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PRICE FIVE CENTS

THE TROUBLES IN TURKEY

The Situation Is Regarded as Critical

SOME MONEY HAS BEEN PROVIDED

To Assist in Quelling the Armenian Disorders

THE POWERS DISSATISFIED

With the Personnel of the Newly Appointed Ministry

Believing It Unable to Accomplish Anything Worth Mentioning

Rumors of Palace Conspiracies Still Circulate and the Idiot Mohammed Murad is Mentioned as a Candidate for the Throne

Associated Press Special Wire.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 8.—There is no change for the better in the political situation here, unless it rests on the fact that the Ottoman bank has advanced the Turkish government the sum of £1,500,000, which will enable the new minister of finance, Sabri Pasha, to provide for the most pressing needs of the government. The latter, it would seem, consists in fitting out the navy reserve just called out in the ports' attempt to make some show of trying to restore order in Armenia; but there are so many more demands upon the Turkish treasury at the present moment that the money just advanced will not go a long way, even if it was placed to legitimate uses, which is not likely to be the case.

In the best informed circles here, the situation is regarded as decidedly critical and important developments are expected within a few days. The ambassadors of the powers do not regard the new Turkish ministry with favor; it is not expected to last long, and it is not thought that it will be able to do anything worth mentioning toward clearing the political atmosphere.

The rumors of palace conspiracies which have been in circulation for months past, continue to be talked about. The name of the deceased sultan, Mohammed Murad, removed from the throne because he was alleged to be suffering from idiocy, is once more mentioned as being a likely candidate for the throne.

There are many people who believe the deposed sultan is quite as sane as the present ruler of the Ottoman empire, Abdul Medjid.

Then, of course, the name of the heir apparent, Mohammed Reşad, is heard mentioned as likely to shortly succeed his uncle, the present sultan, but that report has been in circulation for months past. In fact, it was said some time ago that the present sultan, Mohammed Reşad, in favor of Mohammed Reşad, but it is added, the representatives of the powers did not look upon this as likely to prove any solid change in the present situation and the matter was allowed to drop.

The difficulty does not rest in individuals; one sultan is about as bad or as good as another; it is the system of government in the Turkish empire which is to blame for all the trouble, and until there is a decided change in this direction there will be no improvement in the condition of the Armenians or Turks.

The appointment of the ex-grand vizier, Kiamil Pasha, as grand vizier, a meaning name, as well as Aleppo, is regarded here as being only another way of sending him to exile. He may not be actually exiled, but he will not be allowed to return from Aleppo until it suits the porte. He is charged with many things, but the sum and substance of it seems to be that he has been a scapegoat for the sins and lack of mercy of others. The sultan has to do something, so he changed his grand vizier and turned over his cabinet, but that seems to be about all. In addition to the exile of Kiamil Pasha it is reported that a number of high personages have been exiled to Anatolia, but it is difficult to get at the truth in such matters, as people reported exiled sometimes find their way to the bottom of the Bosphorus.

The Turkish troops are being concentrated at Masnah for an advance on Zeitoun, so soon as the military preparations are completed.

Further private reports received here from Dabekir estimate the number of Armenian victims of the recent massacres at 200.

It is believed that the number is in excess of the actual total of those killed, but that seems to be no doubt but that the victims are numbered by the thousands.

The correspondent of the Times says: Kiamil Pasha was dismissed from the office of grand vizier by an offensive expressed trade which was intended to disuse the fact that he had refused to retain office and to cloak the sultan's insincerity as to his intentions regarding the reforms which have been demanded by the powers in Armenia and also to make his refusal to proclaim the reforms by an imperial decree for San Francisco, an imperial decree for San Francisco, which is a

virtual exile, but he was taken suddenly with a high fever and bronchitis and six physicians declared that he was unable to travel. The sultan thereupon gave permission for the delay of his departure.

"It would be as difficult," said the Times correspondent, "to conceive the condition of mind which brought the sultan to appoint such a deplorable cabinet or to describe the consternation it has produced everywhere."

"The grand vizier is, perhaps, the least objectionable. His intentions are honest, but his abilities are small. Tewfik Pasha is a nonentity. Abdurrahman and Memdukh are a couple of fanatics. Munir's apitice for unclear work has raised him to the position of grand vizier, and he places him facile princeps at the head of the political apitice."

The Constantinople correspondent of the Daily News writes, in the interesting edition of the French ambassador in the matter of the Diarbekir riot, says: "Hearing that the French subjects in Diarbekir were in danger the French ambassador sent to the ports in the middle of the night to say that if any French citizens were killed he would insist upon having their bodies buried."

"It is alleged that Kiamil Pasha's dismissal from the office of grand vizier was due to his having demanded certain administrative reforms formerly pertaining to the grand vizier but long in abeyance."

A dispatch to the Chronicle from Rome says: "The Scorzier del Mattino of Naples has advised to the effect that the Marquis of Salisbury has decidedly proposed to the powers the dismemberment of Turkey."

A Berlin dispatch to the Chronicle says that the Russian minister of foreign affairs has been ordered to inform the British minister in London that the Russian fleet wherever the interest of European powers is concerned is to be maintained in the Black Sea.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—The Armenian Relief association of this city today called to the relief committee in London 400 sterling for the sufferers in Samsun. A cable message has been received by the association from the Duke of Westminster giving information that the London committee are sending funds to the region of the massacre.

DURRANT'S DEATH SENTENCE

Postponed Pending a Motion for a New Trial

The Trial of the Charge of Murdering Minnie Williams is Also Continued Indefinitely

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 8.—Theodore Durrant was brought from the county jail today to be sentenced by Judge Murphy for the murder of Minnie Williams. Attorney Dickinson, for the defendant, asked a continuance for two weeks to prepare a motion for a new trial. District Attorney Barnes acquiesced, and the court granted the continuance on agreement that there should be no further continuance at that time. The charge against Durrant for the murder of Minnie Williams was on motion of the district attorney, continued indefinitely.

BRADY'S CASE

Strong Evidence Introduced by the Prosecuting Officers

MARYSVILLE, Nov. 8.—Fifteen witnesses told their stories in the trial of the murder of John G. Carlin, secretary of the treasury, after a two-day trial, was this afternoon acquitted of the charge of murdering G. W. Blake on the subject of December 17, 1894, in a joint act at Arvon. The defense proved the shooting was in self defense. Blake leaves a wife and several children.

Necessary Preliminaries

LONDON, Nov. 8.—The Berlin correspondent of the Times says the bimetallic league has adopted a resolution that before an international conference is held on the subject of bimetalism the German government ought to debate with America and France.

The Crew is Saved

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich., Nov. 8.—Sixteen men, comprising the crew of the long overdue steamer Missoula, given up as lost early this evening, have just arrived here in safety. The Missoula foundered off Caribou islands.

Burned at Sea

LIMA, Peru, Nov. 8.—It is reported that the British steamer Mineral, loaded at Payta with petroleum for San Francisco, has been burned.

JEFFERSON'S LOVING CUP

Presented by a Thousand of His Friends

ALL THE NOTABLES ATTEND

Including Three of Rip's Great Children

Here's to His Health and His Family's, and May They Live Long and Prosper

Associated Press Special Wire

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—Nearly all of the prominent actors and theatrical managers in New York were included in the company of 300 which assembled at the Garcon theater this afternoon to present to Joseph Jefferson a massive silver loving cup, the gift of more than 1000 members of the dramatic profession. On the stage, which was banked with ferns, were Daniel Frohman, Frank Mayo, John Drew, Edward S. Thorn, John A. Lane, Frank Sanger, William Conkling, E. H. French, W. H. Cranston, Nelson Wheatcroft, Edward Rosabauam, Mrs. John Drew, Mrs. E. E. Kluder, Agnes Booth, Mrs. Leslie Allen, Mrs. Fernandez, Mrs. Edmward F. Mayo and the three grand-children of Mr. Jefferson.

Speeches were made by Daniel Frohman, chairman of the presentation committee, and by John Drew, Frank Mayo and Mr. Jefferson. Mrs. Agnes Booth-Shaffer read an ode written by William Winter.

Frank Morlaunt called for three cheers for Mr. Jefferson, which was responded to with a will, the audience rising en masse, waving handkerchiefs and cheering.

Mr. Jefferson, who appeared deeply affected, came forward. He did not attempt to set speech, but for half an hour dealt in bright reminiscences of the stage and told stories of Booth and Forrest and his own early days, which pleased his audience immensely. In conclusion he said: "There are here today three persons who have known each other for a long time and who were formerly associated with Laura Keane's company during the run of American Cousin. There was a company of thirty equipte actors, of whom there are but three alive—Mr. Stoddard, Mr. Charles Goulet and myself. Sir Henry Irving, who occupied a box with Miss Ellen Terry, was barely noticed, and left the theater as soon as Mr. Jefferson had finished his speech."

The cup, which is not yet finished, was substituted by a plaster cast, an exact representation of what the gift will be like. When finished the cup will stand twenty-one inches in height and will be suitably inscribed, decorated and fluted in massive silver. Three figures, representing Mr. Jefferson in the roles of Rip Van Winkle, Dr. Ragsdale and Don Acres, are three panels in bas relief of scenes from the play, and the other bearing the following quotations and inscriptions: "Here's to the man who has made your family's and may they all live long and prosper."

To the dean of the dramatic profession with the loving greeting and affection of his brother and sister players, November 8, 1895."

He touched nothing he did not adore."

"To Mr. Joseph Jefferson, Greeting: 'We wish this cup a loving message and to him, who with his wit and matchless sense of every auditor a friend. And won the world's whole heart.'"

The Nez Percés Lands

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—Secretary Smith sent to the president a draft of the proclamation opening the Nez Percés lands ceded to settlement. He suggests that the opening of the lands be fixed ten days later to the time he will be signing the proclamation. This will give time for the proclamation to reach the land officers before the lands open to settlement.

DEATH BY ASPHYXIATION

A Citizen of Oakland Commits Deliberate Suicide

He Turned on the Gas and Lay Down in the Bathtub to Die—Death Came Very Soon

OAKLAND, Nov. 8.—Dr. Isaac S. Halsey, an old and respected citizen of Oakland, committed suicide today at his home in this city. His body was found in the bath room, where he had made careful preparations for an easy death. He locked himself in the room and attached a piece of tubing to the gas burner. The he turned on the key and placed the end of the tube in his mouth and lay down in the bath tub to die.

Dr. Halsey was nearly 70 years old. Recent heart troubles are supposed to have induced despondency, which led him to end his life. He retired to the bath room sometime yesterday morning and was not seen again alive. Several members of the family were at home, but they had no suspicion of what was going on until the odor of escaping gas was detected. This led to an investigation and it was traced to the bath room. The door was found to be fastened on the inside and it resisted all efforts that were made to force an entrance.

He was an Odd Fellow and was for many years state treasurer of the Good Templars.

The Detroit Wreck

DETROIT, Nov. 8.—The walls adjoining the wrecked portion of the Journal building have been braced, and digging in the ruins progresses rapidly and with

a greater degree of safety. Two bodies were taken out today, those of Lizzie Weidmarch and Clara Lind, employees of the bindery. Several persons are still missing. A mass meeting has been called for tomorrow night to take steps for the relief of families of the dead. Several popular subscriptions have been started.

The body of James B. Thomas was taken from the wrecked building this evening. This is the thirty-seventh body recovered and according to the list of missing was the last body left in the wreck. Thomas M. Thompson, engineer of the building, is at Grace hospital under surveillance.

PERU'S NEW CABINET

Gives Assurance of Some Stability to the Government

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—Word reached here of the appointment of a new cabinet in Peru as follows: Don Antonio Rertim, president of the cabinet and secretary of the home government, public works, Dr. Don Melito Perera, secretary of foreign relations, Dr. Don Augusto Alvaracin, secretary of justice, public instruction and charities.

Colonel Frederico Bream, secretary of the treasury and commerce. The appointment of the cabinet gives assurance that the new government is on a stable basis and that the evil effects of the last revolution have been overcome. It is expected that a minister will be sent to Washington at an early day. Peru has been very restive since the last revolution began.

NO REASON GIVEN

For the Suicide of a Relative of Mrs. Cleveland

CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—J. W. Cadman who shot himself several times and died at a county hospital at 2 o'clock this morning from the effects of the bullet wound in his head. He was in an agent in South Dakota and was a relative of President Cleveland's wife. No adequate reason has yet been given for his act.

A New Minister

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—News reaches Washington from Korea that a minister to the United States will soon be sent to this country in place of the late mini ter who died from cholera while on leave in Korea.

SWEET WINE PRODUCERS

Have Agreed Upon a Plan of Co-operation

By Which They Hope to Dispose of the Hold-Over and New Crops at Fair Figures

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 8.—The sweet wine men have practically come together. A plan of co-operation has been adopted and has received so many signatures that its agreement to by 90 per cent of the producers seems assured.

After the preliminary meeting last month, attended by about 90 per cent of the large growers and makers of sweet wine, a general gathering of large and small producers was held at the rooms of the board of trade, L. P. Drexler presiding.

It is estimated that nearly three-fourths of the gallage north of the Tehachapi was represented, while from the south, which constitutes about one-sixth of the interest, letters were received promising adherence to a plan of co-operation. The plan submitted met with general approval and was signed by nearly all of the sweet wine men present. Copies were ordered printed and will be circulated in the interior to obtain the remaining names.

In brief it provides for the desisting by the sweet wine makers of their left-over stock in a heavy rain. It provides for 500,000 gallons of a total product of 4,174,000 gallons. This year's crop is, by conservative estimates about 65 per cent larger, so that about 1,000,000 gallons of surplus will be marketed. Four of the trustees were elected. They are L. P. Drexler of the Fresno Vineyard company, Frank West of the Central Vineyard company, J. H. Vesta company, D. Henshaw Ward of the Noma Vineyard company and H. Trevelyan of the Barton estate company.

Representatives of the south and other large interests. As soon as the required number of signatures to the plan are received, the trustees will meet and organize. They will dispose of the crop from time to time, as seems most desirable and make prompt return to the sweet wine makers. If the plan meets with success it will probably be extended from year to year.

MRS. EUSTIS' FUNERAL

Services Over the Remains of the French Ambassador's Wife

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 8.—The remains of the late Mrs. H. Eustis, wife of the ambassador to France, arrived here from Europe this afternoon. The party accompanying the remains was met at the depot by Mr. and Mrs. N. Buckner and Miss Eustis of New Orleans and friends of the family in this city. The body was conveyed to Cave Hill cemetery, where the interment took place. The services at the grave were simple and were conducted in a heavy rain.

Among the many beautiful floral tributes placed on the grave were several pieces designed at the request of the American chamber of commerce in Paris.

THE KOVALEV CASE

The Alleged Murderer Declared Sane and the Trial Will Proceed

SACRAMENTO, Nov. 8.—Ivan Kovalév, the Siberian ex-convict, was this afternoon examined by several physicians to determine his sanity. Since his incarceration on a charge of having murdered F. H. L. Weber and his wife, Kovalév has acted in such a strange manner that Major Anderson and Senator Hart, the attorney appointed to defend him, concluded that he was insane. A stay in the trial was then ordered. This afternoon the committee of doctors, after making a thorough investigation, reported that Kovalév was sane. His trial for murder will be resumed next Monday.

The Sugar Bounty Case

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—Ex-Senator Manderson had a short conference today with Secretary Carlisle regarding the sugar bounty case, at which it was decided that the secretary would hear Mr. Manderson tomorrow at 2 p. m. The point to be argued is whether Comptroller Bowler has the right to send the case to the court to be decided without the consent of the claimant.

THE INTER-OCEAN WATERWAY

Discussed by Engineers and by Capitalists

THE CANAL IS TO BE BUILT

According to Assertions of the Chicago Evening Post

London Will Furnish Money and the United States Contractors—The Deal Almost Completed

Associated Press Special Wire

CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—The Evening Post asserts that the Nicaragua canal is to be built; that New York and London capital will foot the bills and American contractors do the work. It is also said Chicago engineers and drainage canal contractors will have a leading part in the construction.

This has been brought about by investigation made by the leading spirits in the Nicaragua scheme in the shape of the \$30,000,000 Chicago drainage canal. For months their work has been investigating the project, and it is said that as a result the moving spirits in the western works have been invited to visit the Nicaragua leaders in New York.

The Post further asserts that for several months certain London financiers, in company with some New Yorkers, have been negotiating with the United States government to decide to back it. Between \$70,000,000 and \$85,000,000 will be needed, and that amount, says the Post, has been guaranteed by the United States government.

The Post adds that while the deal has not yet been completed, the negotiations are in a very advanced stage and almost in the hands of completion. All attempts to secure financial aid from this government will be abandoned, and the matter will be prosecuted as a purely private enterprise.

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Discussed in Convention

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—The Society of Naval Architects and Marine Engineers had a warm discussion over the Nicaragua canal at today's session of its convention. The question before the body was the proposition of presenting a memorial to congress from the society asking favorable action on the Nicaragua canal project under the auspices of an American company and the proposition to present the memorial was defeated by a vote of 27 to 15.

Admiral Richard W. Mada, U. S. N., was chairman of a committee which had the matter in charge and made the following report: "In the judgment of this committee it would be proper to direct the president of the society to address a memorial to the congress of the United States in the name of the society in the report of the Nicaragua canal commission appointed by the president of the United States is made public, provided said report is favorable to the canal."

The report was accompanied by the text of a memorial which follows: "To the Honorable Senate and House of the United States in Congress assembled: "It is useless for the society to remind your honorable body of the transcendent importance of this country's successful completion of a canal connecting the Atlantic and Pacific oceans, for the people of the United States meanly and consistently have done so. It exists the seaboard states of the Atlantic and Pacific; of rendering one and indivisible the ties that bind the extreme east to the extreme west and of justifying one of the mottoes of this glorious Union, 'esto perpetua.'"

Furthermore, it seems to promise to our people a waged in ocean commerce the prospect of competing as of old in American built ships or on more even terms than hitherto for the great trade of China, made possible by the recent struggle between that country and Japan; and it further promises to insure closure of ties of friendship between ourselves and the central and South American republics, giving to this country more predominance in the affairs of the American continent which by right we should have, but which have been jealously contended for by certain European powers.

For these and other reasons which doubtless occur to your honorable body we ask most respectfully that the Nicaragua Canal company, under the control of citizens of the United States, may receive at your hands such consideration, sympathy and substantial aid and encouragement as you may deem wise and just."

The opposition to the memorial was based on the ground that it was inexpedient for the society to interest itself in legislation and was led by Charles S. Loring, United States navy retired.

It was when the contractor Philip Hechborn, United States navy, Secretary W. S. Capps read a paper in which Mr. Hechborn reviewed the shipbuilding of the United States navy during the past year and drew special attention to the conditions involved in the design and construction of warships in this country and urged the expediency of seeking homogeneity in the classes of cruisers and battle ships.

The paper was read by W. P. Stevens on the Board; by Professor W. S. Aldrich on Engineering Research of the Navy; by Naval Constructor Albert W. Stahl on Experimental Test of the Armored Side of the Iowa; and one by Lieutenant Nieblank, United States navy, on Technical Consideration in Warship Design, which treated mainly on the best means of communicating between the conning tower and other parts of a man-of-war during engagements.

South Carolina Laws

COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 8.—The convention by a vote of 95 to 37 refused to adopt the provision preventing the judges from issuing injunctions against the

commission of crimes. Under the statute law a judge can imprison in the penitentiary any convict who is injuncted against selling liquor, and the proposition aimed to abolish that. The cry was raised by Sena or Tillman and others that was sought by this to kill the dispensary law, and it had its effect, as the vote shows. The day was spent in discussing the proposition.

AMENDED RULES

Civil Service Extension in the Postoffice Department

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—The president today approved the amendment to the civil service rules, which will result in bringing many postmasters and employees with the classified service. The addition is as follows: "And whenever by order of the postmaster-general any postoffice be consolidated with and made part of any postoffice where free delivery is established, all employees in that office thus consolidated, whose names appear on the roll of said office, approved by the postoffice department and including postmasters thereof shall from date of said order, the position of postmaster of the office thus consolidated with said free delivery office, may be assigned any position therein and given any appropriate designation under the classification act, which the postmaster-general may direct. It is the intention of the postoffice department to consolidate many offices. This consolidation will not necessarily do away with the offices, but establish them as stations of some central point. It is probable that the presidential office, as well as fourth class offices, will be included in the consolidation."

TREATY RIGHTS

Mayor Pingree Wants Them Abrogated and Talks of Perry

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 8.—Mayor Pingree last night sent a long communication to the council favoring the abrogation of that portion of the treaty between Great Britain and the United States which prevents building warships on the lakes. The document is more sincere than the average paper, and in it his honor rehearsed the story of Perry's victory and the history of more recent warlike episodes on the lakes. Proper resolutions were offered and the measure was adopted as the sense of the Detroit common council.

POMONA SUFFERS BY FIRE

The Opera-house and Its Contents a Total Loss

Payne's Feed Store and Goslin's Livery Stable Burned—Company D, N. G. C., Lost Arms and Uniforms

At 4:20 a. m. a telephone message from Pomona stated that a disastrous fire was raging there. The opera house was totally destroyed together with the trunks and costumes of the Shaw opera company and the uniforms and rifles of Company D, N. G. C.

Goslin's livery stable was burned and most of the contents destroyed. Payne's feed store and contents were burned. The buildings were all frame and burned like tinder.

The fire is supposed to have caught on the stage after the Shaw company left the theater, although it was not discovered until 3:45 a. m.

The Pomona hook and ladder company, the two hose companies and the chemical company did good service with a poor water supply, and at 4:20 a. m. had the fire under control.

The total loss will exceed \$40,000. No fatalities are reported.

IT ROUSES REMINISCENCES

Extract From the Official Law Journal of Paris

Josephine Mansfield Grows Tired of Robert Reade's Company and Seeks Relief by Legal Process

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—The Herald says: The following notice has been printed in the official law journal of Paris: "From the judgment rendered adversely by the fourth chamber of the civil tribunal of the Seine, on August 1, 1895, between Mme. Helene Josephine Mansfield wife of M. Frank Lawler and wife by a second marriage of M. Robert Livingstone Reade, the woman's legal residence being with her husband but residing as a matter of fact, No. 83 Rue Amers, Paris, and M. Robert Livingstone Reade, now living in Paris at the hotel Brighton."

It appears that the divorce was granted between the Reades at the request and for the benefit of Mme. Reade.

Reade first met Josie Mansfield at Carlsbad in the summer of 1891. He was there with his mother, Mrs. Robert Reade, who was visiting her cousin Mrs. Lett P. Morton, also a visitor at Carlsbad with her two daughters, Josie Mansfield called herself Mrs. Frank Lawler, the name of her first husband and despite her age, was a belle in the famous watering place and constantly surrounded by hosts of admirers. Reade fell a victim to the charms which had captivated James Fisk, jr., and besought Mrs. Lett to marry him, but she was not so easily won. She told Reade to go home and sleep on his proposal and then take time to consider it carefully. She was sure, she said, that these precautions must be taken to ensure the success of the marriage and even returned to New York City in an effort to conquer his love for Mrs. Lawler. It was all in vain and upon his return to Europe he gave a dinner to his intimate acquaintances. When coffee was reached and all hands were feeling pretty good, Mr. Reade said: "I'm going to marry Josie Mansfield. I'm drinking myself to death, as you all know, and Josie Mansfield is the only person that can save me. I'll marry her if she'll have me, for I think she's more sinned against than sinning."

The official announcement of the divorce constitutes the last chapter of the affair.

A Dredger Burned

STOCKTON, Nov. 8.—This morning the dredger Hercules was burned near Boulder island landing. The machine was valued at \$25,000 and was insured.

COUNTING UP THE CHICKENS

Inside the Eggs of the Election Nest

BRICE NAMES A SUCCESSOR

And Predicts the Election of a Republican

Associated Press Special Wire.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 8.—"The results of the election of 1895 make it almost certain that the nominee of the next Republican national convention will be elected president," said Calvin S. Brice to an Associated Press reporter on the eastern express. The defeated statesman said he was going to New York, and continued: "If the next president is not a Republican the last election has at least added very much to the interest that will be felt in the deliberations of the Republican convention."

"Who will be nominated?" "Well, Mr. McKinley is a charming gentleman, able, popular and probably the most magnetic of any of the candidates.

To the reporter's suggestion that the public would like to know the senator's explanation of the result in Ohio, Mr. Brice said: "Ohio did just what other states did. The result in Ohio was no different from what it was in New York, Maryland or Kentucky. People seem disatisfied with the general policy of the Democratic party, and no local argument has any effect on national impulse. In Ohio we did our best, but it was useless. Chairman Anderson for the Democratic committee did excellent work, but the odds were too great. General Forsaker will be elected to succeed me as senator, and what I do does not concern the public."

The reporter asked Brice if President Cleveland's presence for him for the wholesale Democratic disaster. The senator hesitated a moment and then said: "No, I don't think Cleveland is to be blamed personally for the tide; waves still, he will have to bear his share of the blame as being part of the national organization and leader of the Democratic party."

"How about Gorman?" "Gorman's all right. Your man Quay was beaten worse than Gorman was last Tuesday, meeting at Kansas Jose; among the reasons; racing results—Excellent work, but the odds were too great. General Forsaker will be elected to succeed me as senator, and what I do does not concern the public."

OMAHA, Nov. 8.—Much interest has been created among Nebraska Democrats as a result of election returns showing the relative vote of the two wings. Mahoney, administration candidate for supreme court, received 14,000, and Phelps, silver man, 8000