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THE HERALD

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LOS ANGELES, FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 29, 1895.—TEN PAGES.

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THE FILIBUSTERS' TRIALS

Officers of the Horsa Placed Under Bonds

DENY ALL CHARGES MADE

General Sangulilly Brought to Trial at Havana

The Banco de Hacendos Seeks Government Authority to Issue Twenty Millions in Paper Currency

Associated Press Special Wire.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 28.—Captain Wiberg of the Danish steamer Horsa; Jens P. Petersen, chief mate, and H. Joensen, second mate, were arrested on a warrant issued by United States Commissioner Bull charging violation of the neutrality laws. The affidavit was made by Dr. Jose Congosta, the Spanish consul, and specifically avers that on November 9th last the defendants set on foot a military expedition to Cuba, in the dominion of the king of Spain, with whom the United States is at peace. The prisoners were held in a \$1000 bail for hearing tomorrow. The bail was entered by Captain W. W. Kerr, owner of the steamer Horsa, which has also been under suspicion. Immediately after the arrest of the men the Danish consul gave them a private hearing, when they emphatically denied the charge. United States District Attorney Graham said:

After learning what the Spanish consul had to say, I concluded that the circumstances are not such as to warrant proceedings against the Horsa. I have notified Collector Reed that I have withdrawn my objections to the clearance of the vessel, the attending general having placed the matter entirely in my hands and told me to use my own judgment. As to the crew, who have been subpoenaed as witnesses, it will be necessary to detain them if the hearing is postponed to a later date than tomorrow. Collector Reed has made out clearance papers and the vessel will probably leave after tomorrow's hearing. Warrants were also issued for the arrest of Captain Vance and his two mates, on the steamer Leon, on a similar charge. The Leon recently went around while proceeding down the river to meet, as is alleged, the J. W. Foster and convey arms and men for Cuba to the latter vessel. She is now undergoing repairs at Wilmington, Del., and the warrants were placed in the hands of the officials of that place.

Sangulilly's Trial

HAVANA, Nov. 28.—The trial of Gen. Julio Sangulilly, the Cuban leader who was arrested on February 21st by Governor-General Calleja, on the charge of illegal acts against the Spanish government, was commenced this afternoon. General Sangulilly was confined in the Cabanos fortress. There was a great crowd in the courtroom when the defendant was brought in unarmedly, dressed and escorted by several policemen. After the usual formalities upon the opening of the court, the case was taken up by General Sangulilly, who called to the stand. In his testimony he denied having made any appointments with the general, and also denied having written letters to Dr. Beaumont of Matanzas demanding funds to leave with his family while he took the field in the rebellion. An expert in handwriting, who was called to the stand, declared the writing in the document referred to by the state's attorney was the same as General Sangulilly's.

The next witnesses were then examined, but threw little light on the case. The state's attorney then called to the stand in person, and gave his assurance that he felt every day more assured of the defendant's guilt. After a speech lasting an hour he demanded of the court the conviction of the general. The counsel for the defense, Senor Miguel Frontal, was listened to as he arose and began to speak amidst the deepest silence in the courtroom. He opened in the most vehement and eloquent style, denying that the general was a rebel, and that the proceedings were being held under a martial jurisdiction, and should accordingly be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the treaty between Spain and the United States which guarantees to American citizens in Cuba trial by a civil tribunal. A half hour the court adjourned until tomorrow. The tribunal, which is organized according to the Spanish laws, consisted of the president, Senor Jose Pulido; secretary, Senor Odozo, and Magistrates Pando, Bonalza, Pamphillon, Acoudillo and Maydeaga.

A Currency Issue

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—A special to the Herald from Havana, Cuba, says that the promoters of the proposed Banco de Hacendos are seeking governmental consent to the emissions of \$20,000,000 in paper currency to assist Cuban planters and merchants.

The Coming Horse Show

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—While the horse show was in progress a delegation from San Francisco came to this city. The California delegation was to make arrangements for their show, which begins next Tuesday. They secured the services of three local experts as judges in the heavy harness class. Francis T. Underhill, R. G. Cannon and Q. T. Bloodgood, the men selected to pass on the merits of the high-steppers, the tandems and the four-in-hands, started on Tuesday night for San Francisco. Samuel Taylor Jr., editor of the Rider and Driver, which gives special attention to horse shows, will also be at the Golden Gate city next week as the guest of the association. He left here last night, going by the train than Messrs. Underhill, Cannon and Bloodgood, and will reach San Francisco at the same time they do.

A Fraudulent Penitentiary

FORT SMITH, Ark., Nov. 28.—John J. Overton, claiming to be 98 years of age, was convicted in the United States court of forgery. His offense was the forgery of two affidavits in support of his application for an increase of pension, filed in 1892. The affidavits purported to

have been made by John Bowen and Peter Black and acknowledged before I. Sims, a justice of the peace of Scott county, Arkansas. Bowen lives in Keokuk, Iowa, and has never been in this state. Neither Black nor Sims ever saw the papers before they were in the hands of Bowen. Bowen admitted that he admitted that they were forgeries, but claimed that he had nothing to do with them. He tried to place the responsibility upon a pension agent at Washington, who, he said, promised to get up his proofs, and who prepared all the papers in Sims' name. Overton is a veteran of the Black Hawk and Mexican wars, but draws a pension for disabilities incurred during the civil war.

VENEZUELA'S BOUNDARY

England Has Sent No Ultimatum—An Amicable Settlement Likely

LONDON, Nov. 28.—The Times tomorrow will publish the following dispatch from its correspondent at Caracas, Venezuela, under date of November 21st: It is officially stated that the revolutionary outbreak in Venezuela has no importance. No British ultimatum has been received and many of the influential Venezuelans urge an amicable settlement. The government is afraid the tendering of British ultimatums would be equivalent to recognizing the right of England to the disputed territory. Otherwise it is ready to give satisfaction. A considerable party favors a settlement of the frontier question without reference to the United States.

THE CROWDS AT ATLANTA

Listen to Speeches by Statesmen From South Carolina

Governor Evans and Senator Tillman Give Thanks After the Manner Fashionable in Antebellum Days

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 28.—Today was set apart for an exposition as Atlanta and South Carolina day. The sun had hardly risen before the prediction that it would be the greatest day in point of attendance in the history of the show was a certainty. Over 100,000 visitors are in the city, more strangers than were ever in Atlanta before. The streets were moving masses of humanity throughout the early morning hour and before 10 o'clock the sidewalks were lined with the multitude flowing steadily toward the exposition entrances, toward which the multitude flowed steadily as being taxed, while bells were laid that the paid admissions would reach the hundred thousand mark before the gates closed for the day.

IN THE EDITOR'S ROOM, 2 O'CLOCK THURSDAY MORNING

THAT KINDERGARTEN ASSOCIATION HERALD



THE DAY DULY CELEBRATED

By the Chief Executive and Private Citizens

CHICAGO GIRLS CHEATED

A Cleveland Rabbi Utters His Little Wail of Woe

Americans Resident Abroad Banquet and Listen to Speeches Eulogizing the Institutions of Free America

Associated Press Special Wire.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—President and Mrs. Cleveland came into town this morning and after spending an hour at the White House they attended services at the First Presbyterian church and listened to a sermon by Dr. Talmage, following the reading of the president's Thanksgiving proclamation and the rendition of several patriotic hymns. From church the president and Mrs. Cleveland drove directly to Woodley, where they enjoyed Thanksgiving dinner in the privacy of their family. The day was observed also in the other churches. All the government departments were closed and there were several football games between local clubs and colleges.

They Went Hungry

CHICAGO, Nov. 28.—Thanksgiving day was generally observed in this city. The customary dinner with turkey was given at all the public institutions, hospitals, orphan asylums, etc. Only one instance of the commercial spirit interfering with the program is known. This is in the case of the Woman's Suburban club, which had arranged to give a dinner to cash girls. A large number of them gathered in front of the building where the club has rooms, while the members were upstairs getting everything in readiness. The agent of the building, William F. Hopps, however, had received instructions from the landlord not to run the elevators. So, as the children could not walk up seven or eight flights of stairs, they had to be sent away without anything to eat. It seems the landlord had a claim of \$17.50 for back rent and this may have influenced him in declining to incur the additional expense of 75 cents for running the elevator for the accommodation of the club's guests. The landlord lives somewhere in the east.

A Rabbi's Protest

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 28.—Rabbi M. Gries, of the Wilson avenue temple, the most prominent synagogue in the city, preached a remarkable sermon at the Church of the Unity today before an audience composed of Unitarians, Universalists and Jews. Rabbi Gries said he objected to the form of observing Thanksgiving day, and was opposed to the issuing of proclamations by the president calling upon the people to meet for prayer and thanksgiving because, he declared, this was not a Christian nation. While the majority of the people were Christian, a strong minority were not, and that minority was entitled to consideration. He said he did not desire to detract anything from Christianity, because he realized what it had done for the country, but he was in favor of larger religious freedom and the most of his sermon was devoted to a plea for such freedom.

Americans Abroad

LONDON, Nov. 28.—The American society of London, which was organized several months ago, celebrated Thanksgiving day by a banquet tonight at the Holburn restaurant. Mr. James R. Koo-

THE TRANSATLANTIC FARE

Will Be Increased Before the New Year

A CASTIRON POOL FORMED

Patterned After the Plan Formed by the Railroads

The Combine Is Expected to Embrace All the Vessels Making Regular Voyages Across the Atlantic

Associated Press Special Wire.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—A local paper says: Before December 4th, when an agreement which the Continental steamship lines have just ratified goes into effect, an increase in steamer rates will be announced. This is one of the most important steps ever taken by the steamship companies toward the organization of a cast iron pool. It is the forerunner of a scheme, according to a well informed steamer man, to advance first and second class rates of transatlantic travel as well. It is a pooling of issues similar to that recently formed railroad combination in which the competition is put out of the question and the profits of the companies interested are increased. Thus far only American, Anchor, Canadian, Allan, State and White Star lines are interested in the pool. It is understood however, that overtures will be made to the remaining transatlantic lines, and already the question of a universal formation has been placed before these lines. So important was the work connected with the formation of the present pool that the presence of J. Bruce Ismay, of the White Star line, and G. A. Grierson, of the Inman line, was requested. Mr. Ismay came purposely from Europe to attend the conferences, which were held every day for two weeks in this city. As a result of the prolonged labors of the British line steamship representatives it is learned that it was decided to increase steamer rates from \$7 to \$10 on each ticket. None the less important action was the adoption of a unique scheme, the dividing and suggestion of the steamer companies into various classes, some to be entered in a class as low as fifth, such vessels as the St. Paul, St. Louis, Campania, Inca, New York, Paris, Umbria, Tautois and Majestic will comprise the first class. Steamer rates of travel on vessels from this port will be placed at an almost prohibitive figure. That is, where it formerly cost from \$10 to \$25 to travel on these steamers, the rate will be raised to \$30 and \$34. This is within a few dollars of the second-class rates on these steamships. The vessels eligible for the second class, in which the steamer rates have been figured on at a decrease of from \$3 to \$5 from the first-class rates, are such craft as the Etruria and Elyria of the Cunard line, the Atlantic and Britannic of the White Star line, and Chester of the American line. The rate on these vessels will not be less than \$27, which is much higher than the existing steamer rate on any transatlantic line. The steamer voyager will begin to get his transportation at something like a reasonable figure when he contemplates to patronize the third-class vessels of the pool. These rates will be proportionately reduced on these vessels, and a still greater reduction can be had by taking passage on the vessels of the fourth and fifth class. The former will be the slower boats of the Allan and State lines, the State of Nebraska, the State of California and the State of Ala-

WHO IS ALBERT REBHAN?

Whom His Relatives Mourn as One Departed Hence

For a Year They Planted Flowers on His Grave, While He Followed the Butcher Business

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 28.—Albert Rebhan, for nearly a year mourned as a suicide or the victim of an assassin, and whose family have marked his supposed grave in Cave Hill cemetery, has been heard from in Los Angeles. His father received a letter from him yesterday. He is in good health and employed as a butcher. He had just heard that he had been mourned for dead.

German Sugar Bonnet

Berlin, Nov. 28.—The Post says that at a dinner given yesterday evening by the minister of finance, Dr. Miquel, the emperor was very emphatic in declaring the necessity exists for the passage of the sugar tax bill.

Harrison Going Home

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—Ex-President Benjamin Harrison left the city this afternoon for Indianapolis.

CANADIAN POLITICS

The Manitoba Catholic Schools Still a Cause of Contention

OTTAWA, Ont., Nov. 28.—Parliament has been called to meet the second day in January to settle the Manitoba school question. The bill has been printed and provides for the restoration of the Roman power given them for their religious exercises. The history of Enkand as written by Roman Catholic authors, may be used, but the schools must be up to the required standard of efficiency before they can be paid any money out of the public funds. Their claim to the public grant is to be measured together by their efficiency. It is stated that Mr. Clark, the controller of customs, sovereign grand master of the Orange-man order, has informed Premier Sir Mackenzie Bell that if an attempt is made to pass the remedial bill he will resign from the cabinet. Those who have taken the census of parliament say that the government cannot expect to succeed if they attempt to restore the Catholic schools in Manitoba.

THE RAILROADS' OUTLOOK

President and Receiver Clark Hopes For a Good Year

Edward King, President of the Union Trust Company, Offered the Chairmanship of the Atchison Board

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—S. H. Clark, president and co-receiver of the Union Pacific, is now in New York for a few days. A meeting of the receivers will probably be held in a few days. Speaking of the general situation, Mr. Clark said:

"The present general business of the Union Pacific is slightly better than it was at this time last year. I should say there will be a still further improvement. Some benefit is derived indirectly from the development of the Cripple Creek gold fields. Corn will begin to go forward in December. While the crop is large, the market price is low and farmers will be disposed to hold their corn for higher figures. The prices for hogs and cattle will continue to be favorable by the price of corn. The price of corn will also have a bearing on transportation rates. The showing of the Union Pacific for the calendar year ending 1895 ought to be ahead of 1894, and perhaps equal to 1893. Rates in our territory are maintained and the prospect is good for their continued maintenance.

Atchison Affairs

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—It was stated here that the chairmanship of the board of directors of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railway system has been offered to Edward King, president of the Union Trust company, who has the offer under consideration. Mr. King is expected to accept the position. Mr. Walker will be made chairman, and Paul Morton, who was recently made third vice-president, will be made second vice-president.

FIRE AT A FAIR

A Lamp Explosion Causes a Panic—Many Are Injured

WOOSTER, O., Nov. 28.—During the progress of a church fair here an immense crowd was packed in the city armory when a lamp in one of the booths exploded, setting fire to the draperies and the clothing of Miss Myrtle Elser, an attendant, and a run was made for the single exit, in which dozens of women and children were trampled. Fully 100 persons jumped or were thrown from the floor by many of the children. Miss Elser, who was severely injured, was taken to the hospital. Mrs. Carrie McKee of Jefferson was thrown through a window, sustaining injuries which will likely prove fatal. Miss Mary Ely said:

Causing for Places

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Eleven of the twenty-two representatives of the south, exclusive of Missouri, met in caucus tonight to determine on their action respecting their choice for the officers of that body. Some dissatisfaction has been expressed by them at the slate already made up, which leaves the south without any representation in the elective officers of the house. After considerable discussion it was resolved by the caucus to stand by General Henderson of Illinois for the majority of clerks to be elected. It is that W. S. Tipton of Tennessee will be supported for the position. Senator Pritchard of North Carolina and Hon. Gay Evans were present for a short time.

Thanksgiving Knockouts

BALTIMORE, Nov. 28.—A big crowd went to the clubrooms of the Eureka club to see a glove contest between Joe Jacobs of this city and George Siddons of New Orleans and Jack Ward of Newark, N. J., against "Fug" Sayres of Boston. Both affairs ended in knockouts. Gans put his man to sleep in seven rounds and Ward did the same thing in three.

Relics of the Storm

PLYMOUTH, England, Nov. 28.—The Hamburg-American line steamer Eureka, commanded by Captain Able, which arrived here this morning from New York, reports having passed on November 27th the derelict vessel Taurus. The seas were washing over the decks of the abandoned vessel, the hatches were all open and her topmasts were carried away.

No Russo-Chinese Treaty

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—Special dispatches received here from Shanghai today say it is reported that no railway concessions have been granted to foreigners in China, and that the Chinese government intends henceforth to keep the railway building in its own hands.

A Brazilian Warship Wrecked

RIO DE JANEIRO, Nov. 28.—The Brazilian cruiser Uranus has been wrecked, the commander and five of the crew being drowned.

Ready for Business

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Vice-President Stevenson, accompanied by his wife and daughters, arrived in Washington today for the congressional session.

THE GUARD BOATS WILL GO

Whether or Not the Sultan Gives Consent

THE EMBASSADORS AGREE

That Foreign Residents in Turkey Shall Be Protected

Syria and Palestine Flooded With Armed Followers of the Prophet—Italy's Premier Talks of Turkey

Associated Press Special Wire.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 28.—In spite of the assurances the Turkish minister of foreign affairs gave to the ambassadors of Great Britain, Russia, Austria and Italy yesterday, that firms allowing the passage through the Dardanelles of four extra guardships for use of their embassies, would be immediately issued by the Porte, the necessary documents have not been forthcoming. Frequent conferences between the ambassadors have taken place during the past twenty-four hours, and there have been many consultations between Turkish ministers and the sultan at the palace. The answer of the powers to the request of the Porte that they refrain from pressing their demand for extra guardships was that they could see no reason not to support the demands of the ambassadors for more effective means of protecting the foreign residents of Constantinople in emergency. In view of the unanimous reply it is considered in foreign official circles that the sultan has no alternative but to yield, especially as the powers will have extra gunboats conveyed through the Dardanelles by battleships if the sultan persists in dilatory tactics. It seems highly probable that the ambassadors have already determined not to wait for firms beyond a certain time, and therefore may soon be announced that the gunboats are coming. A portion of the British fleet which has been at anchor in Salonica bay, is understood to have left these waters for Smyrna and only a few gunboats are at the entrance of the straits. All the forts about the straits are fully manned and supplied with ammunition, and are in the highest state of readiness compatible with the circumstances. Searchlights are worked nightly over the waters. It is understood a system of submarine mines and torpedoes has been practically completed as far as the resources of the government will allow.

Missionaries' Accounts

BUFFALO, Nov. 28.—Misses Charlotte E. Ely and Mary C. Ely have just returned after a long period of missionary labor in eastern Turkey, under the direction of the American board of missions for foreign missions. Their absence covered a period of twenty-eight years, and as soon as affairs in the disturbed districts have quieted down they will return to Turkey. The Elys were stationed at Bitlis, about fifty miles from Moosh where the most horrible of the atrocities occurred. At Bitlis there was no wholesale murdering of Armenians, but Armenian merchants were thrown into jail on false accusations and some illustrious victims never saw the light of day again after they had once entered the prison walls. The veil, or provisional governor, of Bitlis, at that time was Tahsin Pasha, who is now being considered as a missionary as "The Fiend." He it was who made the threat that he would sow the seeds of discord in the city and that he would not sign a paper saying the English consuls and American missionaries had been massacred. The Armenian merchants were thrown into jail on false accusations and some illustrious victims never saw the light of day again after they had once entered the prison walls. The veil, or provisional governor, of Bitlis, at that time was Tahsin Pasha, who is now being considered as a missionary as "The Fiend." He it was who made the threat that he would sow the seeds of discord in the city and that he would not sign a paper saying the English consuls and American missionaries had been massacred. The Armenian merchants were thrown into jail on false accusations and some illustrious victims never saw the light of day again after they had once entered the prison walls.

THE NEWS

BY TELEGRAPH—Progress of the struggle for the convention—Secretary Hoke Smith's report on the work and needs of the interior department—Thanksgiving day sports—The ambassadors of the powers will insist upon the protection of foreigners resident in Turkey—Albert Rehan, mourned as dead, turns up in Los Angeles—Thanksgiving day celebrated at home and by Americans abroad—The Horsa's officers on trial at Philadelphia and General Sangulilly at Havana—A fatal shooting affray at Stockton—The transatlantic steamship companies will pool on passenger business—A good year ahead for the western railroads—Crowds at Atlanta listen to speeches—Smoking at bicycle races; a horse goes mad—Mount Lowe; sights and sounds.

ABOUT THE CITY.—It was Thanksgiving day; how it was observed in the various public institutions—The Ministerial Union will have an organ; it will be a sixteen-page weekly and every church will have a fair show—Going to the autumn of it; the grand jury's Hercken task nearly completed—Some people are scared; the reworking of Bauer's license has raised a tempest—Talk of mandamus against the city clerk—Guy Barham may resign—Going to look them over; Secretary Lewis Thorne's books to be examined by an expert—L. A. A. C. field day; an excellent exhibition at Athletic park yesterday; a brilliant prospect for local orange growers; they may reap a rich harvest—A grand union service; the spiritual celebration of Thanksgiving day at Simpson tabernacle—The eloquent sermon of the Right Rev. Bishop Montgomery at the cathedral—Fourth annual ball by the ladies' auxiliary of the B. of L. E.

WHERE YOU MAY GO TODAY

ORPHEUM.—At 8 p.m.; vaudeville.

BURBANK.—At 8 p.m.; The Jilt.

BARTLETT'S MUSIC HALL.—All day; exhibition of paintings.

LOS ANGELES THEATER.—At 8 p.m.; The War of Wealth.