

BEAUTIES IN THE OPERA CHORUS

Savage Company Famous for Pretty Girls

Singers Who Will Be Heard in English Productions Are Not Like Traditional Aged and Ugly Women

It is promised that when the Savage English Grand Opera company comes to Los Angeles the prima donnas and chorus girls will be not only great singers but more than ordinarily beautiful.

According to oldest accepted traditions members of a grand opera chorus should have no place in a modern beauty show, but Mr. Savage has no reverence for traditions when they do not fit into modern American stage methods.

A grand opera chorus girl has a soul that flames with ambition. On the street she may be all modesty and demureness; under her arm snuggles a coil of music, but she walks with head erect, shoulders back like a corporal on parade with a firm elastic step that betrays confidence.

It was after hearing an American singer that Madame Schumann-Heink recently declared: "American girls are endowed with the gifts of extraordinary vocal organs, beauty and spirit and among them one must look for our coming voices."

There is nothing in their appearance which suggests the "show girl." There is not one who does not dream of the day when she will be called on to take the role of Marguerite, or Tosca, or Desdemona at an hour's notice and win fame in a night, but she seldom has a glimpse of her name in print.

Patience must be virtue with her, while the prima donnas receive the plaudits of enthusiastic music lovers. Automobiles do not await her order at the stage door.

With the advent of the all-American grand opera chorus this has been changed. Mr. Savage was the first to demonstrate that American girls could sing grand opera as well or better than foreigners and ambitious pupils from American conservatories now comprise his choruses.

A glance at the pictures of his English grand opera chorus girls must be something of a sensation to the old time opera goer.

The girls are not only good looking, but their features are so attractive that one will find their pictures framed and displayed in the lobby of the theater alongside the photographs of the American prima donnas.

Such girls can wear picture gowns of any period with becoming grace and that indescribable charm that always distinguishes the women of refinement.

The accompanying photographs show only some of the pretty girls now in the Savage English Opera company chorus. Their names are Amy L. Roberts, Don Adele Weigel, Alice Millaise, Grace Bauer and Eloise Goddard.

It is from the ranks of such that Mr. Savage from time to time replenishes his prima donna forces. They are from the best conservatories and music schools in the cities, which his company visits.

HIS LAST FIGHT OVER

Benjamin Van Slyke, Oldest of Pugilist Instructors, Dead

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—One of the oldest boxers in the world, Benjamin Van Slyke, is dead at his home here. He was 87 years old and had been an instructor in boxing on Broadway for the last fifty years.

Van Slyke was hale and hearty up to within a few weeks of his death and less than two months ago he accidentally knocked out a 200-pound pupil in a friendly bout.

Kansas for Woman Suffrage

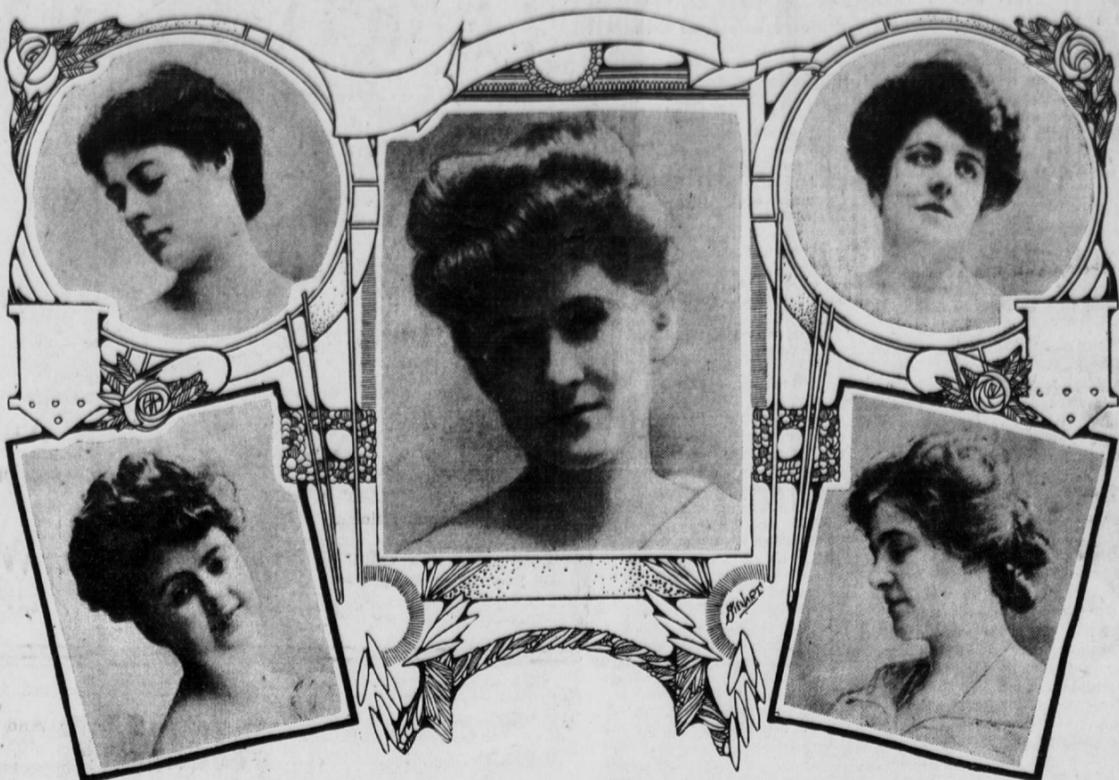
TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 9.—Late this afternoon the woman suffrage bill passed the house by a vote of 65 to 49.

TO CURE A COUGH IN ONE DAY Use Ackerly's Irish Moss Cough Balm. Prescribed by the best physicians for Croup, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles. 25c, 50c. At all Druggists.

SOME OF THE BEAUTIES OF THE SAVAGE GRAND OPERA CHORUS

ALICE MILLAISE, CONTRALTO

GRACE BAUER, SOPRANO



AMY L. ROBERTS, CONTRALTO

DON ADELE WEIGEL, SOPRANO

ELOISE GODDARD, SOPRANO

HOUSE PASSES TOWNSEND BILL

(Continued from Page One.) Livemash and Wynn of California voting with the Republicans.

BUSY DISCUSSING RATES

President Listens to Committee and Talks With Leaders

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—Railroad rates were the subject of serious consideration by the president today. Speaker Cannon was an early visitor to the White House, he and the president discussing the rate legislation on which the house was about to take action.

Representative Jones of Washington introduced to the president a committee of the Spokane chamber of commerce. The members of the committee presented to the president resolutions of the chamber endorsing his attitude on the freight rate question.

They pointed out to the president that, although Spokane is 300 miles east of Seattle, the shippers of Spokane were forced to pay on freight from the east the full rates to Seattle and the local rates from Seattle back to Spokane, although the goods are unloaded at Spokane directly from the east.

Senator Keane of New Jersey also talked briefly with the president. He is of the opinion that his resolution will command a majority vote in the senate.

KEAN'S RESOLUTION

Senate Committee Investigation May Result in Extra Session

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—The resolution to be introduced in the senate by Mr. Keane of New Jersey, providing that the committee on interstate commerce shall sit during the summer for the investigation of the subject of railroad rate legislation, will not be offered until it has first been approved by the committee.

The plan to have the senate committee investigate thoroughly the subject of rate legislation has been approved by a large number of senators of both parties. It is said that the committee will work along the lines of perfecting the Esch-Townsend bill and incorporating in that measure a provision to reach private car lines.

The idea is that if the committee is ready to report in October or by the first of November notice will be sent to the president, and if he is so inclined an extra session may be called.

INDIAN TRIBAL FUNDS

Lacey Bill Reported Favorably—Distributions Left With President

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—The house committee on Indian affairs today authorized a favorable report on the Lacey bill, providing for the allotment and distribution of Indian tribal funds. The distribution is to be made from time to time by the president, depending on the advance in civilization of the Indians.

Representative Stevens of Texas introduced a bill to prohibit the use of Indian trust funds for the education of Indian children in sectarian schools.

AGAINST STATEHOOD BILL

Indications Are That It Will Not Pass the House

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 9.—Today's developments regarding the statehood bill were not at all reassuring to those who are anxious to see it become a law as it was passed by the senate Saturday night. When it reached the house this afternoon Speaker Cannon at once sent it to the

territories committee without any action by the house itself. He did this under the house rules, on the ground that the senate had inserted in it an amendment calling for an appropriation of money. At the same time the speaker had put in circulation a call for a caucus of house Republicans to be held tomorrow afternoon for the purpose of considering what course the house should pursue with regard to the bill.

As the speaker and others of the house leaders are opposed to the bill as it passed the senate, their willingness to have a caucus on its disposition indicates pretty strongly that they are confident they have a majority of the house Republicans with them.

If tomorrow's caucus proves this to be the case it seems certain the bill will never get to the president in its present shape. It will either be restored to the form in which it passed the house last session, making one state of Oklahoma and Indian Territory and another of New Mexico and Arizona, or it will fall altogether. The latter is generally regarded here as the probable outcome. This is true because of the complications that are bound to arise in trying to get out of the bill the Kearns provision annexing part of Arizona to Utah, which it is agreed all around must come out.

The members of the house who are most anxious for the passage of the bill practically as it came from the senate will not hear to the acceptance of the Kearns amendment. They would not dare return to face their constituents if they had been in any way responsible for legislation increasing the area of the state of Utah. It is practically assured, therefore, that the portion of Arizona alienated by the curious mix-up in the senate Saturday night will be restored to the territory.

DOINGS IN THE SENATE

Christian Endeavor Societies Present Immense Petition

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—Senator Lodge today presented a petition from 1642 Christian Endeavor societies, representing all the states and territories of the union, asking that the president be authorized to invite the governments of the world to appoint delegates to an international congress to meet at stated intervals to deliberate upon questions of common interest to the nations interested.

Senator Hale from the committee on appropriations presented the report of that committee on the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill and gave notice that he would ask its early consideration.

Senator Warren from the committee on military affairs reported the military appropriation bill.

The senate then devoted the day to debate on the agricultural appropriation bill. There was a renewal of the discussion of the policy of distributing the appropriation bills among a number of committees. Senators Gorman and Spooner contended that the change had resulted in a vast increase of the cost of conducting the government. Senator Hale agreed that in recent years there had been a great increase and distribution of Indian tribal funds. The distribution is to be made from time to time by the president, depending on the advance in civilization of the Indians.

Representative Stevens of Texas introduced a bill to prohibit the use of Indian trust funds for the education of Indian children in sectarian schools.

CANNOT VISIT PRESIDENT

Indian Bureau Imperatively Forbids Chief Charlott's Intended Trip

MISSOULA, Mont., Feb. 9.—The Indian council that has been in session on the Flathead reservation has ended, and Chief Charlott will not go to Washington to present his ideas to President Roosevelt regarding the setting aside of timber lands for the exclusive use of Indians and other matters relative to the opening of the reservation for settlement.

Chief Charlott's trip to Washington has been nipped in the bud by imperative orders from the Indian bureau at Washington, directing him to remain on the reservation.

GEAR TESTIFIES IN WEBER CASE

TELLS OF VISIT TO RUINS WITH DEFENDANT

Howard Carr, Expert Gunsmith, States Bullets Were Fired From Rusty Pistol Like the One Found in Barn

AUBURN, Feb. 9.—At the opening of the Weber trial this morning the examination of Clarence Gear was resumed. He stated that on the morning after the fire he, with Adrian Willis, the defendant and two others, went to the ruins of the house. He told of the finding of Julius Weber's body in the bathroom. The defendant did not go up to the house, but stopped at the gate. Gus Oreillick took the remains, when found, to an undertaker.

Witness found some gold where the body lay, three \$20 pieces damaged by fire and three not damaged. He, Adolph and Adrian Willis went to the Snowden residence that morning. The witness did not go in. Willis said something to Adolph which the witness did not understand and Adolph replied, "Well, I don't see why they could not get out." The witness heard him say nothing else about his family.

Gear said he saw Ruth and Lukens get in the piano room window, but did not remember their passing out the furniture. He did not say anything about meeting the defendant near the front steps at the preliminary examination or inquest, because he was not asked. He met him just before he (the witness) near the bottom of the steps. The glass in the front door was broken, the flames in the hall being close enough to break it. He saw Herbert Merrow break the south window of the piano room.

He did not think it possible that Adolph was on the front porch, for he did not see him. He did not know who passed Earl out of the front window. He saw Ruth come out of the window. He thought that Fred Brye, Mr. Knieff, Fred Landis and himself were the only ones on the porch at the time the first body was taken out.

Witness did not think anyone assisted him to carry down the bodies of Bertha and Mrs. Weber. He did not think it possible that Adolph was on the porch. He was well acquainted with him and thought that under the circumstances, if he had been there, he would have noticed him. He might not have noticed other people, but thought that at such a time he would have noticed Adolph. He thought the boy Earl was alive when he picked him up, as he moved. Detective Reimer did not suggest to him that he should look for the revolver the day it was found. The witness suggested to Johnny Moynahan that they look for it on account of the reward. The body of the boy was taken from the witness about the top of the porch steps. Gear stated that his testimony at the inquest that Jack Campbell was in the piano room must have been hearsay, as he never saw Campbell in the room. He had heard Campbell say he was there.

John Moynahan helped Gear search for the pistol. He was outside when Gear went under the barn. Reimer was near him. He went under the barn at Gear's request and Reimer went also. Gear showed them the pistol on the sill and Gear took it down. There were also cartridges wrapped up. Gear handed the pistol to Reimer. It was bloodstained and of 32 caliber. The witness was with Reimer all the time till the pistol was taken to the sheriff's office.

Howard Carr, an expert gunsmith of San Francisco, testified he had made experiments. He thought the bullets found in the body were fired from a rusty pistol like the one found in the barn. Frances Snowden, a niece of the murdered woman, 12 years old, testified that she went over to the Weber house the night of the murder about 5:30 o'clock and saw Mr. and Mrs. Weber (Bertha and Earl, but did not see Adolph).

Under Sheriff W. I. May, recalled, stated that when he first saw the revolver found in the barn, there was more blood on it than now and there were two blond hairs on the side, back of the cylinder, dried in a clot of blood. He went to the fire when the bell sounded. He did not see Adolph at the first.

Detective Reimer testified similarly to May in regard to the pistol.

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JAPANESE PLAN BIG CELEBRATION

TO OBSERVE THEIR ONE GREAT NATIONAL HOLIDAY

At the Same Time Jubilation Over Fall of Port Arthur and Successful Progress of War Will Take Place

Japanese from all parts of Southern California will assemble in Los Angeles tomorrow to unite with those living here in their annual celebration of Kigenetsu or anniversary of the present Japanese mikado's ascension to the throne.

This is one of the three great holidays of the Japanese national life and as such is filled with festivities. The rejoicings this year will go to a further extreme than in past years because at the same time is to occur the jubilation over the fall of Port Arthur and the Japanese victories of the present war.

Day and night fireworks, games, races, fencing, jiu jitsu, speechmaking and the singing of national hymns are scheduled to fill in every moment of the eighteen hours of flowery kingdom merrymaking.

East of the Los Angeles river between First and Fourth streets where the festivities are to take place, a squad of Japanese has been at work for the past week in putting the grounds into shape for the big event. Hundreds of Japanese lanterns, flags and bunting are to be used in the decorations and every one of the 2000 Japanese residents of the city is taking a personal interest in the coming exercises which are to begin early in the afternoon and to continue until a late hour at night.

At 1 o'clock a salute of twenty-one guns will announce the beginning of the celebration. Then amid the popping of fireworks and firecrackers, especially brought from Japan for the occasion, Rykert's military band will play the national Japanese hymn and the celebration will be on.

The first part of the program is to be given over to patriotic addresses by prominent Japanese of the city and this to be followed by the athletic events.

These consists of flag races, a three-legged race, centipede race, monkey jump, obstacle and spoon races, a champion race and lastly wrestling. Long distance runs and sprints common to every American college track meet are also on the program.

In the evening the exercises are to begin at 7:30 o'clock with a display of fireworks. Following this will come the lantern race, then an exhibition of fencing and lastly jiu jitsu with a number of competitors for honors. Prizes for all the athletic events have been contributed by Los Angeles merchants. In case of rain the celebration will be postponed until Monday.

University Club Banquet

The University club held its regular monthly meeting and banquet at Levy's cafe last evening, with over 125 members in attendance. This is one of the largest monthly meetings that the club has yet had and the program of speeches was of more than usual interest.

ITS MERIT IS PROVED

RECORD OF A GREAT MEDICINE

A Prominent Cincinnati Woman Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Completely Cured Her.

The great good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is doing among the women of America is attracting the attention of many of our leading scientists, and thinking people generally.



The following letter is only one of many thousands which are on file in the Pinkham office, and go to prove beyond question that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound must be a remedy of great merit, otherwise it could not produce such marvelous results among sick and ailing women.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— "About nine months ago I was a great sufferer with womb trouble, which caused me severe pain, extreme nervousness and frequent headaches, from which the doctor failed to relieve me. I tried Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and within a short time felt better, and after taking five bottles of it I was entirely cured. I therefore heartily recommend your Compound as a splendid uterine tonic. It makes the monthly periods regular and without pain; and what a blessing it is to find such a remedy after so many doctors fail to help you. I am pleased to recommend it to all suffering women." Mrs. Sara Wilson, 31 East 3d Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

If you have suppressed or painful menstruation, weakness of the stomach, indigestion, bloating, leucorrhoea, flooding, nervous prostration, dizziness, faintness, "don't-care" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feeling, excitability, backache or the blues, these are sure indications of female weakness, some derangement of the uterus or ovarian trouble. In such cases there is one tried and true remedy—Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

DANGER SIGNALS.

No engineer would be mad enough to run by the flag which signaled danger. It is different with the average man or woman. They attempt constantly to run by the danger signals of Nature and that attempt costs thousands of lives every year. When the appetite becomes irregular or entirely gives out, when sleep is troubled and broken, when there is a constant feeling of dullness and languor, Nature is holding the danger signal. The stomach and its allied organs are failing in their work and the body is losing the nutrition on which its strength depends.

Such a condition calls for a prompt use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition, purifies and enriches the blood and builds up the body with sound, solid flesh.

"I have had so much benefit from your medicines am glad to say a few words that you may use for publication," writes Mrs. J. E. Downes, Crystal Lake, Conn. "I had been troubled with a complication of diseases for over two years, but kidneys and liver bothered me most. Some of my worst ailments were headache, frequent pains around heart and under right shoulder-blade. My hands and feet were cold nearly all the time, and I had such chilliness between shoulders. Some days cared but little for food; I lost flesh; felt so tired and miserable it seemed I couldn't do any housework. Took medicine from my physician, but received no benefit. Bought a bottle of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and after taking it I felt so much better we determined to give it a fair trial. Appetite soon improved and gradually the disorders disappeared until now I am well."

A Great Doctor Book Free.—Send 21 one-cent stamps to Dr. E. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., to cover cost of mailing only and he will send you a free copy of his 1000-page Common Sense Medical Adviser, paper-covered. Cloth-covered 31 stamps.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets Cure Constipation.



Fig Brand Evaporated Cream

always bears the above cap label. It means the same as telling you that we back up its purity with a \$5,000 guarantee. Made by the largest producer of Evaporated Cream in the world.

Washington D. C. Excursion

Only \$88.00

On account of inauguration of President Roosevelt. Dates of sale, Feb. 25, 26 and 27, 1905. Return limit 60 days. Agents will give particulars.

Santa Fe

Excursion March 7, 1905

Going via Grand Canyon and El Paso. 18 days of delightful sightseeing in a wonderful land.

YOU OUGHT TO GO

and see Santa Fe agents about it. Rate including all expenses, \$139.00, from Southern California.

Santa Fe IS THE WAY

Everything you want you will find in the classified page, modern encyclopaedia. One cent a word.