

SAY AUTOCRACY INDISPENSABLE

PARLIAMENT WOULD MEAN RUSSIA'S END

Distinguished Conservative Editor Explains That Absolutism is Imperatively Necessary to Integrity of Empire

By Associated Press. ST. PETERSBURG, March 19.—Much has been said and written to show the advisability and even necessity of changing the form of government of the Russian state from an absolute monarchy to some form of constitutionalism, but there is a strong party within the empire which believes that the only salvation for Russia rests in the retention, for the present at least, of the existing autocratic form of government.

One of the ablest advocates of this view is Vladimir Gringmutz, editor and publisher of the Moscow Viedomosti, the leading conservative organ. Mr. Gringmutz takes the view that to hold together the vast empire absolutism and autocracy are imperatively necessary, that under the influence of constitutionalism and a parliamentary form of government the centrifugal forces would prove too strong to be resisted by the present bonds which unite the Russian people to their emperor. He says:

Evolution Must Be Slow "A full and accurate answer to the question, Why autocracy is indispensable to Russia? would fill a volume, so many are the reasons which could be given to prove that Russia cannot exist without the autocratic power of its emperors. Among these are forces of historical, geographical, ethnological, religious, ethical and psychological nature.

"First of all, to simplify the reasoning, let me restate the question and ask: Why would a parliamentary system cause the downfall of Russia? This involves no change in the substance of the problem, for a parliamentary system must be the cornerstone of any constitutional regime. "My readers probably know that every civilized state must in its evolution pass through the following stages: Autocracy, constitution, republic.

Centripetal Force Needed "A condition which has helped the progress of all countries and saved them from dissolution has been their centripetal force.

"In France all the great governmental upheavals, from the downfall of the monarchy in 1789 to the establishment of the republic in 1870, were accompanied by a strong centripetal nationalistic feeling, and no one even thought of the dismemberment of France. No need to mention the smaller states, such as Greece, Belgium, Holland, which represent strongly united entities, incapable of division, since they have no parts. And who does not know of the ideal national energy of Switzerland, which will always remain one, though composed of three different nationalities.

British Empire Weakening "But now for the other side of the picture. In Great Britain we already see signs of an insufficient centripetal force. In the eighteenth century it lost its American colonies and the present relation of the mother country to its foreign possessions is weakening to such an extent that the very name of British "empire" is becoming questionable. We will say nothing of Ireland, that eternal open wound in the body politic of the "empire." In the same manner the relations between Sweden and Norway are constantly growing weaker.

"The most striking example of centrifugal, anti-government force is offered by the Austro-Hungarian monarchy. Hungary separated from Austria, retaining only an outward tie, which, if not today, will tomorrow be broken. The Hapsburgs have forever lost the Italian provinces, have been driven from Germany, and the Austria of today represents a rabble of antagonistic nationalities.

Russia's Peril Greater "In Austria the parliamentary system has existed now these forty years and the lesson it has taught us is that a parliamentary system for Austria is an utter impracticability. It was transplanted hither from the west but took no root. A struggle between nationalities is in every way different from a struggle between parties within a nation.

"As with Austro-Hungary on a comparatively small scale, so with Russia on a colossal one, and the peril with which parliamentarism menaces Russia is therefore infinitely greater than that which the Hapsburgian state faces.

"The Russian empire is vast but its vastness is still of very recent origin. Its western and eastern frontier possessions, Finland, the Baltic provinces, Poland, the Caucasus and the Central Asian regions have not only not yet assimilated themselves with Russia proper but they do not even desire to do so; they entertain hopes of an independent national and even political existence.

Fears National Parties "In view of this their centrifugal force is much more powerful and intense than that of the smaller nationalities. "Let us now suppose that the autocracy, which has created and preserved in its entirety the great united Russian empire, be swept away and in its place be substituted constitutional parliamentarism. What takes place

In this parliament? A process of disintegration as in its Austrian prototype, the fragments arraying themselves not into political but into national parties, which enter into an implacable conflict among themselves. This conflict will put a stop to the whole march of political life and will end only when all Russia has been reduced to shattered fragments, in other words when Russia has ceased to exist.

Would Please Empire's Enemies "Such a prospect is, of course, a consummation devoutly to be wished by all the enemies of Russia, but we Russian conservatives look with horror upon the prospect of such a fate and are endeavoring with all our strength to avert it. But the present enemies of Russia in western Europe would do well to consider that they would also soon begin to feel the consequences of the disappearance of great, powerful Russia, then no longer able to resist the menacing yellow invasion, which would sweep over its remnants to fall upon Europe with all its destructive force.

"This, in a few words, is one of the chief reasons why Russia needs autocracy, under which, as has been shown by the history of ages, Russia has been able to fulfill with such success her great task. Parliamentarism, on the other hand, would destroy Russia's integrity and with it Russia herself."

TO RESIST MOBILIZATION Polish People Greatly Excited in Anticipation

By Associated Press. WARSAW, March 19, 1:45 p. m.—Now that most of the strikes are ended the workmen are beginning to carry out the threat of revenge on such of their fellows as refused to quit work with them. On Saturday a foreman who had refused to join the strikers was fatally stabbed and today a workman who had refused to walk out was shot and severely wounded. The authorities fear that these incidents are only the beginning of a series of such outrages.

The masses are greatly excited in anticipation of orders for mobilization. The men are determined to offer violent opposition. Scarcely a day passes without the appearance of seditious pamphlets. One secret publication entitled "The Barricade," which was recently circulated, preached revolutionary doctrines, urging workmen to prepare for the struggle and build barricades in the streets. The mobilization is expected to begin in Lodz tomorrow. Workmen in several mills there already are striking as a manifestation of hostility to such measures.

The school strike at Warsaw is reaching an acute stage. The authorities today issued a final order that boys not returning to school before Wednesday will be expelled, regardless of their number. The Polish educational committee, which recently went to St. Petersburg, is angered at the government's non-conciliatory attitude and met here today and resolved to support the boys in striking.

Warsaw and Lodz manufacturers have been invited to send delegates to a meeting of industrial representatives from all parts of Russia at Moscow on Thursday to discuss the commercial situation preparatory to making a report to the ministry of commerce.

SCHOOL CHILDREN TORTURED Polish Author Tells of Tragedy of School Life

By Associated Press. ST. PETERSBURG, March 20.—Henryk Sienkiewicz, the Polish novelist, published today an article dealing with the Polish schools question, in which he describes school life in Poland as a "round of chagrin, torment and tragedy." He adds: "The years of youth and adolescence are years of suffering and torment. It is only the fear that the children might become social pariahs that makes parents wish them to obtain certificates."

BEGINS REIGN OF TERROR

By Associated Press. ST. PETERSBURG, March 20, 2:35 a. m.—The peasant disorders are growing rapidly in the black soil belt and other districts of Southern Russia. Provincial journals bring alarming reports, showing that an actual reign of terror already exists in some districts. "Not only are estates plundered and buildings burned, but landlords are brutally murdered. In some places bands of armed Moujiks have taken to the forests and actual battles have occurred between them and estate guardians. Millions of copies of two documents called "The Golden Scroll" and "Division of Lands" have been circulated by agitators. Both tell the peasants that the emperor has decreed a division of land. The provincial newspapers are urgently demanding that the government take energetic measures to check the movement before it is too late.

FUNERAL SERVICES FOR LATE GENERAL HAWLEY

By Associated Press. WASHINGTON, March 19.—Brief funeral services were held here this afternoon over the remains of General Joseph R. Hawley. They consisted simply in the reading of the Episcopal prayer for the dead by Rev. Dr. Harding of St. Paul's Episcopal church. The services were private, though in addition to the family there were present a number of intimate friends, including General Black, General Greeley and Senators Hansbrough and Wetmore. The honorary pall bearers were Senators Platt and Bulkeley of Connecticut, General John M. Wilson and Admiral Van Rypen.

Subsequently the remains were exposed to public view, and a large number of persons passed before the casket. Tomorrow the body will be taken to Hartford.

Flashlight Causes Injuries

By Associated Press. REDDING, March 19.—At Lewiston, Trinity county, last night a flash light apparatus exploded, seriously injuring several people. Louis Castner, a violinist, whose throat was cut by a flying piece of brass, is reported to be dying tonight. Julia Dominico's skull was fractured and Allie Hammond was also seriously injured. Others injured were Adeline Pauline, Tony Caton, Mrs. Wiley Lowden and George Thorn.

Vesuvius Still Active

By Associated Press. NAPLES, March 19.—The activity of Mount Vesuvius continues. The desire of tourists to approach the crater, notwithstanding the danger, is so urgent that extra guards have been stationed to prevent their passage. Detonations from the volcano are heard a long distance.

WHAT ANGELENOS BUY ANNUALLY LIVE BETTER THAN MOST CITY FOLK

Nearly \$15,000,000 Expended Per Year for a Few of the Things People Eat, Drink and Smoke

Table listing items and their annual expenditure: Meat, including beef, pork and mutton... \$3,765,000; Bread... 1,825,000; Butter... 1,500,000; Eggs... 1,000,000; Potatoes... 1,000,000; Tobacco... 3,500,000; Beer... 2,125,000; Water by the grace of Jupiter Pluvius Hatfield... 1,000; Total... \$14,716,000.

Do Angelenos live better than the inhabitants of any other city of this size in the United States? "Of course they do," is the very ready answer of most citizens. But, then, there are those who are still figuring on the problem, "How old is Ann?" and they cling to the Missouri idea.

Cold facts, backed by statistics, however, show that Los Angeles is keeping pace with the rest of the world in the line of food, to say nothing of other productions. Angelenos don't believe in taking things for nothing. They have even gone so far as to put a price on the water that falls from the clouds. This article is measured out by one Jupiter Pluvius Hatfield at the rate of eighteen inches per annum; price, \$1000.

Beer Consumed But, bless you, water is the smallest thing of all. Beer outstrips it by \$2,124,000. That is to say, there are about 85,000 barrels of beer, or approximately 42,500,000 glasses, consumed in Los Angeles per year. The wholesalers receive about \$680,000 for this consumption, while the retailers get \$2,125,000, figuring five cents a glass. These figures are furnished by George Zobelen, one of the largest, if not the largest, brewer in Los Angeles. They show that the amount expended per capita in this city of 180,000 people, men, women and children, for beer alone is about \$11.50, or in other words, the estimate is over one-half barrel of beer a year for every man, woman and child in Los Angeles.

Tobacco leads the beer consumption, however, by more than \$1,000,000 annually, according to George Walker, a veteran tobacco dealer. When figured out it is found that about \$19.50 is allowed per capita for this article, or enough money turned into smoke to fit every man, woman and child in the city out with a brand new suit of clothing—and then some.

Strong on Butter Los Angeles is also strong on butter, between 6,000,000 and 7,000,000 pounds being consumed annually. This represents an outlay of over \$1,500,000. "Los Angeles consumes about double the amount of butter of any city its size in the United States," said Frank Simpson yesterday. "The city stands pre-eminent in so far as the purchasing power of the people is concerned. They all seem to have money to burn."

According to Mr. Simpson, the egg production of the United States, which amounts to about \$400,000,000 annually, and the butter output, amounting to \$500,000,000, will more than pay the running expenses of the government. Los Angeles gets away with 175,000 cases of eggs a year, which figures about \$1,000,000.

"The dairy products of California amount to about \$34,000,000 a year," says Mr. Simpson, "or just about double the gold production."

Amount of Meat Simon Malar says the Los Angeles public consumes annually \$3,765,000 (wholesale prices) worth of meat. The figures are as follows: Cattle, 50,000 head; sheep, 200,000 head; hogs, 65,000 head.

Five hundred dollars a day for bread is another item in the life of this city that is not to be sneered at. That's just about what it is, according to William Meek, the largest baker in town, and he avers it is no idle dream, either.

Now, if Los Angeles annually expends more than \$14,000,000 for beef, pork, mutton, butter, eggs, potatoes, tobacco, beer and water, the question is, ask many persons, how much on earth must the inhabitants of the town pay out for other things. This, according to authorities, is but a small list of items Angelenos see fit to use.

Deaths of the Day

H. B. Russ, San Francisco By Associated Press. SAN FRANCISCO, March 19.—Henry B. Russ, one of San Francisco's oldest and best-known pioneers, died today from the effects of an operation for appendicitis. With his father Mr. Russ came to this city in 1846 and attended the first public school here. He was treasurer of the Olympic club, a position he held for many years. He had been honored by election to municipal offices and was connected with a number of well-known financial institutions. His family acquired large holdings of real estate in the early days and Mr. Russ died wealthy. He was 65 years old.

New York Buildings Collapse

By Associated Press. NEW YORK, March 19.—Two six-story buildings under construction in One Hundred and Thirty-fifth street collapsed today, the rear walls from roof to cellar falling. There were eight buildings in a row on One Hundred and Thirty-fifth street and it is feared that the six remaining ones may also collapse.

TROUBLE BREWING WITH VENEZUELA

(Continued from Page One.) awarded by the commissioner who adjusted the differences between the allies and Venezuela.

CRUISER COLORADO SAILS

By Associated Press. NORFOLK, Va., March 19.—The cruiser Colorado sailed from Hampton Roads this afternoon. It is understood she is bound for Venezuelan waters, though reports have her going to join the combined fleet near Pensacola. The Colorado has not completed the crew she is supposed to leave this port with, despite the fact that men intended for other ships in the Caribbean squadron have been sent to her. Ten expert torpedo men were sent to the cruiser from League Island navy yard. They left Philadelphia yesterday morning.

The order for these torpedo experts was received in a personal telegram from Secretary Morton, and the men were taken from the torpedo boat Hopkins, now at the League Island navy yard. The men from the League Island diakens, who is the ranking officer at that station, and to whom the order from Secretary Morton was sent.

French Minister Protests PARIS, March 19.—A Caracas dispatch says that the French minister to Venezuela has vigorously insisted that President Castro should respect the cable company's right. No further details of the communication have been received.

MAY HAVE BEEN KILLED FOR MONEY

(Continued from Page One.) quiet. Early yesterday morning employees of the hotel discovered an odor of gas in the hotel, which was traced to Cross' room. No one answered in response to the pounding on the door and it was broken in and the body found. Nothing to indicate the occupation or lead to any knowledge of Cross' family or past life could be found on his clothing, and the body was sent to Breese Brothers', where an inquest will be held today.

DIED FROM HEART DISEASE

David Clark Stricken Down Saturday Night With the head resting on the hands and the body in a sitting position on a trunk in a room at 311½ South Main street, David Clark, a horse cuffer, was found dead early yesterday morning and removed to Breese Brothers' morgue.

Clark, it is said, went out for a good time Saturday night and imbibed too freely. He was accompanied by his roommate, and the two, after spending the evening on the streets, returned to their apartments. The roommate retired. Clark, it is supposed, also attempted to go to bed, but only partly succeeded when he was stricken with heart failure and sat down on the trunk for support. He probably died a few seconds later. An inquest will be held today over his body.

EXPRESS TRAIN ROLLS DOWN HIGH EMBANKMENT

Twelve Persons Are Injured, Two of Whom May Die of Hurts By Associated Press. HAMMOND, Ind., March 19.—Erie railroad train No. 7, known as the Pacific express, while running at the rate of sixty miles an hour near Winfield station this morning, plunged down a twenty-foot embankment, injuring twelve people, two of whom may die.

The wreck was caused by the auxiliary reservoirs under the engine cab dropping into a switch frog, which caught the front trucks of the tender. The engine remained on the track, but six cars toppled over and rolled down the embankment. Engineer Walmbie and Fireman Gorman remained at their posts and escaped injury.

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POLICE MAY HOLD ANOTHER INQUEST WILL TRY AGAIN TO PROBE STANFORD MYSTERY

(Continued from Page One.) Portions of the Organs Will Be Brought to San Francisco and Turned Over to City Chemist

By Associated Press. SAN FRANCISCO, March 19.—Unless conditions make such a course impossible, there will practically be a second inquest in San Francisco on the death of Mrs. Stanford and the police will be the jurors to decide the cause of death. Captain of Detectives Burnett believes that portions of Mrs. Stanford's organs not destroyed in the analysis at Honolulu will be brought here by Detective Reynolds. If the condition of these organs make them susceptible of chemical analysis they will be immediately turned over to City Chemist Bothe.

Portions of the bicarbonate of soda from the poisoned bottle will also be analyzed and the testimony of many local physicians taken as to whether the quantity of strychnine found in it would be sufficient to cause death to a woman of Mrs. Stanford's years. In fact, wherever possible, the entire work of chemists, doctors and police at Honolulu will be practically done over in this city and on the local findings the police will base much of their future policy in the case.

JAPANESE PRESS STEADILY ONWARD

(Continued from Page One.) north of the Hun river, but abandoned them after they had been shelled for two hours.

RUSSIA WANTS PEACE

Czar's Minister Discusses Plan for Ending War By Associated Press. ST. PETERSBURG, March 20, 1:45 a. m.—While Emperor Nicholas, whose word is final, still declines to abandon the prosecution of the war, and the government maintains its ability to continue the conflict, powerful influences, including several of the emperor's own ministers, are now strongly urging that the time has come to indicate to Japan Russia's desire for peace upon a reasonable basis.

Should Japan then attempt to impose too onerous conditions, these influences argue that in view of the universal wish to see the bloody conflict ended, Russia's position will be strengthened abroad by the alienation of sympathy from Japan and the situation at home improved when the nation is made to understand that the emperor's pacific proposals have been met with impossible terms. One of the emperor's ministers, in a conversation today, said: "We have suffered bitter defeat on land and sea. We can, however, continue the war. But both countries have suffered great losses in blood and treasure, and it would only profit the rivals of both were we to fight on until one or the other is exhausted."

Would Seek Revenge

"Russia has had a hard task fighting the war against such adversaries 6000 miles from home, and I contend she can make a dignified peace, without glory but not without honor. "As the victor on land and sea, Japan can afford to remember, as Bismarck did at the conclusion of the Austro-Prussian war, that two countries which must live through the long future as neighbors may need each other's friendship.

"Japan may consider the time propitious, on account of the situation in European Russia, to try and crush us. Suppose, for the sake of argument, she succeeded in finally forcing a humiliating peace, it could not be more than an armed truce. Russia is too big and powerful to retire permanently from the field. The clouds at home will eventually roll away. With the army and navy reorganized in five, ten or fifteen years there will come eventually our revenge. No permanent peace is possible now or later unless Japan is reasonable."

Mentions Reasonable Terms

To the suggestion of the possibility of an alliance between Russia and Japan, the minister said: "A reasonable peace must first be established. "What," was asked, "would be reasonable?" "Broadly speaking, Russia's renunciation of her entire Manchurian policy should satisfy Japan's claims. She could have her protectorate over Korea, such privileges on the Kwantung peninsula and at Port Arthur as the powers would not oppose, and the Chinese Eastern railway be placed under international control, Russia maintaining her rights to a railway line through northern Manchuria to Vladivostok. "What would be Russia's attitude on the subject of indemnity?" "Russia never has paid indemnity and history practically affords no precedent for indemnity when territory is not occupied to insure payment, and Japan holds not a foot of Russian territory. Japan could, however, take the proceeds of the sale of the property and rights of the Chinese Eastern rail-

AMUSEMENTS ORPHEUM

AN ALL NEW BILL Commencing Monday Night, THAT FLOOD DELAYED SHOW MISS MABEL MCKINLEY, the American Soprano; PESCHKOFF COMPANY, Russian National Dances; MALLORY BROTHERS, BROOKS AND HALL-DAILY, Music and Dances; PIWITT, "The Mysterious Face"; ALPINE FAMILY, Acrobats; BROTHERS ROSSI, "A Mysterious Sweetheart"; Orpheum Motion Pictures; Last Week of PAUL POWELL'S ELECTRIC MARIONETTES, A Beautiful and Elaborate Spectacle. Prices the same, 10c, 25c, 50c. Matinee Wednesday, Saturday, Sunday.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE W. J. Ellefson Presents the Striking Melodrama BEWARE OF MEN A Forceful Picture of Social Conditions as They Exist. Matinees Sunday, Tuesday and Saturday, 10c and 25c. Evenings, 10c, 25c, 50c. NEXT WEEK—The Hills of California

BELASCO THEATER BELASCO, MATER & CO., Proprietors. MAIN ST., Between Third and Fourth. Phones: Main 2380; Home 287. First Time in Los Angeles Tonight The Belasco theater stock company will present the dramatic version of Wagner's world-famous mystical play.

"PARSIFAL"

Given under the personal direction of Frederic Belasco. Augmented orchestra of twenty-four, and auxiliary players and singers numbering eighty-four. The most important offering ever attempted by a stock company. NOTWITHSTANDING THE ENORMOUS EXPENSE OF STAGING "PARSIFAL," THERE WILL BE NO ADVANCE OVER THE REGULAR BELASCO PRICES. EVERY NIGHT, 10c, 25c, 50c and 75c. THURSDAY AND SATURDAY MATINEES, 25c, 50c and 75c. NOTE: CURTAIN RISES PROMPTLY AT 8 O'CLOCK IN THE EVENINGS AND AT 2 AT THE MATINEES.

MOROSCO'S BURBANK THEATER Sixth and Main. Phone 1578. Second Week! Second Week! TO-NIGHT—All week; Matinee Saturday. The Burbank stock company, in Ella Wheeler Wilcox and Lascombe Scarelle's great biblical drama:

MIZPAH

A Story of Esther The most talked-of play in existence today. Prices, matinee, 10 and 25c; no high. Evenings, 10c, 25c, 50c and 75c. Next week: "Ten Nights in a Barroom."

SIMPSON AUDITORIUM MARCH 21, 1905, Commencing at 8 p. m. Humanity Presents Alzamon Ira Lucas Philosopher Teacher Lecturer The Gifted Orator-Educator of Five Nationalities—A Man. In "Pr. Doth Now Appear What Man Can Be"—(Revised). Price of admission—Just as you are, without one plea. Come, receive, and donate after the lecture.

RACES Los Angeles Jockey Club

Ascot Park Six or More Races Daily Races Start at 1:55 P. M. TUESDAYS LADIES' DAYS—Free admission to ladies. Children not admitted on Ladies' Day. EVERY FRIDAY GRAND CONCERT BY PROF. FRANKLIN'S CELEBRATED ORPHEUM ORCHESTRA OF TWENTY PIECES. Admission \$1.00. Private Boxes \$3.00 per day. San Pedro st., Vernon ave., Maple ave. and Pacific Electric cars direct to the main entrance. J. W. BROOKS, Manager.

SIMPSON AUDITORIUM Thursday Eve., March 23, 8 o'Clock ELIJAH Mendelssohn's Masterpiece PRESENTED BY THE LOS ANGELES CHORAL SOCIETY Under Direction of Prof. JULIUS ALBERT JAHN. ASSISTED BY THE LOS ANGELES SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA. SOLOISTS—MRS. CATHERINE COLLETTE, Soprano; MISS JULIA HEINRICH, Alto; MAX HEINRICH, Bass; JOSEPH DUPUY, Tenor; Assisted by The European Quartette, The Ladies' Double Quartette from the "Church of the Angels" Choir, and The Philomela Ladies' Quartette. Seats now on sale at the UNION PACIFIC TICKET OFFICE, 250 South Spring street. PRICES—50c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50. TELEPHONES 988

CHUTES Tomorrow (Tuesday) Ellery's Band

GRAND OPEN-AIR CONCERT AT 2:30 BY BRILLIANT SELECTION FROM WALTDEUTFEHL, GILLET, MASCAGNI, VERDI, ETC. Admission, 10c. Reserved Seats, 50c. EXTRA CONCERT IN THEATER AT 8:30. WHEN MASCAGNI'S GRAND OPERA, "CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA," WILL BE RENDERED BY SPECIAL REQUEST. Reserved Seats, 25c. Balcony, 15c. Tickets on sale at Birkel's Music Store, 345 S. Spring St.

A NEW CIRCUS THROUGHOUT

Will exhibit twice daily for 3 days at ELEVENTH AND FLOWER STREETS. Thursday, Friday, Saturday, March 23, 24, 25.

Norris & Rowe Show

Circus, Museum, Double Menageries, Hippodrome. 3 Rings, Elevated Stage, Just twice larger than ever before. 100 Acts, Bareback Riding, Midair Acrobats, Trained Wild Animals.

BASEBALL, CHUTES PARK Chicago vs. Los Angeles

(National League.) (Pacific Coast League.) Last chance to see Chicago, TODAY (Monday), March 20. Game called at 2:30 p. m. Admission 50c. Grand stand 25c. Tickets on sale at Morley's Billiard Parlors, 262 S. Main St.

way, which was built with Russian money." Says Report Exaggerated The minister said further: "Complete details of General Kuro-patkin's losses have not yet reached the government, but it is already known that the Japanese reports are greatly exaggerated. The report that sixty siege guns and many hundred cars were left behind is false, as practically no siege guns or rolling stock fell into the hands of the Japanese. No new general mobilization has been ordered, and it may not be necessary. Of the 300,000 reservists mobilized last fall, 140,000 and Fourth Army corps, numbering 40,000, are now beginning to arrive in the far east. If, therefore, Linevitch's army totals 200,000 when he reaches Harbin (if that, for instance, is to be the new base) he will have an army of about 400,000 without summoning additional reserves. Some regular units, like a division of the guards, might be sent without further mobilization."

MAKE NO DEFENSE Linevitch's Army Fails to Defend Hill Position

By Associated Press. WITH THE JAPANESE LEFT ARMIES IN THE FIELD, March 18, 2 p. m., via Fusan, March 19.—The Russian army continues its northern retreat, the Japanese following. The Japanese occupied Kakomen, to the northwest of Tie pass. Yesterday evening the Russian cavalry camped three miles south of Kalyuan. Large Russian columns are retreating towards this place from the southwest. The natives report that they are not stopping there, where the hills make a defensible position. If the retreat is forced it will probably be continued to Harbin. The Russians are reported as being badly disorganized.

Japanese Destroyer Reported Lost

LONDON, March 19.—The Daily Telegraph's Yokohama correspondent says that during a storm a Japanese torpedo boat destroyer was lost off the Indo-China coast.

COLD CURE GET IT TODAY Price 25c Relieve the head, throat, and lungs almost immediately. I WILL REFUND YOUR MONEY IF IT FAILS. MUNYON, Philadelphia.