

AMUSEMENTS

Ophelum

Los Angeles' Society Vaudeville Theater.

Matinee Today Week Commencing Monday, Sept. 13

Adolphi Trio

THE WORLD'S GREATEST BAR PERFORMERS

Smith and Campbell

TALKING COMEDIANS

Leslie and Cann

OPERATIC AND DESCRIPTIVE SINGERS

Nichols Sisters and Johnnie Carroll

Mary Arnotis

Prof. Leonidas

PRICES NEVER CHANGING. Evening—Reserved seats, 50c and 25c; Gallery, 10c.

Los Angeles Theater

H. C. WYATT, Manager

Tomorrow (Monday) Evening Matinee David Belasco's Great Dramatic Play

The Heart of Maryland

Under the Personal Direction of the Author

Presented by Mrs. Leslie Carter And an Admirable Company

SEE THE NOVEL AND REALISTIC EFFECT

The Belfry Scene

Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50

Burbank Theater

THE HANDSOMEST THEATER ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

Tonight Last Performance of the Big Success Heart of Chicago

Week Beginning Monday, Sept. 13 SATURDAY MATINEE THE BIG REALISTIC COMEDY DRAMA

The Inside Track

The Great Abduction Scene That All the World Loves—A Lover Jerry and His Donkey The Grand Realistic Fire Scene The Miner's Rags of Gold

PRICES—Gallery, 10c. Balcony, 25c. Dress Circle, 25c. Orchestra, 50c. Matinee Saturday, 10 and 25c. Box office open 9:30 a. m. to 9:30 p. m.

Sunday Attractions

Terminal Island

MARINE TUG OF WAR—GERMANY VS. IRELAND. AQUATIC POLO CONTEST—AMERICA VS. ENGLAND. CRACK SWIMMING RACE. TUB AND BROOM RACE. FOOT RACE.

Terminal Railway

Sunday Trains leave First Street Station—8:35, 9:45, 11:25, a. m.; 1:22, 5:15 p. m. Arrive 8:50, 11:45

ALASKAN STEAMERS

Bring Down Miners From the North

MIGHTY MEAGER MINERAL

TELLS A TALE OF UNREWARDED LABOR

Eureka Discounts the Klondike by Striking a Gold Ledge Running Ten Per Cent Quartz

Associated Press Special Wire.

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 11.—The steam schooner South Coast from St. Michaels arrived this afternoon. She brought down twenty-six passengers, but most of them went ashore at Port Townsend and took boats for different sound points.

The following miners were passengers: W. Lewis, W. Davis, W. G. Trane, W. W. Wood, H. H. Smith, A. Larson, J. T. Hoyer, A. Chequette, C. U. Sloudfeld, G. Z. Light, J. Braithwaite, F. Rankell, J. Bally, S. Grimm, F. Garsbee, Clark, C. T. Rupert.

The most important news brought by the South Coast is the safe arrival at St. Michaels of the river steamer E. B. Weare, which struck on a sandbar over two weeks ago below Circle City.

JUNEAU ADVICES

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 11.—The steamer City of Topeka arrived from Alaska at 4 o'clock this morning and brings the following letter to the Associated Press:

JUNEAU, Alaska, Sept. 6. Among the recent arrivals at this port are the steamers Rosalie, Mayflower, Detroit, Willamette and Topeka, and the falling-off of the volume of travel is very noticeable.

Business in Juneau is good and the postoffice has extremely large mail from the south, this being the distributing point for a great many Alaskan places.

The arrival of the steamer Portland at Seattle with but a small portion of the much talked of cargo of gold dust did not disappoint people here. In fact, it is often remarked by travelers that the farther north they get the less excitement appears about the discoveries of last year.

At Skagway no progress over the trail has been made except the improvements in the way of rough shacks taking the place of some of the tents.

Rough lumber is quoted at \$40 to \$50 per thousand. An effort will be made next year to turn the tide of travel by way of Sitka, going from there to Yakutat and Enchantment Bay and up the White River, the distance being only about 425 miles from Sitka to Dawson, as against 700 miles from Juneau over the present trails.

Thus far in the season the weather has been all that could be desired with the exception of a few days recently when a severe wind prevailed. Of course there is a great amount of rain but everyone expects that in this country.

The building of a railroad from Juneau to Lake Leslin is now an assured fact. Through examination by the interested parties it has been decided that the work at the earliest possible moment next year. This road will go by the way of the Taku over to the lake, and the traveler will go by water to his place of destination. No doubt, this will be the first railroad established, but it will probably be quickly followed by others, two prospective roads, in particular, having the same terminus as the Juneau road.

The news that there will be a new line of steamers running between Puget Sound and Alaskan ports is hailed with delight by the merchants and miners of this country, as that will mean reasonable freight and passenger rates, and the new wharf, which will soon be erected at Juneau, will reduce the wharfage so that goods may be sold at much lower prices than at present.

Rapid progress is being made on the cable tramway now constructing at Chilkoot Pass, and when finished, everything can go over quicker and in much better shape than heretofore.

RAILROAD SCHEMES SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 11.—W. A. Pratt, the engineer who was sent to the northwest territory by the Union Mining, Trading and Transportation company of Wilmington, Del., to make reconnaissance for a railroad into the Yukon country, returned today from Juneau on the City of Topeka.



"PROTECTED" AMERICAN LABOR

connoissance for a railroad into the Yukon country, returned today from Juneau on the City of Topeka. He left this afternoon for the east, accompanied by his assistant, T. G. Janney of Baltimore. The result of Pratt's investigations was so satisfactory, from an engineering standpoint, that it is probable that several engineering parties will be put in the field within a few weeks, making preliminary surveys for the line.

The proposed railroad is 162 miles in length and the route runs from the head of Tau Inlet to Lake Leslin, in the interior. Lake Leslin is at the head of the Hootalinqua river, one of the principal tributaries of the Yukon, and both are navigable, so that the line will be from salt water navigation to steamer navigation on the river.

Speaking of the proposed railroad, Mr. Pratt said: "It is a very favorable route, indeed, for the line. It goes up the Taku river to the junction of the Clochohohen and Naklma rivers, thence up the latter river to Silver Salmon river, and finally overland to the head of Teslin (not Leslin) lake. The heaviest grade is three per cent, and the route is remarkably direct for a mountainous country."

"The company has secured concessions from the Canadian government of 5200 acres of land for each mile of road built."

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 11.—The trouble over lots in Juneau, Alaska, has at last been decided by a decision of Judge Delaney. Possessory rights of squatters who have improved their holdings are held to be good against invasion. Titles given by the original locator are by the decision rendered valid, even though the holders shall be absent from the property. The case at issue involved valuable property in the business portion of the town. During his absence it was invaded by another. As it began suit in the United States court for ejectment. The case was tried last December, and Judge Delaney has just rendered a decision in favor of Adsit. A deed from the locator made while the premises had improvements, though unoccupied, was held to convey a good title.

OFF FOR THE NORTH

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 11.—The steamer Lakeme sailed for St. Michaels today in the interest of the Alaska Commercial company, loaded with provisions and material for the construction of a shallow-draught river steamer for service on the Yukon, and three barges. Ten mechanics occupied rooms on the vessel, and as soon as the steamer reaches her destination they will commence building the boat and barges. It is intended to have them launched and equipped ready for service on the route to Dawson by the time navigation opens in the spring. The Lakeme went prepared to increase her passenger accommodations for the return voyage to this port as soon as the present cargo is discharged, in anticipation of a big demand for passage on the vessel from disgusted and stranded miners.

HERE'S RICHNESS

A Great Deal of Gold to Just a Little Quartz

EUREKA, Cal., Sept. 11.—It is reported that J. R. McNeil and George Hammer of Willow Creek, Humboldt county, have located a ledge of gold-bearing quartz which assays over \$25,000 to the ton. According to the assayer's certificate the samples submitted carry 94 per cent pure metal, 70 of copper, 20 of silver and 4 of gold. In other words, a ton of ore from this ledge would yield five thousand eight hundred and twenty-five ounces of silver, eleven hundred and sixty-five ounces of gold, and 1400 pounds of copper, leaving only 320 pounds to be accounted for as rock, and would be valuable at the market quotations of the metals at \$3087.70 in silver, \$23,350 in gold and \$120 in copper. Just where the ledge is located, or what its dimensions are, the discoverers refuse to tell. Rich float rock, as well as fine gold, has been frequently found in the bed of the creek.

The Stanford Coach

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 11.—George H. Brooke, who has been engaged to coach the Stanford foot ball team, has arrived from the East. Brooke, one of the greatest fullbacks that ever played in an inter-collegiate game, is a post-graduate student at the University of Pennsylvania, having graduated with the class of '96. He was on the "All-American team" in 1895. He coached the famous team of the Carlisle Indian School last year for a brief period, and as a punter is rated as second only to Butterworth.

A Long Swim

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—James Hooper, the English long distance champion swimmer, who Wednesday last week started from Troy, N. Y., to swim down the Hudson river, reached Audubon beach, this city, at 3:15 this afternoon. When Hooper left Troy he weighed 161 pounds; at the foot of the Audubon Yacht club today he weighed only 128 pounds.

VICTORIA DE LA LUNA

FALLS INTO THE HANDS OF THE INSURGENTS

Official Reports Claim a Gallant Defense, but Admit Defeat—More Filibusters Land

HAVANA, Sept. 11, via Key West.—Advice from Santiago de Cuba report that the insurgents are active in that district and that the inhabitants of Santiago de Cuba recently became alarmed, fearing an attack would be made upon the place.

La Lucha says it is rumored that in the presidential election at Guamarillo, Domingo, Mendez Capote, a well known lawyer of Havana, was chosen for the presidency. If this report is true, it shows that dissensions exist among the voters, as Gen. Gomez had endorsed Maso for president.

Passengers from Gibara report that General Calixto Garcia, with Major General Gebreco, has established headquarters at the town of Bijaru. His forces comprised 5000 men, well armed and equipped and having with them four field pieces, two Hotchkiss guns and two dynamite guns.

Gen. Garcia left a small force in the direction of Victoria de la Luna, the capture of which has been previously reported. It is said the Spanish loss was eighty killed and wounded. Gen. Garcia, it is said, lynched eleven merchants of the town and it is feared that thirty merchants who were taken prisoners have been massacred.

OFFICIALLY ADMITTED

HAVANA, Sept. 11.—Later official details of the capture of Victoria de la Luna by the insurgents show that the garrison stationed there consisted of 350 men, 130 of whom were rendered unfit for duty by illness. The town was first attacked on August 14th, and on the 26th the insurgents laid siege to the place. The night of the 27th a heavy fire of musketry was maintained by the enemy, and the next day their artillery opened fire, destroying the barracks, hospital and a greater part of the town. The insurgents took possession of the ruins of the town on the 30th, when the military commander, three officers and seventy-five soldiers were killed on condition that they be allowed to retain their arms and horses and be sent to Holguin. The remainder of the troops of the garrison, who had previously laid down their arms, have been sent to Puerto Principe.

The heavier guns of the garrison were rendered unfit for use after fifty shots had been fired. The official report says the insurgents admit the loss of over 100 killed, whose bodies were cremated.

FILIBUSTER LAWS

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—The World says: Another expedition has landed near Havana. It is the one that Minister de Lome led the revenue officers to expect would start from Bridgeport, Conn. The expedition sailed from the Jersey coast without trouble. As a result 3000 more rifles and 800,000 cartridges are now in the hands of the insurgents.

HUMAN BONES

Unqualified Statements by Witnesses Against Luetgert

CHICAGO, Sept. 11.—The state put in its time today proving that the bones taken from the vat in the sausage factory which was produced was strongly against the prisoner. Prof. George W. Balley, osteologist of the Field Columbian museum, testified simply that the bones shown him in the court that one was from the hand of a human being, one from the foot, one part of a human forearm. Witnesses did not qualify his evidence in any degree, but stated his conclusions in the most positive manner, driving his testimony home with the assertion: "They are bones from the skeleton of a small person, probably a woman."

After Prof. Balley came Dr. Robert A. Howe, who has for many years been connected with the leading hospitals of the city, and he gave the same evidence as Prof. Balley, also saying that the bones were from the frame of a small person, "probably a woman."

Portions of a skeleton were brought into court and the witnesses showed the injury just where the fragments of bone were to be found in the human body. After the conclusion of the expert testimony Police Inspector Shaack took the stand and identified the bones that had been shown as those that were taken from the vat in his presence by the officers working under his direction. It is now likely that the state will rest.

INDEX

OF THE TELEGRAPH NEWS

The Columbus convention settles the miners' strike. Fitzsimmons declines to accept an offer to fight Corbett.

German editors renew the agitation in favor of a tariff war with the United States. Los Angeles ball players badly defeated at San Francisco; the league games; racing results.

Official reports from Havana admit the capture of a town by the insurgents; more filibusters land. Paris editors busy laying out a glorious future for France with the aid of the new Russian ally. Hawaii declines Japan's offer of arbitration and gives good reason; a Japanese merchant talks on trade with America.

Yellow fever cases in Louisiana grow smaller in number; state and federal authorities working together harmoniously and effectively. The record of the week in England is a chronicle of blunders; bread in London sold in slices; the ducal tour and the famine in Ireland; dramatic and literary gossip.

Two steamers return from the north with many miners and very little gold; a prospector at Eureka strikes a ledge made of gold, silver and copper, with just enough quartz to stick them together. Responsibility for the awful wreck at Newcaste charged to the conductor and engineer of the Colorado Midland train; both men are dead. Diligent search is being made for the men who held up the train near Ripon, Cal.

its case on Monday, if the defense does not prolong the cross examination of the three men who testified today.

COMMON DECENCY

Should Lead Goldites to Decline Silver Nominations

DENVER, Colo., Sept. 11.—The Rocky Mountain News today quoted Senator Teller as having said to its representative at Rico yesterday: "If Hayt has accepted the McKinley Republican nomination, he ought, in common decency to decline the Silver Republican nomination."

"I stand by what I said in my speech at Glenwood Springs. It is not necessary for me to say more than that." This utterance is regarded as a repudiation of the Silver Republican nominee for justice of the supreme court, who has accepted the McKinley Republican nomination also, as Senator Teller's remarks to the convention at Glenwood Springs were as follows:

"If silver is paramount, the question is paramount to any other. Stand shoulder to shoulder and let the men who don't believe in it go to the McKinley Republicans and stay there. "You cannot make such an alliance (with the McKinleyites) without disgracing yourselves and injuring the cause for which you profess so much interest."

HARBOR MATTERS

To Be Considered by McKinley on Tuesday

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—The President has sent notice that he will return to Washington from Somerset Monday, and a meeting of the Cabinet has been called for Tuesday to discuss several topics which are regarded as requiring executive attention and, perhaps, action at this time. On the list is the construction to be given discriminating duties in section 22 of the tariff act; the scheme of improvement adopted for San Pedro harbor; the adjustment of various questions of state which have arisen concerning Alaska and the gold miners, and, perhaps, a discussion of Hawaiian conditions.

PRESS CENSORS

Make News From Guatemala Exceedingly Scarce

SAN JOSE, Guatemala (via Galveston), Sept. 10.—(Delayed in transmission.) The censorship on all messages is very strict. A brother of President Barrios and the wife of Senator Jefe de Queratenan were killed yesterday. The Plaza San Marcos has been taken possession of by the revolutionists. The mails are unsafe and it is probable that they will be delayed for one week.

MINERS' STRIKE SETTLED

By Action of Convention at Columbus

A DAY OF WRANGLING

Ends With Acceptance of Offers Made

THE MASACRE AT HAZLETON

MAY RESULT IN FURTHER COMPLICATIONS

Warrants Sworn Out for the Arrest of the Sheriff—The Latimer Men Throw Down Their Tools

Associated Press Special Wire.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Sept. 11.—The great miners' strike, which was declared on July 4th, was brought to an end this evening, so far at least as western Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and West Virginia are concerned, by the action of the interstate convention of miners, which has been in session here since Wednesday. After a day of wrangling, the convention adopted a resolution accepting the proposition of the Pittsburgh operators. The vote was 495 for and 317 against accepting the terms of settlement and 11 votes were not cast. The delegates from Illinois, who had 250 votes, were unanimously against settlement. Indiana and West Virginia voted solidly to accept the operators' proposition, but there were scattering votes among Ohio and Pennsylvania against it.

The resolution is: "Resolved, That we, the miners of Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Ohio and Indiana and Illinois, in convention assembled, do hereby agree to accept the proposition recommended by our national executive committee, viz.: 65 cents in Pittsburgh district, all places in above states, where a relative price can be obtained to resume work and contribute liberally to the miners who do not receive the advance offer which the fight must be continued to a bitter end."

"Resolved, That the national officers of the executive board and district presidents act as an advisory board for the purpose of providing ways and means for the carrying on of the strike where necessary; provided, however, that no district resume work for ten days for the purpose of giving miners in other districts time to confer with their operators and get the price if possible."

While ten days is provided for the miners to resume work, it is probable that many of the Ohio and Pittsburgh mines will be reopened Monday. The Illinois miners will be called in convention at Springfield September 19th to determine what shall be done in that state. A resolution was adopted denouncing the action of the deputies in firing into the crowd of striking miners at Hazleton, Pa.

THE DEAD MINERS

A Dreadful State of Affairs Exists at Hazleton

HAZLETON, Pa., Sept. 11.—Twenty-one corpses lie tonight in frame shanties scattered about this hilltop town. Forty maimed, wounded and broken figures lie on the narrow cots of the Hazleton hospital. Of these it is almost a certainty that five will be added to the death list before another day dawns. Such was the execution done yesterday by the deputy sheriffs, armed to the teeth, upon about 150 ignorant foreigners, whose total armament consisted of two little penknives. These facts are undisputed.

Here is the ghastly roll as it stands: The dead: Andrew Nickowski, John Chobenski, Steve Urch, Andrew Yerkman, John Franko, John Zernawick, Frank Kodel, John Zaslack, John Shaka, Antone Greekio, John Turnasvich, Andrew Yurich, all of Harwood; Andrew Ziminski, Adam Ziminski, John Burk, Stanley Sadriski, Sebastian Bozostaki, John Futa, Adelbert Czata, all of Crystal Ridge; Andrew Collick, Rafael Beckewicz of Cranberry.

The injured who are at death's door are: Clemens Plotack, Caspar Dulasek, John Bonke, Andrew Staboni and Jacob Tomashontas. Forty others are badly hurt, including John Treible, a deputy sheriff.

All these men ranged in age from 13 to 45 years, all foreigners—Hungarians, Poles, Lithuanians and Slavs. The situation tonight is intense, as the day was full of event and incident. First and foremost, the purpose these men had in view when their march revealed its tragic end was unexamined. The 1500 workers at the Latimer mines, to whom they were bound in an effort to induce them to join the strikers' ranks, have laid down their picks and sworn to do no more work until all the demands of all the men at all the mines in the district have been conceded. Next in importance was the issuance of warrants this afternoon for the arrest of Sheriff Martin and 102 deputies. They were issued at the instance of the United Hueloan societies. They were made out in the name of Joseph Mehalte, the president of the St. George society, of which nearly all the dead miners were members. Robert F. Riley, manager of the Anthracite Detective agency, took charge of the documents, but up to a