

REVIVES CHARGES OF THE CAMPAIGN

SENATOR STONE URGES THAT INQUIRY BE MADE

Again Voices Allegations That Cortelyou Used His Office to Secure Contributions From the Trusts

WASHINGTON, January 18.—The charges of impropriety made in connection with the campaigns of 1896 and 1904 were reviewed for a time today in the senate by Mr. Stone, who spoke in support of his resolution providing for an investigation of the charges. He used with much freedom the names of President Roosevelt, Judge Parker and Chairman Cortelyou and again related the allegations that Mr. Cortelyou had used the information secured by him as secretary of commerce and labor to secure money from the trusts. The discussion of the statehood bill continued, with Messrs. Bailey, Clay, Nelson and Stewart as speakers. The former senator and the late vice presidential candidate, H. G. Davis, was a visitor on the floor of the senate, and was cordially received by senators generally, especially by Senator Fairbanks, his rival in the recent campaign.

President Pro Tem. Frye of the senate today appointed Messrs. Foraker and Gorman as tellers on the part of the senate to count the electoral vote on February 8.

A bill authorizing the secretary of the interior to utilize Rhett river and other navigable streams on the Oregon and California boundary in connection with the arid land reclamation service, was passed.

Mr. Stone was then recognized to speak on his resolution for directing an investigation into the charges of election frauds.

When the statehood bill came up Mr. Barry offered an amendment permitting the annexation of West Fort Smith, now in Indian Territory, to Arkansas.

"That," said Mr. Spooner, "is an instance in which the senator from Arkansas favors expansion." and Mr. Barry admitted that such was the case. Mr. Clay spoke in opposition to the bill. He went into the details of the division of New Mexico when the territory of Arizona was created, saying that the division was made because of the unwieldy size of the territory. He contended that if the area embraced was too extensive for one territory it is too large for one state. He said the two territories cover an area larger than half of Europe. Mr. Clay had no objection to the consolidation of Oklahoma and Indian Territory. He predicted at some time in the future the people of Texas would take advantage of their privilege of dividing that state into five states.

Mr. Nelson said most of the people of New Mexico preferred joint statehood to existence as a territory. Mr. Stewart spoke of irregularities in Indian Territory, saying that some men were getting rich there at the expense of the Indians on land leases. These statements brought out a defense of the whites in Indian Territory by Mr. Bailey.

Mr. Nelson said that there were not to exceed 25,000 bonafide Indians in the Indian territory, and while he believed in protecting them, his heart went out especially to the white people in that territory, who stood in great need of relief.

Mr. Bailey appealed for the obliteration of arbitrary lines between Oklahoma and Indian Territory. Speaking of the prohibition of the liquor traffic in Indian Territory, he said he never would vote for the regulation by the government of the sale of liquor in any state.

Mr. Nelson replied that the provision had been introduced as a concession to the moral sense of the country. A general discussion arose as to the power of congress to impose conditions upon prospective states, in which Messrs. Bailey, Platt of Connecticut, and Money were principal participants. Recalling the polygamy prohibition in the act admitting Utah, Mr. Platt urged that liquor selling might be prohibited on the same principle.

Mr. Bailey contended that the regulation of the liquor traffic was a mere matter of police control, while the suppression of polygamy depended on much broader principles. At 4:28 p. m. the senate went into executive session and at 4:38 adjourned.

Mr. Jones—It is the man with the pull that gets ahead. Mrs. Jones—Don't you believe it; it is the man with the head that gets the pull.—Philadelphia Telegraph.

NO SUBSTITUTE

has yet been found for cod liver oil. There are so-called extracts, wines and cordials of cod liver oil that are said to contain the active principles but not the oil itself. This is absurd on its face. You might as well extract the active principles of wheat and make bread with them. The best form of cod liver oil, that can be digested and assimilated most easily, is Scott's Emulsion.

LEADERS PLANNING RATE LEGISLATION

President and Cabinet Approve of the Bill, Which is to Be Pushed Ahead

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—It is asserted today with more than ordinary show of conviction that an agreement is being made between the leaders of the senate and of the house of representatives in accordance with which railroad rate legislation will be enacted into law at the present session of congress. The basis of the legislation will be the measure drawn by Col. Hepburn, chairman of the interstate and foreign commerce committee of the house. The bill already has been considered by the president, Attorney General Moody, Secretaries Taft and Morton, and by members of both the house of representatives and the senate. It does not meet the approval of all who have examined it, but it is believed to be a good foundation for a measure which probably can be enacted. The probability is that the Hepburn bill will be passed by the house before February 1.

FAVOR RECESSION OF STATE PARKS

COMMITTEES OF LEGISLATURE RECOMMEND MEASURE

Prominent Men Appear to Advocate Turning Over to Government of Yosemite and Mariposa Big Trees

(Continued from Page One.)
tee on commissions and retrenchment with special powers to examine into diamond installment, tonnage and loan and building and other get-rich-quick concerns, Senator Frank French introduced another resolution which was unanimously passed by this committee tonight, by which the committee openly rebuked the public officials whose duty it is to correct and stamp out illegitimate corporations, and declared its intention of conducting an inquisitorial campaign against such institutions in California. Senator French declared that the committee on commissions and retrenchment will hear any and all cases which may be presented by the people, against which a just cause of grievance is found and that from such investigation the committee hopes to obtain the data from which a bill may be framed looking toward the utter abolition of all get-rich-quick concerns in California.

UNIVERSITY'S FINANCES

Senator Carter Introduces Resolution Providing for Investigation

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 18.—The financial system now employed at the state university will be thoroughly investigated if a resolution presented in the senate this morning by Carter of Los Angeles prevails. The resolution, which provides for the appointment of a committee of five members of the upper house to do the investigating, was referred to the finance committee for a recommendation. Carter's resolution points out the fact that the state university is supported by public money and endowments by private individuals, and that bills for large appropriations have been presented to the legislature for passage. The resolution then refers to the defalcation of Secretary W. A. McKowen, who was able to abscond with between \$60,000 and \$70,000, on account of the loose financial system in vogue at the university. Should the committee be appointed it will be authorized to swear witnesses, and send for persons, books and papers and to incur such expense as may make it necessary to go to Berkeley and San Francisco to examine the officers of the university.

DUNSMUIR WILL CASE

Attorney Wheeler Tries to Prove Record is Correct

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 18.—The hearing of testimony in the contest of the will of the late Alexander Dunsmuir was continued before the British consul today. Attorney J. J. Dwyer was again called to the witness stand. Attorney Wheeler, representing James Dunsmuir, proponent of the will, attempted to prove by the witness that the record containing the will of the late millionaire, proof of admission to probate, etc., was correct. He also wished to show that no appeal had been taken from the judgment rendered here four years ago admitting the will to probate within the sixty days limit. The record was admitted as an exhibit in the case by stipulation. As Attorney Wheeler wished to prove the record by the custodian of the papers, an adjournment was taken.

Hebrews Commend Roosevelt and Hay

CHICAGO, Jan. 18.—Today at the Union of American Hebrew congregations, President Roosevelt and Secretary of State Hay were warmly commended for efforts to secure civil rights and the issuance of passports for Jews in Russia.

California Appointments

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The president today sent to the senate the nomination of Flora A. Knaer to be postmistress at Redley, and John E. Hoyle to be postmaster at Taylor, Cal.

RUSSIA ON VERGE OF REVOLUTION

SOCIALISTS URGE MONSTER DEMONSTRATION

Collision Between Workers and the Troops May Not Be Avoided. Trouble Delays Work on Third Squadron

(Continued from Page One.)
tories engaged chiefly on government contract have voted not to resume work on January 20, after the Epiphany holiday. A noteworthy feature of the petitions which it has been determined to circulate among the workmen for presentation to the crown is the reiteration of the sections of the zemstvos memorial asking for freedom of speech, the press, and right of assembly, a responsible ministry, representative government, the last a feature which was ignored in the imperial rescript replying to the petition. It is expected that 300,000 signatures will be obtained. The minister of finance has taken official cognizance of the workmen's disaffection and invited representative employers of St. Petersburg and Moscow to a conference to discuss measures to allay the discontent of the workmen.

UKASE CHANGES NOTHING

Russian Minister of Interior Sends Circular to Governors

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 18.—The minister of the interior, Sviatopolk-Mirsky, has sent a circular to the governors of the provinces in which conferences have been called to consider reform peasant laws, pointing out that the idea that the imperial ukase of December 25 has radically changed the principles of the laws is due to misapprehension. The ukase, proceeds the circular, confirms anew the necessity for incessantly striving to attain the goal marked out therein. The decree of January 11, 1904, provided for a revision of the peasant laws on the basis of the reforms of 1861 and ordered that due consideration be given to the inviolability of communal property while at the same time facilitating the removal of individual peasants to their respective communities without the expropriation of their holdings therein. These principles are fully preserved by the ukase of December 25, which ordered a revision of the peasant laws with the object of bringing them in unison with the general legislation of the empire, enabling the peasantry to fully enjoy their rights as free countrymen in accordance with the spirit of the law of 1861. The circular adds that the ukase by no means precludes the preservation of the old status of the peasant which has been evolved from ancient times. The circular calls attention to the fact that the ukase of December 25 specially dwelt on the urgent necessity for uniformity in the judicial procedure in order to secure the legal equality of all classes and assure the necessary importance of the judicial authorities, and proceeds: "This, however, must not be regarded as absolute predetermination of the question of the abolition of the peasant courts, the present isolation of which may be remedied and their independence assured. The imperial decree of December 25 does not make a change of any kind." In conclusion the circular says: "The considerations above set forth by the minister of the interior have been approved by the emperor. The minister, therefore, directs the governors to take all measures to assure that the work of the provincial conferences is continued and brought to a conclusion with the utmost rapidity, and that the members of the conferences are granted power to freely state their opinions, so that full expression may be given to the true views of those conversant with the needs of the peasantry."

MIRSKY SCORES VICTORY

Committee of Ministers Decides to Consult With Zemstvos

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 18.—Interior Minister Sviatopolk-Mirsky has achieved a signal victory in the committee of ministers. Upon his recommendation the committee has decided to consult members of the zemstvos and doumas on the reforms outlined in section two of the imperial manifesto. This decision of the committee, it is believed, will insure Minister Sviatopolk-Mirsky's continuation in office at least until the committee's labors are concluded, and possibly reconciling him to remain indefinitely.

RUSSIA IS PLEASED

Foreign Office Expresses Satisfaction With Action of Secretary Hay

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 18.—The foreign office expresses satisfaction at the action taken by Secretary Hay regarding the necessity for China's adhering rigidly to neutrality and in communicating the action of the United States to the powers in the hope of securing joint action. It is distinctly asserted here that Russia does not desire, unless forced to do so, to extend the area of hostilities to China. Russia's notification to the powers that she considers herself free to act in protection of her own interests, it is pointed out officially, is in the nature of a formal warning of her position, but she has no intention of moving except if compelled to do so. As a matter of fact, a very pessimistic view is taken here of the situation

IN CHINA, REGARDLESS OF THE PROFESSIONS OF THE PEKIN GOVERNMENT.

According to Russian official reports both the Chinese government and people are falling more and more under Japanese influence, especially since the fall of Fort Arthur.

SOLDIERS ARE DISGUISED

Japanese Claim Gossacks Wear Chinese Clothing

TOKIO, Jan. 18.—The following report has been received from Japanese Manchuria headquarters: "In the recent engagements it became evident that the Russians were being aided by many Chinese regulars. A Japanese detachment surrounded Russian cavalry and Chinese soldiers in the vicinity of Sanchia, west of Newchwang, on January 14, and dispersed them. The Russian casualties were over 300. The Japanese captured a quantity of arms. "Lieut. Gen. Mitchenko's raiders were between 6000 and 6000 strong. After they were defeated at Newchwang they retreated to the north, passing Laotunlu. "Japanese cavalry encountered the exhausted Russians in the neighborhood of Laonoshe Monday evening, January 16. They report that the Russians wore Chinese coats and caps and that among them were many entirely clothed in Chinese costumes and wearing pigtail."

CAPTURE TWO BRITISH SHIPS

Japanese Navy Gathering in Merchants Bound for Vladivostok

TOKIO, Jan. 18.—The Japanese captured the British steamer Bawry in the Tsu straits yesterday morning. The vessel was carrying provisions, shipbuilding materials, etc., from Kiao Chou, the German port on the Shantung peninsula, to Vladivostok. She was taken to Sasebo. The capture of another steamer is reported, but no details have been received. The prize court at Sasebo has not yet rendered decisions in the cases of any of the captured steamers recently taken there for trial.

CARRY COAL TO ROJESTVENSKY

Sixteen Hamburg-American Ships Insured at London for Voyage

LONDON, Jan. 18.—Much business was done at Lloyds today on vessels bound for the Far East with cargoes consigned to belligerent ports. Forty-eight steamers are now on their way to the extreme Orient, a number of which are going to Vladivostok, and were reinsured at 50 guineas per cent. The British steamers Powderham and Oakley, both of which sailed from Barry, the former November 12 and the latter on January 1, whose owners have already had two vessels captured, were reinsured at 75 guineas per cent each. Another transaction which was regarded as significant was the insurance of sixteen Hamburg-American line vessels covering war risks only for the voyage from a port in the United Kingdom to a port not east of Colombo, Ceylon, and return, and at an exceedingly low premium. It is understood that each vessel will carry coal. The transaction created much talk on the floor of Lloyds, where it was confidently believed that the Hamburg-American vessels will act as feeders for Admiral Rojestvensky's squadron in the event of its being ordered to return to European waters.

Squadron at Jibutii

By Associated Press.

ADEN, Arabia, Jan. 18.—The third division of the Russian second Pacific squadron, commanded by Rear Admiral Rotrovsky, which left Suez January 12, has arrived at Jibutii, French Somaliland.

May Be Naval Battle

By Associated Press.

MANILA, Jan. 18.—Advices reaching Manila say that two Russian cruisers recently called at the island of Labuan near Borneo. Two Japanese cruisers have been in the same port for coal and provisions, but they did not meet the Russian vessels. The latter, it is reported, came from Brazil by way of the Straits of Magellan.

MINISTRY FORMALLY PRESENTS RESIGNATION

Members Asked to Carry on Functions Until New Cabinet is Organized

PARIS, Jan. 18.—The Combes ministry presented its resignation to President Loubet at the Elysee palace this morning and the president accepted it but asked the ministers individually to carry on their functions until a new cabinet is formed. M. Loubet will begin the consideration of the formation of a new cabinet this afternoon. He has summoned the president of the senate, M. Fallieres, and the president of the chamber of deputies, Paul Doumer, to the Elysee for conferences at 4 o'clock in the case of the former and at 5 o'clock in the case of the latter. These conferences will determine whom M. Loubet will invite to form a ministry. M. Rouvier continues to occupy the first place but his chances are less certain than at first, owing to the belief that a Rouvier cabinet would not last long on account of the internal divisions of the parliamentary groups.

Sir Charles Wyndham Injured

By Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—Sir Charles Wyndham, the English actor, was struck and badly injured tonight by a trolley car. His right shoulder was dislocated and he was unable to appear tonight.

To Command Port Arthur

By Associated Press.

TOKIO, Jan. 19, 2:30 p. m.—It is considered probable that Major General Ijichi, General Nogai's chief of staff, will be appointed commander of Port Arthur.

HOUSE VOTES TO IMPEACH SWAYNE

FLORIDA DISTRICT JUDGE IS CENSURED

Congressman Gillett of California Speaks for Minority and Makes an Eloquent Plea for Southern Jurist

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The house of representatives today adopted the twelve articles of impeachment against Judge Charles Swayne of the district court of Northern Florida, which had been presented by its special committee of investigation. The speaker was authorized to appoint a member to present the case to the senate and conduct the impeachment proceedings before that body. This action was the culmination of a debate which has been in progress for over a week and which has developed some partisan feeling.

The first vote, that to table the first articles, those relating to the falsification of expenses, went against Judge Swayne by the narrow margin of five votes. This was regarded as the test vote, as the charge regarding expenses was the only one concurred in by the members of the committee signing the minority report.

The motion to table these articles was lost, 160 to 165. Twenty-four Republicans voted with the Democrats against tabling and three Democrats voted with the Republicans to table. On roll call these three articles were adopted. Articles four and five, relating to the free use of a private car by Judge Swayne, were made the subject of a separate vote and adopted. Like action followed to accept articles 6 and 7, charging him and non-residence in his district.

This was the last roll call, as articles 8, 9, 10 and 11, relating to the O'Neil contempt case, were declared adopted on viva voce votes. Argument in the case was opened in the house by Mr. McCall of Massachusetts. He said he had difficulty in reaching the conclusion that he should vote against all of the articles of impeachment.

The debate today was chiefly notable for the closing arguments in the case. That for Judge Swayne was made by Mr. Gillett of California, and that for impeachment by Mr. Walmer of Pennsylvania. Mr. Gillett made an earnest plea for the judge and Mr. Palmer spoke strongly for purity on the bench and for impeachment.

California Defends Swayne After some further debate Mr. Gillett, in charge of the floor for the minority, endeavored to secure an understanding whereby he might close the debate. Speaker Cannon stated that the custom was that the member in charge of the pending measure had the right to close the debate.

Mr. Palmer retained this right, and Mr. Gillett began at once the conclusion for the minority. Mr. Gillett read a telegram, signed, he said, by the leading merchants and citizens of Pensacola, Fla., condemning the impeachment proceedings and expressing a sentiment friendly to Judge Swayne.

Judge Swayne, he said, would never have been proceeded against and "persecuted" if it had not been for the O'Neil contempt proceedings. Mr. DeArmond of Missouri followed Mr. Gillett, declaring that if Judge Swayne was not impeached "it would be because of the blindness of partisanship, hate and zeal."

Mr. Porter of Pennsylvania defended Judge Swayne. When the hour for a vote drew near the galleries of the house filled rapidly. Mr. Littlefield's motion to table the first three articles was lost, 165 to 159. Speaker Cannon had his vote recorded for the motion. Three Democrats, Bell of California, Moon of Tennessee and Thayer of Massachusetts, voted to table, while twenty-four Republicans voted against the Littlefield motion.

Bourke Cockran and Goldenogle of New York voted "present," as did Hughes of West Virginia, Watcher of Maryland and Wilson of Illinois. Mr. Palmer at once moved to adopt the first three articles, and this was agreed to, 165 ayes, 160 nays. Mr. Palmer moved to adopt together the fourth and fifth articles. The motion was carried, 162 ayes to 138 nays. The same motion was made with reference to articles 6 and 7, charging Judge Swayne with non-residence in his district. Mr. Littlefield secured a roll call on this motion.

Appoints Senate Committee Articles 6 and 7 were adopted, 158 to 137. Mr. Palmer at once moved the adoption of articles 8, 9, 10 and 11 relating to the Davis-Helden contempt cases. A roll call was not demanded on this motion and it was declared adopted on a viva voce vote. The same motion was made with respect to the remaining article, No. 12, relating to the O'Neil contempt proceedings, and it likewise was adopted. Mr. Palmer offered a resolution empowering the speaker to appoint seven members to present the impeachment against Judge Swayne to the senate. This was agreed to without objection. He followed with another resolution empowering the committee to conduct the impeachment against Judge Swayne. This resolution was also agreed to without objection, whereupon the house, at 5:40, adjourned.

OPPOSES STATEHOOD BILL

New Mexico Insists on Admission Separately

SANTA FE, N. M., Jan. 18.—Both houses of the legislature today passed strong resolutions protesting against the passage of a joint statehood bill and insisting that New Mexico be entitled to statehood within its present boundaries and with its present name. The vote was 31 to 5. Copies of the memorial were ordered sent to the president and every member of congress.

AMUSEMENTS

BELASCO THEATER

MATINEE TODAY AT 2

The Greatest Success of many, many seasons. The Belasco Theater Stock Company's tremendously successful production of Richard Mansfield's version of

Old Heidelberg

The entire city is talking of the beauty, the charm, the dainty sentiment and delicious humor of this wonderful play. No advance in prices, notwithstanding the enormous expense in producing "Old Heidelberg." Every night, 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c. Thursday and Saturday matinee, 25c, 35c and 50c.

ASCOT PARK

Los Angeles Jockey Club

Races Races Races

111 Days' Racing, Six or More Races Daily. Races start at 1:40 p. m. TUESDAY'S LADIES' DAYS—Free admission to ladies. Children under 10 years of age not admitted on Ladies' Day. EVERY FRIDAY GRAND CONCERT BY PROF. FRANKENSTEIN'S CELEBRATED ORPHEUM ORCHESTRA OF 20 PIECES. Admission \$1.00. Private Boxes \$3.00 per day or \$100 per season. San Pedro st., Vernon ave., Maple ave. and Pacific Electric cars direct to the main entrance. J. W. BROOKS, Manager.

MOROSCO'S BURBANK THEATER

6TH and MAIN. PHONES 1270. TONIGHT! All Week, with usual Matinee Saturday. The Burbank Stock Company is H. D. Cottrell's great play—

IN SOUTH CARLINE

Pronounced by every dramatic critic in Los Angeles to be a splendid drama. A strong plot, excellent comedy, powerful climaxes and special scenery. Lots of good specialties, too. Matinee prices, 10c and 25c no higher. Evening prices, 10c, 25c, 50c. Next Sunday afternoon—"THE LITTLE CHURCH AROUND THE CORNER."

MASON OPERA HOUSE

TONIGHT and REMAINDER OF WEEK—Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, January 23-25, with Saturday matinee January 21, and Wednesday matinee, January 25.

Frederick Ward and Kathryn Kidder

IN WAGENHALS and KEMPER'S STUNNING SCENIC PRODUCTION OF

SALAMMO

THE DAUGHTER OF HAMILCARR

A spectacular drama of Romance, Passion and Pageantry. Seats now on sale. PRICES—25c, 50c, 75c, \$1 and \$1.50. Tel. 70.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

Matinee 2:30 Today

BLANCHE BATES in

"Madame Butterfly" and "My Aunt's Advice"

Tonight and rest of week, "THE DARLING OF THE GODS." Prices \$2.00, \$1.00, \$1.00, 75c, 50c. Next Week—"UNCLE TOM'S CABIN."

ORPHEUM

Second and Last Week of

The Great Orpheum Road Show

Headed by McIntyre and Heath in a new act, THE FOUR BARDS, America's Greatest Athletes. Orpheum Motion Pictures—the funniest yet, "THE SUBURBANITE." Prices Permanent, 10c, 25c, 50c. Matinee Wednesday, Saturday, Sunday.

CHUTES

Grand Open Air Concert by the

ELLERY BAND

Leading features will be GOUNOD'S "FAUST," LISZT'S "KING DODO," WAGNER'S "DIE MEISTERSINGER," ETC. Admission 10c. Reserved Seats 15c. NOTE—The regular evening concert will be given in theater tomorrow evening. Reserved Seats 25c, Balcony 15c. Tickets on sale at Birkel's Music Store, 345 S. Spring St.

TEMPLE AUDITORIUM

TONIGHT—REMAINDER OF WEEK—AND ALL NEXT WEEK—

Ben Greet Players

TONIGHT—LAST TIME—"Twelfth Night," Elizabeth Manner, Friday, Jan. 20, at 8:15—"As You Like It," Saturday afternoon and evening, Jan. 21—"Hamlet," Complete 1604 version, Sunday, Jan. 22, at 2:30. Next week: "The Merchant of Venice," Sat. 2:30; Wed. mat., "Twelfth Night," Thurs., Fri., Sat. mat., "Merchant of Venice," Sat. 2:30; Wed. mat., "Twelfth Night," Thurs., Fri., Sat. mat., "Merchant of Venice," Sat. 2:30. Special terms to schools and literary clubs. Phone 628. 500 GOOD SEATS LEFT AT \$1.00.

SIMPSON AUDITORIUM

Tonight Only! Tonight, Thursday, January 19th—CAPTAIN JAMES F. J. ARCHIBALD, War Correspondent of Collier's Weekly with the Russian Army. War talk. Subject: "Kuropatn's Army" and the "Battle of Liao Yang." Illustrated with 150 views selected from over 100 taken by Mr. Archibald. Popular prices, 50c, 75c, \$1.00. Tickets at Bartlett's Music Store, Blanchard Bldg.

BROADWAY THEATER

CONTINUOUS MODERN VADEVILLE. Six Big Eastern Acts, and new set of moving pictures. Matinee every afternoon at 3 o'clock. Price 10c. Children 5c. Evening 8 o'clock. Admission 10c. Reserved seats 25c. Phone: Main 1649; Home 2285.

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the passage of a joint statehood bill and insisting that New Mexico be entitled to statehood within its present boundaries and with its present name. The vote was 31 to 5. Copies of the memorial were ordered sent to the president and every member of congress.

DEATHS OF THE DAY

Mrs. Nellie Smith, Honolulu

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 18.—Mrs. Nellie Smith, wife of Walter G. Smith, editor of the Honolulu Commercial Advertiser, died at Coronado this evening, after a long illness.

Rescued After Terrible Sufferings

DURANGO, Colo., Jan. 18.—After fearful sufferings, during which one man was frozen to death and another became insane, the surviving members of a party that tried to open up the Big Lumber company's railroad from Lumberton to El Vado, have been rescued.

HARGIS HAD RIFLE

Attorney Declares Judge Was Waiting Ready to Kill Cockrell

LEXINGTON, Ky., Jan. 18.—A. F. Byrd, attorney for the commonwealth in the case against Bill Britton for the alleged assassination of James Cockrell at Jackson in the feudal war, in his opening argument of the case today made a sensational statement that he would prove that Judge James Hargis sat in the window of his store with a rifle in his hands, prepared to shoot at the time Britton and Curtis Jett are alleged to have killed Cockrell. This is the first time that Hargis' name has been used as an actual participant in any of the Jackson feudal killings.

Weber Case Postponed

AUBURN, Cal., Jan. 18.—Further consideration of the Weber case has been postponed until Monday next.

SUPPORTS BARD'S IRRIGATION BILL

FAVORABLE REPORT MADE TO SENATE ON MEASURE

Would Have Passed at Same Time as Klamath Lake Measure Except for the Objection of Spooner

Special to The Herald.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 18.—Senator Bard's irrigation bill, dealing with lands acquired by the government with purchase for future irrigation purposes, was favorably reported to the senate today and would have been passed at the same time as the Klamath Lake bill had it not been for an objection by Senator Spooner.

The bill provides that irrigable lands acquired by the government by purchase or otherwise shall be divided into farm units of from ten to 160 acres. It also contains a provision for the leasing of such lands, the report pointing out that a period of two years may elapse before they can be utilized through the completion of the contemplated irrigation works.

The money derived from such leases is to be turned into the reclamation fund of