KEARNS' ACTION CREATING UPROAR

HIS AMENDMENT CREPT INTO STATEHOOD BILL

To Restore to Arizona the Eliminated Territory Would Be to Imperil the Whole Measure's Safety

Special to The Herald.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—There was surprise and bewilderment among many senators today when it was discovered that the amendment to the statehood bill offered by Senator Kearns, annexing to Utah that portion of Arizona lying west and north of the Colorado river, was in the bill as it had been made up last night after it passed the senate, although the general understanding had been that the Kearns amendment was eliminated by another amendment offered by Senator Bacon.

How it came to be included in the bill is a matter that no one seems able to explain, and there are suggestions of skullduggery in connection with the affair that may lead to an investigation. This is made all the more probable by the feeling that exists in the senate against Kearns, because of the strange manner in which he changed his vote yesterday, and the explanation which he offered in the senate today. He claimed that he had been wrongly recorded, but no less than half a dozen senators flatly contradicted him on this point, declaring that they heard him distinctly vote yes on the Bard amendment. This testimony of senators on the floor is borne out by that of persons in the gallery. Altogether the Utah senator has been left in a very unenviable position, and a great deal of unsavory comment is heard among his colleagues on his conduct.

The worst of the matter is that there seems no way of eliminating the Kearns amendment from the bill, and restoring to Arizona the eliminated territory north of the Colorado, without imperiling the whole bill. Speaker Cannon and other house leaders would prefer to kill the bill altogether rather than accept it in the shape in which it came from the senate. They do not like the admission of New Mexico as a single state and will do all in their power to induce the house to refuse to concur in the senate amendments, or, failing that, they will try to get the bill into conference and smother it there. About the only hope of saving the bill therefore lies in having the house take it just as it stands, for attempts to change it in any particular would endanger it in both house and senate.

In well informed quarters here it is held that as matters stand the bill has just about an even chance of ever becoming law in any form. If a square vote can be had in the house on the question of concurring in the senate amendment, the bill will be saved, for there seems to be no doubt that there are enough Republicans in the house who will join with the Democrats to put the bill through notwithstanding the hostility of some of the leaders.

The California delegation it is understood, will vote solidly for concurring in the senate amendments and so will many of the Pennsylvania delegation.

OKLAHOMA JUBILANT

But Prohibition Amendment to Bill Causes Considerable Feeling

By Associated Press.

GUTHRIE, Okla., Feb. 8.—The passage of the statehood bill by the United States senate is now known in all parts of the territory and is the one topic of discussion. In all quarters satisfaction is expressed that Oklahoma is soon to have the right of self government. There is considerable opposition to the prohibition amendment, the large brewing companies, as well as the local saloon men, having invested thousands of dollars in Oklahoma, a large part of which will be a loss if prohibition should be enforced. The prohibitionists, on the other hand, are elated and at the grand lodge A. O. U. W., in session at Pawnee, a resolution was passed today indorsing and commending the Gallinger prohibition amendment.

Governor T. B. Ferguson said today: "I hope the house of representatives will concur in the senate amendment without sending the bill to conference, as the people of Oklahoma want statehood first, regardless of features that may be objectionable to some persons."

Enthusiasm in New Mexico

By Associated Press.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Feb. 8.—Great enthusiasm prevails in this city and all over the territory over the passage of the statehood bill by the senate, with the amendment admitting New Mexico as a separate state. Huge mass meetings and jollifications were held here and in other New Mexico cities, and the passage of the bill is everywhere hailed as the advent of a new era for this territory. It is believed in political circles here that the house will accept the senate amendments and allow the measure to go to President Roosevelt for his signature. "No other state will have cause to be ashamed of New Mexico as a sister state," said Governor M. A. Otero.

Queen Margherita at Nice

ROME, Feb. 8.—The Patria says that Queen Dowager Margherita's arrival at Nice is reported to be in connection with the proposed marriage of Princess Clementine of Belgium and Prince Victor Napoleon, the latter being a nephew of the queen dowager.

SENATOR KEARNS OF UTAH

BLOWN SKYWARD BY GAS EXPLOSION

STRIKES MATCH; IS HURLED THROUGH CEILING

Restaurant Wrecked and Its Two Occupants Severely Hurt—Search for Source of Gas Is Fruitless

A gas explosion in the lunch room connected with L. Escallier's grocery and saloon at 500 Aliso street wrecked part of the building and severely injured August Escalle, a cook employed in the place, and Morrison Rispaud, a driver, also connected with the establishment.

The two men had just finished their supper and Escalle rolled a cigarette and struck a match to light it. Instantly an explosion shook the building and the men were hurled through the ceiling with terrific force. Rispaud fell on a clear space on the floor and was not hurt by the fall, but sustained painful burns on his face and hands. Escalle landed across the back of a chair and his back was severely wrenched, rendering him helpless.

So great was the shock of the explosion that the furniture of the room was wrecked, the door blown from its hinges and hurled across a hall into the kitchen, the windows were demolished and the plaster shaken from the walls and ceiling.

In the room above, which was unoccupied at the time, the damage was almost as great. The furniture was blown into the air, the plaster knocked from the walls and the windows broken.

The injured men say they could smell gas in the room, but that for several days this has been the case, although there are no gas fixtures in the room and no pipe on that side of the house, electric lights being used exclusively. They thought nothing of the odor, except that it was a nuisance, and the effect of Escalle's match threw the whole house into a panic.

For several days the gas company has been trying to find the source of the gas which has made itself apparent in Escallier's place. Escallier's theory is that the large mains which were recently laid down in the street near his property and close to the curb are leaking and that the gas escapes to his house through crevices in the ground.

The damage to the building amounted to about $300.

The injured men were treated at the receiving hospital.

ATTEMPTS DOUBLE TRAGEDY IN STORE

(Continued from Page One.)

then threw the bottle to the floor and staggered from the store.

Officer Murry marched Geha to the police station, where he was taken to the receiving hospital.

Following the arrest of Geha, his wife dashed down the aisles of the shoe department at the Hamburger store, screaming for help and a panic among the shoppers was narrowly averted.

Mrs. Geha did not recover for some time and pitifully begged to be saved from her husband. A carriage was called and she was sent to her home at 533 Towne avenue.

At the hospital Geha begged to be allowed to die. "Life is a misery and I want to die," he cried. "I married this woman in Turkey, many years ago. She was an Assyrian and I was of her tribe.

"We came to this country with our two little boys and lived happily for some time. In Turkey I was an equal of my wife. In this country she said she was my superior and constantly quarreled with me because I was not refined and could not speak the language as well as she could. She said I was not as good as she was and then she left me.

"I loved her and I followed her. I went where she went and saw that no harm befell. From Tacoma we came to Los Angeles and I started a fruit store at 741 Central avenue. She consented to live with me for awhile but later left me and secured a divorce. She refused to let me see my two boys, who were the only remaining joys in my life. I sold out my fruit store and gave her $300 of the money for the support of the children. This was about two months ago and following the time when I gave her the money she resumed her maiden name, Chaffela Balizh, and went away with the children.

Asked to See Boys

"Many times I have begged her to allow me to see my boys. She continually refused me and said that I was not good enough to speak to her. I secured a position selling pastry for the Home Comfort company on commission and met my wife on the street this afternoon. I did not intend to kill her but for many months past I have carried the poison with me and the revolver.

"Yesterday I talked to her and asked her to tell me where the boys were. She told me to leave her and then went to the Hamburger store.

"I followed and the clerk seized me and the officer arrested me but I did not intend to harm her and I want to be allowed to die."

Physicians worked over Geha for the greater part of the night and a careful guard was kept as he went from one spasm into another. It is thought there is a slight chance for his recovery.

Geha has been in trouble before according to the statements of the prosecuting attorneys and is now out under bond for an attack upon his wife.

Several years ago, it is said, Geha took his eldest boy and ran away. He was pursued all over the American continent by his wife, who followed him to New York and then back to Mexico, finally apprehending him in a little desert town.

POLICE ACCUSE SUSPECT OF ROBBING DE FOREST

Tom Jackson Delivered Into Hands of Police—Blackjack Found in Park

The police believe they have the footpad who assaulted and held up Louis de Forest, the young New York millionaire, in Central park Monday night. Officer Shibley has been working on the case and his investigation resulted in the arrest last night of a man who gave his name as Tom Jackson.

According to information he and De Forest had been together the night before the robbery in the Tourist lodging house on Los Angeles street, between First and Second. Some trouble came up and Jackson was ordered out of the house.

Last night a man came to Officer Shibley and said he knew a man who had had something to do with the robbery, and that he would go and get him and bring him through the park so that he could be arrested.

The fellow denied having anything to do with the robbery and Shibley let him go, thinking that his informant was wrong. A few minutes later, however, Shibley's informant came back and said Jackson had dropped his blackjack and would return for it in about five minutes.

The prediction proved true and in a few minutes Jackson was seen searching around among the leaves. Shibley arrested him and sent him to the station.

Later the blackjack was found, and the police feel confident that it was the weapon used upon young de Forest.

INJURED BY ELECTRIC CAR

Pasadena Car Demolishes Wagon and Fatally Hurts Driver

Special to The Herald.

PASADENA, Feb. 8.—What may turn out to be a fatal accident occurred a few minutes before midnight at the point where the Pasadena short line tracks cross Sierra Vista street. A car, which left Los Angeles at 11:40 p. m., struck a two-horse wagon which was driven by a man supposed to be T. S. Goodhue. The wagon was demolished and the driver, who was thrown to the ground with great force, struck on his head and was rendered unconscious.

The injured man was brought to Pasadena, where the physician who was called said the unfortunate man was suffering from concussion of the brain. At an early hour the sufferer had not regained consciousness. From papers found in the man's pockets he is though to be T. S. Goodhue, but further than that nothing is known about him.

TO DEFEND OUR HARBORS

Artillery Boat for Use in San Francisco Bay

SEATTLE, Wash., Feb. 8.—Quartermaster Frank Grant today opened 11 tenders for the construction of an artillery boat for use in the harbor of San Francisco. The bids were received from points as far distant as San Francisco and ranged from $24,000 to $58,000. Seattle submitted the two lowest bids, all of which have been mailed to Washington.

SHORT IN HIS ACCOUNTS

Alleged Defaulter Surrenders to the Authorities

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—Lyman S. Andrews, secretary of the late Andrew S. Green, who as executor and trustee of several estates which had been looked after by Mr. Green was recently charged with being about $130,000 short in his accounts, today surrendered himself at the district attorney's office. He was placed under arrest.

Put on Ayer's and be proud of your hair

A little pride is a good thing. Then why be contented with thin, scraggly hair? faded, gray hair? Put on Ayer's Hair Vigor and have long, thick hair; beautiful hair, without a single gray line in it. Keep young. Have a little pride. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

FINN ASSASSINS LIVED TOGETHER

SCHAUMANN AND HOHENTHAL WARM FRIENDS

Novoe Vremya Traces Sedition's Bloody Work in Finland to a Group of Revolutionists Behind the Diet

By Associated Press.

HELSINGFORS, Finland, Feb. 8.—A connection between the assassination of Governor General Bobrikoff of Finland in June last by Eugene Schaumann and Procurator General Soisalon Soininen last Monday by Karl Hohenthal has been established, it being learned that Schaumann and Hohenthal lived at the same boarding house and were warm friends. Hohenthal approved generally of Schaumann's deed, but confided to an acquaintance that he was of the opinion that it was not manly to commit suicide afterwards, considering it was Schaumann's duty to "face the music" in such a case, if unable to escape. The report that Hohenthal took poison before entering the late procurator general's apartment does not accord with this view, and the cool manner in which he reloaded his pistol as later established, and exchanged shots with Soininen's son and a detective speaks volumes for his determination. So many shots were fired in little more than a minute that the apartment was filled with smoke.

The police as yet have not made any arrests, but domiciliary visits and searches are expected soon. There are no outward indications of the crime. The city is calm and the newspapers give brief details of the shooting but are under orders not to discuss it.

Soininen's Unpopularity

By Associated Press.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 8.—Letters giving accounts of the tragedy at Helsingfors and picturing the conditions leading up to the duel in fuller detail than permitted in the telegrams are being received at St. Petersburg. All the writers refer to the intense feeling against Procurator General Soininen, who as a native Finn and in a position most specially charged with protecting the laws and constitution of Finland, was believed to have been false to his oath to the fatherland; and they point to the rapidity of his rise in a few years from a minor legal official to the highest judicial position. This rapid progress was often commented upon and earned him the enmity of many of his countrymen.

The newspapers here print brief dispatches and comment guardedly on the assassination, the Novoe Vremya quoting the words of the diet's petition, requesting the removal of the "procurator hated by the whole land." Finland has entered on the path of assassination as a direct result of a policy of a small group of revolutionists behind the diet, who are terrorizing Finland.

The plot against the late Governor General Bobrikoff has been traced back to Sweden, which apparently was the hatching place of the latest crime.

Employers in Council

By Associated Press.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 9, 2 a. m.—The interrogation of Maxim Gorky by the public prosecutor was begun yesterday in the court of justice, to which he was driven in a carriage from the fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul. Gorky is quite well and is subjected only to the ordinary regulations of prisoners in the fortress, which require the wearing of a special garb to prevent the possibility of escape. The Associated Press is informed on the best authority that the prison fare and accommodations at the fortress are better than at any other prison in St. Petersburg. The stories of terrible hardships and privations are said to be baseless.

The Associated Press representative talked with Madame Gorky, who apparently is not deeply worried. After her interview with her husband on Tuesday she petitioned the commandant of the fortress that M. Gorky be allowed to wear ordinary clothes and use writing materials, but she said to the Associated Press that her husband was not anxious to write. "What is the use of writing," he told her, "when, according to the fortress' regulations, what I write must be burned when I leave?"

Lodz in Anxious Suspense

LODZ, Feb. 8.—The situation here remains uncertain and nothing definite will be known until Friday morning, when some of the largest manufacturers have decided, after paying off tomorrow, to open their mills and give the men a last chance to work. The masters say that if there is no response to the whistle on Friday they will close their mills indefinitely. The masters are utterly unable to gauge the situation tonight, as the strikers appear to have no leaders and it is impossible to ascertain whether they intend to accept the offer of a ten hour day and increased wages.

Little hope is expressed that the strike will be settled, though the men apparently are frightened by the violence of the agitators. The masters themselves are still not united . Many of them oppose concessions, fearing that it will handicap them in competition with the mills of Moscow and St. Petersburg, where wages already are lower than at Lodz and the hours of work longer.

It is reported that the strikers have decided to resort to serious violence in case the mills are closed down. Everything is quiet here today.

had walked out gives basis for hope of an amicable settlement.

The present trouble involves the question of pay for the time the men were out on strike and the question of the eight-hour day, which were discussed at a meeting of the employers last night. The employers came to no absolute decision, but determined to adopt the conciliatory attitude. They probably will concede a nine-hour day, which will satisfy the employes pending general legislation on the matter of an eight-hour day binding upon employers throughout Russia. At the present time six government factories and thirteen private establishments are working fifty-seven hours or less weekly, and twenty-eight large enterprises more than fifty-seven hours.

The students of the military academy of medicine today struck on the ground that, owing to police intervention, it is impossible to carry on their education. They demand that the academy be closed until freedom is granted them.

The police have forwarded to the employers of labor a list of prominent strikers, asking for their immediate dismissal. The director of the Nevsky naval construction yard refused compliance, and other employers are similarly disposed because many of the blacklisted men are skilled artisans who cannot easily be replaced.

The police of Odessa have seized consignments of revolvers and cartridges destined for the strikers in the Caucasus.

Gorky Interrogated

By Associated Press.

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FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop'r, 37 Great Jones St., N. Y.

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GOVERNMENT WINS IMPORTANT SUIT

SWINDLERS RULED AGAINST BY ENGLISH COURT

Capt. Carter's Absconding Partners May Be Handed Over to American Justice by the Canadian Authorities

By Associated Press.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—The privy council rendered its decision this morning in the Greene-Gaynor case, in favor of the American government. The council reversed the two judgments of Justice Caron of Quebec, August 13, 1902, and caustically criticised his action in releasing Greene and Gaynor.

John F. Gaynor and Benjamin E. Greene were indicted in Savannah, Ga., December 8, 1899, charged, in company with Capt. Oberlin M. Carter, with embezzlement and defrauding the United States government in the performance of government contracts for the improvement of the Savannah river and other river and harbor work in that district, the illicit profits being estimated at $2,000,000.

Gaynor and Greene were arrested in New York. They contested extradition to Georgia and when the United States commissioner decided against them fled to Canada. They had been at liberty on $40,000 bail each and this was forfeited. Efforts to extradite Gaynor and Greene from Montreal were progressing favorably and they went to Quebec. A question arose as to whether they could be brought back and detectives kidnapped them and took them to Montreal. There was a legal fight over this action and a Quebec judge issued a writ of habeas corpus which was served on the jailer at Montreal, who delivered up the prisoners without authority from the extradition tribunal and permitted them to be rushed back to Quebec. Efforts to quash the writ of habeas corpus under which they had been returned were denied by Justice Caron. After a long legal controversy Gaynor and Greene obtained their liberty within the limits of the province of Quebec. The United States government then appealed to the privy council of England, the highest court in that country.

Hands of Justice Upheld

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Although sufficient detail is not before the law officers to warrant a final opinion as to the effect of the privy council's decision in the Gaynor-Greene case, the present understanding is that it will result in the immediate re-arrest of Gaynor and Greene, who are now at large in Quebec under surveillance of Washington secret service officers.

The officials feel that their hands have been much strengthened in dealing with extradition cases between the United States and Canada by this particular decision, indicating, as it does, a disposition on the part of the British authorities to waive trifling technicalities and resolve any doubts in the spirit of the extradition treaty rather than according to its letter.

Gambling Prohibited in Montana

By Associated Press

HELENA, Mont., Feb. 8.—County Attorney LaCroix today ordered Sheriff Scharrenbroch to stop all forms of gambling in Helena. The sheriff complied with the order and gambling houses are at least temporarily closed in Montana's capital.

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