

ANIGHT CONDENSED INTO TWO MINUTES

Latest Details of How Camille Flammarion's Cinematograph Photographs the Heavenly Bodies.

PARIS, Feb. 15.—(Special Correspondence to The Herald.) The latest development in the photographic novelties obtained by M. Camille Flammarion, the well-known astronomer, include some remarkable work with the cinematograph, which has enabled an audience sitting in a theater to see portrayed before them on the stage the revolving of the very world upon

Flammarion has won additional laurels wreaths by his clever work.

HAS TWENTY POCKETS

Woman as Well Provided as Any of Her Male Friends
That a woman should not have pockets in her costume is a long-ago exploded idea.

signal bell somewhere, and so he grasped it and gave two strong pulls. Unfortunately the bell was down close to the engineer's ear, and when he got the signal the engines were stopped. The wires didn't connect with the wire room, as the passenger supposed.—Florida Times-Union.

Solons Who Chew Gum

The house has two gum chewers—"Slim Jim" Richardson of Tennessee and John Dalzell of Pennsylvania. Mr. Richardson never chews gum in the house; his sense of the proprieties would forbid that, but when other Democrats seek the cloak room for a quiet smoke or for a chew of the favorite weed, Mr. Richardson consoles himself with good spruce gum. He prefers spruce, if he can get it, but otherwise he is able to solace himself with almost any of the good varieties of chewing material on the market.

NEW YORK SOCIETY'S PECULIAR REVELS

The Exclusive Set Disguises Itself in Feline Character and Holds High Carnival.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—(Special Correspondence to The Herald.) From a diamond social dandy to the lower animals is a far cry. But the members of the exclusive set of New York have made a pronounced hit by assuming characters that belong to this much removed order of being. The cat ball may be regarded as a function that has come to stay in New York society. It is one of the most unique and interesting conceits that has yet made its appearance among the body of people whose chief pleasure it is to think up original plans for making time fly faster.

The cat ball is composed, as its title suggests, of felines. The costumes of New York were recently besieged with applications for costumes that would enable the wearer to assume the character of the cat. The supply was not equal to the demand, and it was therefore necessary to call in the assistance of the makers of fancy dominoes. These responded to the appeal by supplying a number of masks that fitted over the head of the wearer, giving him or her all the appearance of a tom or tabby cat clothed in a dress suit or wearing a Worth costume.

Thus appareled and disguised the guests assembled on the night mentioned in the previous column. The affair was a success, and was voted by all to be the most successful affair that has been given in New York society this season. The identity of every guest was well concealed, and it was impossible to distinguish in the cat-headed dancers an aged beau from a headless youth, and whose features were concealed behind a smiling smile of a smooth-faced tabby cat no one could guess.

The affair was given at the house of Mrs. Heber Bishop, No. 881 Fifth avenue. The floor was strewn with mats of smart set, disguised as cats. Everything was made to harmonize with the general idea. The more kittenish were the actions of the women, the greater the interest they excited among the revelers. A snarling display on the part of a Tom met with applause, and any one who could imitate the feline language sufficient skill to give a life-like imitation of a midnight concert on a roof was sure to be surrounded by a crowd of cheering maskers.

It was known only to the initiated that the Chinese surmise came first instead of last. The Chinese begin dinner with desert and end with soup and fish. The Chinese shake their own hands instead of the hands of those they greet. The spoken language of China is not written and the written language is not spoken. The Chinese launch their vessels slide and mount their horses from the off-side. The Chinese do everything backward. They exactly reverse the usual order of civilization. Books are read backward, and what we call footnotes are inserted at the top of the pages.

self, and Miss Anna Sands found it impossible, although she spoke as seldom as she could, to disguise behind a mask an identity that it is so well known in New York society.

When the revelry was at its height the music of the band was accompanied by caterwauling, snarls and feline language that would have been considered hideous had it not been for the fact that no claim was made to the function being one conspicuous for its beauty. It was carnival night and everyone was at liberty to throw the straight-faced rulings of society to the wind and go in for a dash of originality that carried one back to the days when nursery romps were in order.

The scene when the maskers removed their dominoes was the climax of the night's enjoyment. The "I-told-you-sos" that could be heard on every side were mingled with bursts of irrepressible laughter as from beneath the kittenish mask emerged the face of a middle-aged society dame, while the ferocious looking tiger cat countenance turned out to disguise nothing more formidable than the smiling features of a young society belle.

So successful was the affair that a committee was appointed there and then to originate another function on the same lines, and it was decided that a vegetable should be a vegetable ball, when every guest was disguised as some vegetable of the vegetable kingdom, such as carrots, cucumbers and potatoes. Society in this city is nothing if not original.

The "400" are mildly excited over disguising themselves as garden truck. Van derbilt has palmed, amateur cackwalkers, even though led by a Vanderbilt, have become a source of ennu. Ex-Mayor Hewitt's turn to the plantations. Instead of turning to the plantations, they have boldly sought inspirations from the social customs of Oshkosh. Each of the guests hid to the reveal impersonated a vegetable, and as 150 guests were invited it may be readily conceived that the green grocer's list of wares was drawn upon very largely.

A Topsy Turvy Land
The Chinese surmise came first instead of last. The Chinese begin dinner with desert and end with soup and fish. The Chinese shake their own hands instead of the hands of those they greet. The spoken language of China is not written and the written language is not spoken. The Chinese launch their vessels slide and mount their horses from the off-side. The Chinese do everything backward. They exactly reverse the usual order of civilization. Books are read backward, and what we call footnotes are inserted at the top of the pages.

The Chinese dress in white at funerals, and in mourning at wedding, while old women always serve as bridesmaids. The first, that the Chinese compass points to the north instead of the south. The men carry on dressmaking, and the women carry burdens.

Labrador was discovered by Sebastian Cabot in 1497.

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- 20c New Spring Novelty Suits, 12c
- 12c 12c Black Sateen, 7c
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- 7c Good White Cotton Huck Towels, 4c
- \$1.45 Ladies' Genuine Kid Gloves, every pair warranted, 95c
- \$1.00 R. & G. Corsets, 74c
- 25c Ladies' Fast Color Fancy Top Hose, 15c
- 5c Children's Fast Black Ribbed Hose, 10c
- 20c Ladies' Jersey Ribbed Vests, long sleeves, 12c
- 50c Children's Ready Made Dresses, 29c
- \$1.00 Ladies' Percale Wrappers, 69c
- \$2.00 Black Brocade Dress Skirts, \$1.37
- 40c Engineers' Jumpers and Overalls, 25c
- 75c Men's Extra Heavy Fleece Lined Shirts and Drawers, 50c
- 65c Men's White Laundered Shirts, 45c
- 50c Men's Oil Tan Gloves, 35c
- 10c Men's Irish Cambric Kerchiefs, 5c
- \$2.00 Men's Fedora Hats, 95c

- ### Shoes
- \$1.50 Children's Pebble Goat Riveted School Shoes, one-piece upper, sizes 12 to 2, 99c
 - \$1.35 Youth's Calfskin Shoes, come toe, sizes 12 to 2, \$1.15
 - \$1.50, same as above, in Boys', \$1.25
 - \$3.00 Men's Kangaroo Grain and Calfskin Shoes, comes in all styles and widths, \$1.95
 - \$2.00 Ladies' and Misses' fine Dongola Shoes, heel and spring heel, lace or button \$1.48
 - \$5.00 Ladies' Fine French Kid Shoes, hand-turned and sewed, lace or button, needle toe only; limited amount, \$2.50

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SIX CAUSES OF ASTHMA

The Origin of Many Cases of a Very Prevalent Disease—How Unsuitable Places of Residence, Unwholesome Diet and Powerful Drugs Frequently Unite in Causing Asthma—Ordinary Colds Developed Into Serious Diseases

THE CURE OF INHERITED ASTHMA

Relief For All in the Oriental Herbal Remedies—Remarkable Testimonials From the Patrons of the Foo and Wing Herb Company—A Successful Method of Treatment

One of the most common forms of disease in Southern California is asthma. Hundreds of people come to this country from the east in the hope that the climate will relieve them of difficulties which physicians have been unable to cure. And many cases of asthma originate in California for numerous causes are confined to the more severe climate of the eastern states. People take cold in California as easily as anywhere else, if they neglect proper precautions against cold. This is perhaps the most common origin of asthma, but a cold is usually aggravated by other causes and circumstances before it develops into this obstinate and sometimes incurable malady. Dr. Li Wing of the firm of Foo & Wing, the eminent herbal physicians of this city, in the recently published volume, "The Science of Oriental Medicine," discusses some of the more common causes of asthma, and the best cure of the disease. From this discussion the following points are condensed:

soon becomes free and the pores of the lungs are soon well of the poisons which have accumulated in them. A good recovery is the result. This is a good point for everybody to remember and no one can be too careful in reference to diet when suffering from a cold, no matter how slight that cold appears to be. In cases of inherited asthma, if the patient takes the herbal remedies for a short time at every attack he gets rid of a part of the poisons each time and gradually throws it off so that, at about the age of 14, when the body grows very fast, he will outgrow the poison, if his system is kept free from impurities and if nature is assisted by simple and harmless remedies in her own efforts to accomplish a cure. After the trouble once disappears it will never return. There were hundreds of cases of this sort among the cures accomplished by the great Chinese physician, Li Po Tai, whose records and instructions the Foo and Wing company has inherited.

ASTHMA FROM MALARIA

First—A frequent cause of asthma is living in a low, wet place. The air about such places is damp and causes malaria which is always present in the atmosphere. Constant breathing of this heavy, damp atmosphere weakens the lungs. It irritates and produces a phlegm as in catarrh. People who are born in these damp localities do not feel the injurious effects as much as those who move into them from other places. A person of a strong constitution may throw off the evil effects. But a person who is not strong soon gets into a condition where the lungs are weakened and where he easily takes cold. This results in an inflammation of the lungs, the phlegm that is formed dries in the cells of the lungs and closes them up. The result is a case of asthma.

USE OF IMPROPER MEDICINES

Second—Another cause of asthma is a cold taken in any way whatever where attempts are made to cure by improper medicines. A cold should be thrown off and removed through the skin. But many physicians do not understand how to do this, and many of the so-called cures for colds consist of strong medicines that do more harm than good. Both the inflammation from the cold and the poison from the medicine settle in the lungs and there is double difficulty which results in asthma. Hundreds of people who come to us say "I have had pneumonia which resulted in asthma," or, "Ten years ago I had a gripe and since then I have had asthma." All of these cases show that poisonous remedies were used to cure the cold or other disease; that these poisonous remedies were left in the system, and that they caused the asthma. We cure these cases by removing the cause from the system.

DIET AND ASTHMA

Third—Cases of asthma arise from eating too much fried and roast meat, and constantly eating food that is too strong and too greasy. This causes inflammation which makes an excessive desire for drinks and raw fruits. These act unfavorably upon the stomach and produce indigestion and phlegm in the stomach. This results in the way of the lungs and obstructs the cells, causing asthma.

FOURTH—SOME PEOPLE CONTRACT ASTHMA AS A RESULT OF VENEREAL POISONING. THEY TAKE MERCURY REMEDIES TO CURE THIS, SUCH AS MERCURY, ETC. THIS GIVES RISE TO THE LUNGS, NEAR THE SPINE, AND CAUSES ASTHMA.

FIFTH—MANY PEOPLE, WHEN SUFFERING FROM AN ORDINARY COLD, EAT FOOD THAT IS TOO HEAVY, AND THIS GIVES RISE TO THE LUNGS, NEAR THE SPINE, AND CAUSES ASTHMA.

SIXTH—A TENDENCY TO ASTHMA IS FREQUENTLY INHERITED FROM THE PARENTS. THERE IS NO HARDENED PHLEGM, AS IN THE OTHER CASES, IN THE LUNGS, BUT THERE IS WHAT MAY BE CALLED A PHLEGM POISON. THIS SETTLES IN THE WINDPILES AND COVERS A PART OF THE LUNGS, JUST AS MOSS COVERS A STONE. IN FACT, THE SOUL LOOKS LIKE MOSS ON A STONE, AND THERE ARE MANY SPOTS OF MOSS SCATTERED THROUGH THE LUNGS. IF THE CHILD'S CONSTITUTION IS WEAK THESE SPOTS KEEP GROWING LARGER AND MORE NUMEROUS UNTIL THE LUNGS LOSE THEIR FUNCTIONS AND DEATH RESULTS. BUT IF HE HAS A STRONGER CONSTITUTION, EVEN ONE OF MEDIUM STRENGTH, HE MAY BE CURED, AS EXPLAINED ABOVE.

BEST AND MOST RATIONAL CURE

In all of these cases the use of the herbal remedies is the best and quickest way known to effect a cure. These remedies will gradually rid the human body of malaria and its effects, of the poisons which accumulate from poisonous drugs, and of the phlegm and other poisons which result from indigestion and a continued use of improper foods. They cleanse the blood and they restore the normal function of the vital organs. They stimulate the action of the skin, which is a very important factor in the preservation of health. In these ways they get rid of all of the poisons which, left in the system, will cause irritation, inflammation and asthma.

If sickness arising from the fifth cause is treated in its early stages by the herbal remedies, to throw the cold and to cleanse away the phlegm, and if the patient is very careful about his eating and drinking, less meat and meat soups and other strong foods alone for a while, then the cough

SOME TYPICAL CASES

We have been thus particular in detailing the causes and cure of asthma of the various kinds, because it is a disease in this country and the great difficulty usually found in curing it. There are hundreds of people suffering from it who have tried every remedy, but their cases have not been cured. The herbal remedies would cure many of these cases and would relieve all. In some cases considered incurable, a great relief is afforded, enough to render life a comfort instead of a burden. We annex condensed statements of a few among the very many cases which have been cured or greatly relieved through the instrumentality of the Foo and Wing Herb company.

UNABLE TO WORK FOR A YEAR, RESTORED TO HIS DUTIES IN TWO WEEKS.

J. N. Sears of 27 North Anderson street, Los Angeles, was employed by the Diamond Cold company and contracted asthma through frequent colds aggravated by the dust from unloading coal. Was out of work for this reason for nearly a year; could not lie down at all for nine months; was so far restored to health in two weeks' treatment that he went back to his former employment, was completely cured in three months.

ANOTHER TYPICAL CASE

Mrs. Helen W. Coe of 316 West Seventh street, Los Angeles, was severely ill with asthma, having been afflicted with it for some time, and since then I have had asthma." All of these cases show that poisonous remedies were used to cure the cold or other disease; that these poisonous remedies were left in the system, and that they caused the asthma. We cure these cases by removing the cause from the system.

TWO WELL-KNOWN BUSINESS MEN OF REDLANDS BENEFITED

John McIntosh and E. J. Warren are two of the well-known and substantial business men of Redlands. The former has for many years conducted a wagon-making and blacksmithing establishment. The latter was formerly secretary of the Redlands Water company and is now a justice of the peace. Both were chronic sufferers from asthma, having been afflicted with it for many years. In Mr. Warren's case was complicated with inflammatory rheumatism. He was obliged to carry a cane all of the time; had had an abscess on one of his lungs, and did not expect that he could ever be any better. Both of these men were so greatly improved by a few months' course of herbal remedies, that they are now both of several years' standing and are able to resume their business and have had no serious return of their former maladies. These cures are now the result of several years' treatment, and prove that the benefit from the herbal remedies is permanent.

PRONOUNCED INCURABLE BY EIGHT PHYSICIANS

Anna Elder of 623 J Street, San Bernardino, had been troubled with spasmodic asthma for eleven years. She had consulted three physicians in Portland, where she formerly resided, and five in Los Angeles, all of whom pronounced the case incurable. In a recent letter she writes: "I commenced to take the herbal remedies and my cough disappeared from the first dose. I am now greatly improved in every way. I can take a long walk without fatigue and without bringing on the asthma. I have also lie down with comfort, as I had not been able to do for years. My appetite, complexion and general health are improved in every particular. I am not yet entirely cured, but the benefit already given me is so very marked that I am entirely satisfied with the treatment and am confident that I shall be entirely cured within a reasonable time."

A CHRONIC CASE GREATLY HELPED

Mrs. J. Roper of this city, who had suffered from asthma for twenty-four years, was relieved by the herbal treatment of all of the most painful symptoms and almost entirely restored to health. Speaker of her case recently, she said: "I cannot say that I was completely cured. I had been troubled so long that it was not possible to get rid of it entirely. Still, I believe that the herbal remedies are better than any other for this disease. Nothing else that I tried helped me so much. This is my way of looking at the question. I have had a little cold and have some return of my old trouble, and am relieved by a little of the herbal medicine. I am thankful to know that there is a way for me to avoid the pain and suffering that I used to experience so often. Asthma is a very painful and troublesome disease, and a remedy which will relieve the worst cases and cure those that have not gone too far is certainly a blessing to mankind."

The Foo and Wing Herb company will be glad to furnish further particulars of this treatment to all inquirers, either in person or by mail. At their office, No. 508 South Olive street, will give free diagnosis by the pulse and opinion in order to avoid the pain in the unequalled merits of their herbal remedies they invite the fullest investigation. No one who tries this treatment will ever regret doing so.

FOO AND WING HERB COMPANY

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PARIS ELECTRIFIED BY PHOTOGRAPHS AND REPRODUCTIONS OF HEAVENLY BODIES MOVING

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which they live, also the heavenly bodies traveling their appointed course. The photographic novelty is regarded as one of the most brilliant of the year. With a cinematograph M. Flammarion took his stand one night in the center of a fine stretch of landscape and left the moving earth to register the heavens on the film of the instrument. In this way Flammarion was able to do what it would have been impossible to do with a cinematograph used in the ordinary way.

In order to make the consecutive pictures that would enable him to portray the scenes of the heavens at various stages of the night, he took thousands of proofs on the same film, and made a number of proofs on different nights, and in this way made a series of photographs showing the gradual going down of the sun, the coming out of the stars, the rising of the moon, his motions during the night, and the entire movements of the ever-changing astronomical bodies from darkness to dawn.

The flying stars that shot mysteriously across the firmament during the night were faithfully portrayed with every scene of the star-lit heavens transferred to the film, ending with the breaking of day and the chasing away of the stars by the rising sun in the cinematograph.

The wonderful result of this patient work of Flammarion's is that time is annihilated to the audience that watches the cinematograph throwing the pictures on the screen. In the space of a few minutes the spectators can witness the phenomena of an entire night's watching of the heavens.

While sitting comfortably in a seat in the theater there passes before the eyes of the audience the setting of the sun, the gradual passing of the moon, the filling of the heavens with stars and so on to the dawning of the day.

In order to lighten the illusion the theater is darkened during the exhibition, so that nothing is visible from the work on the stage is visible, and the supporting effect of the stationary walls being absent, the audience gasps as the well-known heavenly bodies pass by with dizzy speed, and in defiance of all their accepted rules for their movements.

Flammarion's wonderful experiments did not end with the illusion described. With the cinematograph he caused to be shown in the theater a picture of the earth as seen by the inhabitants of the moon, if there be any. The manner in which this picture was obtained is very ingenious. Flammarion caused to be constructed a huge globe, on which was marked all the various seas and countries of the earth in their exact geographical positions. Then, aiming his instrument at this globe, he caused it to revolve by means of mechanism designed for the purpose.

Behind this globe Flammarion had placed a representation of the firmament as it appears at night, and then illuminated the globe with a strong light made to shine on the globe in the manner that the sun does on the earth. Then the globe was set revolving, and the cinematograph photographed it in two minutes, showing the entire revolution of a world in that space of time.

The effect is wonderful. The audience sees the world revolve in a few minutes, exhibiting the great globe, with every sea, river and mountain faithfully portrayed. At the proper time night falls on the world and the day dawns in due course when the revolving globe comes back to the light of the sun. Every detail is shown on the screen with wonderful fidelity.

The interesting exhibition is attracting a great deal of attention from scientists, as well as from those who come to see it because it is a novel and interesting show. It is acknowledged to be one of the most mental educators from a scientific point of view that has yet been invented. No better means of illustrating the wonders of the heavens and the method of the earth's revolutions have yet been devised, and

Nor need the pockets be those of the old-fashioned kind, which the owner couldn't find herself. The business woman of today is not satisfied to tuck her handkerchief in her bodice or carry her purse in a hand, says the Chicago Times-Herald. She has just as much need for pockets as has any one of her male friends.

But to the woman who yet cares to be stylish in her dress—and that includes most women—the problem is to have the pockets and yet not allow them to be intrusive. This problem has been solved by one Chicago woman, who has a dress with twenty pockets. Her dress is not a freak, and her pockets are just as ornamental as they are useful.

Her dress is made up in three pieces—skirt, vest and jacket. They fitted her perfectly, and the lady exhibited her pockets to her envious friends their existence would have been unsuspected. In the vest were six pockets—one in the waist and one on each side and two hanging, while in the interlining were two more for checks and business papers.

The skirt had six pockets. It was short and simple, fashioned like a golf, bicycle, or rain skirt, and had the two side pockets sometimes to be found in that institution. There were, moreover, two more just below the coat rim—fob pockets, men call them—while at the back, in the same relative position as these two, were two "hip pockets," which were the pride and delight of that young woman's soul. Key chain, ring and keys jingled aggressively from one, while the other held a handkerchief.

There were eight more of those pockets in the coat—eight delightful others, with unlimited possibilities. Two breast pockets, two side pockets, one in each sleeve and two in the coat tails, completed the list—making twenty in all.

MAY TAX OLD MAIDS, TOO

New Jersey Bill Has Been Amended To That Effect

The bill to tax bachelors, introduced by a serious-minded member of the New Jersey legislature, was not taken by that body in the spirit in which it was offered. The other day when the measure was called from the committee on lunatic asylums to whom it had been referred, the house of representatives had fun with it by amending it to include old maids.

Wanted a Drink and Stopped the Ship.

Capt. Platt of the Clyde steamer Algonquin told a story the other day, which occurred on a recent trip from New York to this port.

One day, when everything was moving quietly and the steamer was making good progress over a smooth sea, two bells were heard jingling way down in the depths of the vessel, and the ponderous engines stopped. Being at the time in his room behind the wheelhouse, and not knowing any reason for stopping way out in the ocean, he started to investigate. It took a long time to find out the cause, but when he did Capt. Platt didn't know just what he walked quietly back to his quarters without saying anything.

The cause was an innocent Englishman, who was sitting on a rear deck of the vessel, and who happened to want a drink. Glancing round he discovered a handle that looked as if it might connect with a

Mr. Dalzell chews tutt frutt, but, like Mr. Richardson, does not chew in the hall of representatives, although Speaker Reed's rules against smoking and the like at the south end of the capitol would not

There were cat families as well as individual cats. Mr. and Mrs. Abram S. Hewitt, in the guise of the parent cats, were followed by the Misses Hewitt, engagingly gortened up as two kittens. Mr. and Mrs. James L. Bross were the center of a select party of mouse chasers, while the tall form of John Jacob Astor, unmistakable in spite of the fact that where his face usually appeared there grinned a tightish gray cat, was followed closely wherever he went by the tall form of Washington Burden, who had improved in nature by crowning himself with the head of a cat possessed of enormous ears that gave him the appearance of being a cross between a cat and a human being.

Had not Mrs. Henry Sloane worn the diamonds that are unmistakably hers she might have been effectually disguised in the heavy domino she wore. She was greeted by name from various points in the course of the evening. Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish was also recognized early in the revel on account of certain characteristics that are particularly hers, and was forced to acknowledge her identity from behind a

cat of languishing appearance and delicate mask that represented her to be a white Jewess. Mrs. A. K. Canfield was also "disguised" for the reason that Mrs. Canfield in any way is her own charming

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