are daily striving to pull down their money standard to that of depreciated silver, they keep silver to an amount of $386,000,000, $772,000,000 gold on a ratio of 15½ to 1. The United States has been a friend and patron of silver to its own hurt. If our late investments of nearly $500,000,000 in silver have been notoriously improvident and unprofitable the disastrous result will appear as a drop in the bucket when compared with what must flow from the enormity of the present proposal to open all our mints to the free coinage of silver of all the world."

Morrill paid his respects as follows to the threats to form a new silver party:

"Some whispered threats have floated in the air that the extreme silver men, now fraternizing here and at home with the Republican party, would band themselves together on one dominant idea, and with auxiliary Democratic aid hitch on to the tail of the great Republican measure at the first opportunity, some tinkling silver amendment, hoping thereby to secure the silver triumph of the hybrid combination, although the grand old Republican party might perish. But there is little fear of these eruptive threats, for, if carried out, the riot act might be read at home to the offenders, upon whom public opinion would not fail to place its brand, and whatever party might survive, not all the garroters of the Republican party would be among its members."

Mr. Morrill said the Republican party intended to retain both metals in circulation, and the recent elections showed the people had confidence in that party.

"The election," said Mr. Morrill, "of Republican governors in such states as New Jersey, Maryland and Kentucky indicates that the old Whig states of the south are wheeling into line with their former brethren on questions which concern their industrial prosperity. The Republican party at its earliest opportunity will seek co-operation with the leading nations in the coinage of silver and will meantime aim to maintain the integrity of business affairs and the honor of the country by the maintenance of every dollar of money in the hands of the people, without depreciation, at its face value."

The first amendment, that of Mr. Butler of North Carolina, prohibiting the issuance of bonds without authority of congress, provided for a method for redeeming greenbacks in gold or silver, according to the fluctuations of the ratio.

Mr. Daniel, Democrat of Virginia, and Gray, Democrat of Delaware, spoke against the Butler amendment, urging that it would tend to disturb the parity of the metals.

Mr. Jones, Democrat of Arkansas, pointed out that the main purpose was to secure the free coinage of silver. The committee did not wish to complicate this main issue with collateral questions. He appealed to the friends of the measure to pass the free coinage amendment without scattering their energy by side amendments.

Mr. Teller added his appeal in the same line.

"I am sorry to see the friends of free coinage weakening," said Mr. Allen, as he proceeded to support the Butler amendment, pointing out that it was a desirable and essential feature of the main proposition for free coinage.

"It was useless to have free coinage," interjected Mr. Butler, "unless the secretary of the treasury was directed to carry out its spirit by paying obligations in silver."

Mr. Harris, Democrat, Tennessee, Bacon, Democrat, Georgia, and Cockrell, Democrat, Missouri, all spoke against complicating the main question of free coinage with the Butler amendment, the last named saying: "No greater obstacle has been encountered by silver than this continual disposition to try to get too much."

Mr. Peffer, populist, of Kansas, supported the Butler amendment, he being the fourth of the populist senators—Butler, Allen, Stewart and Peffer—who had resisted the appeal of the main silver element for the adoption of free coinage without complicating issues.

The amendment was defeated, 13 to 60. Those voting in the affirmative were: Allen, Brown, Butler, Cameron, Cannon, George, Hill, Kyle, Peffer, Pritchard, Roach, Stewart and Tillman.

Mr. Stewart, populist, of Nevada, ridiculed the discussion going on. It was all dress parade, he said. Every one knew the pending measure would receive no attention after leaving the senate. As it was merely a question of recording opinions, the vote should be taken on all collateral questions. The amendment of Allen forbidding the issue of interest bearing bonds was next taken up. This brought a renewal of the discussion of complicating the main question.

Mr. White, Democrat of California, referred to the vote of Hill, just given, which, he said, was evidently done to "load down" the measure.

Mr. Mills, Democrat of Texas, stated that while he did not approve the pending silver substitute as reported from the committee, still he would vote for it merely to destroy the obnoxious bond bill as it came from the house.

There was an amusing tilt between Mr. Stewart and several senators while Mr. Lindsay was speaking. He had declared that free coinage was always pressed when it could not pass and never seriously pressed when it could pass.

Mr. Stewart interrupted to deny that the question was not pressed in 1890, for, said he, it wase useless to press it when the president would have vetoed it.

"Who said he would have vetoed it?" exclaimed Mr. Lindsay.

"He said so himself," answered Mr. Stewart.

"To whom?" asked Mr. Gray.

Stewart did not immediately answer but Voorhees renewed the controversy by asking Mr. Stewart by what authority he stated that Harrison, who was president in 1890 would have vetoed a free coinage amendment.

"He did not tell me," answered Mr. Stewart, "I was not in communication with him."

Teller added that he had personal knowledge of Harrison's proposition to veto free coinage.

When Mr. Allen had made the final plea for his amendment, saying he wanted to put the protestations of the silver men to the test, the vote was taken and the Allen amendment was defeated, 21 to 54, as follows:

Yeas—Allen, Bacon, Baker, Berry, Blanchard, Brown, Butler, Call, Cameron, Cannon, Hill, Hoar, Irby, Kyle, Lindsay, Mills, Peffer, Pritchard, Roach, Stewart, Thurston—21.

Nays—Allison, Bate, Burrows, Carter, Chandler, Chilton, Clark, Cockrell, Daniel, Dubois, Elkins, Faulkner, Frye, Gallinger, Gear, George, Gibson, Gorman, Gray, Hale, Hansbrough, Harris, Hawley, Jones (Ark.), Lodge, McBride, McMillan, Mantle, Martin, Mitchell (Ore.), Mitchell (Wis.), Morgan, Morrill, Murphy, Nelson, Palmer, Pasco, Perkins, Platt, Proctor, Pugh, Sherman, Shoup, Squire, Teller, Tillman, Vest, Vilas, Voorhees, Walthall, Warren, Wetmore, White, Wilson—54.

Mr. Morrill, Republican, Vermont, offered an amendment providing that the seigniorage on the coinage of silver be retained by the United States to the extent of the difference between the coinage value and the commercial value of the bullion.

At four minutes before two o'clock Gorman began speaking. He spoke of the fruitlessness of the efforts to secure the final enactment of a free coinage law.

It was reported by a finance committee hostile to the administration. It was well known that it would be impossible for such a measure to become a law prior to March 4, 1897.

"Why?" interjected Mr. Morgan.

"Because," replied Mr. Gorman, "the declarations of the president of the United States convince every man that such provision cannot receive his assent."

Mr. Morgan asked if congress should not proceed on its course without reference to the executive branch.

Mr. Gorman replied that he fully recognized the need of complete independence from executive influence. He regretted there had not been more of this independence in the past.

Mr. Gorman closed by moving to lay the silver substitute, as reported by the finance committee, on the table. The motion was carried, 34 to 43.

The amendment of Mr. Morrill, as to seigniorage, was then defeated, 33 to 44, the nature of the unanimous consent agreement for a vote at 2 o'clock.

Mr. Harris contended that any amendment offered after 2 o'clock was a violation of the agreement. His entire purpose was to get a final vote at 2 o'clock.

Messrs. Chandler and Lodge urged that all debate was to be closed at 2 o'clock, but that it had not been understood that all amendments should be cut off at 2 o'clock.

Mr. Harris said that he would not ask the presiding officer to pass on the question. Unanimous consent was binding on senators only as they desired to recognize it.

The presiding officer addressed the senate briefly. He said "unanimous consent", was in the hands of the senators, and it was not for him to determine. He would recognize amendments as offered.

Mr. Cockrell urged the senators to abide by the agreement. He declared that never in the history of the senate had such an agreement been broken. "This will be a dangerous precedent", said Cockrell, "and senators may find it rising up hereafter to give them serious trouble."

Mr. Chandler said the senators from Missouri (Cockrell) and from Tennessee (Harris) were indulging in threats because their interpretation of any agreement was not accepted.

"When have I threatened?" asked Harris, with characteristic sharpness, rising and crossing the chamber toward the Republican side, "I have made no threats."

"It was the senator's threatening manner," said Mr. Chandler, as the Tennessee senator paced across the chamber. The galleries enjoyed a laugh at the episode.

Mr. Chandler read from the record that it was expressly understood that amendments should not be cut off.

Mr. Gorman added an appeal on this same line, saying there should be liberality in hearing amendments.

"I ask unanimous consent," said Mr. Gorman, "that amendments be received."

"And I object," said Harris, with explosive effect, which again amused the galleries.

Mr. Sherman arose with the congressional record in hand. He said he had never known of a violation of unanimous consent. He felt from reading the record that the final vote was to be taken at 2 o'clock. But Sherman asked in the cause of harmonizing misunderstandings that a half hour be allowed for amendments.

"No more extensions so long as I have charge of this subject," said Mr. Harris, each word coming like a firecracker.

Mr. Baker (Rep., Kas.) said that as the senate had gone into "justice court pettifogging," and was relying on technicalities, he for one would withdraw the amendment he had offered in order to allow the strict enforcement of this unanimous consent.

There was great confusion in the chamber. The presiding officer rapped repeatedly and called on the sergeant-at-arms to enforce order. There was a momentary pause and then, no amendments being offered, the presiding officer ordered a vote on the main question, the silver substitute. As the vote proceeded it excited keen interest, many tallies being kept. The vice-president announced the result in the committee of the whole: Yeas 43, nays 34. The detailed vote was the same, except that two who voted yea before voted nay on this proposition, as on Gorman's motion to lay on the table.

The bill was then reported from the committee of the whole to the senate and was passed, 42 to 35, as follows:

Yeas—Allen, Bacon, Bate, Berry, Blanchard, Brown, Butler, Call, Cameron, Cannon, Carter, Chilton, Clark, Cockrell, Daniel, George, Harris, Irby, Jones of Arkansas, Jones of Nevada, Kyle, Mantle, Mitchell of Oregon, Pascoe, Peffer, Perkins, Pettigrew, Pritchard, Pugh, Roach, Shoup, Squire, Stewart, Teller, Tillman, Turpie, Vest, Voorhees, Walthall, Warren, White, Wilson—42.

Nays—Allison, Baker, Burrows, Caffery, Chandler, Davis, Elkins, Faulkner, Frye, Gallinger, Gear, Gibson, Gorman, Gray, Hale, Hawley, Hill, Hoar, Lindsay, Lodge, McBride, McMillan, Martin, Mills, Mitchell of Wisconsin, Morrill, Murphy, Nelson, Palmer, Platt, Proctor, Sherman, Thurston, Vilas and Wetmore—35.

Mr. Mills changed from yea to nay, and this was the only difference from the detailed vote on Gorman's early motion to lay on the table. There was an immediate emptying of the galleries, "as when the curtain falls for the act."

A brief executive session was held and at 5:15 the senate adjourned until Tuesday.

IN THE HOUSE

Contest Decided and Minor Matters Given Attention

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The attendance in the house today was small. Powers, Republican of Vermont, asked unanimous consent for consideration of the senate bill to pay the widow of the late Justice Samuel F. Miller $7490, the balance of the salary for the year in which he died. Loud, Republican of California, objected and the bill was referred.

In the contested election case of Van Horn, Republican, vs. Tarsney, Democrat, of the Fifth Missouri district, elections committee No. 2 today decided by a party vote in favor of seating Van Horn.

Bills were passed, on motion of Sparkman, Democrat of Florida, to grant American register to the barks Minnie and Johan Ludwig; motion of Fyan, Republican of Oklahoma, to grant to the St. Louis and Oklahoma City railroad right of way through the Indian and Oklahoma territories; on motion of Little, Democrat of Arkansas, to amend the act granting to the Kansas City, Pittsburg and Gulf railroad right to go through Indian territory, so as to allow that road to build a branch to Fort Smith; on motion of Delittle, Republican of Washington, to authorize the secretary of the treasury to pay out of certain sums in his possessions sums due R. H. Voorhees and John P. Jones for legal services to the old settlers and the Western Cherokee Indians.

A resolution reported by Mr. Taft, Republican of Ohio, from committee on foreign affairs, was adopted calling on the president, if compatible with the public interest, to transmit to the house all correspondence between this government and Germany relative to the exclusion of insurance companies of the United States from transacting business in Germany.

The house then went into committee of the whole and resumed consideration of the District of Columbia appropriation bill.

At 4:25 the house adjourned till Monday without finishing the bill.

European Politics

LONDON, Feb. 2.—The Observer, Unionist, this morning says: We have good authority leading us to express the belief that Germany recently invited Russia and other powers to co-operate in a plan hostile to England's continued occupation of Egypt. According to our information and belief, this proposition was declined by Russia.

Lord Leighton's Funeral

LONDON, Feb. 1.—It is now announced that the pall-bearers at the funeral of Lord Leighton, which occurs at St. Paul's on Monday next, will be the marquis of Salisbury, the duke of Abercorn, Sir Joseph Leither, Sir John Hiltais, Hon. Edward M. Thompson, Alex Mackenzie and General Arthur Ellis.

Still Voting

FRANKFORT, Ky., Feb. 1.—The total attendance in joint assembly today was smaller than on any previous occasion. There were 110 members present, making 56 necessary to a choice. The ballot resulted as follows: Hunter, 54; Blackburn, 46; McCreary, 5; Carlisle, 2; Buckner, Evans and Bate, 1 each.

Robbery Averted

SAN BERNARDINO, Cal., Feb. 1.—One of the worst cases of robbery ever known is where croup steals in and carries away the beloved ones. This needn't occur, and it wouldn't either if every mother took the precaution to always have Tip Top Cough Syrup on hand. This is the famous croup remedy which can be purchased at any drug store for 50c.

C. A. Judd sells carpets, mattings and linoleum at prices that defy competition. 405

HAPPENINGS AT SANTA ANA

Henry Greenberry's Body Found on Bushard's Beach

A Citizen Seriously Injured by a Kicking Horse—A Pleasant Episcopal Social—Endeavor Day Services

SANTA ANA, Feb. 1.—The body of Henry Greenberry, who was drowned near Bushard's beach, near Bolsa Chico, this county, on Friday afternoon by the capsizing of a small rowboat, was washed ashore today near where the accident happened and was found this evening. The coroner from this city has gone out for the remains. Greenberry lived in Westminster, but was formerly from Riverside, where he has a brother now living.

John McFadden, a well known resident of this city, was kicked by a horse this evening and seriously injured. He was found some time after the accident in a senseless condition.

The social given at the residence of Mrs. Monaghan for the Episcopal church, was well attended and a very enjoyable affair. Mr. and Mrs. Heard, Mrs. Padjham, Miss Biehl and Elliott Beamer rendered the musical program.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Holmes entertained a number of friends at their home last evening.

Harry Dean and Otis Birch are in Escondido inspecting the mines there.

The Y. P. S. C. E. of the Presbyterian church will observe Endeavor day, Sunday, February 2d. Special program for evening at 7 o'clock.

ONTARIO

ONTARIO, Feb. 1.—A concert last night in the M. E. church, under the auspices of Chaffey college, and conducted by Prof. Piatti of Los Angeles, was well attended. Frank H. Colby presided at the organ, and Leslie C. Marsh at the piano. C. S. Cornell and Mme. Isidora Martinez of Los Angeles were the vocal soloists. The program was an excellent one and was favorably received.

Tunnel operations are being actively engaged in at several points here. The Bodenhamer development is increasingly successful, the Stamm-Frankish works show an increased flow of water, and the San Antonio Water company's tunnel in the canyon is being worked at a point where it is thought a large amount of water can be conducted to it.

The results of last Wednesday's excursion from Los Angeles and Pasadena are likely to be beneficial in a large degree to this section. A large amount of descriptive and pictorial matter has been, through the agency of the visitors, sent to all parts of the United States.

BEFORE THE FOOTLIGHTS

Maud Morrell, an Oakland society amateur, has joined the Frawleys.

The bills at the San Francisco theaters during the present week: Baldwin, Tavary Opera company; California, Corinne; Tivoli, The Gentle Savage; Columbia, Men and Women.

Schilling's minstrels come to the Los Angeles theater following Paderewski. It looks like a case of from the sublime to the ridiculous.

Laura Burt, who leads In Old Kentucky is a Welshman, beg pardon, Welshwoman.

Bernice Holmes has left the city, permanently attached to the Tavary opera company.

W. J. Scanlan is paralyzed at Bloomingdale.

A. M. Palmer offered $15,000 for a third interest in the Heart of Maryland. It was not accepted.

Damrosch's German Opera company takes the boards at the New York Academy of Music on March 1. The Sporting Duchess continues there until that date.

Minnie Palmer has reorganized her School Girl company and the thing is to go on the road. The play was roasted out of New York.

Ethel Brandon is doing an act at the Peoples' Palace, San Francisco, which is known as a "dizzy" house.

James O'Neill has a new play called The Dream of Matthew Wayne.

The Crystal Slipper will be revived by Manager David Henderson in the spring. Vesta Tilley is engaged for it, and will subsequently take a part in the new Henderson extravaganza.

Frederick Warde, A Milk White Flag, James O'Neill, Richard Mansfield and Augustin Daly's company are some of the attractions soon to follow each other at the Los Angeles theater.

Mrs. Ponderbury's Past, which Stuart Robson is presenting at the Garrick theater, New York, enjoyed a three years' run in Paris and is now running in England. It is a decided novelty in its way, introducing an erring husband who convinces his wife that his transgressions are due to his walking in his sleep.

The Miner is Missing

OMAHA, Neb., Feb. 1.—A special to the Bee from Elmwood, Neb., says: J. W. Tracey, wealthy mine owner, of Boulder, Col., who formerly resided here, arrived last night. Thursday a telegram signed "Dyer, Sheriff, Boulder," was received to arrest Tracey. Yesterday he applied for habeas corpus, was released and immediately disappeared. Today a wire was received from Dyer saying he was en route here with requisition papers, but did not mention the charge against Tracey.

RUPTURE

Professor Joseph Fandrey, European specialist, formerly of Berlin, Germany, now permanently located at 821 South Broadway, Los Angeles, is a practical rupture specialist and manufactures the latest patent trusses (his own invention) for curing rupture, also corsets for curvature of the spine, female supporters, etc. Each case will be made to fit. Over forty almost helpless cases of from two to twenty years' standing, so he twice broken, are today cured and have no more use for truss. Patients from two to seventy-five years of age. Information and testimonials will be sent free on application.

Beautiful Ontario—Special Offer

Deciduous orchards of 5, 10 or 20 acres in almonds, prunes, peaches and apricots, two years old, in prime condition and will be cared for free of expense until three years old, for sale on easy terms at $125 to $175 per acre. Owner will allow $40 per acre for crop when trees are three years old. See Darling & Pratt, investment brokers, rooms 316 and 317 Bradbury block.

Excursion to Riverside, Round Trip, $1.75, Wednesday, February 5th

Santa Fe gives you choice of routes, going via Pasadena and San Bernardino, returning via Orange or vice versa. Excursion train leaves La Grande station 9 a. m.; regular trains 7:10, 8:20, 9, 11 a. m., 4, 4:45, 5:20 p. m. Six trains returning.

To Santa Barbara and Return $3.50

Tickets sold Saturday, good returning until the following Tuesday. The great mountain-seaside resort of Southern California. Southern Pacific trains leave

HE HEALS HUMANITY

By the Laying On of Hands Many Miraculous Cures Are Daily Wrought

The Boy Wizard Has Created the Most Intense Excitement, and Caused Hundreds to Rejoice Over Their Marvelous Restoration to Health

He Gives Life to the Dying, Robs the Sick-room of Its Suffering, and Cheats the Coffin of Its Prey

May Now Be Consulted at the Permanent Office, Corner Third and Broadway

The past week the inhabitants of this city have been electrified, dumbfounded, bewildered and finally convinced by a most wonderful occurrence. Every day during that time reports have reached the public press and been the chief topic of conversation upon our streets relative to the surprising and unparalleled cures of prominent citizens accomplished by a mere youth, known as the Boy Wizard. The healing of so many well known persons of ailments supposed to be incurable, attracted the most widespread attention, and were a source of wonder and astonishment everywhere. In fact, so remarkable were the results achieved and cures accomplished, that they were almost beyond human belief, and not until incontrovertible facts, supported by overwhelming evidence of authenticated and indisputable proof were obtained, would they be given credence.

But, thanks to a discriminating public, truth, honesty, merit and skill have triumphed, and today animal magnetism and the Boy Wizard stand without a peer, pre-eminently at the head of the healing agencies.

The unparalleled success attending his public demonstrations at Music hall and at the Magnetic institute, the past week, and the miraculous cures effected of many prominent citizens, not only of Los Angeles, but of the entire state, whose maladies were considered hopeless, have gained for this mere youth not only an enviable reputation as the greatest of all magnetic healers; not only the plaudits of the public and the endorsement of the press and pulpit, but the personal knowledge, which is more gratifying than all, that he has been able to restore sight to the blind, hearing to the deaf, strength to the weak, caused paralytics to recover the use of their limbs and rheumatic pains to disappear.

The Pacific Coast Magnetic Institute does not claim to cure every disease. Since their opening they have turned away 162 people with afflictions which Dr. Bryant has pronounced incurable. But compare, if you will, the permanent cures effected by him in this city alone with all the other treatments and doctors combined, and then we desire the largest expression of your opinion regarding which system has made the largest number and most phenomenal cures. The Boy Wizard stands alone on his merits and wishes to be judged by the work he performs, and points with pride and satisfaction to the score or more of well-known citizens who for many years had suffered with various complaints, and others who had wended their weary way through life on crutch and cane, but who are now well and happy men, hale and hearty, walking our streets, proud and erect as ever, and at every step showering blessings upon the Boy Wizard for their restoration to health and happiness.

The opening series of demonstrations, given by the Boy Wizard, closed with a matinee to ladies only in the afternoon, and last night a private talk to men only, both of which were crowded with a representative body of Los Angeles' best citizens, who listened to the interesting and instructive lecture with rapt attention. The power of vital magnetism as a healing agency is strongly possessed by the Boy Wizard.

I proved a repetition of his past success all last week, and in some respects more gratifying, as several who had been treated on the opening night appeared before the audience and testified to the permanency of the cures in their individual cases.

"Saying that such and such cures cannot be done does not change the fact. They are done, not behind the door, nor in the secret recesses of your own chambers, but in public, on the open stage, before the largest audiences, as was the case last night when many well-known and prominent citizens were restored to health and happiness by a few strokes of this wonderful boy who were considered hopeless cripples and invalids for life.

Last night ended the opening series of public exhibitions, but it is probable that others will be given this month, or as soon as the rush at the institute subsides. For the present, those who desire private treatment will now have an opportunity to obtain same at the permanent office, corner Third and Broadway.

When sick is the time when we need the best advice and treatment; therefore we say inform yourselves, you who are sick, visit the Institute, and witness with your own eyes the healing of your own friends; go to their homes, talk with them, and then act as your best judgment dictates.

This is your opportunity to be cured. No matter what your condition, how long you have been sick, nor how many doctors you have tried, no matter what your doubts may be, there is hope and a positive cure to all who will take the trouble to investigate.

Then, after satisfying yourself that the Boy Wizard is all that he claims to be, and that magnetism is the treatment you want, you must take advantage of your earliest opportunity to visit the Institute and obtain an appointment, as his time is being rapidly filled.

The impression that only such diseases as were treated on the stage last week are curable is altogether wrong, as all chronic diseases are amenable to animal magnetism, especially such cases as catarrh, chronic diarrhoea, neuralgia, nervous prostration, diabetes, Bright's disease, epilepsy or fits, tumors in all conditions, diseases of a delicate nature, diseased bone, hip disease, deafness, heart disease, bladder disorders, hemorrhoids or piles, chronic rheumatism, obstinate constipation, disorders of women, cataract of eyes, cancer, sciatica, paralysis, fistula, liver complaint, kidney troubles, scrofula, gravel, throat disorders, impotency, and, in fact, all chronic diseases quickly yield to animal magnetism in the hands of this wonderful magnetist.

Permanently Established Corner Third and Broadway

The Pacific Coast Magnetic institute is permanently located in Los Angeles at corner Third and Broadway, having leased the second floor of that elegant new block on the northeast corner of Broadway and Third street (entrance to institute, 254 Broadway), and under the personal direction of Dr. A. H. Bryant, who is directing and in charge of the Boy Wizard, they have opened its doors to the invalid public, where all those who are able and willing to pay for private treatment may come daily, receiving consultation, advice, examination and full diagnosis of their disease by the physician in charge, who diagnoses disease without asking any questions, looking at the tongue or feeling the pulse. Tickets for such examination can be procured of the secretary at the general reception parlors daily, except Sunday, from 10 a. m. to

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15c can " " "	10c	5 gallons Perfection Coal Oil	83c
25c can " " "	20c	5 gallons Gasoline	8c
50c can " " "	40c	Germea, per lb	4c
$1.25 can " " "	95c	Corn per can	6¼c
$2 25 can " " "	$1 75	Tomatoes per can	6¼c
15c can Finnan Haddie	8c	Silver Dried Prunes, extra fancy, lb	6c
25c can B. and W. Fish Chowder	15c	Dried Prunes, very fine per lb	4c
75c jug "Old Rasmussen" Maple Syrup	50c	Dried Nectarines, per lb	6c
TERRY'S M. and J. Coffee per lb	25c	TERRY'S M. and J. Coffee is a winner.	

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