

SOLOMON ISLAND CANNIBALS

W. P. Harrison's Narrow Escape From Death

THEY KILLED HIS COMRADES

Then Dragged Them Into the Bush and Ate Them

Other Cruel Barbarities—Harrison's Graphic Story of Numerous Deaths Caused by the Head-Hunters

William Preston Harrison, formerly one of the owners of the Chicago Times, arrived here yesterday on the Australia, after some narrow escapes in the Solomon Islands. He pushed into some of the wilder parts and fell in with the head-hunters, and his partner and a sailor, who had gone down with them from Sydney, were killed and eaten.

Many other people, among them over a dozen white men, shared a similar fate just before and after Mr. Harrison's arrival. He says that the natives are practicing cannibalism all the time, and that no native is considered fairly in the swim till he has taken a head. This used to be so in the old times, as most people are aware, but most of them have an idea that the custom was nearly obsolete. The summer campaign of the islanders, however, has in every way, he says, been a remarkably busy one.

He saw in some places as many as seventy-five heads in a bunch. They were stacked up over the canoe houses as trophies of process. The bodies were eaten, in conformity with the long-standing custom. Mr. Harrison has been absent from the United States about a year, and was in the Solomon Islands from which he has just returned, for three months.

"I went down there from Sydney on the little coasting schooner Chittoo," said Mr. Harrison at the Palace last night, "and cruised about, visiting many different parts of the islands. Among the passengers was Charles Atkinson, a bright young Englishman, who became my friend and companion in visiting different parts.

"I was also on board a sailor named Flood, formerly of Philadelphia, with whom I became acquainted. He was a very good fellow, and after we had landed at the native village of Rubiana we all three became very good friends.

"One day it was proposed that we all go aboard the little schooner Narova, that had touched there, for a cruise up the island. It was agreed to, and we were all ready to go aboard. My baggage was already on the vessel, when at the last minute I decided not to go.

"I did not like the look of things. I had been advised by a white man at Rubiana not to risk it, as the natives were especially dangerous where the little craft proposed to go. It was too late for me to get my baggage off, so I let it go. It was a lucky thing I did.

"This night, ten miles from Rubiana, while the little schooner was under way, the natives came aboard and killed everybody, and Atkinson, Flood and the rest were killed while they were sleeping on the deck. Then they searched the cabin, rifled the baggage, and finally dragged the bodies to the bush and ate them.

"Just before the two white men who had been wrecked near the same place were also killed and eaten.

"Besides these, twelve Solomon island boys, who had been working in one of the colonies and had come to the island home, were landed at the wrong village and were killed and eaten by a warring tribe.

"Early in September an attack was made on another schooner, some of those aboard being killed. I was in twenty or more different villages, and there I saw evidence of cannibalism.

"A native may take you into his house at night and treat you the best kind. He will never molest you, and he will show you hospitality, and you can remain there and be perfectly safe. Nevertheless, the next day after you start away, he is just as liable as not to make a successful attack on you on the head with his club. The social ethics are there off, if it may be considered that being boiled in the head-taker's pot is not a social affair.

"They are very bad people, and I find them very necessary to watch. I, however, learned to eat the native food, and in general enjoyed it very well. The natives, who were initiated in some of the island modes of living by staying for awhile in Samoa, Fiji, New Caledonia and other wilder islands.

"The Solomon Islander I found by far the worst of all. They are nothing like so handsome, being hard-featured and showing in every way that they are warlike. There are but twenty-five white men in all the Solomon Islands, while the native population is supposed to be about 100,000. As to that, however, no one can actually tell.

"There are whole tribes in the interior that no white man has ever seen. This is learned through natives at the coast.

"I went down to the Pacific islands largely for pleasure, but intending to do some literary work while aboard. I had worked very hard while in Chicago and wanted a good rest. The island life is so peculiar that I felt in with island ways and did not work at all.

"I discarded all clothes, except a native garment about my loins, and let my beard grow long till I got back to Sydney. While going naked the sun burned my hair till it became exceedingly sore and the skin peeled off in patches. Finally it healed up and got as hard as an impervious to the sun's rays as that of any native.

"I went about as much as I dared on the islands, and much more than I would do again. It is a very dangerous life, and the western plains and mountains with the Indians. You get accustomed to the danger and don't always think so much about it as you ought. I wouldn't go through again what I have this time for anything in the world.

"I saw in some places as many as seventy-five skulls in a place, all relics of the head-hunters. There were many places where such lots of skulls could be seen. The more heads a brave had taken the higher he was esteemed. They hold the heads in the same estimation as an Indian does his scalps. They add renown to him according to the number he has. As long as this state of feeling prevails it can be seen that it will not stop.

"Any way, if any civilized power set out to stop it, I don't see how it could be done. No one can ever get into the interior, and it would be too dangerous, even if pursuers knew how to do it.

"The weapons of the savages are very formidable. They use iron war clubs, which are fitted into rounded pieces of granite, and murderous blades that will fetch off a head at a single blow. Worse than those by far are the poisoned arrows, which are so deadly as to cause instant destruction. I collected many barbarous relics. I have knives and swords with human bones for handles. They were easily got, for they were very plentiful. I also got many other articles, including articles of wearing apparel, but these are very simple contrivances, for in general the Solomon Islanders, male and female, go stark naked.

"I also spent considerable time during my absence in the interior of Samoa, and slept night after night with Malietoa, Tamasese and other chieftains. They told me a great deal about their troubles. My opinion is there will be another war there, and it may come soon. The correspondents at Apia don't give the facts. They can't know them. They do not go into the interior, and a man in Alaska might just as well be quoted on what was going on in the United States.

When I left the king and different

chiefs I was fairly loaded down with presents, and I prize them all highly. They all besought me to return, which I may do in a few months. It was a fascinating trip, that I would like to go back, but I don't care to see any more of the Solomon Islanders.

He brought several boxes and bags of gifts and collections of coins of various kinds, among them kava-bowls, hats, weapons and articles used in the bush.

Mr. Harrison has been so long away from his home that though originally expecting to remain in San Francisco two or three days, he finally concluded to leave at once for Chicago. He therefore left on the evening train.—San Francisco Call.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

A Large Variety of Products Brought in for Exhibition

A farmers' institute was held at Glendale early in the week, and the specimens which the agricultural speakers used to illustrate their remarks were, upon the close of the meeting, sent in to the chamber of commerce to be added to the exhibit of local products. Farmers in other parts of the country also sent in fine specimens, and altogether the chamber exhibit was materially improved.

The exhibit lately placed upon the tables embraces the following: E. B. Bennett has sent a Ventura county, case of Petite prunes. Mrs. S. N. Ryan, Glendale, case of dried prunes. S. Fiske, Glendale, White Pacific figs, White forage figs, and Eureka apples. Mrs. Ed. Ayres, Tropic, dried Susquehanna peaches, French prunes, Royal apricots. J. J. Longreen, Glendale, dried Susquehanna peaches. C. D. Noyes, Glendale, dried Early Crawford peaches. J. C. Sauer, Verdugo, handsome cluster of Japanese persimmons. E. T. Byram, Glendale, Navel orange. Mr. Clippinger, Tropic, strawberries, guavas and tree tomatoes. Mr. Chase, Glendale, case of peeled peaches and pitted plums. Frank Eye, Indian War Club gourds. Antonio Schullmeyer, oranges, lemons and large yellow corn. George N. Stanton, Santa Ana, carrots. A. D. Bishop, Orange, oranges, lemons, limes, Persian limes or sweet lemons, winter pears. William Halesworth, Santa Ana, fine specimen of dates from Canary island palm. Dr. Williams, Fullerton, Yellow Lent corn. W. G. Bailey, Santa Ana, chestnuts. C. C. Bowker, Sierra Madre, cluster Navel oranges, the first fruit from 2-year-old tree, and winter tomatoes. W. L. Albert, Glendale, Navel oranges. F. Morehead, Navel oranges, Eureka, Lisbon and Villa Franca lemons.

The exhibit lately placed upon the tables embraces the following: E. B. Bennett has sent a Ventura county, case of Petite prunes. Mrs. S. N. Ryan, Glendale, case of dried prunes. S. Fiske, Glendale, White Pacific figs, White forage figs, and Eureka apples. Mrs. Ed. Ayres, Tropic, dried Susquehanna peaches, French prunes, Royal apricots. J. J. Longreen, Glendale, dried Susquehanna peaches. C. D. Noyes, Glendale, dried Early Crawford peaches. J. C. Sauer, Verdugo, handsome cluster of Japanese persimmons. E. T. Byram, Glendale, Navel orange. Mr. Clippinger, Tropic, strawberries, guavas and tree tomatoes. Mr. Chase, Glendale, case of peeled peaches and pitted plums. Frank Eye, Indian War Club gourds. Antonio Schullmeyer, oranges, lemons and large yellow corn. George N. Stanton, Santa Ana, carrots. A. D. Bishop, Orange, oranges, lemons, limes, Persian limes or sweet lemons, winter pears. William Halesworth, Santa Ana, fine specimen of dates from Canary island palm. Dr. Williams, Fullerton, Yellow Lent corn. W. G. Bailey, Santa Ana, chestnuts. C. C. Bowker, Sierra Madre, cluster Navel oranges, the first fruit from 2-year-old tree, and winter tomatoes. W. L. Albert, Glendale, Navel oranges. F. Morehead, Navel oranges, Eureka, Lisbon and Villa Franca lemons.

He holds that county officers are entitled to pay for time served over their Terms—General Court News

In department one of the superior court, before Judge Smith, yesterday morning, when the case of Coroner George W. Campbell, charged with perjury, was called for the accused to plead, a demurrer was presented by his counsel, General A. B. Campbell, and argued at some length. The indictment was attacked upon several grounds, the principal one being that the charge was indefinite, and that perjury could not be assigned under the laws of California for the accounts presented by the defendant.

After hearing the argument, Judge Smith intimated that he was of the opinion that the weight of the authorities was with the defense. Deputy District Attorney McGomas was not prepared to concede that this was the case, and asked for time in which to file a brief.

The court accordingly took the matter under advisement.

THE CHRISTMAS MARKET

Repetition of the Operetta The Land of Nod

Conclusion of the Fair Yesterday Attended by a Large Number of Visitors

A Delightful Affair

A matinee of the operetta, The Land of Nod, was given with fine effect yesterday at Music hall, and made a successful close of the Christmas market, which in originality of detail, and for methods of entertainment, stands foremost among the functions of like nature given this season.

There was some delay in the opening of the performance owing to the tardiness of the King of Nod, but after his arrival the play went on smoothly and gently to the delight of the number of little folks in the audience. The king, U. T. Bidwell, was in fine voice, and his songs were received with enthusiasm.

Miss Callie Meade made a picturesque and successful appearance in the role of the historic brim. Master Ollie Harvey, as Prince of Dreams, was accorded the heart-reception for the spirit and grace of his performance, and for his courtly presence, which was not a little accentuated by a splendid costume of old rose plush with hanging eaves, and large hat covered with drooping plumes of black. The Princess of Dreams, who guarded the couches of four lovely little sleep-heads, summoned fast asleep to the Court of Nod, was a most successful and successful actress. The merry Sandman and Jack of Dreams were highly entertaining to the audience of children, and their antics were hailed with stores of delight.

Little Miss Nellie Lockwood performed the skirt dance with such skill and grace that she was obliged to respond to an encore.

The music of the operetta is exceptionally pretty and well rendered with the assistance of Willey's orchestra.

CALIFORNIA CLUB WINS

The Base Ball Game Goes to the Abbottsford's Hated Rivals

The great game of base ball for charity's sweet sake was played yesterday afternoon at Athletic Park. The California club refused to turn out in sufficient numbers to make up a nine, and the spectators were drawn upon to supply the deficiency. Abbottsford Inn people were all there, and played desperately, but to no avail. By a peculiarly brainy piece of work the California team had got Hart and Chapman drawn upon to supply the deficiency. The air wildly in a futile endeavor to connect. Joe Humiller, who pitched for the California team, was completely out of his pair of white stockings that made him a landmark for miles around. Art Humiller looks sweet in his Stanford uniform, which he displayed by making 14 errors in six innings. Walter McStay plays a great game, and once, to his astonishment, hit the ball. Somebody pushed him down to first base and he camped there. When the smoke had all departed from the field of battle the score stood 6 to 3 in favor of the Californians, and tonight there is weeping and wailing and gnashing of teeth in the camp of the adherents of Abbottsford Inn.

"We take pleasure in recommending Chamberlain's Cough Remedy because it is praised by all who try it," says J. W. Cox and son, Trinitas, Marshfield, Oregon. No one afflicted with a throat or lung trouble can use this remedy without praising it. It always gives prompt relief. It is especially valuable for colds and influenza, the lungs, making breathing easier and aiding expectoration. A cold will never result in pneumonia when this remedy is taken and reasonable care exercised. For sale by C. F. Heinzenman, 227 N. Main, and Off & Vaughn, Fourth and Spring.

The Orange Belt Line Of the Southern Pacific company is the best line to see all of Southern California by. A sample trip: Leave Los Angeles at 8 a. m., arrive Redlands, 10:05 a. m., one hour ten minutes for drive on beautiful Smiley Heights; arrive San Bernardino 1:50 a. m., one hour fifteen minutes for lunch and sight-seeing; arrive Riverside 1:50 p. m., two hours thirty-five minutes for drive on the magnificent Magnolia avenue and sight-seeing; arrive Los Angeles 6:35 p. m. ten-day round trip tickets, \$3.65. Sunday round trip, \$2.05.

The Anheuser, 243 S. Spring St. Concealed in the Anheuser's orchestra. The imported Tucherbrau and Pilsener, as drawn at the Anheuser, have captured the lovers of the foamy. Chas. Bauer, proprietor.

Genuine fir Christmas trees and Holly at Ludwig & Wagner's, Mott Market.

THE CAMPBELL INDICTMENT

It is Attacked Upon a Number of Grounds

TAKEN UNDER ADVISEMENT

An Opinion by Judge Van Dyke in an Important Case

He Holds That County Officers Are Entitled to Pay for Time Served Over Their Terms—General Court News

In department one of the superior court, before Judge Smith, yesterday morning, when the case of Coroner George W. Campbell, charged with perjury, was called for the accused to plead, a demurrer was presented by his counsel, General A. B. Campbell, and argued at some length. The indictment was attacked upon several grounds, the principal one being that the charge was indefinite, and that perjury could not be assigned under the laws of California for the accounts presented by the defendant.

After hearing the argument, Judge Smith intimated that he was of the opinion that the weight of the authorities was with the defense. Deputy District Attorney McGomas was not prepared to concede that this was the case, and asked for time in which to file a brief.

The court accordingly took the matter under advisement.

In Favor of the Officers

In department four of the superior court, yesterday, Judge Van Dyke gave his decision in the case of E. E. Hewitt vs. The County of Los Angeles, involving the right of county officers to collect pay for services for the time they serve after their terms expire. This action was brought by the late Col. E. E. Hewitt in the superior court to recover \$50 salary as county tax collector for the period of five days, from January 2 to January 9, 1895. A decision was given against the plaintiff, from which an appeal was taken. Col. Hewitt was elected in November, 1892, and entered upon his official duties January 2, 1893 at 12 o'clock noon, that being the first Monday after the first day of January of that year. He served until January 7, 1895, when he surrendered the office to A. H. Merwin, the incumbent. He was refused payment for the time he served in January, the county claiming that he was not entitled to it, inasmuch as he was paid for the full two years term, \$3600 per annum. In the opinion filed by Judge Van Dyke in the case, after reciting the facts involved, he holds that the county government act supersedes the political code with reference to the terms of office, and leaves out the provision that county officers shall hold office for two years, providing that they shall take office the first Monday after the first day of January, succeeding the election. After discussing the definition of the word year, the court holds that under the law existing when tax collector Hewitt was elected and served, he was entitled to the compensation specified up to the time he surrendered the office, which would be five days over the two calendar years, amounting to \$50, for which judgment is rendered.

In this connection, it will be remembered that Judge Shaw has heretofore given an adverse opinion on the same subject, in the case of E. E. Lopez, ex-county auditor et al. Suit was brought by Mr. Lopez on behalf of himself and others to recover salary for the time they served after their terms expired. The case was decided against the plaintiffs, and incidentally went into the matter in extenso, virtually deciding the facts involved. The court in this case, however, after several attempts were made to get into court again, but in every instance the demurrer was sustained, and it was finally dropped. As there is no case on the point, it is probable that the supreme court will be asked to pass on the question.

Two Divorces Granted

Judge Shaw yesterday granted two divorces, the plaintiffs in both cases being suffering wives.

Emma C. Broad was given a divorce from J. Broad on the ground of willful failure to provide, it being alleged that he was amply able to do so.

Emma G. Farr was divorced from Quincy F. Farr on the ground of desertion and failure to provide. This was a particularly aggravated case. Mrs. Farr came out to Los Angeles with her consumptive child, who died shortly after her arrival. Her husband not only refused to send her money to pay the funeral expenses of her child, but has since refused to send her money either to return home or to pay for her support.

William F. Spilman yesterday instituted suit for divorce against Marie K. Spilman, on the ground of adultery. C. G. (to go on) is made co-defendant, and numerous occasions are cited when criminal acts took place. There are three children by the marriage, and plaintiff asks that she be given their custody. Plaintiff also asks for the entire community property, consisting of indefinite interests in water rights, be given to him.

Supreme Court Decisions

The deputy clerk of the supreme court in this city has been notified that the supreme court has decided the following Los Angeles cases, although the opinions have not yet been received.

In the matter of the estate of Pierre Cloe, deceased, the order of the lower court is reversed and the court below ordered to modify its order by allowing the rejected claims.

In the case of Mark M. Meheven vs. J. J. Saunders the judgment and order of the lower court are affirmed. The Powers boy in the case of Mrs. Baker et al. vs. the Southern Pacific railroad company the motion to dismiss the appeal is denied. In the case of the Bailey Loan company vs. Henry G. Hall et al. the judgment and order of the lower court are affirmed. In the matter of Damiziner Bros., insolvent debtors, the order of the lower court is affirmed.

A Queer Case of Grand Larceny

Thomas Powers, whose arrest was mentioned in yesterday's HERALD, was arraigned before Township Justice Young yesterday on a charge of grand larceny, the complaining witness being Mrs. S. P. Johnson. The charge covers quite an amusing case. Mrs. Johnson has a hopeful son and Mr. Powers ditto. Mrs. Johnson's son had a horse, which he had procured from the poundmaster. The Powers boy became fired with an ambition to own a shotgun and perform marvelous feats in the duck shooting line. He met a cordial response when he tackled young Johnson for a trade. The latter became tired of his gun and eagerly accepted the proposal of young Powers to swap his gun for the poundmaster's. The Powers boy then the trouble began. When Mrs. Johnson's son led his new acquisition home his mother was vastly pleased with its acquisition and saw very much less danger in a horse than a gun.

Such a satisfactory state of affairs did not exist in the Powers household. When the young man came begging home his gun, feeling greatly elated over the trade, his father greeted him with stern disapproval and used strong language. He insisted that the trade did not go, in spite of his son's tearful exclamations that it had went. He made his son take the gun and marched him over to the Johnson ballnet, when he insisted that the boys should trade back. Mrs. Johnson demurred, but it was overruled by the aroused paternalist and he proceeded to trade anyhow. He took possession of the horse after he left the gun and led him back to his own house, telling his son that if he ever caught him doing such a trick again he would "wear him out."

Two Sides to the Story

Libbie Midsen, a colored woman, was before Township Justice Young yesterday morning on a charge of battery, preferred against her by a white girl, Minnie Smart, mention of which was made in THE HERALD yesterday. The white girl told a harrowing tale and made a successful appeal, alleging that for no cause in the world the colored woman tore her hair and threatened her life. The colored woman gives a different version of the facts, claiming that she was consorting with her colored husband and alienating his affections from his lawful wife. She alleges that she told a few sharp words from him, and that the assault occurred when she caught them together.

Bayley Habeas Corpus

Application for a writ of habeas corpus was presented yesterday in the case of J. G. Bayley, the Pasadena painter, charged with ravishing an 11-year-old girl, was presented in department one yesterday. The facts in the case were given in THE HERALD a few days ago. Judge Smith took the matter under advisement. It is believed that the application will be granted, as a number of facts have come out since the man was arrested which would indicate that he is innocent of the charge against him.

Chinese Burglar Convicted

The jury in the case of Ho Ngai, the Chinaman charged with having burglarized the room of a fellow Chinaman on a ranch at Seal, and stole a few articles of wearing apparel, yesterday returned a verdict of guilty of burglary in the first degree. The Celestial will be sentenced Tuesday.

In the case of Mark M. Meheven vs. J. J. Saunders the judgment and order of the lower court are affirmed. The Powers boy in the case of Mrs. Baker et al. vs. the Southern Pacific railroad company the motion to dismiss the appeal is denied. In the case of the Bailey Loan company vs. Henry G. Hall et al. the judgment and order of the lower court are affirmed. In the matter of Damiziner Bros., insolvent debtors, the order of the lower court is affirmed.

A Queer Case of Grand Larceny

Thomas Powers, whose arrest was mentioned in yesterday's HERALD, was arraigned before Township Justice Young yesterday on a charge of grand larceny, the complaining witness being Mrs. S. P. Johnson. The charge covers quite an amusing case. Mrs. Johnson has a hopeful son and Mr. Powers ditto. Mrs. Johnson's son had a horse, which he had procured from the poundmaster. The Powers boy became fired with an ambition to own a shotgun and perform marvelous feats in the duck shooting line. He met a cordial response when he tackled young Johnson for a trade. The latter became tired of his gun and eagerly accepted the proposal of young Powers to swap his gun for the poundmaster's. The Powers boy then the trouble began. When Mrs. Johnson's son led his new acquisition home his mother was vastly pleased with its acquisition and saw very much less danger in a horse than a gun.

Such a satisfactory state of affairs did not exist in the Powers household. When the young man came begging home his gun, feeling greatly elated over the trade, his father greeted him with stern disapproval and used strong language. He insisted that the trade did not go, in spite of his son's tearful exclamations that it had went. He made his son take the gun and marched him over to the Johnson ballnet, when he insisted that the boys should trade back. Mrs. Johnson demurred, but it was overruled by the aroused paternalist and he proceeded to trade anyhow. He took possession of the horse after he left the gun and led him back to his own house, telling his son that if he ever caught him doing such a trick again he would "wear him out."

Two Sides to the Story

Libbie Midsen, a colored woman, was before Township Justice Young yesterday morning on a charge of battery, preferred against her by a white girl, Minnie Smart, mention of which was made in THE HERALD yesterday. The white girl told a harrowing tale and made a successful appeal, alleging that for no cause in the world the colored woman tore her hair and threatened her life. The colored woman gives a different version of the facts, claiming that she was consorting with her colored husband and alienating his affections from his lawful wife. She alleges that she told a few sharp words from him, and that the assault occurred when she caught them together.

Bayley Habeas Corpus

Application for a writ of habeas corpus was presented yesterday in the case of J. G. Bayley, the Pasadena painter, charged with ravishing an 11-year-old girl, was presented in department one yesterday. The facts in the case were given in THE HERALD a few days ago. Judge Smith took the matter under advisement. It is believed that the application will be granted, as a number of facts have come out since the man was arrested which would indicate that he is innocent of the charge against him.

Chinese Burglar Convicted

The jury in the case of Ho Ngai, the Chinaman charged with having burglarized the room of a fellow Chinaman on a ranch at Seal, and stole a few articles of wearing apparel, yesterday returned a verdict of guilty of burglary in the first degree. The Celestial will be sentenced Tuesday.

General Court Notes

Judge York did not come in from his home at Pasadena yesterday; therefore no session of department three was held. Department two was also a blank.

In the matter of Dr. D. Pavides vs. his creditors Judge McKinley yesterday appointed Sheriff John Burr as assignee, with bonds fixed at \$100.

The hearing on the appeal in the case of W. J. Wallace was yesterday dismissed by Judge Smith and the sentence will now be enforced.

On motion of the city attorney of Pasadena Judge Smith yesterday granted a new trial in the case of Harvey Fluke, the Pasadena restaurant keeper convicted of violating the liquor ordinance of that city.

In the case of McKenzy vs. Chief Justice to recover \$5, alleged to have been paid to the wrong man by Clerk Bean at the police station, township justice Young yesterday gave judgment for the defendant.

BACK FROM SAN DIEGO

Mayne is Again in His Cell at the County Jail.

Sheriff Burr returned from San Diego yesterday afternoon, bringing with him Clifford E. Mayne, who was again locked up in the county jail. Mr. Burr said that his trip was without incident, and that Mayne gave him no trouble. Mayne appeared to be greatly benefited by his trip. Deputy Martin Aguirre did not come with Mr. Burr, but was left in charge of Mrs. Shipton, at San Diego, with instructions to bring either the woman or a good bond on the evening train. Mr. Aguirre did not get in, from which it is inferred that Mrs. Shipton gave bond and that the deputy remained over.

Sheriff Burr was very indignant over what purported to be an interview with him, published in the San Diego Union, in which he is represented as using the following language: "I do not believe Mayne is guilty. I worked hard to secure his conviction, because I believed him guilty of the fearful crime charged against him. Now I am convinced that he is innocent and has been framed. I believe there will be startling developments at Los Angeles within the next few days—possibly before I return. Just the moment Elsie Shipton is separated from the rights of the whole truth will come out, and Mayne will be a free man. I would not be surprised to hear of arrests made at any time. I have not seen the warrants, but I expect the move."

Mr. Burr emphatically denies that he used any such language. He refused to be separated from the rights of the whole truth will come out, and Mayne will be a free man. I would not be surprised to hear of arrests made at any time. I have not seen the warrants, but I expect the move."

Mr. Burr emphatically denies that he used any such language. He refused to be separated from the rights of the whole truth will come out, and Mayne will be a free man. I would not be surprised to hear of arrests made at any time. I have not seen the warrants, but I expect the move."

Mr. Burr emphatically denies that he used any such language. He refused to be separated from the rights of the whole truth will come out, and Mayne will be a free man. I would not be surprised to hear of arrests made at any time. I have not seen the warrants, but I expect the move."

Mr. Burr emphatically denies that he used any such language. He refused to be separated from the rights of the whole truth will come out, and Mayne will be a free man. I would not be surprised to hear of arrests made at any time. I have not seen the warrants, but I expect the move."

Mr. Burr emphatically denies that he used any such language. He refused to be separated from the rights of the whole truth will come out, and Mayne will be a free man. I would not be surprised to hear of arrests made at any time. I have not seen the warrants, but I expect the move."

Mr. Burr emphatically denies that he used any such language. He refused to be separated from the rights of the whole truth will come out, and Mayne will be a free man. I would not be surprised to hear of arrests made at any time. I have not seen the warrants, but I expect the move."

Mr. Burr emphatically denies that he used any such language. He refused to be separated from the rights of the whole truth will come out, and Mayne will be a free man. I would not be surprised to hear of arrests made at any time. I have not seen the warrants, but I expect the move."

In the case of Mark M. Meheven vs. J. J. Saunders the judgment and order of the lower court are affirmed. The Powers boy in the case of Mrs. Baker et al. vs. the Southern Pacific railroad company the motion to dismiss the appeal is denied. In the case of the Bailey Loan company vs. Henry G. Hall et al. the judgment and order of the lower court are affirmed. In the matter of Damiziner Bros., insolvent debtors, the order of the lower court is affirmed.

A Queer Case of Grand Larceny

Thomas Powers, whose arrest was mentioned in yesterday's HERALD, was arraigned before Township Justice Young yesterday on a charge of grand larceny, the complaining witness being Mrs. S. P. Johnson. The charge covers quite an amusing case. Mrs. Johnson has a hopeful son and Mr. Powers ditto. Mrs. Johnson's son had a horse, which he had procured from the poundmaster. The Powers boy became fired with an ambition to own a shotgun and perform marvelous feats in the duck shooting line. He met a cordial response when he tackled young Johnson for a trade. The latter became tired of his gun and eagerly accepted the proposal of young Powers to swap his gun for the poundmaster's. The Powers boy then the trouble began. When Mrs. Johnson's son led his new acquisition home his mother was vastly pleased with its acquisition and saw very much less danger in a horse than a gun.

Such a satisfactory state of affairs did not exist in the Powers household. When the young man came begging home his gun, feeling greatly elated over the trade, his father greeted him with stern disapproval and used strong language. He insisted that the trade did not go, in spite of his son's tearful exclamations that it had went. He made his son take the gun and marched him over to the Johnson ballnet, when he insisted that the boys should trade back. Mrs. Johnson demurred, but it was overruled by the aroused paternalist and he proceeded to trade anyhow. He took possession of the horse after he left the gun and led him back to his own house, telling his son that if he ever caught him doing such a trick again he would "wear him out."

Two Sides to the Story

Libbie Midsen, a colored woman, was before Township Justice Young yesterday morning on a charge of battery, preferred against her by a white girl, Minnie Smart, mention of which was made in THE HERALD yesterday. The white girl told a harrowing tale and made a successful appeal, alleging that for no cause in the world the colored woman tore her hair and threatened her life. The colored woman gives a different version of the facts, claiming that she was consorting with her colored husband and alienating his affections from his lawful wife. She alleges that she told a few sharp words from him, and that the assault occurred when she caught them together.

Bayley Habeas Corpus

Application for a writ of habeas corpus was presented yesterday in the case of J. G. Bayley, the Pasadena painter, charged with ravishing an 11-year-old girl, was presented in department one yesterday. The facts in the case were given in THE HERALD a few days ago. Judge Smith took the matter under advisement. It is believed that the application will be granted, as a number of facts have come out since the man was arrested which would indicate that he is innocent of the charge against him.

Chinese Burglar Convicted

The jury in the case of Ho Ngai, the Chinaman charged with having burglarized the room of a fellow Chinaman on a ranch at Seal, and stole a few articles of wearing apparel, yesterday returned a verdict of guilty of burglary in the first degree. The Celestial will be sentenced Tuesday.

General Court Notes

Judge York did not come in from his home at Pasadena yesterday; therefore no session of department three was held. Department two was also a blank.

In the matter of Dr. D. Pavides vs. his creditors Judge McKinley yesterday appointed Sheriff John Burr as assignee, with bonds fixed at \$100.

The hearing on the appeal in the case of W