HAD CEASED TO BE GENTLE

AND NOW MR. RISCHARD HAS NO JERSEY BULL

A Pasadena Dairyman's Narrow Escape From Death—A Midnight Murder Puzzles the Police

PASADENA, March 6—Eugene Rischard, a German dairyman, who lives on the southeast corner of Del Mar street and Michigan avenue, had a fine thoroughbred Jersey bull yesterday, which he was leading when the animal became vicious, broke the lead stick connected with the ring in his nose and set upon his master. Mr. Rischard was thrown down, but scrambled up and ran into a near-by chicken coop. For a time Mr. Rischard waited inside the coop with the bull on the outside. Then he ventured out to tie the animal up. Immediately the beast sprang at him. The man again bounded into the coop, but this time the bull entered too. The beast had no horns save short stumps, and to this Mr. Rischard owes his life. The bull got him down against some boxes in the back of the coop. It seemed to Mr. Rischard that his last day had come, and he closed his eyes and gave up, for there was no one near to help. The bull, however, after pressing his head against the man's breast and goring him with his stumps of horns for a few seconds, tossed him upward. Rischard managed to climb backward over the bull's back and thus escape through the small door leading from the coop. Scarcely able to breathe, he slammed the door and made his way to the house. He had sustained some pretty severe bruises about the arm, hip and legs which will keep him in bed for some days. Joe Rischard, Eugene's son, got a forty-caliber rifle and went bull hunting. The beast was still in the narrow chicken coop, and could not turn around. It was feared that he would back out and make trouble. Therefore young Rischard kept watch while another member of the family hunted up a butcher. But the butchers were at church, or on their way there. Some neighbors came upon the scene, and it was decided to kill the bull without the aid of the butchers. In the meantime he had been enticed with alfalfa out of the coop and into his own corral. Four bullets from the rifle were then lodged in his head. With these four wounds the beast ambled back into the chicken coop, tottered and fell. Another bullet was necessary before he gave up the ghost. Tonight he hangs in two halves from a derrick in Mr. Rischard's yard. The beast was a handsome fellow and very valuable, but, as the German put it, he had ceased to be "shentle."

THE POLICE PUZZLED

From time to time many reports of peculiar night assaults have been made during the last three weeks. These reports would seem to suggest that Pasadena contains a character with a penchant for knocking people down apparently for no reason at all, as in no case of the kind has robbery been committed. The first case occurred three weeks ago tonight. The particulars are familiar to most readers. Miss Annie Basore and Burton H. Orr were walking along Lincoln avenue when a man stepped up behind them and clubbed first Orr and then the girl. Orr lay unconscious for a time and Miss Basore received a blow that broke her finger and cut her scalp. The assailant was heard to mutter, "I'll learn you to run around with my wife." Since then three cases of more or less similar assaults have been reported, the victims being Fred Downing, Norman De Hay and Elliott Morris. A number of complaints have been made by residents of the east part of town, near the city limits, of a man who shadows night pedestrians. One evening a lady attempted to board a car on Colorado street on the corner of Moline avenue, but was restrained from doing so by a man who ran at her each time that she left the protection of the electric light to approach the middle of the street. The lady finally gave up the attempt and returned home greatly frightened. The case mystifies the police.

COUNCIL NOTES

At tomorrow's session of the city council Horace M. Dobbins will apply for his franchise for the California Cycleway, and it is taken for granted that his request will be granted. The cycleway will extend between Pasadena and Los Angeles. The right of way along most of the route has been secured. The path will be of wood, elevated from the ground and so graded as to be as easy riding as possible. A small price will be charged for the use of the path by cyclists.

The council will also have to deal with the San Gabriel Electric company's application for a franchise to build conduits for the transmission of electricity within the corporate limits of this city. William Kerckhoff of the lumber firm is president. The company offers to bind itself within thirty days by giving a bond of $10,000. The company wishes the franchise for the period of twenty-five years.

THE RAYMOND HOTEL

Persons in a position to know are more confident than ever before that the new Raymond hotel, plans for which were drawn up soon after the fire of Easter Sunday three years ago, will be rebuilt this summer. Walter Raymond will come out from Boston the latter part of this month or the first of next month, when the question will probably be settled. It is a well-known fact that Pasadena hotel accommodations are very inadequate for the tourist business which might be done here during the winter season now well advanced. The Raymond & Whitcomb excursions cannot be provided for at present. The last one for Southern California was divided among outside towns, Redlands taking the bulk of the excursionists.

BREVITIES

Albert H. Freshwater was driving a young mare along North Raymond avenue this afternoon when an electric car frightened her and she ran away spilling Freshwater out. Freshwater received a severe bruise on the arm, but no very serious damage was done.

The Lincoln school reopens tomorrow, Monday, after being closed some days on account of the prevalence of scarlet fever. All the rooms, together with the books which pass between the pupils, have been thoroughly fumigated.

Harry Rathbone, 9 years old, stole a lady's wheel from the M. E. church this evening. He has not yet been arrested.

DEPUTY ASSESSORS

Looking After the County Property Again

SAN BERNARDINO, March 6.—County Assessor A. G. Kendall has named the following deputies for the several districts of the county: Jeff McElvaine, city work; F. C. Drew, in office; E. G. Judson and H. W. Allen, Redlands, with office with the Domestic Water company; Chas. F. Ward, Ontario, office with Justice E. O. Hardy; Dan Johnson, Colton, his own office; A. J. Eddy, Chino; C. L. Merrifield, East Riverside; C. W. Allen, Cucamonga; S. B. Brown, Etiwanda; E. A. Bemis, Rialto; M. C. Snow, Highland; Frank Van Leuven, Mission; T. J. Wilson, Yucaipa; W. A. Downey, Oro Grande, Victor and Hesperia; J. W. Eubanks, Needles. Barstow, Vanderbilt and the desert.

The only pieces of real estate on the desert district assessed on the rolls are one lot at Barstow and a few lots in an addition to Needles. All the other is railroad property.

Orange Improvement Club

ORANGE, March 6.—At a citizens' mass meeting held Saturday evening the Orange Improvement club was permanently organized by electing Charles Edelman chairman, P. W. Ehlen secretary and W. H. H. Clayton corresponding secretary. The object of the club is to give impetus and uniformity to improvements about Orange.

Exempt Property

SAN BERNARDINO, March 6.—Supplementary papers were filed in the insolvency proceedings in the case of J. S. Purdy on Saturday, in which the insolvent claims as exempt from execution all the fixtures and tools of the slaughter house [illegible] valued at $1500; thirty-eight head of horses, valued at $1520; office furniture in his private office in the postoffice block, valued at $250; the homestead where he resides, valued at $3500. The hearing of the case is set for Wednesday, March 16th. Mr. Purdy and family moved their household goods to Los Angeles yesterday, and will follow in a few days.

CALIFORNIA PIONEERS

Appropriate Resolutions by the Boston Society

SAN BERNARDINO, March 6.—At the meeting of the Society of Pioneers of California Saturday afternoon the following was read from the Society of California Pioneers of New England, which came here on an excursion eight years ago, the memory of that visit being still warm in their hearts. They send word as follows:

"BOSTON, Feb. 23, 1898.—To John Brown, Jr., Secretary of San Bernardino Society of California Pioneers: At a meeting of the Society of California Pioneers of New England, held yesterday, February 22, 1898, the secretary read a telegram from one of the Boston papers of the death of your venerable president, Hon. George Lord, sr. Comrade Frederick Pease spoke of his death in a feeling manner, calling to mind the earnest part he took in the reception in your city on the occasion of our excursion in 1890 to the Pacific slope, and moved that the secretary prepare a resolution of condolence to be sent to your society, and the family of the deceased:

"Whereas, we learn with deep sorrow of the death of your venerable president, Hon. George Lord, sr.; therefore,

"Resolved, That we extend to your society of San Bernardino Pioneers our sympathy in the loss they have sustained by the death of their venerable president, Hon. George Lord, sr., who has so long been associated with them.

"Resolved, That we also extend to the family of the deceased our condolence and sympathy in their hour of sorrow.

"STEPHEN W. FOSTER,
"Secretary."

WORK ON THE BUGS

Horticultural Commissioners Make a Report

SAN BERNARDINO, March 6.—The monthly report of the board of horticultural commissioners to the supervisors makes an excellent showing for February and the past fumigating season. Since the first of September the board has paid out for cyanide of potash and sulphuric acid $5969.12, and collected from the orchard owners $6047.60, leaving a slight gain of $78.48 over the expense. The owner of the trees who wishes them fumigated pays for the chemicals, the cost to the county, and for the labor, the only expense coming on the county being to furnish the plant and pay the salaries of the commissioners and inspectors. During the past month the salaries of the commissioners amounted to $135.50, and of the inspectors to $164.25; miscellaneous, $19.70, making the total $319.45.

The report states that during February the board finished up the season on deciduous trees for black scale, and fumigated two orchards for red scale. Some spraying was done for San Jose scale and a few colonies of Vedalia planted for white scale. The commissioners burned nearly 2000 trees at Ontario, brought in from Los Angeles county, on account of wooly aphis and root knot. The eggs of the red spider are showing in places, giving promise of future work.

RIALTO BONDS SAFE

Dr. J. H. Pierson of Idlewild Sent to Highland

SAN BERNARDINO, March 6. — The great fight over the Rialto irrigation district bonds is practically over. Saturday afternoon Judge Campbell of Department two gave a decision overruling the demurrer, and the victory was won for the bonds. There was nearly $500,000 depending upon this decision.

For some time there has been trouble in the family of Dr. J. H. Pierson of Idlewild, one of the old settlers in this neighborhood and a very prosperous fruit-grower. For several years the doctor's health has not been good, and his naturally nervous temperament has been developed until he became dangerous to his family, and Saturday they applied to have him sent to the hospital at Highland for treatment. The examination occupied the whole afternoon until nearly 6 oclock, when the decision was to take him to the institution, and two officers carried him out. He was apparently sane in recognizing friends and talking to them, and did not seem to realize where he was going until starting in the carriage, when he objected a little, but gave little trouble.

HUENEME

News of the Day in a Ventura County City

HUENEME, March 6.—H. W. Witman has been elected delegate to the grand lodge of A. O. U. W., to be held in San Francisco next April.

The question of securing pasturage and feed for stock is now a paramount one in Ventura county.

The funeral of W. S. Bell, father of Robert and Thomas Bell of this county, occurred today. Mr. Bell was aged about 85 years.

The Hueneme school football team was defeated yesterday by the Montalvo school team by a score of 24 to 0.

Work on the main building at the sugar factory near Hueneme has begun.

The body of H. H. Walker, who was killed by falling from the wharf on February 25th, has not yet been recovered.

Got Twenty-five Years Each

SAN BERNARDINO, March 6.—The two hoboes, William Burke and Harry Fisher, guilty of a crime against nature, were given a sentence of twenty-five years each by Judge Oster of Department one of the superior court of San Bernardino county Saturday afternoon, and left Sunday for their future homes, Burke going to San Quentin and Fisher to Folsom.

Betrayal of Military Secrets

The betrayal of military secrets by venal officers was and is constantly occurring in all the Continental armies. In October, 1890, Lieut. Jean Bonnet was tried at Nancy for being in the pay of a foreign power, and selling documents relating to the national defenses; he was convicted. In 1888 Adjt. Chatelain was also convicted of selling military secrets to the foreigner, and in 1895 a similar charge was brought home to Capt. Guillot. None of these cases excited more than passing attention in the press. Had these men been Jews it would of course have been otherwise.—Fortnightly Review.

Finding Gives Not Ownership

In the case of an individual who had claimed a reward for the restitution of a diamond ring which he had found, Judge Finletter rendered a decision to the effect that the mere finding of the ring gave the finder no lien upon the property. The article had been lost; its loss was advertised, and to keep it was practically larceny.—Philadelphia Record.

The Coast Defenses

One half of the number of improved cannon, mortars and emplacements will be located and placed in suitable position ere the expiration of 1898. The Artillery Board is constantly making practical surveys, so far as these relate to the army, and the establishment of adequate military protection of our sea board, frequently urged upon the government by the chambers of commerce of our maritime cities, is receiving a strong reinforcement from this source. Meanwhile there is a means of defense from greater physical calamity which no one afflicted with nervousness or dyspepsia should neglect, and that is the use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which by restoring the tone of the nerves and stomach invigorates the entire system. It also remedies and prevents malarial, kidney and rheumatic ailments, and cures biliousness and constipation. It is a capital appetizer, and promotes sound repose. [illegible]

RICH ROCK IN THE GOOD HOPE

A BIG LEDGE RUNNING INTO THE THOUSANDS

Mrs. Robert Louis Stevenson to Visit Friends in Riverside—Non-Partisans Will Nominate

RIVERSIDE, March 6.—A very rich strike is reported from the Good Hope mine south of this city. It is the richest made in the district for some time. The company has been sinking the main shaft below the 550 foot level, and at about 600 feet a drift was started which uncovered an ore body six feet wide that shows milling value of $1000 to $2000 per ton, so the report says.

The Good Hope has always been a good mine, but this latest strike puts it easily ahead of anything in this part of the country.

Mrs. Cal Thomas was driving a spirited horse yesterday when something gave way, resulting in the upsetting of the rig. Mrs. Thomas, as well as George Willis, who was with her, were thrown out, and the former struck on her head. She was rendered unconscious, in which condition she remained nearly all last night. Willis escaped unhurt.

Lieutenant H. J. Bedwell, commanding Company M of this city, has received official notification from brigade headquarters at Los Angeles that an election for a captain and first and second lieutenants for the company has been ordered for March 21st, in charge of Captain S. R. Langworthy. Second Lieutenant C. F. Pann will probably be elected captain and first lieutenant H. J. Bedwell will probably succeed himself.

J. A. Vandegriff of this city has received word from his sister, Mrs. Robert Louis Stevenson, widow of the noted novelist, that she will pay him a visit this week. Mrs. Stevenson is expected on Tuesday next, and the Woman's club is arranging to give the distinguished visitor a reception.

Since the Republican convention, held yesterday, placed such a weak trustee ticket in the field the non-partisans have decided to put up a ticket, and several men are spoken of for the three places. G. B. Gladden, who is popular and a man without a water company collar, will be one candidate. J. T. Lawlor, another good man, will likely be another. The third man has not been selected.

COTTON GROWING IN KANSAS

Farmers in the Sunflower State Are Cultivating It Extensively

It is not generally known that Kansas is a cotton-producing state. Such, however, is a fact, and the season just passed has proven conclusively that the rich soil and warm climate of Southern Kansas are especially adapted to the production of cotton. Its introduction is due to the late ex-Senator Daniel McTaggart, who had some cotton-seed shipped in from the south about fifteen years ago. He experimented with it on his own farm that year, and the experiment was successful. The next year he increased his acreage, and induced several of his neighbors to put in cotton. They found that it sold much better than anything else they could raise, and the following year the demand for cotton-seed was so great that it could not be supplied. Since then the production of cotton in this section has steadily grown year by year, until now it promises to be one of the leading products of this section.

Negroes are the best hands at raising this product and the white farmer usually hires a negro to oversee the planting and cultivation of his cotton fields, or else leases it to him on shares. The cotton crop in this section this year ran about half a bale to an acre, which is considered a good yield. In Texas, this year, it is reported that cotton there went a bale to five or six acres. A bale of cotton raised on Senator McTaggart's place took the first premium over cotton from all the southern states at the New Orleans exposition in 1885. A large factory for the manufacture of cotton goods is under consideration and will probably be erected in Independence next spring.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Reversible Sentences

Scandalous society and life make gossips frantic.

This reads backward:

Frantic gossips make life and society scandalous.

Apply the same rule to the others given below:

Dies slowly fading day; winds mournful sigh;

Bright stars are waking;

Flies owlet, hooting, holding revel high,

Night silence holding.

Solomon had vast treasures—silver and gold things precious. Happy and rich and wise was he. Faithfully served he God.

She sits lamenting sadly, often too much alone.

Dear Harry—Devotedly yours remain I. Have you forgotten $20 check? Reply immediately, please, and hand to yours—Grace Darling.

Man is noble and generous often, but sometimes vain and cowardly.

Carefully boiled eggs are good and palatable.

Love is heaven and heaven is love, youth says. All beware, say aye. Trying is poverty and fleeting is love.

Badly governed and fearfully troubled now is Ireland.

Exercise take; excess beware;

Rise early and breathe free air;

Eat slowly; trouble drive away;

Feet warmish keep; blend work with play.

Adieu, darling! Time flies fast; sails are set, boats are ready. Farewell!

Matter and mind are mysteries. Never mind. What is matter? Matter is—never mind. What is mind? Mind is—never matter.

Honesty and truth are good and admirable qualities, as sympathy and love are endearing traits.

Politics and religion avoid arguing in. Here is good and sound advice.—London Truth.

WHAT THE SUN IS

One of the Great Multitude of Fixed Stars Is Described

The sun, around which the earth moves at a distance of about 93,000,000 miles, is one of the great multitude of fixed stars. It is an intensely hot body, shining by its own light, while most of the planets are cool bodies and do not, therefore, give out light of their own. Compared with the earth, the sun is a globe of enormous dimensions. To make up its bulk, 1,300,000 bodies as large as the earth would be required. When viewed through a telescope, dark spots may often be seen upon the surface of the sun. If one of these spots be carefully noticed, and observed again after a few days, it will be found to have moved further toward the western side of the sun's disk, where it finally disappears. After an interval, it reappears on the eastern side, where it was first noticed, in about 25 days, furnishing us with proof that the sun rotates on its axis in that time.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

MOTHER-IN-LAW BOMBARDED

Mrs. Carrie Peters Assailed With Cooking Utensils

William T. Hoffman, a West Side barber, was before Justice Dooley yesterday to show why he had indulged in the pastime of hurling soft coal, dishes full of sauerkraut and other articles of food and table ware at his mother-in-law.

Hoffman lives at 11 Miller street and is said to be peculiarly averse to the presence of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Carrie Peters, in his home.

The magistrate placed Hoffman under bonds to keep the peace for one year.—Chicago Chronicle.

The tobacco raised in Beloochistan is exceedingly strong and cannot be smoked by any but the most vigorous white men. [illegible]

MINES AND MINERS

An item in last week's mining column on the Rademacher district should have been credited to the Randsburg Miner. The Herald does not intentionally appropriate the good things in the columns of its enterprising contemporaries without giving the proper recognition.

The Julian-Banner District

Traveling northward on the mineral belt of Julian-Banner, writes a correspondent to the Ramona Sentinel, the first mine that comes to our notice at the extreme southern end is the North Star, owned and operated by F. A. Farnsworth, with P. J. Scanlan as foreman. The development work consists of a shaft down 150 feet on the ledge, with a drift at the 100 and 150-foot levels. The ledge averages about 14 inches, length of ore chute as far as opened, 40 feet. There are ten men at work on the mine.

The north extension of this mine, the Alpha, owned by Sam Reeder and E. A. Stanley, is a fractional claim, with a cross-cut tunnel 230 feet in length tapping the ledge, work now being done on a drift on the ledge towards the North Star. The lead is about two feet in width of low-grade ore.

The Elebada, owned by C. F. Holland, is on the same lead, with a shaft on the vein 200 feet deep. It has no force at work at present, as a sale is pending.

The first mines of any notes in the slate belt at the southern end are the North and South Hubbard, the former owned by George W. Hazzard and S. A. McDowell, and the latter by Bailey Bros. A cross-cut tunnel on the dividing line about 340 feet in length taps the lead nearly 200 feet in depth, and is used for a working tunnel by both properties. The North Hubbard has been a great producer, and will probably be put on a paying basis ere long.

Along this lead, which is the main vein of the belt, are the Hidden Treasure, Kentuck, Chapparel and Richmond mines, all of which have been good producers, but have been dropped when they reached depth requiring machinery.

The Helvetia, situated on the divide between Banner and Julian, is working on the co-operative plan, with Sill Fariey in charge, and all the mine needs is a lift of working capital to make it one of the best producers in the camp.

Further north on the same vein we find the San Diego mine, owned and operated by H. A. Williams, who will before long have 300 or 400 tons ready for the stamps.

Cripple Creek's Big Mine

What is the big mine of the Cripple Creek district? is a question often asked these days. Very often the Victor is given credit for first place, and then again the Gold Coin, Portland, Independence, Legal Tender or Strong. The latter is undoubtedly the big bonanza of the district at present, says the Denver News, and those in a position to know say that the output of the property for the past six months has been greater in tonnage and value than any other mine in the camp. Very little reliable information can be learned about it. The stock is held and, with the exception of a few shares, is owned by Messrs. Lennox, Colburn and Giddings of Colorado Springs. The production for the year 1897 of the Strong was given at 18,000 tons, and its gross value $750,000. It is now learned from reliable source that the tonnage was greater and the value of the output was double the figures given. In the last six months of the old year the value of the ore mined and shipped was over $1,000,000. Now the mine is sending to smelters and mills 175 tons each day. Of this 100 tons goes to the Colorado-Philadelphia reduction works at Colorado City, and it runs in carload lots from $30 to $100 per ton. The balance is a better grade, and is handled by the Pueblo and Denver smelters. The ore comes from the north chute, where the ore body is from 22 to 28 feet wide, in a chute 250 feet in length. In the bottom level there are over 3000 tons of ore broken which cannot be raised, as the hoist is kept busy keeping the drifts at the 400-foot level free of ore and waste. The mine is undoubtedly the big proposition of the district at present, and if the present rate of production is maintained the output for the year 1898 will not fall short of $3,000,000, which will give the property first place of any gold or silver mine in the state of Colorado.

Back From the Sulphur Mines

Capt. Polhamus returned Wednesday evening with the steamer Mohave from the sulphur mines in Lower California, bringing up 100 tons of sulphur ore. The ore is being shipped to the Mexican Sulphur company's asphaltum works at Ventura, Cal., where it will be experimented with and thoroughly tested. Almost any piece of the ore brought up will readily burn when a match is touched to it. Some of it being almost pure sulphur. Forty men are at work developing the mines and about two hundreds of tons of high grade ore now on the banks of the Hardy river awaiting shipment. Joe Godfrey, one of the best pilots that ever turned a wheel on the Colorado river, brought the boat from the mines in three and a half days, making the trip of two hundred miles without going aground, which, considering the heavy load and low stage of the river, is a most remarkable piece of work.—Yuma Sentinel.

The Midnight

The Midnight is a gold mine, with probably the best outlook for a big dividend producer of any strictly gold property in the county. The Midnight is situated near the Altata and Sunlight mines, near the stage road, two or three miles towards Kingman from Chloride. The size of the vein has not yet been determined by the several shallow shafts sunk at different places on the vein, but enough has been done to show that the vein is from thirty to fifty feet in width and crops nearly the full length of the claim. The Midnight is not a shipping proposition, but a high-grade, free milling proposition. Entirely free milling gold is hard to find, but the Midnight has 600 feet in length along a vein that will at least average thirty-five feet in width and fifty feet in depth, the deepest shaft known to be free from base. What is below that depth is unknown, but as a mine has never yet been dug out in this district it is fair to presume that the ore continues on down, getting baser and higher grade at water level.—Kingman, Ariz., Mineral Wealth.

The Profitable Property

At Minas Priestas, Sonora, the Grand Central mines were purchased by the Exploration company of London in August, 1896. The profits for the first year's operations were £81,000, of which £37,500 was paid in dividends. The mine is paying steadily under the management of E. R. Abadie. The new shaft is 860 feet deep, and the ore body has been opened on the seventh and eighth levels for over 200 feet and an average width of sixteen feet. The shaft has four compartments and is fitted with a 500 H. P. hoist, having a capacity for 3000 feet. The mill contains thirty rapid-drop stamps.—Ensenada Lower Californian.

On a Large Scale

The Grass Valley Union is advocating the consolidation of all the claims on the Bloomfield channel and working its auriferous gravel through one big tunnel. It says: A big tunnel could be run to tap the channel where the Derbec company suspended operations. It would only be about 400 feet long, and pay gravel would be encountered right away. This is the lowest point on the bedrock, and it could be followed right up the ridge, working all the claims and employing hundreds of men. It would last a hundred years, and millions would be taken out. It is to be hoped that the owners will arrive at some conclusion for working the mines, as it is only a delay which should have been overcome long ago. Hamilton Smith has stated that, estimating from what has been taken out of this channel, $180,000,000 still remain. The channel extends from Graniteville to French Corral.

A Revival For the King

Twelve miles from the King of Arizona mines and four from Tres Alamos spring, two miles to the south of the trail leading [illegible] and located three claims which bid fair to rival the property of the King of Arizona company. The discovery was made the latter part of December, but until the present time has been kept quiet. On the original location, on which the most work has been done, the rock runs no less than $100 per ton, of which there is a vein twenty inches wide, besides two feet more of a conglomerate gang matter between the walls which carries more or less of the precious metal. The ore carries oxide of iron and copper, and is heavily copper stained. Most of the gold in it can be saved by the free milling process, a great many yellow particles in the rock being distinguishable by the naked eye. Messrs. Muncey and Shears have made three locations, two of which contain the exceedingly high-grade ore mentioned, while the other is not so rich, though the rock is of the same character.—Yuma Sun.

In Shasta County

There are lots of undeveloped ore bodies yet in Shasta county that can be had for the locating. Peter Pine, formerly with Selby & Co., has uncovered a large body of sulphide ore on Mule mountain that carries good values in gold, which has lain idle for many years and which promises to develop into a bonanza. Mr. Pine, in company with Dr. Simonds, is pushing development on the property, and their progress will be watched with interest.—Redwood City Enterprise.

Riverside County Mines

F. K. Shawhan, who has been doing development work on the Anthony Wayne and Golden Gem mines, in the Garnet Queen camp, has filed final papers on the claims.

James E. Hancock has located the Mary J. claim, near the Good Hope mine, in the Pinacate district.

The Little Klondike mine has been located, near Elsinore, by C. P. Carter.

The new stamp mill which will be put on the Harmon group of mines in the Tauquitz district, will be immediately set up and started running on some very rich ore from the Midnight Owl mine.

It is reported that R. J. Harris, superintendent of the county hospital, will join the throng and go into the Klondike country at an early date.

R. H. Howell has completed the required $50 worth of work upon the following claims in the Chuckwalla district and has filed the final notices of location: The San Antonio, Goodenough, Mississippi, Great Western, Legal Tender, Georgia, Ohio, Sunset, Red Cloud.

Alfred Solano and B. C. Lattin have located the Solano and Chuckwalla mines in the Chuckwalla district.

Homer Santee and others have increased their already large list of claims in the Chuckwalla district by locating the Florida, New Orleans and Delaware claims.

The Ottawa claim has been located by I. N. Boicourt in the Pinacate district.

John D. Heaton has located the Wave Motor and Nachusa mines; R. H. Howell, the San Antonio, and F. A. Dunham, the Mark Twain, all in the Chuckwalla district.

C. D. Shedenhelm has located the Bell mine in the Garnet Queen camp.—Riverside Enterprise.

Mining Notes

The Challenge is still taking out large quantities of very rich ore, so rich, in fact, that you see free gold in almost every piece of ore.—Albuquerque (N. M.) Citizen.

Ore has been taken out of the Pay Roll that assayed as high as thirty-four ounces of gold per ton. A sale is about to be made of the Pay Roll.—Kingman (Ariz.) Mineral Wealth.

R. R. Richardson of Crittenden has bonded the interest of his three copartners in the Three R mine, located near the Flux. Mr. Richardson is organizing a stock company of San Francisco parties with the purpose of developing the mine. This is said to be one of the finest prospects in southern Pima county, and great results are expected from its development.—Nogales Vidette.

The Glen Olive mines of Bodfish creek, Kern county, are producing more ore than ever. They have just shipped one carload of $1000 rock. It is estimated that they have over $300,000 in sight.

Mr. Orten, representing a Ventura company, has bonded the Portuguese mines, in Kern county, and has started operations on the property by putting up hoisting works and sinking on the eighty-foot shaft.

According to the Cucamonga Chronicle, the Verrita and Irene group of gold mines, located in the Chuckwalla Mining district, are looking up. They are employing about a hundred men and freighting the ore extracted thirty-five miles to Salton, the nearest railroad station.

The ten-stamp mill of the Helvetia mine, at Julian, San Diego county, is running on $22 rock. The vein on the lower level, which is now being worked, is from two and a half to four feet wide, and the ore runs from $20 to $30, and is gradually getting richer.

An average of 2000 tons of ore is crushed by the mills of Garlock each month, producing between $45,000 and $50,000 worth of bullion.

Odd Items From Everywhere

The longest reach of railway without a curve is claimed by travelers to be that of the Argentine Pacific railway, from Buenos Ayres to the foot of the Andes. For 211 miles it is without a curve, and has no cutting or embankment deeper than two or three feet.

The prince of Wales, when annoyed, winks his left eye rapidly; the emperor of Austria puffs out his cheeks; the czar lays his hand flat on the top of his head; Mr. Gladstone turns swiftly on his heels, and the sultan of Turkey grasps his throat tightly with his hand.

Surveying by photography is gaining ground. Over 50,000 square miles have been photographically plotted and surveyed by the surveyor-general of Canada.

Five is the sacred number of the Chinese, who have five planets, five cardinal points, five tastes, five virtues, five musical tones, five ranks of nobility and five colors.

Southern California has a "Left-handed" club, with a membership of nearly 2000 scattered through all the principal towns south of Tehachapi pass. To be left-handed is the only qualification necessary for membership. The club is making preparations to give a left-handed banquet early in the coming year.

W. C. Ridenor, aged 43, the father of a large family, several of whom are young men about grown, is a pupil in the school at Curtin, Ky. Six of his children are with him in school. Mr. Ridenor already has a fair education, having taught in the seventies, but desires to be up with the times, so has entered school for that purpose.

A shoe dealer in New York says that on account of the newspaper ridicule women have almost entirely discontinued the practice of sending slippers to their pastors at Christmas.

When the ostrich is to be divested of its plumage a long hood is placed over its head, and it is then confined in a railed inclosure about three feet square. The birds rarely show fight.

The largest single graving dock in the world is the Prince of Wales dock, at Southampton, which is 750 feet long by 91 feet wide, and can be easily lengthened to 1000 feet. The Empress dock, at Southampton, is the only one in Britain where deep-water loading and discharging berths can be reached by the longest vessels at any hour irrespective of the tide.

Young Mr. Leiter's Wheat

It is computed that Joseph Leiter's 15,000,000 bushels of wheat occupy 18,000,000 cubic feet of space, which is more than three times as much as is taken up by the Chicago Masonic temple. It is enough to fill 22,500 freight cars, and the total weight of the grain is 900,000,000 pounds. It would make bread enough to last 500,000 people for six months. Mr. Leiter bears the burden of his enormous possession with great calmness—neither worrying over the means of it nor troubling his mind about those hungry people in Cuba, Italy and Russia. — Hartford Courant.

The Little Girl's Version

A tiny girl of 7 or thereabouts gave a dinner party the other day for which twelve covers were laid, and that number of small maidens sat down to dine. It was a real little girl's dinner, and the little hostess herself presided, sitting at the head of the table. But she was anxious, in looking forward to it, to do everything as it should be done.

"Mamma," she asked, "shall we say grace?"

"No," said mamma; "it will be a very informal dinner, and I think you need not do that."

That meant one less ceremony to be gone through, and it was a relief, but the little lady was anxious to have all her small guests understand it. So, as they were gathered about the table, she explained:

"Mamma says this is such an infernal dinner that we need not have grace today."—New York Times.

TOO MANY EAGLES

Connecticut Farmers Are Having Exciting Times

Eagles have become a pest to farmers in Connecticut this winter. The boldness and fierceness with which they have been preying upon farm animals are remarkable. At the same time they are so wary that few of them are shot.

There is a large and particularly ugly bald-headed eagle in the Gardiner's lake country, in New London county, which has made such a nuisance of itself in the matter of stealing lambs and poultry from the farmers all winter that a special effort has been made to slay it, but thus far it has succeeded in avoiding the guns of a score of hunters, and evaded any number of pole traps which have been set and temptingly baited up in the air for it.

J. C. Newton, foreman of the Fisher's Island farm, killed a big bald eagle on the island on Thursday. It had become exhausted from some unknown cause and fallen in the road. Mr. Newton leaped from his wagon and attacked the eagle with the butt of his whip. The eagle turned on him fiercely, and it was some time before he could kill it. The bird had a spread of wings of 6 feet 4 inches, and was beautifully marked, having a white head, neck and tail and the rest of its body being of mixed brown. Fisher's island is also being haunted by a large golden eagle, attracted there by the large poultry farms.

A fierce fight between a bald eagle and a hen, which, strange to say, did not result in the death of the hen, occurred on Dennis Perigo's farm in Kent. The hen boldly met the eagle, which dropped like a plummet from the upper air. Feathers and blood flew at a lively rate for a moment, and the eagle seemed somewhat nonplussed by its reception. Then the hen suddenly flew into the woodshed, leaving her tail feathers in the clutches of the glorious bird. The hen is still in good health.

A bald eagle was shot while hanging over James Way's farm in Lyme last week. An appetitet for turkey led this specimen of the king of birds into trouble. While it was swooping down upon the turkey roost, Mr. Way poured the contents of an old musket into it, breaking one wing. It fell into the yard, flopping and biting at everything in reach with its wicked looking beak. This bird was one of the largest ever shot in Connecticut. It measured 7 feet 10 inches from tip to tip of wings, and had for several months been a pest to the farmers of Lyme.

On Goose island, in Long Island sound, James Monteith, a duck hunter, shot a large bald eagle and brought it to the ground. As he stepped forward to pick it up, thinking it was dead, he was attacked by the bird and badly scratched. Before he finally killed it his clothing was torn to shreds. This eagle measurd 6½ feet across the wings.—Hartford special in the New York Sun.

Abstemious at Banquets

Ex-Mayor Latrobe of Baltimore is in the best of health, although he has attended 600 banquets during the last twenty years. He says: "I always had a good time wherever I went. But I didn't eat much—banquet goers should remember that—and I didn't drink much, and that is why I have not developed any of those many diseases which are lurking in the atmosphere surrounding the gourmet."

Cabot Lodge Overrules Webster

Daniel Webster declared annexation of Hawaii would be unjust and unsafe, but he has been overruled by H. Cabot Lodge, who hasn't much of an opinion of our great statesmen, anyway.—Kansas City Times.

STEINWAY PIANOS
Sole Agency
Bartlett's Music House
Everything in Music
233 S. Spring St. Established 1875

Prevent Headache and purify the blood, cure Constipation and aid digestion, by taking Tarrant's Effervescent Seltzer Aperient, the *best and most pleasant* remedy.
50c. and $1. Sold by druggists for 50 years.
Tarrant & Co., Chemists, New York.

Los Angeles, Cal., Dec. 1, 1897.
To whom it may concern:
This is to certify that Dr. Wong Him cured me of liver and kidney troubles. I was greatly constipated and my back ached so much that I had great trouble in sleeping. When I went to Dr. Wong Him, he felt my pulse and said my troubles were caused by lagrippe, which I had several years ago. He knew more about my system than I thought anyone could know. I took his medicine as directed and am now well. I have gained eight pounds during the last month; eat better, sleep better and feel better in every way than for years. I can cheerfully recommend Dr. Wong Him to the sick. Yours truly,
HARVEY DAVIS,
109 West Ann St., Police Officer L. A. City.
DR. WONG HIM, 831 S. Hope St.

Ziska Institute
1718 Sacramento Street,
Near Van Ness Ave.
Home and Day School for Girls
From Primary through Collegiate work. Superior advantages in Languages and Music. Individual attention. Small classes. Special students admitted.
MME. B. ZISKA, A. M., Principal.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF The Merchants' National Bank

NO. 3538.

At Los Angeles, in the State of California, at the close of business, February 18, 1898.

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts		$ 499,518.63
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		13,654.11
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		50,000.00
U. S. bonds on hand		50,000.00
Premium on U. S. bonds		25,000.00
Stocks, securities, etc		8,325.85
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		2,000.00
Other real estate and mortgages owned		10,220.00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	$40,950.64	
Due from state banks and bankers	17,193.01	
Due from approved reserve agents	251,714.35	
Checks and other cash items	2,136.33	
Exchanges for clearing house	6,145.74	
Notes of other national banks	3,000.00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	162.25	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz: Specie $109,910; Legal tender notes 571	110,481.00	
		431,783.32
Redemption fund with U S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		2,250.00
Total		$1,092,751.91

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in		$200,000.00
Surplus fund		28,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		19,660.59
National bank notes outstanding		40,500.00
Due to state banks and bankers	$69,524.30	
Individual deposits subject to check	713,102.76	
Demand certificates of deposit	20,685.71	
Cashier's checks outstanding	1,278.55	
		804,591.32
Total		$1,092,751.91

State of California, county of Los Angeles.—ss.

I, W. H. Holladay, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. H. HOLLIDAY, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 4th day of March, 1898.

(Seal) HENRY ANDERSON, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
W. L. GRAVES,
F. M. LYON,
WM. H. AVERY,
Directors.

OLDEST AND LARGEST BANK IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.
FARMERS AND MERCHANTS' BANK OF LOS ANGELES, CAL.
Capital paid up $500,000.00
Surplus and reserve $875,000.00
I. W. HELLMAN, President; H. W. HELLMAN, Vice-Pres.; H. J. FLEISHMAN, Cashier; G. HEIMANN, Assistant Cashier. Directors—W. H. PERRY, O. W. CHILDS, J. F. FRANCIS, C. E. THOM, I. W. HELLMAN, JR., H. W. HELLMAN, A. GLASSELL, T. L. DUQUE, I. W. HELLMAN.
Special Collection Department. Correspondence invited. Our Safety Deposit Department offers to the public safes for rent in its new Fire and Burglar-Proof Vault, which is the strongest, best guarded and best lighted in this city.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF CALIFORNIA
At Los Angeles
Capital and Profits, $270,000.00
OFFICERS
S. C. HUBBELL .... President
O. H. CHURCHILL, First Vice-President
O. T. JOHNSON.... Second Vice-President
A. HADLEY .... Cashier
JOS. D. RADFORD...... Assistant Cashier
R. I. ROGERS .... Assistant Cashier
DIRECTORS
S. C. HUBBELL, T. E. NEWLIN, O. H. CHURCHILL, J. M. C. MARBLE, O. T. JOHNSON, JOS. D. RADFORD, W. S. DE VAN, CHAS. MONROE, N. W. STOWELL, H. M. LUTZ, FRED O. JOHNSON, JOHN E. MARBLE, A. HADLEY.

LOS ANGELES NATIONAL BANK
United States Depository
CAPITAL........$500,000.00 SURPLUS........$50,000.00
Total........$550,000.00
GEO. H. BONEBRAKE........President WARREN GILLELEN....Vice-President
F. C. HOWES........Cashier E. W. COE........Assistant Cashier
DIRECTORS
Geo. H. Bonebrake, Warren Gillelen, P. M. Green, Chas. A. Marriner, E. P. Johnson, Wm. M. Van Dyke, W. C. Brown, L. C. McKeeby, F. C. Howes.
This bank has no deposits of either the county or city treasurer, and therefore no preferred creditors.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK,
Corner Main and Second Streets
OFFICERS
J. F. SARTORI........President
MAURICE S. HELLMAN, Vice-President
W. D. LONGYEAR........Cashier
DIRECTORS
H. W. Hellman, J. F. Sartori, W. L. Graves, H. J. Fleishman, C. A. Shaw, F. O. Johnson, J. H. Shankland, J. A. Graves, M. L. Fleming, M. S. Hellman, W. D. Longyear.
Interest paid on term and ordinary deposits
Money loaned on first-class real estate

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF LOS ANGELES
CAPITAL STOCK........$400,000 Surplus and undivided profits over $250,000
J. M. ELLIOTT........President W. G. KERCKHOFF......Vice-President
FRANK A. GIBSON........Cashier W. T. S. HAMMOND...Assistant Cashier
DIRECTORS
J. M. Elliott, J. D. Bicknell, F. Q. Story, H. Jevne, J. D. Hooker, W. C. Patterson, Wm. G. Kerckhoff.
No public funds or other preferred deposits received at this bank.

MAIN STREET SAVINGS BANK
Capital paid up $100,000
Junction of Main and Spring and Temple sts. (Temple Block), Los Angeles.
OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS—T. L. Duque, President; I. N. Van Nuys, Vice-President; B. V. Duque, Cashier; H. W. Hellman, Kaspare Kohn, H. W. O'Melveny, J. B. Lankershim, O. T. Johnson, Abe Haas, W. G. Kerckhoff.
Money loaned on real estate. Interest paid on term and ordinary deposits.

LOS ANGELES SAVINGS BANK
230 North Main Street
J. E. Plater, President; H. W. Hellman, Vice-President; W. M. Caswell, Cashier.
Directors—I. W. Hellman, J. E. Plater, H. W. Hellman, I. W. Hellman, jr., W. M. Caswell.
Interest paid on deposits. Money to loan on first class real estate.

GERMAN-AMERICAN SAVINGS BANK
Paid up Capital and Profits, $145,400
COR. MAIN AND FIRST STS. Victor Ponet, President; L. W. Blinn and C. N. Flint, Vice-Presidents; M. N. Avery, Cashier; P. F. Schumacher, Assistant Cashier.
Interest paid on deposits. Money loaned on real estate.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA SAVINGS BANK
152 North Spring St. Interest Paid on Deposits
DIRECTORS—J. H. Braly, J. M. Elliott, H. Jevne, Frank A. Gibson, Simon Maier, W. D. Woolwine, W. C. Patterson. Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent.

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