SEARCH STATES HIS POSITION

He Raises an Issue With the A. P. A.

REPLIES TO MANY ATTACKS

He Scores Several Members of the Education Board

He Explains the Situation in School Circles and Uses Some Vigorous Language in His Defense

The following open letter from Professor Search, late superintendent of schools, explains itself. It opens a controversy of which The Herald will be ready to print both sides:

To the Citizens of Los Angeles:—Up to the present time I have made no personal defense against the dastardly attack that has stabbed me in the back. I have been led to this course by the following reasons:

1. There is no use in fighting a thing which will not show its real face.

2. I have been disposed to place my entire interests upon the honor of the community.

3. The real enemy is temporarily so powerful that I have endeavored in every way to save others from personal disaster, which would surely follow their championship of my cause.

Hence I have maintaned absolute silence, thankful, at least, that others were to be spared an attack of calumny and vengeance centered on me alone.

In no sense has this contest been on the surface or representing anything educational. There have been no difficulties in the schools excepting such as have arisen from outside and sinister derangement. The fight has been fundamentally A. P. A. One day, a short time preceding the Fiesta, there came to my office a committee from that order consisting of Messrs. Overton, Fairbanks and Grubb, to ask that I use my influence to secure the placing of an A. P. A. float in the citizens' parade. I consented to give them a hearing the next morning at 10 o'clock, but when that time came a hundred A. P. A. men appeared with them at the office. With others of the school committee I heard their request and declined to permit my influence to be used in such dangerous discrimination. I was charged with the responsibility of their failue. Then and there arose one Fairbanks and stated, "There are thousands of men in this city who mean to say that the man who places himself in the way of the accomplishment of their purpose can do so only with danger to himself." I was also informed that not only here, but in every city where I should seek to reappear, I would be confronted by organized advance opposition.

The next issue of the Tocsin—April 1st—in a long editorial, contained this statement: "There are not 4000 A. P. A's. and as many more sympathizers in this city to pass this act of treason by without rebuke," and closed with the incendiary declaration: "Rome has spoken; it is our turn now!"

Under such circumstances is it any wonder that many good people have been led to false estimates of the superintendent's intentions? The superintendent has been denied the privilege of statement; the printing of directions to teachers was discontinued; a so-called investigation has been conducted to which he has never been admitted and no question has been asked concerning his plans. The appointing power has hurried from building to building to gain the favor of teachers by all kinds of palaver and promises. Many teachers have recognized the situation, and have unprofessionally taken sides with those in position to reward. The great body of the teachers have been loyal and true, but grieved and silent, have avoided utterance, which certainly could do no good. In more than one case where an indignant teacher has spoken her true sentiments that teacher has been quietly warned she had better keep still. The same warning has reached at least two citizens who have dared to utter protest in mass meetings.

Under such circumstances, is it strange that many things have not gone right in the schools? The purpose of a city board of education is certainly to help the superintendent in the execution of his policy. Think of a member of the board, pointing to a place deranged by such conditions and saying, "behold the work of the superintendent," or canvassing the entire country in order to gather a few unfavorable expressions for the express purpose of curtailing his influence. I venture the assertion, there is not a candid citizen in the community who would not unreservedly endorse the superintendent's policy, could such be known.

What a chain of false evidence has been presented in order to secure the approval of the public.

First—It is said the state law requires a graduation of the pupils that we may draw public money. Has anybody heard the superintendent say a word against true graduation? It is posible that any person can see inflexible individual opportunity and easy change in working place anything incompatible with the spirit and the letter of the law? There has never been a time during the year when every necessary report as to classification of pupils could not have been made to the county and state.

Second—It is said there have been no promotions. This is false in every particular. There have been more promotions than ever before, but in most cases under the same teacher, who knew the pupil best.

I wish it to be distinctly understood, I am an American, and as such I do not recognize the right of any man to pretensions of patriotism higher than my own. I am also a Protestant, whose position has never before been questioned; but as a school man I represent something more, and that is involved in the oath which for years I have taught the children at our country' altar: "I pledge allegiance to my flag: one nation, indevisible, with liberty and justice to all."

I had no objection to a model school house at the head of the school children's parade. Nothing, as a thing of itself, could be more beautiful; but the "little red school house" is an A.P.A. emblem to which that society has an exclusive proprietary tight. It was constructed entirely by A.P.A. money, and brought forward entirely by A.P.A. men. At the time of the controversy I definitely defined my position in the statement that I could permit nothing in the school parade which did not represent an entire people. I should have been false to my trusst had I taken any other stand. I knew just what this would cost me, and foresaw the inevitable result. If I had been a moneyed man I would have willingly given ten thousand dollars could I have done so, to save my professional reputation the blow that would strke me under the guise of something else.

Since that time there has been ominous silence upon the part of the real enemies, the A.P.A. contest has disappeared from the surface but a hundred things seen from my position have familiarized me with the insidious attack that has sought to accomplish its purpose by a process of undermining and estrangement. Like John Terrier in A Study in Scarlet, I have recognized the slow but sure closing in of the coils of the great monster that each day counted one more toward a definite end.

Since that time everything has gradually taken color form the unseen undercurrent. The intentions of the superintendent have been misrepresented; his hands have been tied so he could not correct abuses in his schools; and everything has been deliberately planned to antagonize the patrons by unfortunate conditions over which the superintendent has had absolutely no control. I do not mean to say that six members of the baord have been intentionally parties to this outrage. The board is composed of three men who have stood nobly by the administration, against every form of unjust a ttack; of three other men who are hon est and true to their convicitons of right, but unfortunately they have not recognized the insidious influence which has presented conditions they thought were primary; one man, whose utter lack of independent action is pitiable; and two arch enemies, E. L. Grubb and J. S. Pitman, the one vindictive, the other adroit and powerful with the entire patronage of the schools at his disposal. These two men have utterly disgraced and prostituted the dignity of their office by deliberate attempts to mislead their colleagues, and to accomplish first of all the designs of the society of which they are members. I still have respect for three men who voted with the unseen opposition, for I believe them to be innocent of knowlegde of the true situation.

Third—It has been said the superintendent's plan has deprived thousands of school attendance. Is it possible the people do not know the schools have been full to overflowing? The necessary prohibition against additional admissions was forced by lack or building accommodations, and had nothing whatever to do with the plan of work. (See Manual 1, page 25, and Manual 3, page 8). Beyond that, it was authorized in advance by the board of education, as a necessary measure until new buildings could be erected.

Fourth—It is claimed that the superintendent's plan has added enormously to the expense of the schools. This is completely and absolutely refuted by the statement furnished by the board of education, through their clerk, to the daily papers, on June 16, in which it is shown that during the past six months (the only period, by the way, during which the individual system has been in operation), there has been saved $20,735.32 in the operating expenses of the schools, over the same period of one year ago, and yet with an increase of thirty-five teachers. I am afraid, in their endeavor to monopolize to themselves the entire credit for systematic changes, the gentlemen forgot that the superintendent's management was also in operation at the same time.

Again, it is claimed there will be loss in the revenues for another year, because of alleged falling off in the average daily attendance, upon which the county funds are distributed. I have already shown that the schools have been unable to proportionately grow on account of inadequate buildings. During the past year we have gained four new rooms at the new Macy street school and five at the state normal, in all nine new rooms, giving additional accommodations for 360 pupils; and yet the school statistics absolutely show an increase of 1286 in the average daily attendance for the year.

But it is also asserted there has been loss in admissions to over a thousand children because one class was changed from the eighth grade room, and no class admitted to take its place. The fact is, there were only twelve eighth grade rooms in the city, where the enrollment was less than forty, and the entire aggregate of deficit at its maximum was only 155. As during the last completed fiscal year the revenues from the county were only $6.90 per capita, it will be seen how preposterous is the statement made that the superintendent's plan has cost $25,000. The number of pupils in the eighth room was temporarily lessened, in order that there might be some opportunity to overcome the losses from overcrowded conditions, half-day sessions, etc., before entrance to the high school. It was also intended there should be opportunity for special promotions from below, which was blocked by the action of the board. Meager as this loss was, it was compensated for ten times by other increases. Bad as have been the conditions for crowding in more chidren this year, the expectancy, based on the census and attendance, will give an increased revenue for next year of over $40,000.

(5) It has been said the superintendent has been uncompromising and arbitrary, regardless of effect on the children's interests. The people who have been led to believe this, and to false impressions concerning the application of intentions, would be utterly astonished if they knew of a certain circular of directions to teachers, which the committee declined to read, and which was suppressed in its issue.

Under the conditions stated, there has been no desire that the superintendent's true aims should be understood; nor has there been any tolerance of any plan that did not originate from the masters of the situation. It may be said I have lacked diplomacy in handling this issue, but that does not necessarily follow when the conditions are known. I have too much dignity to compromise myself when the real enemy was not face to face. After delivering fifteen or twenty lectures on one theme in this community, and directing, more or less intmately, the work in a hundred other cities, what can a progressive superintendent do when told by members of the board that they never heard of his doctrine and have never read his instructions to teachers?

(6) It has been said the people have been dissatisfied with results. Whose results have been presented? The fact is, there has been absolutely no dissatisfaction excepting when it has been manufactured for a purpose. There are whole wards in this city where not ten complaints can be found.

To show that this contest has had nothing whatever to do with the educational policy of the superintendent, except where the latter had been purposely led to miscarry, it is just as well to point the successive steps that have been taken to get rid of the man who has stood in the way of partisan and un-American accomplishment.

First—Within three days after my stand in opposition to the encroachments of the A. P. A. the daily papers contained the statement that members of the A. P. A. were seeking my removal.

Second—This was immediately followed by notice of an injunction against payment of my salary demand.

Third—Two members of the board (both A. P. A.) were aggressively pressing the city attorney for an unfavorable opinion which could be used against me.

Fourth—An attempt to frighten me from the field, by statement of three members that my salary demand would not be approved.

Fifth—A deliberate attempt to strangle teachers, which was largely unsuccessful, and to poison the minds of good people.

Sixth—An abortive trial of "individualism," to which a defense was never permitted, excepting the verdict would force resignation.

Seventh—When all the preceding steps had utterly failed to lead the superintendent into a disloyal position, when no grounds could be raised against him as a man, a citizen or an educator—then the board forces the city attorney to an opinion declaring the ineligibility of the superintendent, to hold a city office because he was an importation by a previous board, and had not been a resident of California for one year in advance of election.

Is there any record in the histotry of this country where another eduscator has been subjected to such an outrage? The effort to put me in the light of an usurper is utterly untenable. The framer of the city charter never intended the provision concerning the holding of a political office should shut out from the city's privilege the best talent of the entire country. My predecessors have been elected under the same law as I, and called from an unlimited field. They, too, have had their enemies, but no past board has ever so disregarded the principles of common decency as to raise the question of ineligibility. Beyond that, the opinion of a lawyer and the decision of the superior court are not synonyms. Every recent decision bearing upon similar questions has declared in favor of the superiority of the school district over the city.

There are also involved the principles of equity and honor of which a school officer in the execution of conscienticus duty should be protected against nefarious design. This is the intention of the law which makes the term of superintendent longer than that of the board of education.

It will be seen by this that I do not recognize the validity of the action of the board in declaring my office vacant; but I have too much respect for myself to continue in association, not with the entire board, but with leaders who will deny me as they have done, every professional opportunity and consideration. I have done so thus far because I did not desire to desert a noble citizenship, which has had so much heart in other result; and my interest and the people's have been one. Because of unfinished work, I will be in my office all of this month, and longer if I so choose. After that time my home, for a time at least, will be in this city. I came here to enjoy the privileges of citizenship, and for the time being I shall remain to help the city in its higher interests. I shall not allow a few unpleasant experiences to lead me to forget the noble support I have had from the press, the officers and members of the Merchants' association, the chamber of commerce, the board of trade and the Friday Morning club, and the many other elements of an aroused and indignant constituency. In this city I have had everything in my support excepting the trading politician, and the so-called American Protective association, and they, by insidious manipulation, have had the board of education and many good people misinformed.

Is it possible, in enlightened America, and particularly in cultured Los Angeles, that such an outrage can be permitted to be perpetrated? Well may Dr. Hallman of Washington write: "You have my full sympathy in the unfortunate predicament in which you and the schools are placed through the political dishonesty of the enemies of progress in Los Angeles. I would suggest that the city choose a change of name; its present appellation appears under the conditions, a great piece of hypocrisy."

And now I want to request my thousands of loyal and warm-hearted friends, who have fought so nobly but unsuccessfully this gigantic battle against an unseen enemy, that they drop at once all attempt to further protect my interests and to help to give the succeeding administration the loyal support of a united people. The need of this community is co-operation and union and so long as I remain its citizen my voice and hand will be the willing support of the superintendent of schools. In this much, at least, will I live on, that no combination of circumstances can ever destroy the trend I have given to the consideration of the interests of the individual. The body of individualism may temporarily be buried, but its spirit will live on and will permeate the schools in a thousand ways for the good of the children.

I recommend that immediate steps be taken to arrange for better school provision in the city charter.

First—There should be discontinuance of ward representation. Five directors should be elected by the vote of the entire city to serve for five years, with only one member retiring each year.

Second—There should be absolute severance of the executive and legislative departments. (See recent report of the committee of fifteen upon organization of city schools.)

Third—There should be removal of every apparent technical provision that would impoverish the city by confining the succession in superintendency to the subordinate officers.

Fourth—At least the heads through whom the superintendent must operate in the execution of his policy should be appointed by the superintendent. I do not mean to reflect upon my deputy, but I do regard that organization unfortunate, to say the least where the superintendent must operate through those who have everything to gain by the failure of the current school plans. Even San Francisco places the appointment of a deputy superintendent, and as well, the clerk of the board of education, entirely in the hands of the superintendent.

In conclusion, I would say my past silence with reference to true issues will now be definitely understood. I have entered upon this defense with great reluctance, for I have hesitated to say anything that might add to present animosities. But I have a professional reputation and the interest of other schools to protect, and duty demands the truth should be known. I am well aware this statement will be followed by attempts at explanation and by misrepersentation. I do not care for that and shall utterly disregard any thing that may be said, which course, I know, will give unbridled license to further abuse.

I rest my interests upon the honor of the community. If abuses, misrepresentation and attack are still continued upon me, then I ask as a simple act of justice that the Merchants' association, the chamber of commerce and the board of trade shall each appoint one person who shall constitute a committee of three to pass upon the veracity of this statement.

What I have said, I trust, will be taken in the spirit intended. I do not know that my professional reputation needs any defense of this kind; but at least, it is right that people should know and recognize the great octopus that, from under the surface, has raised its arms to drag down the man who has dared to stand for an entire people and for true Americanism. P. W. SEARCH.

An Old Soldier's Death

Thomas B. Merchant, late a sergeant of company C, Eighty-eighth Illinois infantry volunteers, died very suddenly Friday evening at his late residence, 222 Winston street. Tom, as he was familiarly known by the older residents, was a member of Frank Bartlett Post, No. 6, G. A. R., and will be buried by that post in the G. A. R. plat, Evergreen cemetery, from Sharp & Samson's undertaking parlors, No. 536 South Spring street, this afternoon at 3 p. m.

WASTING DISEASES WEAKEN WONDERfully because they weaken you slowly, gradually. Do not allow this waste of body to make you a poor, flabby, immature man. Health, strength and vigor is for you whether you be rich or poor. The Great Hudyan is to be had only from the Hudson Medical Institute. This wonderful discovery was made by the specialists of the old famous Hudson Medical Institute. It is the strongest and most powerful vitalizer made. It is so powerful that it is simply wonderful how harmless it is. You can get it from nowhere but from the Hudson Medical Institute. Write for circulars and testimonials.

This extraordinary Rejuvenator is the most wonderful discovery of the age. It has been endorsed by the leading scientific men of Europe and America.

HUDYAN is purely vegetable.

HUDYAN stops prematureness of the discharge in twenty days. Cures **LOST MANHOOD,** constipation, dizziness, falling sensations nervous twitching of the eyes and other parts.

Strengthens, invigorates and tones the entire system. It is as cheap as any other remedy.

HUDYAN cures debility, nervousness, emissions, and develops and restores weak organs. Pains in the back, losses by day or night stopped quickly. Over 2,000 private indorsements.

Prematureness means impotency in the first stage. It is a symptom of seminal weakness and barrenness. It can be stopped in twenty days by the use of Hudyan. Hudyan costs no more than any other remedy.

Send for circulars and testimonials.

TAINTED BLOOD—Impure blood due to serious private disorders carries myriads of sore-producing germs. Then comes sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcers in mouth, old sores and falling hair. You can save a trip to Hot Springs by writing "or 'Blood Book' to the old physicians of the

HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE,
Stockton, Market and Ellis Sts.,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

AT THE HOTELS

H. H. Rowland, a producer of olive oil at Pomona, is a Nadeau guest.

H. Hirschfeld, a well known Bakersfield merchant, came to Los Angeles yesterday and is stopping at the Nadeau.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Riggs, a Topeka, Kan., bridal couple, arrived yesterday at the Nadeau.

C. E. Worden, San Francisco's manufacturing chemist, also owner of the Salton sea works in Southern California, is a recent arrival at the Nadeau.

Following is a list of the Turners who are registered at the Westminster: H. Wolmer, W. Fohlematcher, Fred Becker, Dick Wagner, Henry Conrad, George Steffens, George Gossman, George Lann, Charles E. Plef, John D. Baltim, Royal C. Scott, Gus Hotop, C. Krause, Louis Peck, Albert Kneuzi, F. W. Graf, Carl Schutz, A. W. Volkman, Joseph Budden, F. Gumber, F. Schneegoss, W. Horstmeyer, H. C. F. Stabland wife, G. H. Dohmke and wife, Philip Kuack, Miss Dohmke, Henry Evens and wife, A. Keyser and wife, J. F. W. Sohn, John Stanven, Casper Edlurberg.

Personal

H. W. Edleman, of San Francisco, is visiting friends in this city for a few days.

J. W. Taylor, of the Mormon Girl mine in Arizona, accompanied by his wife and son, Frank Taylor, arrived yesterday.

A recent letter from Bill Nye jr., dated from Pasa Robles and addressed to the Nadeau people, states that he expects to reach here soon.

Hon. Tom Hines, president of the Maricopa Loan and Trust company at Phoenix, reached Los Angeles on the 8:30 train yesterday via S. F. and P. R. R. His trip this time is stricly a business one.

A. H. Ridewell, the well known music man of Arizona, with large interests in that territory, together with his highly talented family, arrived in the city yesterday. This very musical family are upon their usual summer outing an expect to be away from home at least two months.

Mr. Sorter, secretary of the Consolidated Canal company, with headquartes at Mesa City, Ariz., was among yesterday's arrivals in the city.

Filed With the County Clerk

Julius L. Mendonse has brought suit for divorce against Cora May Mendonse and for the custody of their minor child. The husband alleges continued adultery, and names Arthur Matteson of Santa Monica as co-respondent.

The Security Savings Bank and Trust company, of which J. F. Sartori is president, brought suit yesterday against John Dunn and others to foreclose a mortgage.

Mrs. Z. T. Jargstorff yesterday filed a petition praying the guardianship of her minor son, Arthur Clark Jargstorff, aged 20 years, in order that she might manage his estate, his father being dead.

Emma V. Smith has brought suit for divorce from Harry Smith, on the plea of desertion.

Not Sweet Marie

Now George, if you'll call up and see us, can show you how to eradicate this continued "pungie" for house rent. Only one left. Cozy 5-room house, bath, pantry, nice lot. Pico car line, $1300, no cash down and $20 per month. The landlord is slowly devouring you, hide hair and all. Coup d'etat. Langworthy & Co., 226 S. Spring.

It Stands Without a Peer

The like of which was never beheld in any other store.

The world's record broken in the history of [illegible]

Selling-Out Sales

No such prices were ever quoted before the Golden Opportunity.

Take the advantage of it now.

I will again GIVE FREE for tomorrow, with every purchase of $1 and over, a genuine opal or a fire stone, or an emerald, ruby or a sapphire brilliant, usually retailed from $1.00 to $2.50.

Sterling silver belt pins at 25c.

Rolled gold glove buttoners with chain attached, worth 50c and 75c, at 15c.

Rogers' triple silver napkin rings, 15c.

Peep o'Day Bouquet, 25c size, 10c.

Eastman Bros. & Co. Royal Quadruple Strength and Warrick Freres' Celebrated Perfumes; 40 odors to select from. Regular price. 50c and 75c per ounce. Closing out price, 20c per ounce. We furnish you bottles free.

Do not miss the phenomenal pocket book bargain of the year.

35 dozen $1.50 and $1.00 Ladies' Combination Pocket Books, in seal, morocco, alligator, goat and lizard skins, with fancy trimmings, choice of entire lot at 50c.

Another lot of 20 dozen, worth 75c and 50c, go at 25c. All have fancy metal trimmings.

Our great corset slaughter sale is the talk of the town. You can afford to buy them and lay them away at these prices.

75c Corsets at 40c.
$1.25 Corsets at 75c.
$1.75 Corsets at 85c.
$2.00 Corsets at $1.15.
$2.25 French shape Corsets at $1.25.

All of our Embroideries and Laces at less than cost.

Store rented to other parties and we must vacate by August 1. All of our fixtures for sale cheap.

BURGER'S

Forced Closing-Out Sale,

235 South Spring St.,

Between Second and Third Streets

WESTLAKE PARK

An Excellent Programme for Today's Open-Air Concert

The following programme will be presented by the Los Angeles Military band at Westlake park this afternoon under the direction of Mr. George Cann:

March, Sound Off. Sousa.
Overture, L'Enchantresse, E. Moxie.
Selection from Carmen, Bizet.
Waltz, The Senator, J. Benedict.
Serenade, solo for flute and horn, Titl.
Caprice, Awakening of the Lion, march movement only, Dikoutski.
Overture, Berlin as it Laughs and Cries, Conradi.
Selection from Patience, Sullivan.
Traumerie, V. R. Schumann.
Waltz, La Barcarolle, Waldteufel.
Grand march, Apollo, Theo. Moses.
Galop, Tivoli, Zikoff.

Notable Visitors

Among the notables in attendance upon the German fete from the Athens of the Pacific—in other words Oakland—may be mentioned H. C. Evers and Albert Kayser. Mr. Evers is known to fame as the coroner of Alameda county, a position that he has been re-elected to for three terms. The doctor is here for pleasure and not in connection with the business of his office.

Of Mr. Kayser it may be stated that that gentleman is a newspaper man and is the editor and proprietor of the Oakland Journal, one of the best-known publications on the coast. Mr. Kayser is a prominent member of the German Press club of San Francisco.

Dr. D. S. Differbacher, dentist, rooms 4 and 5, 119 S. Spring st., Los Angeles.

GOOD NEWS, LADIES!

Great American Importing Tea Co.'s STORES.

135 NORTH MAIN, 351 SOUTH SPRING, LOS ANGELES

ARE SELLING

MASON FRUIT JARS

At greatly reduced prices.

1 doz. Jars, Pints, in box, 60c.
1 doz. Jars, Quarts, in box, 70c
1 doz. Jars, Half-Gal. in box, 90c

Inspect our Improved Jelly Glasses,

We undersell all others in our

Crockery and Glassware Department

It will pay you to visit us.

We are headquarters for

CHOICEST TEAS, COFFEES AND SPICES,

Our Prices, Quality Considered, Positively the Lowest.

Buying directly saves middlemen and peddlers' profits.

J. T. SHEWARD

THIS has probably been the most successful Sailor season ever known in Millinery. Good shapes in Sailors are more desirable now than early in the season. High crown bell shapes are the best styles. Monday we will sell 500 of the best shapes in a splendid quality, trimmed with a ribbon band, for 50c each; a regular $1.50 quality; none sold to dealers; black and white.

DUCK SUITS for warm weather, $2, $2.50, $3, $3.50, $4 and $5 each; light and dark colors. There is no doubt about it, Duck Suits have had a tremendous sale this season. We have been exceedingly fortunate in securing a fine fitting line of Suits

SHIRT WAISTS—Silk Waists for $5, black and colored. This one line of Silk Waists were bought to sell for $7.50. They came to hand late. They will be closed out for $5 each. Laundered Waistsin fine styles, 50c, 75c, $1, $1.25, $1.50 and $2 each.

SUMMER CORSETS, with a Zone Bodice, 50c a pair; equal in fit to any Corset made for more than double the money. The only place in the city where you can buy the Royal Worcester. Prices from $1 and up. Long, medium and short waists; extra long and extra short.

ALL WOOL SERGES, worth up to $1 a yard; your choice for 50c; 45 to 46 inches wide; all wool Henriettas, 60c and 75c a yard, regular price 90c and $1; all black.

DUCK SUITINGS and Wash Dress Goods in the largest variety. Taffeta Plisse in good qualities for 8⅓c a yard. Ducks for 10c to 15c a yard. Swiss Muslins in plain white and all colors. All have the small dots. There is a great craze for Dotted Swisses throughout the east.

Complete stocks in every department. Nothing urged upon unwilling buyers. Anything purchased here and not perfectly satisfactory in every way bring them back and get your money. The only exception is on altered garments and Butterick patterns.

3 Points Of Trade

HONESTY

RELIABILITY

LOW PRICES

STRONG POINTS IN OUR FAVOR

You can readily see by the list of prices below that we are 10 to 20 per cent lower than the self-styled "cut-rate" stores. Our aim is to keep our prices as low as is consistent with the grade of goods we sell.

	Cut-rate Store Price	OUR PRICE		Cut-rate Store Price	OUR PRICE
Scott's Emulsion	$0 65	$0 60	Ladies' Rubber Gloves	$1 00	$0 90
Malted Milk	80	75	2-quart Fountain Syringe	75	65
Malted Milk, large	3 25	3 00	4-quart Fountain Syringe	90	75
Burke's Guiness Stout, doz.		2 25	2-quart Hot Water Bottle	75	65
Bass Imported Ale, per doz.		2 25	4-quart Hot Water Bottle	90	75
Toilet Paper, per doz	50	45	Sheffield's Dentifrice	20	15

H. M. SALE & SON,

220 South Spring Street.

NADEAU NADEAU

Most people know a good thing when they see it, and everybody will see it if they come to 311 and 313 South Main Street, to NADEAU'S

GREAT FURNITURE SALE

Of stoves, household goods, carpets, mattings, linoleums, new and secondhand, at prices to suit any purse. Don't miss this opportunity to furnish your house at prices never before heard of.

NADEAU NADEAU