

TWENTY-FIFTH YEAR. NO. 132.

LOS ANGELES, WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 9, 1898

PRICE FIVE CENTS

AMUSEMENTS

Exhibition Matinee Today... Los Angeles Society Vaudeville Theater... Robin Hood... Bostonians... Burbank Theater... California Limited

VICTORIA'S ADDRESS

Given to the Lords and the Commons

THE PRESENT REIGN OF PEACE

A VERY GOOD TIME TO PREPARE FOR WAR

Premier Salisbury Speaks Hopefully Concerning Present Complications in the Far East

Associated Press Special Wire LONDON, Feb. 8.—The fourth session of the Fourteenth Parliament of Queen Victoria and the Twenty-sixth of the United Kingdom, was opened by the commission at 2 o'clock this afternoon, with the customary ceremonies.

THE MODERN MOSES



STRIKING THE MOUNTAIN FOR A SUPPLY

At the last session of Parliament, were present. Mr. Healy proposed Edmund Vesey Knox, member for the city of London...

IN THE COMMONS On the resumption of business in the house of commons this evening the new members took their seats.

On a sessional motion that peers and lord lieutenants should not interfere in elections, Rt. Hon. James Lowther, Conservative member of the House of Commons...

Mr. Balfour admitted that it was true the house had no power to enforce the order, adding that, unless invited by the opposition leader, Sir Vernon Harcourt, to adopt another course, he would vote against the amendment.

Gerald Balfour, chief secretary for Ireland, gave notice that on Thursday he would introduce the local government bill for Ireland.

After notices of the introduction of other bills had been given, Speaker Cully read the queen's speech, which had previously been read in both houses of parliament.

Lord Kimberley said he thought there would be considerable unanimity as to the necessity for immediate relief of the distress in the West Indies, and he would withhold any criticism with reference to the dropping of a waning industry until he saw exactly what the government's proposals were.

The marquis of Salisbury then arose, On the reassembling of the house of lords the new peers were introduced and took their seats with the usual ceremony.

The galleries were crowded with peeresses and the daughters of peers.

The duke of Marlborough and Lord Dunraven were among the peers present on the floor. The prince of Wales and the duke of York were present.

After the address in reply to the speech from the throne had been moved and seconded, the earl of Kimberley, the Opposition leader in the house of lords, replied that he regarded the local government of Ireland as being one of the most important subjects of the queen's speech, and while he regarded the government measure favorably, he was compelled to add that the Liberal party was of the opinion that the only way to permanently satisfy Ireland was by establishing home rule.

The earl of Kimberley mildly criticized the government's policy in the Sudan, West Africa and the far east, but he said he wished to extract no embarrassing information. When a cabinet minister, however, spoke of war, he thought parliament was told plainly what was meant.

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TO THE TELEGRAPH NEWS

Five men in a rowboat carried over the Willamette falls; only one man escapes with his life.

L. A. W. delegates gathering at St. Louis to elect officers and solve the problem of Sunday racing.

Testimony taken in the trial of Sheriff Martin showing that the men shot down were unarmed and orderly.

The trial of Zola attracts a yelling mob to the vicinity of the courtroom; the novelist has a narrow escape from lynching.

Trainwrecker Worden, in hope of escaping the gallows, confesses his crime and gives the names of his accomplices.

Dupuy de Lome accused of writing a letter in derogation of McKinley's character; the minister says the letter is a forgery.

Germany is inclined to admit undue haste in prohibiting importation of American fruit, but at the same time she needs no San Jose scale in her orchards.

Radical pro-Cuban resolutions introduced in the senate promise lively debate today; the house turns its attention to contest cases, but fails to reach decision.

The radical leader in the German reichstag outlines the government's Oriental policy as simply one of free trade, having no desire to dismember China, nor to infringe on the rights of other nations.

The London Star expresses a belief that the Yukon relief scheme is merely a pretext for a Jameson raid on the Klondike; Canada decides that troops under arms may not accompany the relief expedition.

The British parliament meets and listens to the address from the throne; the address is more remarkable for what it does not contain than for what is said; Oriental affairs are not referred to except by recommendation for an increase of the navy.

Argentine Earthquakes NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—A dispatch to the Herald from Buenos Ayres says: Earthquakes have been reported from various districts in the southern provinces, particularly in Colomaria. Many buildings in the town of Colomaria have been damaged and Villapanon in the same province has been almost entirely destroyed. Two persons were killed and three wounded. Thousands of inhabitants of the provinces are without shelter.

The Luetgert Case CHICAGO, Feb. 8.—Attorney Harmon concluded his speech in defense of Adolph Luetgert late this afternoon and tomorrow State Attorney Gehlen will close for the prosecution. The case will go to the jury by noon.

PROSPECTS ARE BRIGHT

For the Insertion of the San Pedro Harbor Item in the Sundry Civil Appropriation Bill

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—(Special to The Herald.) There was an interesting scene today in the house appropriations committee room when the item in regard to the appropriation of \$400,000 for work on San Pedro harbor during the next fiscal year was reached.

Congressmen Maguire, Hilborn, Barlow and DeVries were present. Chairman Cannon, in referring to the matter, made some severe strictures upon the criticism recently made in California newspapers on his attitude in regard to this question, and rather insinuated that Barlow was responsible for them, and that the object was to create campaign material for use in the next campaign.

Barlow replied that from a political standpoint it would be to his advantage to have this appropriation held up, but that he was influenced by higher motives in desiring this improvement commended.

Judge Maguire and Representative DeVries explained to the committee the importance of the project, and Maguire declared that there was no jealousy on the part of the people of San Francisco in regard to building a great harbor at San Pedro.

It is now believed that there is a good majority on the committee on appropriations in favor of San Pedro, and that the item will be incorporated in the sundry civil bill.

California Limited Via Santa Fe Route... Leaves Los Angeles... 8:00 a.m. Sunday, Tuesday and Friday

Kite-Shaped Track... DONE IN A DAY ON THE TUESDAY SPECIAL... In addition to the regular train service the Santa Fe runs on every Tuesday a special express train

San Diego and Coronado Beach... THE MOST BEAUTIFUL SPOT IN THE WORLD... Santa Fe Route Office, 200 Spring St., corner of Second.

Strictly First-Class Hotel Westminster... Furnished and Rebuilt. American and European Plan. Heat in every room.

Shiloh Park... Base Ball Every Sunday, 1:30... Formerly Fiesta Park. Twelfth and Grand.

Went Over the Falls... THE CREW OF FIVE ONLY ONE ESCAPED... Hidden Familiar Landmarks and the Rapids of the Willamette Claimed Four Victims

REGON CITY, Or., Feb. 8.—A small boat containing five men was carried over the falls of the Willamette river here this morning and four of the men were drowned.

A Short Courtship NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—The records of St. James pro-Cathedral, Brooklyn, show that on January 27th the Rev. Father Peter Donohue united in marriage there Dr. Frank Ignatius Leonard and Miss Frances Sierra Nevada Farrington.

A Stove Trust CHICAGO, Feb. 8.—A stove trust is the latest addition to the combines of manufacturing interests. According to Chicago men, who say they have correct information, the infant was born Monday at Detroit, Mich., and it already represents \$10,000,000 of invested capital.

A Mad River Victim EUREKA, Cal., Feb. 8.—W. W. Lees, a farmer of McKinleyville, this county, was drowned on Sunday evening while fording Mud River, near the old Vance bridge, above Arcata. His buggy was upset in the swift current. The horse swam ashore but Lees' body was not found and was probably washed out to sea.

A Smallpox Scare CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Feb. 8.—Special telegrams from Chattanooga appear in a number of metropolitan papers to the effect that there are 1000 cases of smallpox in and around Chattanooga are without foundation in fact; during the last seven months there have been only two cases of smallpox in this immediate section and these were at once isolated at a remote pesthouse.

Berkeley Branches... Intended to Include the Building of Steel Vessels... SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 8.—The trustees of the University of California today decided to establish a college of commerce as one of the departments of the university.

RADICAL RESOLVES

For Recognition of Cuban Belligerency

THREE PROPOSITIONS MADE

BY SENATORS ANXIOUS FOR PROMPT ACTION

Notice Given of Remarks to Be Made Today—The House Considers Contest Cases

Associated Press Special Wire WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Three propositions, differing materially as to methods, were presented to the senate today for the relief of Cuban insurgents. Allen of Nebraska offered as an amendment to the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill a resolution recognizing the belligerency of the insurgents and said that he hoped thus to afford the senate an opportunity to vote on that proposition.

The right of Hon. Henry W. Corbett to a seat in the senate from Oregon occupied the senate's attention for two hours, Senator Chandler speaking in favor of seating the claimant. The remainder of the afternoon was spent in executive session.

THE OPEN SESSION

Bates of Tennessee presented credentials of Thomas B. Turley to the senate today, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of the late Senator Isham G. Harris of Tennessee.

Some criticism was made of Governor Taylor's certificate as being too verbose, and, while harmless, of unnecessary length.

Senator Allen of Nebraska offered as an amendment to the Diplomatic and Consular Appropriation Bill the Morgan resolution for the recognition of the belligerency of Cuba. He said he hoped it would be speedily acted upon by the Committee on Foreign Relations so that it would not be defeated in the Senate by a point of order.

Mr. Hale of Maine said it would still be subject to such a point, and Mr. Allen gave notice that he would appeal from any decision adverse to the amendment and test the sense of the Senate on the subject.

Mr. Allen, in presenting the amendment, said that since the opening of hostilities in Cuba, and that 300,000 pacificos had died of starvation or disease, directly traceable to insufficient food or lack of proper sanitary conditions. He said that he had been informed that it was the custom of the Spanish government to herd hundreds of families together and starve them to death.

He expressed the hope that the Committee on Foreign Relations would act promptly upon the amendment so that the Senate could have an opportunity to vote upon it. The amendment is as follows:

"That condition of public war exists between the government of Spain and the government proclaimed and for some time maintained by force of arms by the people of Cuba, and the United States of America shall maintain strict neutrality between the contending parties and accord the rights of belligerency in the ports and territories of the United States to both sides."

Mr. Allen said he desired to have the amendment made a part of the diplomatic bill so that the House of Representatives might also have an opportunity to vote upon it and that he had notified the Committee on Foreign Relations of that body, or other influences.

Mr. Hale said the amendment proposed was subject to a point of order even though it should be reported by the Foreign Relations Committee, as it was general legislation.

"Do you know of any appropriation bill passed in the last few years," inquired Mr. Allen, "that has not carried with it general legislation?"

Mr. Hale replied that such matter was put into such bills subject to a point of order under the rules of the Senate and under those of the House, which are very strict.

Cannon presented a resolution which he asked should lie over till tomorrow, when he would make some remarks on it. The resolution is as follows:

Resolved, That the people of the Republic of Cuba are, and of right ought to be, free and independent; and

Resolved, That the continuance of the barbarous warfare of Spain in her attempt to subjugate the patriots of that republic, is in violation of the laws of humanity, it is a menace to the freedom and progress of the people of the Western Hemisphere and is full justification for a demand by the government of the United States that Spain shall withdraw her land and naval forces from Cuba and adjacent waters and shall leave the republic to the enjoyment of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; therefore, be it

Resolved, By the Senate, that the President of the United States is urged to notify the kingdom of Spain that if

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