men made a dash for the Kentucky side of the bridge. Below they reached a place of safety. The men fell and the workmen were precipitated into the river. Brown displayed remarkable presence of mind. He held his breath during the fall, and remembered going to the bottom of the river. Debris piled above him, but he managed to crawl from under. He is an expert swimmer, but discovered that his left arm was broken in three places. He managed, however, to grasp a floating piece of timber with his right arm and floated down the river until rescued. He says while he was clinging to the timber, two men came up near him, and after struggling an instant sank out of sight. He saw several struggling in the water who sank out of sight before help reached them.

A FEW WHO WERE SAVED. James Trent, a painter, who resides